

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library
Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual
collections.

Collection: President, Office of the: Presidential
Briefing Papers: Records, 1981-1989

Folder Title: 10/28/1981(Case File: 043581)

Box: 8

To see more digitized collections visit:

<https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library
inventories visit:

<https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection>

Contact a reference archivist at:

reagan.library@nara.gov

Citation Guidelines: <https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing>

WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT
WORKSHEET

- X - MEDIA
- H - INTERNAL

Name of Document: BRIEFING PAPERS FOR PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULED APPOINTMENTS FOR OCT 28 81

Subject: _____

C.F.

Subject Codes:

PR 007.01

ND 001.

FO 003.02

CO 134.

1 Meeting with Senator EDWARD ZORINSKY
re ACUACS

2 " " " DAVID PRYOR " "

3 Meeting with LOU SCHUMM

PP 012.

4 Summary Schedule for the
VICE PRESIDENT

EG 038.

C.F.

ROUTE TO:		ACTION		DISPOSITION	
Office/Agency	(Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
RMMATT		RSZ	811104		C8110104

Referral Note: _____

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE
Wednesday, October 28, 1981

DCR

9:10 - 9:43

9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Baker, Meese, Deaver)		Residence
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>		Residence
9:43 - 10:00 9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u> 10:30-10:58		Residence
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Congressional Time re AWACS</u> (Max Friedersdorf)	(TAB A)	Residence
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u> 10:37 - 11:58		Residence
12:00 m (10 min)	<u>Courtesy Call by Lou Schumm</u> 11:58 - 12:06 (Helene von Damm)	(TAB B)	Residence
12:15 12:07 pm (75 min)	<u>Lunch and Personal Staff Time</u>		Residence
1:30 pm	<u>Hold Afternoon as needed for Congressional Time re AWACS</u> (Max Friedersdorf) 1:26 - 1:42	(TAB C)	Residence

~~1:30~~ ~~Continued~~

2:00 Iron John Connally, MKO - 2:26 RESIDENCE LIVING ROOM

4:55 OVAL

5:15 MKO, DCR

5:17 - JB, MKO, HMG, Allen, Dammann, Spencer, Gendron, DCR

5:32 - PRESS STMT. - 5:40

5:45 - Weinberger

5:48 - 5:52 - WH MESS - THANK STAFF

5:53 - OVAL

6:02 LAXALT, Baker, Warren, Tower, Nunn
PHOTO OPP.

6:12 Percy - 6:16

6:28 RESIDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE
Wednesday, October 28, 1981

9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Baker, Meese, Deaver)		Residence
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>		Residence
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>		Residence
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Congressional Time re AWACS</u> (Max Friedersdorf)	(TAB A)	Residence
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>		Residence
12:00 m (10 min)	<u>Courtesy Call by Lou Schumm</u> (Helene von Damm)	(TAB B)	Residence
12:15 pm (75 min)	<u>Lunch and Personal Staff Time</u>		Residence
1:30 pm	<u>Hold Afternoon as needed for</u> <u>Congressional Time re AWACS</u> (Max Friedersdorf)	(TAB C)	Residence

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE
Wednesday, October 28, 1981

9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Baker, Meese, Deaver)	Residence
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Residence
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Residence
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Congressional Time re AWACS</u> (Max Friedersdorf)	Residence
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Residence
12:00 m (10 min)	<u>Courtesy Call by Lou Schumm</u> (Helene von Damm)	Residence
12:15 pm (75 min)	<u>Lunch and Personal Staff Time</u>	Residence
1:30 pm	Hold Afternoon as needed for <u>Congressional Time re AWACS</u> (Max Friedersdorf)	Residence

October 27, 1981
5:00 pm

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE
Wednesday, October 28, 1981

9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u>	Residence
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Residence
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Residence
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Congressional Time</u> (Max Friedersdorf)	Residence
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Residence
12:00 m (10 min)	<u>Courtesy Call by Lou Schumm</u> (Helene von Damm)	Residence
12:15 pm (75 min)	<u>Lunch and Personal Staff Time</u>	Residence
1:30 pm	Hold Afternoon as needed for <u>Congressional Time</u> (Max Friedersdorf)	Residence



THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

THE VICE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE -- (UNPUBLISHED)

Wednesday, October 28, 1981

7:25 a.m.	The Vice President arrives West Wing Office	
7:30 a.m. (15-minutes)	C.I.A. Briefing	(WW Office)
7:45 a.m. (30-minutes)	Meet with Austrian Foreign Minister, Willibald Pahr	(WW Office)
8:15 a.m.	Depart for Capitol Hill	
8:30 a.m. (75-minutes)	Mini Conference on Regulatory Reform for House Republicans	(Caucus Room 345-Cannon H.O.B.)
9:30 a.m. (10-minutes)	Receive Petitions from the National Human Rights Committee for POW-MIA's	(Ceremonial Office S-214)
9:40 a.m. (30-minutes)	Meeting with Congressman Edward J. Derwinski (R-Illinois)	(Ceremonial Office S-214)
10:10 a.m.	Depart for the White House	
10:30 a.m. (30-minutes)	Meet with Group of British Businessmen	(Roosevelt Room)
12:00 noon (60-minutes)	Lunch with Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan	(WW Office)
1:30 p.m.	Depart for Capitol Hill	
1:45 p.m. (105-minutes)	Staff Time	(Ceremonial Office S-214)
3:30 p.m. (5-minutes)	Photograph with Norman and Rich Steinberg	(Ceremonial Office S-214)
3:35 p.m. (3-hours)	Staff Time	(Ceremonial Office S-214)
6:35 p.m.	Depart for Tayloe House	
6:40 p.m. (25-minutes)	Drop by CREED Reception	(Tayloe House)
7:10 p.m.	Depart for Capitol Hill, Rayburn Building	



THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

THE VICE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE -- (UNPUBLISHED)

Wednesday, October 28, 1981

7:20 p.m. (30-minutes)	Arrive Annual Meeting of the "Good Guys"	(Rayburn Gold Room - 2168 A & B)
8:50 p.m.	Departs for Vice President's Residence	

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 23, 1981

MEETING WITH SENATOR EDWARD ZORINSKY (D-NEBRASKA)

DATE: October 28, 1981
LOCATION: ~~The Oval Office~~ *Residence*
TIME: 10:00 - 10:20 (20 minutes)
10:00 - 10:37
FROM: Max L. Friedersdorf *M.L.F.*

I. PURPOSE

To discuss the proposed Saudi AWACS sale.

II. BACKGROUND

Senator Zorinsky co-sponsored the Packwood Resolution and voted in favor of it in the Foreign Relations Committee, but recently has given some indication that he is having second thoughts about his position.

You recently asked him to represent you as part of the U.S. delegation attending the funeral of Moshe Dayan in Israel. He seemed highly appreciative of this, especially in view of the fact that he is Jewish and this was his first trip to Israel. Unfortunately, however, he and Roger Jepsen spent forty-five minutes with Prime Minister Begin and even more time with Defense Minister Sharon. They were intensely lobbied during these meetings.

In spite of this, we have had several indications that Zorinsky is uncomfortable opposing you and there is some possibility that you may be able to turn him around. As you recall, he did not take your phone call just prior to the vote in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and he has received a great deal of criticism from his constituents for his apparent rudeness. He subsequently wrote you a letter apologizing. He said in his letter that he "did not want to go into the locker-room with the Gipper at half-time and come out following the instructions of the other teams coach."

In his letter, Senator Zorinsky also mentioned that he has had a longstanding request to meet with you on "various foreign policy issues." He says he is willing to include the AWACS sale on the list of items to be discussed. This meeting fulfills this request.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 23, 1981

MEETING WITH SENATOR EDWARD ZORINSKY (D-NEBRASKA)

DATE: October 28, 1981
LOCATION: The Oval Office
TIME: 10:00 - 10:20 (20 minutes)
FROM: Max L. Friedersdorf *M.L.F.*

I. PURPOSE

To discuss the proposed Saudi AWACS sale.

II. BACKGROUND

Senator Zorinsky co-sponsored the Packwood Resolution and voted in favor of it in the Foreign Relations Committee, but recently has given some indication that he is having second thoughts about his position.

You recently asked him to represent you as part of the U.S. delegation attending the funeral of Moshe Dayan in Israel. He seemed highly appreciative of this, especially in view of the fact that he is Jewish and this was his first trip to Israel. Unfortunately, however, he and Roger Jepsen spent forty-five minutes with Prime Minister Begin and even more time with Defense Minister Sharon. They were intensely lobbied during these meetings.

In spite of this, we have had several indications that Zorinsky is uncomfortable opposing you and there is some possibility that you may be able to turn him around. As you recall, he did not take your phone call just prior to the vote in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and he has received a great deal of criticism from his constituents for his apparent rudeness. He subsequently wrote you a letter apologizing. He said in his letter that he "did not want to go into the locker-room with the Gipper at half-time and come out following the instructions of the other teams coach."

In his letter, Senator Zorinsky also mentioned that he has had a longstanding request to meet with you on "various foreign policy issues." He says he is willing to include the AWACS sale on the list of items to be discussed. This meeting fulfills this request.

Senator Zorinsky has just accepted the President's invitation to be his official representative at the Antigua Independence Day celebration, October 29-November 2. The senator will be accompanied by his wife, Cece.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
The Vice President
Senator Edward Zorinsky

Staff

Ed Meese
Jim Baker
Dick Allen
Max Friedersdorf

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer; no press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Senator Zorinsky will enter the Southwest Gate, through the Diplomatic Reception Room, and be escorted to the Oval Office for a 20-minute meeting with the President.

Attachment: Talking Points

Talking Points

President's Meeting with Senators

- Thank you for joining with me today to discuss an issue of vital importance to our national security: the sale to Saudi Arabia of AWACS aircraft and F-15 enhancement items.
- This sale serves our national security interests in two important ways: 1) It strengthens our strategic posture in that vital part of the world; and 2) it provides the cornerstone for initiatives designed to bring Saudi Arabia and other moderate Arab states into the peace process.
- In 1978, the Senate approved the sale to Saudi Arabia of much more sophisticated aircraft -- the F-15s -- at a time when that country did not face the threat occasioned by the Soviet invasion and occupation of Afghanistan, the Iran-Iraq war and Iranian stability, and Soviet advances in Ethiopia, Libya, Chad, and the Yemens.
- I find it inconceivable that the Senate might now disapprove a less-sophisticated package at a time of greater threat to Saudi Arabia and its vital oil facilities.
- The only reasons I could see for this negative action would be if the package presents a risk to Israel or an unacceptable risk of technology compromise. This package presents neither risk.
- As I told Prime Minister Begin, and the American public, I remain firmly committed to Israel's security. I would not have approved this package if it adversely affected Israel's qualitative edge.
- To ensure against misuse and technology compromise, we negotiated with the Saudis a very detailed series of arrangements providing for full U.S. participation in the program, safeguards against sharing data with third countries, and the most detailed security plan ever developed in connection with an arms sales.
- These negotiations were conducted after we had received from Senator Baker and others of you your concerns about this sale. Thus, I believe we have been fully responsive to the Congress, especially the Senate, and that we have gone as far with the Saudis as we can and should go.
- I intend to win this battle and am prepared to use all the means available to me to do so. Success is important both to our Mideast policy and to my goal of reestablishing a bipartisan foreign policy consensus.

B

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH LOU SCHUMM

DATE: October 28, 1981
LOCATION: ~~Oval Office~~ RESIDENCE SCHUMM
TIME: Noon (10 minutes)
FROM: Helene von Damm

I. PURPOSE

Courtesy visit with your boyhood friend, Lou Schumm

II. BACKGROUND

Lou Schumm will be in Washington for three days to attend a meeting of the Aluminum Association and requested the opportunity to visit with you.

III. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer Only ✓

IV. PARTICIPANTS

Lou Schumm ✓
Helene von Damm ✓

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

-- Greeting and Photo
-- Brief Visit

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH LOU SCHUMM

DATE: October 28, 1981
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: Noon (10 minutes)
FROM: Helene von Damm

I. PURPOSE

Courtesy visit with your boyhood friend, Lou Schumm

II. BACKGROUND

Lou Schumm will be in Washington for three days to attend a meeting of the Aluminum Association and requested the opportunity to visit with you.

III. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer Only

IV. PARTICIPANTS

Lou Schumm
Helene von Damm

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

-- Greeting and Photo
-- Brief Visit

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
October 27, 1981

MEETING WITH SENATOR DAVID PRYOR (D-ARKANSAS)

DATE: October 28, 1981
LOCATION: The President's Study
TIME: 1:30 - 1:50 p.m. (20 minutes)
FROM: Max L. Friedersdorf

I. PURPOSE

To discuss the proposed Saudi AWACS sale.

II. BACKGROUND

Senator Pryor is one of the original co-sponsors of the resolution to disapprove the sale, but he shows substantial signs of being uncomfortable with this position. He says that if he were not so far in front on the other side, he would like to help us, but feels he can not in view of his early, public position in opposition to the sale.

You met with him on October 14 and you also had a telephone conversation with him from Air Force One on your way to Grand Rapids last month. After each contact, he has remained uncomfortably opposed.

This meeting was scheduled as the last face-to-face meeting for you prior to the vote at 5 p.m. on the advice of several of his colleagues. They maintain that he has frequently been subject to change up until the last minute on important votes.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Senator David Pryor ✓

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer, no press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Senator Pryor to arrive through the Southwest Gate, enter the Diplomatic Reception Room, and be escorted to the President's study for a 20 minute meeting with the President.

Attachment: Talking Points

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
October 27, 1981

MEETING WITH SENATOR DAVID PRYOR (D-ARKANSAS)

DATE: October 28, 1981
LOCATION: The President's Study
TIME: 1:30 - 1:50 p.m. (20 minutes)
FROM: Max L. Friedersdorf

I. PURPOSE

To discuss the proposed Saudi AWACS sale.

II. BACKGROUND

Senator Pryor is one of the original co-sponsors of the resolution to disapprove the sale, but he shows substantial signs of being uncomfortable with this position. He says that if he were not so far in front on the other side, he would like to help us, but feels he can not in view of his early, public position in opposition to the sale.

You met with him on October 14 and you also had a telephone conversation with him from Air Force One on your way to Grand Rapids last month. After each contact, he has remained uncomfortably opposed.

This meeting was scheduled as the last face-to-face meeting for you prior to the vote at 5 p.m. on the advice of several of his colleagues. They maintain that he has frequently been subject to change up until the last minute on important votes.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Senator David Pryor

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer, no press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Senator Pryor to arrive through the Southwest Gate, enter the Diplomatic Reception Room, and be escorted to the President's study for a 20 minute meeting with the President.

Attachment: Talking Points

President's Meeting with Senators

- Thank you for joining with me today to discuss an issue of vital importance to our national security: the sale to Saudi Arabia of AWACS aircraft and F-15 enhancement items.
- This sale serves our national security interests in two important ways: 1) It strengthens our strategic posture in that vital part of the world; and 2) it provides the cornerstone for initiatives designed to bring Saudi Arabia and other moderate Arab states into the peace process.
- In 1978, the Senate approved the sale to Saudi Arabia of much more sophisticated aircraft -- the F-15s -- at a time when that country did not face the threat occasioned by the Soviet invasion and occupation of Afghanistan, the Iran-Iraq war and Iranian stability, and Soviet advances in Ethiopia, Libya, Chad, and the Yemens.
- I find it inconceivable that the Senate might now disapprove a less-sophisticated package at a time of greater threat to Saudi Arabia and its vital oil facilities.
- The only reasons I could see for this negative action would be if the package presents a risk to Israel or an unacceptable risk of technology compromise. This package presents neither risk.
- As I told Prime Minister Begin, and the American public, I remain firmly committed to Israel's security. I would not have approved this package if it adversely affected Israel's qualitative edge.
- To ensure against misuse and technology compromise, we negotiated with the Saudis a very detailed series of arrangements providing for full U.S. participation in the program, safeguards against sharing data with third countries, and the most detailed security plan ever developed in connection with an arms sales.
- These negotiations were conducted after we had received from Senator Baker and others of you your concerns about this sale. Thus, I believe we have been fully responsive to the Congress, especially the Senate, and that we have gone as far with the Saudis as we can and should go.
- I intend to win this battle and am prepared to use all the means available to me to do so. Success is important both to our Mideast policy and to my goal of reestablishing a bipartisan foreign policy consensus.