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WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT
WORKSHEET

H - INTERNAL

Subject Codes:

Name of Document: PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE MAY 19 81

P R 0 0 7 . 0 1

1) Subject: Luncheon in honor of NASA
Columbia shuttle astronauts
John Young and Robert
Crippen.

SO 003.
EG 185.
MA 011.
OS 001.

2. Speaking notes for luncheon

PR 005.

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
RMMATT	ORIGINATOR	1 1	C	1 1

Referral Note:



DOF

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

UNPUBLISHED
May 18, 1981
4:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE
Tuesday, May 19, 1981

9:12

9:00 am Staff Time Oval Office
(30 min) (Baker, Meese, Deaver)

9:30 am National Security Briefing Oval Office
(15 min) (Richard V. Allen) *CLARK, BUSH, Em, JTS, MKO MURPHY*

9:50

9:45 am Meeting with Baker, Meese, Deaver, Oval Office
(15 min) ~~Friedersdorf, Speakes and Gergen~~

10:00 am Personal Staff Time - *SPEECH PREP -* Oval Office
(60 min) *10:18 - 10:20 - ROOSEVELT Rm. DROP BY - MEXICAN NEWSPAPER EDITORS*

11:00 am Speech Preparation with Meese, Deaver, Oval Office
(20 min) Gergen and Rohrabacher *11:10*
~~11:05 David Gergen)~~

11:30 am Meeting with Joseph Coors *11:45* Oval Office
(10 min) (Richard V. Allen) *Em* (to report on Australian trip)
White House Photographer Only

12:15
~~11:45~~ am Meeting with Astronauts Crippen and Young Oval Office
(15 min) (Joseph W. Canzeri)
Press Photo Opportunity (detail available in morning - please see and edit talking points as appropriate)

Noon Luncheon for the Astronauts (TAB A) Rose Garden
(75 min) (Joseph W. Canzeri)
Press Photo Opportunity

1:45 - OVM

~~1:15~~ pm Return to Residence

1:55 - RESIDENCE

~~5:30~~ pm Staff Time Residence
(30 min) ~~(Baker, Meese, Deaver)~~

Def

- 11:50 a.m. Guests arrive The White House, Southwest Gate, and proceed to the Diplomatic Reception Room (where they will hang their coats), down the Lower Cross Hall, through the West Garden Room, and into the Rose Garden to their seats for reception.
- 12:00 a.m. NASA party arrives The White House, Northwest Gate, and proceed to West Lobby Entrance.

NASA Party

- Mr. and Mrs. John Young, Columbia Astronaut
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Crippen, Columbia Astronaut
Mr. and Mrs. William Young, parents of John Young
Dr. and Mrs. Alan Lovelace, NASA Acting Administrator
Mr. Gerald Griffin, Acting Associate Administrator for External Relations and Deputy Director, Kennedy Space Center
Mr. Richard Muller, Consultant to the Acting Administrator

NASA party will be met in the West Lobby by Joseph W. Canzeri, Deputy Assistant to The President and Executive Assistant to the Deputy Chief of Staff, and escorted into the Roosevelt Room for briefing.

- 12:10 p.m. The Vice President arrives The Oval Office.
- 12:15 p.m. NASA party will be escorted to The Oval Office by Joseph W. Canzeri and introduced to THE PRESIDENT and The Vice President.

PRESS INSTRUCTIONS

Press will be escorted into The Oval Office.

THE PRESIDENT presents Mr. John Young with the NASA Distinguished Service Medal.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE

NOTE: THE PRESIDENT presents the medals while the Military Aide reads the citations for each.

THE PRESIDENT presents Mr. Robert Crippen with the NASA Distinguished Service Medal.

THE PRESIDENT presents Dr. Alan Lovelace with the Presidential Citizen's Medal.

THE PRESIDENT presents Mr. John Young with the Congressional Space Medal of Honor.

PRESS INSTRUCTIONS

Press will be escorted out.

Mr. Muller makes brief remarks (Ham and Eggs Society).

12:25 p.m. Mrs. Reagan, Mrs. Bush, and Mr. and Mrs. Ronald P. Reagan enter the Rose Garden and are seated.

12:27 p.m. Mrs. Young, Mrs. Crippen, Dr. and Mrs. Lovelace, Mr. Muller, Mr. Griffin, and Mr. and Mrs. (William) Young are escorted by a Social Aide to the Rose Garden and are seated.

12:30 p.m. THE PRESIDENT, The Vice President, Mr. Young, and Mr. Crippen are all announced (off-stage), proceed down The Oval Office steps to the Rose Garden and are seated.

Lunch is served.

PRESS INSTRUCTIONS

1:10 p.m. Press will be escorted to designated areas in the Rose Garden.

PROGRAM:

1:15 p.m. THE PRESIDENT makes remarks.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE

1:20 p.m. THE PRESIDENT concludes remarks, asking Mr. Young, Mr. Crippen, and Dr. Lovelace to join him.

Dr. Lovelace asks The Vice President to accompany them on the platform.

Dr. Lovelace presents THE PRESIDENT with a Presidential flag (folded) which flew aboard Columbia.

Dr. Lovelace presents The Vice President with a Vice-Presidential flag (folded) which flew aboard Columbia.

Dr. Lovelace presents THE PRESIDENT with a flight jacket.

Mr. Young and Mr. Crippen present THE PRESIDENT with an American flag, a California flag, and the official astronaut insignia (jointly framed) which flew aboard Columbia.

Mr. Young and Mr. Crippen present The Vice President with an American flag, a Texas flag, and the official astronaut insignia (jointly framed) which flew aboard Columbia.

1:30 p.m. Luncheon concludes.

1:30 p.m. THE PRESIDENT returns to The Oval Office.

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL CITATION

Recipient: Mr. John W. Young

For distinguished service as Commander of the first orbital test flight of the reusable Space Shuttle--a new generation of spacecraft whose highly successful first flight promises continued U.S. preeminence in space.

* * * * *

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL CITATION

Recipient: Commander Robert L. Crippen

For distinguished service as Pilot of the first orbital test flight of the reusable Space Shuttle--a new generation of spacecraft whose highly successful first flight promises continued U.S. preeminence in space.

* * * * *

PRESIDENTIAL CITIZEN'S MEDAL

Recipient: Dr. Alan M. Lovelace

In more than twenty-five years of public service, Alan M. Lovelace has exemplified the highest standards of responsibility in Federal research and development programs. His leadership gave stability, continuity and direction to the successful first flight of the United States Space Shuttle.

In presenting Alan Lovelace the Presidential Citizen's Medal, we recognize his unswerving integrity, acceptance of responsibility and the extraordinary technical achievement of the Columbia, a proud symbol for America.

* * * * *

CONGRESSIONAL SPACE MEDAL OF HONOR

Recipient: Mr. John W. Young

By direction of the President, John W. Young is awarded the Congressional Space Medal of Honor for exceptionally meritorious efforts and contributions to the welfare of the Nation and mankind.

John Young, in a space flight career spanning two decades, has demonstrated the highest qualities of leadership, courage, and technical skill. The success of each of his five critical space flight missions has made a major contribution to human progress in the exploration and utilization of space.

In April, 1981, John Young commanded the first orbital flight test of the Space Shuttle to verify a radical spacecraft design combining the sum total of U.S. experience in both spacecraft and high performance aircraft. In 1972, he commanded the Apollo 16 lunar exploration mission to the highlands of the moon. In 1969, he participated in the first lunar orbit rendezvous and docking mission of Apollo 10. In 1966, he commanded the Gemini X mission, the first successful demonstration of manned orbital docking and transfer techniques. In 1965, he flew on the first manned Gemini mission.

John Young's outstanding career as an astronaut reflects great credit upon himself and the Nation he has served so well.

TALKING POINTS: EAST ROOM LUNCHEON WITH SHUTTLE ASTRONAUTS
MAY 19, 1981

- John and Bob, all the world held its breath in the silent moments of your re-entry. When we finally heard your voices again, all the world knew America had begun a new age.

- A few moments ago I had the privilege to decorate Commander Young and Captain Crippen for their personal courage and the honor they have brought to our Nation. I presented John the Congressional Space Medal of Honor, our highest award for achievements in space, and to both John and Bob the NASA Distinguished Service Medal, the highest award the Space Agency can bestow.

- These men have traveled across the country since the shuttle flight, and the American people have welcomed them with tremendous affection. It is no wonder, because through them we have all been a part of greatness, pushing wider the boundaries of our freedom.

- As I told John and Bob before they took off, through them we all felt as giants once again. Once again we felt the surge of pride that comes from knowing we are the first and we are the best and we are so because we are free.

- The Space Shuttle is the world's first true Space Transportation System. It will be a space workhorse for many years to come. Soon we will have an operational capability that will place cargo in orbit for a variety of users.

- The United States leads the world in the science of space travel and, because we do, we are on the cutting edge of technology and discovery. The knowledge and capability we gain from the Shuttle will affect American life in both subtle and dramatic ways, bringing energy and excitement to our national renewal.

- The flight of the Columbia not only mastered new technology, but was a victory for the American spirit.

- John Young and Bob Crippen made us proud. Their deeds reminded us that we, as a free people, can accomplish whatever we set out to do. We remembered that nothing binds our abilities except our own expectations, and, given that, the farthest star is within our reach.

- To paraphrase John Greenleaf Whittier, we are a people who have thrown the windows of our souls wide open to the sun. We will follow, as we can, where our hearts have long since gone, and progress will be ours for all mankind to share.

- Americans have shown the world we not only dream great dreams we dare to live them

-- I would like now to introduce Dr. Alan M. Lovelace, the acting director of NASA, and a man whose leadership and high standards made the success of the Columbia possible.

JOHN W. YOUNG
NASA Astronaut
Commander, First Space Shuttle Flight

Mr. Young was selected as an astronaut by NASA in September 1962 and was named Chief of the Astronaut Office in January 1975.

He served as pilot with command pilot Gus Grissom on the first manned Gemini flight on March 23, 1965, a 3-orbit mission, during which the crew accomplished the first manned spacecraft orbital trajectory modifications and lifting reentry. On July 18, 1966, Young was the command pilot on the Gemini 10 mission, with Michael Collins as pilot. He was the command module pilot for Apollo 10, May 18-26, 1969, the comprehensive lunar-orbital qualification test of the Apollo lunar module with Thomas P. Stafford (spacecraft commander) and Eugene Cernan (lunar module pilot). His fourth space flight was as spacecraft commander of Apollo 16, April 16-27, 1972, with Thomas K. Mattingly, II (command module pilot) and Charles M. Duke, Jr., (lunar module pilot). Apollo 16 was the only manned lunar mission to inspect, survey, and sample materials and surface features in the rugged lunar highlands.

Mr. Young received a Bachelor of Science degree in Aeronautical Engineering from the Georgia Institute of Technology in 1952. Upon graduation from Georgia Tech, Young entered the U.S. Navy. After serving on a west coast destroyer for one year, he was sent to flight training in props, jets, and helicopters.

Following test pilot training at the U.S. Navy Test Pilot school in 1959, he was stationed at the Naval Air Test Center for three years. Young retired from the United States Navy in September 1976, after completing almost 25 years of active military service.

Mr. Young is a Fellow of the American Astronautical Society, and an Associate Fellow of the Society of Experimental Test Pilots (SETP) and the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics. He was awarded two NASA Distinguished Service Medals, two NASA Exceptional Service Medals, the JSC Certificate of Commendation (1970), the Navy Astronaut Wings, two Navy Distinguished Service Medals, three Navy Distinguished Flying Crosses, the Georgia Tech Distinguished Young Alumni Award (1965) and the Distinguished Service Alumni Award (1972), the SETP Iven C. Kincheloe Award (1972), the AAS Flight Achievement Award (1972), and the AIAA Haley Astronautics Award (1973).

Young was born in San Francisco, California, in 1930. He is married to the former Susy Feldman of St. Louis, Missouri. He has two children.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

- 12:00 p.m. NASA party arrives The White House and proceeds into Roosevelt Room.
- 12:10 p.m. The Vice President arrives The Oval Office.
- 12:15 p.m. NASA party proceeds into The Oval Office.
- 12:15 p.m. THE PRESIDENT makes presentations to Mr. John Young, Mr. Robert Crippen, and Dr. Alan Lovelace.
- 12:27 p.m. NASA party proceeds into the Rose Garden.
- 12:30 p.m. THE PRESIDENT, The Vice President, Mr. Young, and Mr. Crippen are announced, proceed into the Rose Garden and are seated.
- Luncheon begins.
- 1:15 p.m. THE PRESIDENT makes remarks.
- 1:20 p.m. THE PRESIDENT concludes remarks.
- The Vice President, Mr. Young, Mr. Crippen, and Dr. Lovelace proceed to platform.
- Dr. Lovelace makes presentations to THE PRESIDENT and The Vice President.
- Mr. Young and Mr. Crippen make presentations to THE PRESIDENT and The Vice President.
- 1:30 p.m. Luncheon concludes.
- 1:30 p.m. THE PRESIDENT returns to The Oval Office.

5/18/81 5:00 p.m.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

TUESDAY, MAY 19, 1981

EVENT: LUNCHEON IN HONOR OF THE NASA COLUMBIA ASTRONAUTS

THE PRESIDENT'S PARTICIPATION

Presentation of Medals

Brief Remarks

WEATHER

Mid 50's

Rain Showers

DRESS

Men's Business Suit

Ladies' Afternoon Dress

ADVANCE

STUDDERT, STEPHEN M.
KUONEN, ROCKY D.
STEPHENS, RICHARD

LEAD
PRESS
WHCA

5/18/81 5:00 p.m.

- 11:50 a.m. Guests arrive The White House, Southwest Gate, and proceed to the Diplomatic Reception Room (where they will hang their coats), down the Lower Cross Hall, through the West Garden Room, and into the Rose Garden to their seats for reception.
- 12:00 a.m. NASA party arrives The White House, Northwest Gate, and proceed to West Lobby Entrance.

NASA Party

- Mr. and Mrs. John Young, Columbia
Astronaut
- Mr. and Mrs. Robert Crippen, Columbia
Astronaut
- Mr. and Mrs. William Young, parents of
John Young
- Dr. and Mrs. Alan Lovelace, NASA Acting
Administrator
- Mr. Gerald Griffin, Acting Associate
Administrator for External Relations and
Deputy Director, Kennedy Space Center
- Mr. Richard Muller, Consultant to the
Acting Administrator

NASA party will be met in the West Lobby by Joseph W. Canzeri, Deputy Assistant to The President and Executive Assistant to the Deputy Chief of Staff, and escorted into the Roosevelt Room for briefing.

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PRESS INSTRUCTIONS

Press will be escorted into The Oval Office.

THE PRESIDENT presents Mr. John Young with the NASA Distinguished Service Medal.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE

NOTE: THE PRESIDENT presents the medals while the Military Aide reads the citations for each.

THE PRESIDENT presents Mr. Robert Crippen with the NASA Distinguished Service Medal.

THE PRESIDENT presents Dr. Alan Lovelace with the Presidential Citizen's Medal.

THE PRESIDENT presents Mr. John Young with the Congressional Space Medal of Honor.

PRESS INSTRUCTIONS

Press will be escorted out.

Mr. Muller makes brief remarks (Ham and Eggs Society).

12:25 p.m. Mrs. Reagan, Mrs. Bush, and Mr. and Mrs. Ronald P. Reagan enter the Rose Garden and are seated.

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Dr. Lovelace presents The Vice President with a Vice-Presidential flag (folded) which flew aboard Columbia.

Dr. Lovelace presents THE PRESIDENT with a flight jacket.

Mr. Young and Mr. Crippen present THE PRESIDENT with an American flag, a California flag, and the official astronaut insignia (jointly framed) which flew aboard Columbia.

Mr. Young and Mr. Crippen present The Vice President with an American flag, a Texas flag, and the official astronaut insignia (jointly framed) which flew aboard Columbia.

1:30 p.m. Luncheon concludes.

1:30 p.m. THE PRESIDENT returns to The Oval Office.

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL CITATION

Recipient: Mr. John W. Young

For distinguished service as Commander of the first orbital test flight of the reuseable Space Shuttle--a new generation of spacecraft whose highly successful first flight promises continued U.S. preeminence in space.

* * * * *

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL CITATION

Recipient: Commander Robert L. Crippen

For distinguished service as Pilot of the first orbital test flight of the reuseable Space Shuttle--a new generation of spacecraft whose highly successful first flight promises continued U.S. preeminence in space.

* * * * *

PRESIDENTIAL CITIZEN'S MEDAL

Recipient: Dr. Alan M. Lovelace

In more than twenty-five years of public service, Alan M. Lovelace has exemplified the highest standards of responsibility in Federal research and development programs. His leadership gave stability, continuity and direction to the successful first flight of the United States Space Shuttle.

In presenting Alan Lovelace the Presidential Citizen's Medal, we recognize his unswerving integrity, acceptance of responsibility and the extraordinary technical achievement of the Columbia, a proud symbol for America.

* * * * *

CONGRESSIONAL SPACE MEDAL OF HONOR

Recipient: Mr. John W. Young

By direction of the President, John W. Young is awarded the Congressional Space Medal of Honor for exceptionally meritorious efforts and contributions to the welfare of the Nation and mankind.

John Young, in a space flight career spanning two decades, has demonstrated the highest qualities of leadership, courage, and technical skill. The success of each of his five critical space flight missions has made a major contribution to human progress in the exploration and utilization of space.

In April, 1981, John Young commanded the first orbital flight test of the Space Shuttle to verify a radical spacecraft design combining the sum total of U.S. experience in both spacecraft and high performance aircraft. In 1972, he commanded the Apollo 16 lunar exploration mission to the highlands of the moon. In 1969, he participated in the first lunar orbit rendezvous and docking mission of Apollo 10. In 1966, he commanded the Gemini X mission, the first successful demonstration of manned orbital docking and transfer techniques. In 1965, he flew on the first manned Gemini mission.

John Young's outstanding career as an astronaut reflects great credit upon himself and the Nation he has served so well.

ROBERT L. CRIPPEN (Commander, USN)
NASA Astronaut
Pilot, First Space Shuttle Flight

Commander Crippen became a NASA astronaut in September 1969. He was a crew member on the highly successful Skylab Medical Experiments Altitude Test (SMEAT)--a 56-day simulation of the Skylab mission, enabling crewmen to collect medical experiments baseline data and evaluate equipment, operations, and procedures. Crippen was a member of the astronaut support crew for the Skylab 2, 3, and 4 missions, and he served in this same capacity for the Apollo-Soyuz Test Project (ASTP) mission which was completed successfully in July 1975.

Crippen received a Bachelor of Science degree in Aerospace Engineering from the University of Texas in 1960. He received his commission through the Navy's Aviation Officer Program at Pensacola, Florida, which he entered after graduation from the University of Texas. He continued his flight training at Whiting Field, Florida, and went from there to Chase Field in Beeville, Texas, where he received his wings.

From June 1962 to November 1964, he was assigned to Fleet Squadron VA-72--completing two-and-one-half years of duty as an attack pilot aboard the aircraft carrier USS INDEPENDENCE. He later attended the USAF Aerospace Research Pilot School at Edwards Air Force Base, California, and, upon graduation, remained there as an instructor until his selection in October 1966 to the USAF Manned Orbiting Laboratory Program. Crippen was among the second group of aerospace research pilots to be assigned to the MOL Program.

Crippen was awarded the NASA Exceptional Service Medal and the Johnson Space Center Group Achievement Award in 1972.

Commander Crippen was born in Beaumont, Texas in 1937. He is married to the former Virginia Hill and they have three children.

DR. ALAN M. LOVELACE
Acting Administrator

Dr. Alan M. Lovelace was appointed NASA Deputy Administrator in June 1976 by President Ford, a post he held until December 1980. At that time he assumed the position of Associate Administrator/General Manager until becoming Acting Administrator in January 1981.

Lovelace was born in St. Petersburg, FL, on September 4, 1919. He received his B.S. in chemistry in 1951, his M.S. in 1952 and his Ph.D. in 1954, both in organic chemistry, and all from the University of Florida.

From 1954 to 1956 Lovelace served in the U.S. Air Force, after which he continued to work as a civilian at the Air Force Materials Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio, where he was named Chief Scientist in January 1964 and Director in 1967.

In October 1972, Lovelace was named Director of Science and Technology, Air Force Systems Command, Andrews Air Force Base, Md. He went on to become principal Deputy to the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Research and Development, a post he held until joining NASA.

Lovelace is a Fellow of the American Astronautical Society and the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics. He is a member of the National Academy of Engineering, the Air Force Association, Sigma Xi and Phi Beta Kappa. He is chairman of the Advisory Group for Aerospace Research and Development (NATO), and is an Associate Adviser to the Air Force Scientific Advisory Board.

Lovelace is the author of more than 40 technical publications and is credited with six inventions. He has earned numerous awards including the Arthur S. Flemming Award as one of 10 outstanding young men in government in 1958, the Air Force Meritorious Civilian Service Award in 1959, the Office of Aerospace Research Award for Outstanding Contributions to Research in 1970 and the Air Force Exceptional Civilian Service Medal in 1973.

Lovelace is married to the former Kathryn Logan. They have a son and daughter and reside in Serverna Park, MD.

GERALD D. GRIFFIN
Acting Associate Administrator for External Relations
and
Deputy Director, Kennedy Space Center

Since July 1980, Gerald D. Griffin has been serving in the dual role of Acting Associate Administrator for External Relations at NASA Headquarters and Deputy Director of the Kennedy Space Center. He was named to the Kennedy post in May of 1977. Griffin was also NASA's Transition Officer from November 1980 to January 1981.

Griffin was a Flight Director in Mission Control at the Johnson Space Center for all eleven manned Apollo missions. He was lead Flight Director for Apollos 12, 15 and 17. He was Assistant Administrator for Legislative Affairs at NASA Headquarters from 1973 to 1975.

He was awarded NASA's Exceptional Service Medal for his work on Apollos 12 and 15, the Presidential Medal of Freedom Group Achievement Award for Apollo 13, and the NASA Headquarters Creative Management Award in May 1975. In 1980 he was awarded the Presidential Rank of Meritorious Executive in the Senior Executive Service. Griffin is an Associate Fellow of the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics and a member of Tau Beta Pi.

RICHARD J. MULLER
Consultant to the Acting Administrator

Richard J. Muller was a member of the Transition Team at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration during November and December, 1980.

On January 21, 1981, the White House Counsel requested that Muller continue to serve the agency as a volunteer consultant to the Acting Administrator from the Office of Policy Development.

Muller is Director of the Washington Public Affairs Office of Chrysler Corporation. He has been in executive positions with Chrysler since 1961 and in Washington since 1976.

(MASENG/TD)

EAST ROOM LUNCHEON WITH SHUTTLE ASTRONAUTS
MAY 19, 1981

-- CMDR YOUNG & CAPT. CRIPPEN - ALL . WORLD
HELD ITS BRETH IN . SILNT MOMNTS . YUR REENTRY.
WHEN WE FINLY HRD YUR VOICES AGN, ALL . WRLD
KNEW AMER. HAD BEGUN A NEW AGE.

-- A FW MOMNTS AGO !. PRIVLGD . DECRATE CMDR
YOUNG & CAPT. CRIPPEN .. THEIR PERSONL COUR'G &
.. HONR .. HV BROT .. NATN. I PRESENTD JOHN
YOUNG .. CONG. SPACE MEDL . HONOR, OUR HIGHEST
AWARD FOR ACHIEVMNTS IN SPACE, & TO BOTH HIM &
BOB CRIPPEN THE NASA DISTINGD SERVICE MEDAL,
.. HIGHEST AWARD THE SPACE AGENCY CN BESTOW.

-- THES MEN HV TRAVELD ACROS .. CO. SINCE ..
SHUTL FLIT, & NW MST RELIZ THY HV BCOM JOHN &
BOB . ALL . US. THE AMER. P. HV WELCOMD THEM
W/TREMENDS AFFECTN. & NO WONDR, THRU THM WE HV
ALL BEEN . PRT OF GREATNS, PUSHG WIDER ..
BOUNDRIES OF OUR FREEDOM.

HANDWRITING FILE

-- AS I TLD THM BFOR THY TOOK OFF, THRU THM
 WE ALL FELT AS GIANTS ONCE AGN. ONCE AGN WE
 FELT .. SURGE . PRIDE THT COMS FRM KNOWG WE ARE
 .. 1ST & WE R . BEST & WE R SO BCUS WE R FREE.

-- THE SP. SHUT. IS . WRLDs 1ST TRU SP TRANS.
 SYSTM. IT'LL BE . SPACE WRKHORSE .. MNY YRS TO
 COM. SOON WE WILL HV . OPRATNAL CAPABILITY THT
 WILL PLACE CARGO . ORBIT FOR . VARIETY OF USERS.

-- BCUS WE LEAD . WRLD .. SCIENC & SP. TRAVL,
 WE R ON . CUTG EDGE . TECH. & DISCOVERY. THE
 SHUTL WILL AFECT AMER. LIFE IN BTH SUBTLE &
 DRAMATC WAYS, BRINGG ENERGY & XCITEMNT TO OUR
 NATL RENEWL.

-- THE FLIT .. COLUMBIA WS . VICTRY FOR ..
 AMER. SPIRIT.

-- J.YNG & B.CRIPN MD US PROUD. THEIR DEEDS
 REMINDD US THT WE, AS . FRE P., CAN ACOMPLSH
 WHTEV R WE SET OUT TO DO. NOTHING BINDS OUR
 ABILTIES XCPT OUR . XPECTATNS, & GVN THT THE
 FARTHEST STAR IS WITHIN OUR REACH.

-- TO PARAPHRASE JOHN GREENLEAF WHITTIER,
WE R . P. WHO HV THROWN . WINDWS OF R SOULS
WIDE OPN TO . SUN. WE WILL FOLOW, AS WE CN,
WHERE R HARTS HV LONG SINCE GONE & PROGRES
WILL BE OURS FOR ALL MANKIND TO SHARE.

-- AMER.s HV SHOWN . WRLD WE NT ONLY DREAM
GREAT DREAMS, WE DARE TO LIVE THM.

-- I WLD LK NOW TO INTRODUCE A MN WHOSE
LDRSHP & HIGH STNDRDS MADE . SUCESS . . COLUMBIA
POSIBL. L&G . . ACTING DIRECTR OF NASA,
DR. ALAN M. LOVELACE.
