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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name MATLOCK, JACK: FILES

Withdrawer

JET 4/14/2005

File Folder MATLOCK CHRON FEBRUARY 1986 (3/6)

FOIA

F06-114/4

Box Number 14

YARHI-MILO

1410

ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
8088	NOTE	BASIC SCIENCES AGREEMENT FROM JOHN L <i>R 3/9/2011 F2006-114/4</i>	1	ND	B1
8089	MEMO	MATLOCK TO POINDEXTER RE POSSIBLE BILATERAL INITIATIVES FOR THE 1986 SUMMIT <i>R 3/20/2013 F2006-114/4</i>	1	2/13/1986	B1
8090	MEMO	MCDANIEL TO PLATT RE POSSIBLE BILATERAL INITIATIVES FOR THE 1986 SUMMIT <i>R 3/9/2011 F2006-114/4</i>	1	ND	B1
8094	MEMO	PLATT TO POINDEXTER RE POSSIBLE BILATERAL INITIATIVES FOR THE 1986 SUMMIT <i>R 3/9/2011 F2006-114/4</i>	3	1/29/1986	B1
8091	MEMO	MATLOCK TO POINDEXTER RE REACTIVATION OF THE U.S.-USSR JOINT MEDICAL AGREEMENT <i>R 3/20/2013 F2006-114/4</i>	1	2/13/1986	B1
8092	MEMO	MCDANIEL TO PLATT RE REACTIVATION OF U.S.-USSR JOINT MEDICAL/HEALTH AGREEMENT <i>R 3/9/2011 F2006-114/4</i>	1	ND	B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

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FOIA

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Box Number 14

YARHI-MILO

1410

ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
8095	MEMO	PLATT TO POINDEXTER RE REACTIVATION OF THE U.S.-USSR JOINT MEDICAL AGREEMENT <i>R 3/9/2011 F2006-114/4</i>	2	1/23/1986	B1
8093	MEMO	KIMMITT TO HILL RE REACTIVATION OF THE U.S.-USSR COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT IN HEALTH <i>R 3/9/2011 F2006-114/4</i>	1	5/5/1984	B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
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- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

54-C
1

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

February 10, 1986

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR RODNEY B. MCDAMIEL

FROM: JACK F. MATLOCK *JFM*

SUBJECT: Proposed Congratulatory Message to U.S. Gold Medal
Winner at Soviet Ice Skating Competition

I have reviewed and concur in the proposed congratulatory letter to Miss Kadavy (TAB A), the winner of the Soviet Ice Skating Competition held in Moscow.

AS Sestashovich and *GM* Mandel concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memo to Sally Kelley at TAB I.

Approve _____

Disapprove _____

Attachments:

TAB I Memo to Sally Kelley

TAB A Letter to Miss Kadavy

TAB B Platt-Poindexter Memo of February 6, 1986

2

Department of State

Suggested Reply

Dear Caryn:

I was delighted to hear about your triumph at the Russian-International Ice Skating Competition last December and I wanted to give you my heartiest congratulations.

Last November I proposed to Soviet General Secretary Gorbachev that we greatly expand exchanges between the citizens of our two countries. We specifically agreed that sports was one of the best areas in which to begin. I was very pleased to learn that only days after my meeting with the Soviet leader in Geneva, you were standing on the gold medalist's podium in Moscow while the U.S. National Anthem was played.

Your participation in the ice skating competition in Moscow is exactly the kind of healthy competition between our two peoples we are working for. My best wishes to you for continued success.

Sincerely yours,

United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

February 6, 1986

UNCLASSIFIEDMEMORANDUM FOR VADM JOHN M. POINDEXTER
THE WHITE HOUSESUBJECT: Congratulatory Message to US Gold Medal Winner at
Soviet Ice Skating Competition

Congressman Ken Kramer has forwarded correspondence requesting a congratulatory letter from President Reagan to Caryn Kadavy. Miss Kadavy, a high school student in Colorado Springs, won a gold medal at the Russian International Ice Skating Competition in Moscow last December. She was the only non-Soviet to win a medal and the first American to compete in the event in over ten years.

We believe this is a significant achievement and have drafted a short congratulatory note from the President to Miss Kadavy.

Nicholas Platt
for Nicholas Platt
Executive Secretary

Attachment:

Draft letter to Miss Kadavy

8602019

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T H E W H I T E H O U S E O F F I C E

REFERRAL

JANUARY 23, 1986

TO: DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ACTION REQUESTED:
COMMENT / RECOMMENDATION

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 365601

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED DECEMBER 17, 1985

TO: PRESIDENT REAGAN

FROM: THE HONORABLE KEN KRAMER
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WASHINGTON DC 20515

SUBJECT: ENCLOSURES A LETTER FROM R. G. ROTHMEIER WHO
REQUESTS A CONGRATULATORY MESSAGE FOR CARYN
KADAVY WHO WON A GOLD MEDAL AT THE RUSSIAN
INTERNAT'L ICE SKATING COMPETITION IN MOSCOW

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

*need SIS-I
1645 1/22/86 CJK/S*

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: JANUARY 13, 1986

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: THE HONORABLE KEN KRAMER

SUBJECT: ENCLOSES A LETTER FROM R.G. ROTHMFIER WHO
REQUESTS A CONGRATULATORY MESSAGE FOR CARYN
KADAVY WHO WON A GOLD MEDAL AT THE RUSSIAN
INTERNAT'L ICE SKATING COMPETITION IN MOSCOW

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY (STAFF NAME)	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
	ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
M. B. OGLESPI	ORG	86/01/13	MC	86/01/14
REFERRAL NOTE:				
REFERRAL NOTE:				
REFERRAL NOTE:				
REFERRAL NOTE:				
REFERRAL NOTE:				

COMMENTS:

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:1 INDIVIDUAL CODES: 1240
MAIL USER CODES: (A) (B) (C)

- *****
- | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| *ACTION CODES: | *DISPOSITION | *OUTGOING | * |
| *A-APPROPRIATE ACTION | *A-ANSWERED | *CORRESPONDENCE: | * |
| *C-COMMENT/RECOM | *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL | *TYPE RESP=INITIALS | * |
| *D-DRAFT RESPONSE | *C-COMPLETED | * OF SIGNER | * |
| *F-FURNISH FACT SHEET | *S-SUSPENDED | * CODE = A | * |
| *I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC* | | *COMPLETED = DATE OF | * |
| *R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY * | | * OUTGOING | * |
| *S-FOR-SIGNATURE * | | | * |
| *X-INTERIM REPLY * | | | * |
- *****

PLEASE REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

KEN KRAMER,
5TH DISTRICT, COLORADO

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

RANKING MINORITY MEMBER,
SUBCOMMITTEE ON MILITARY
INSTALLATIONS AND FACILITIES
SUBCOMMITTEE ON
PROCUREMENT AND MILITARY
NUCLEAR SYSTEMS

BOARD OF VISITORS
U.S. AIR FORCE ACADEMY



8502015

WASHINGTON OFFICE
240 CANNON HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, DC 20515
(202) 225-4422

DISTRICT OFFICES
1520 NORTH UNION BOULEVARD
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80909
(303) 632-8555

10394 WEST CHATFIELD AVENUE
LITTLETON, CO 80127
(303) 973-0397

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

December 17, 1985

The Honorable Ronald Reagan
President
of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Enclosed is a copy of a letter from Mr. R.G. Rothmeier, asking me to bring to your attention a recent accomplishment by Miss Caryn Kadavy.

As you will read, Miss Kadavy, a high school student from Colorado Springs, Colorado, won a gold medal at the Russian International Ice Skating Competition in Moscow on December 8, 1985. As Mr. Rothmeier states, the truly remarkable part of her victory is that she is the first American to compete in this event in over ten years, and she was the only non-Russian to win a medal of any kind.

I would appreciate any consideration you can give Mr. Rothmeier's request. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Ken Kramer

KK/tr
Enclosure

7

January 14, 1966

Dear Ken:

Thank you for your December 17 letter, which we received on January 13, on behalf of Mr. R. G. Rothmeier, who has requested that the President provide recognition for Miss Caryn Kadavy. Miss Kadavy was the only American gold medalist at the Russian International Ice Skating Competition in Moscow.

Please know that your request has been brought to the attention of the appropriate White House office and will receive prompt consideration.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

H. B. Colesby, Jr.
Assistant to the President

The Honorable Ken Kramer
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20541

MBO:KRJ:HLB:hlb

cc: w/copy of inc to Anne Higgins
for further action

WH RECORDS MANAGEMENT HAS RETAINED ORIGINAL
INCOMING

JM-C
8

I think that the distinction is to have
an atmosphere ~~all~~ where only one could
say that such atmosphere is counterproductive
at a time when it is difficult to secure a defense
of mutual benefit and which makes more people
elements. I also believe that we should be careful
without the same kind of heterogeneity that
Jack recommends vis-a-vis a Basic Science
Agreement. Operational I concur.

DECLASSIFIED

NLRR FOL-1144#8088

BY RW NARA DATE 3/9/11

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

~~SECRET~~

February 13, 1986

ACTION

MEMORANDUM TO JOHN M. POINDEXTER

FROM: JACK F. MATLOCK *JFM*

SUBJECT: Possible Bilateral Initiatives for the 1986 Summit

State is proposing a series of relatively small bilateral steps to propose to the Soviets. State would like to make these proposals before we notify the Soviets of the cuts in their UN Mission, so as to indicate that these cuts are not viewed as a barrier to improving bilateral cooperation in specific areas. The specific proposals are explained in the Platt-Poindexter Memo at TAB II.

I concur with the State recommendations with two exceptions:

(1) I believe it is premature to propose a Basic Sciences Agreement (Item 4, first tick, on the State list) until we have reviewed at the policy level our basic policy stance on science cooperation with the USSR. OSTP and other interested agencies should participate in this review.

(2) Regarding Space Exploration (Item 4, 2nd tick on the State list), I believe we should let our earlier proposal for consultations on space cooperation stand and not continue pressing the Soviets on this point.

I have drafted a Memorandum to State conveying the above.

X4 Sestanovich, *RA* Raymond, *ES* Levine, *SA* Linnard, *SS* Steiner, *JM* Mandel, *MS* Lenzowski, Sommer and May concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve transmittal of the Memorandum at TAB I.

Approve _____ Disapprove _____

Attachments:

TAB I McDaniel - Platt Memorandum

TAB II Platt-Poindexter Memo of January 29, 1986

~~SECRET~~

DECLASSIFIED
NLRR F06-11414 #8089
BY RW NARA DATE 3/20/13

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506~~SECRET~~MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOLAS PLATT
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Possible Bilateral Initiatives for the 1986 Summit

We concur in the initiatives listed in your memorandum to Admiral Poindexter of January 29, 1986, with the following exceptions:

- (1) No proposal should be made regarding a Basic Sciences Agreement until the subject has been reviewed at the policy level. For this, we will need an interagency review of factors relevant to our overall policy regarding cooperation in the sciences with the USSR. Participants in this review should include the office of Science and Technology Policy, the Department of Defense, the Central Intelligence Agency and those USG agencies responsible for important aspects of science policy.
- (2) In regard to cooperation in Space Exploration, we should at this time go no further than reminding the Soviets that our offer of August, 1985, to have representatives meet and discuss areas of possible space cooperation still stands.

Rodney B. McDaniel
Executive Secretary~~SECRET~~DECLASSIFIED
NLRR F06-114/4#809D
BY RW NARA DATE 3/9/11



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520 0784

~~SECRET/SENSITIVE~~

January 29, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR VADM JOHN M. POINDEXTER
THE WHITE HOUSE

SUBJECT: Possible Bilateral Initiatives For The 1986 Summit

At their next meeting President Reagan and Gorbachev should be able to note progress in implementing agreements reached last year in Geneva, such as consulates, People-to-People exchanges, and fusion. But it would also be desirable to take steps in other areas of interest and concern to us. These new initiatives could be ready for agreement by the 1986 Summit.

Attached to this memo are a number of such initiatives. The thrust of most of them is to expand and regularize existing contacts. They range from measures which will enhance our ability to protect American citizens and resolve divided family cases, to improved joint sea rescue capabilities, to expanding scientific cooperation in fields where we stand to gain.

We envisage broaching these ideas to the Soviets at the end of January, in preparation for a fuller discussion during Foreign Minister Shevardnadze's visit to Washington later this year. The details could be negotiated through embassies or by special negotiating teams in capitals. We would seek to have as many of these initiatives as possible ready for signature by the Summit, without locking ourselves into artificial deadlines.

Some of these proposals are already being negotiated on tracks of their own but could benefit from a push at the political level. Few of them are glamorous but taken together they would represent a major expansion, in areas of interest to us, in the framework of U.S.-Soviet cooperation established by the Geneva meeting.

State has coordinated with other U.S. Government agencies having an interest in the issues involved, and will keep the NSC fully apprised of developments as they occur. When necessary, Circular 175 authority will be requested.

Nicholas Platt

Nicholas Platt
Executive Secretary

~~SECRET/SENSITIVE~~
DECL: OADR

DECLASSIFIED

NLRR F06-114/4#8094

BY RW NARA DATE 3/9/11

~~SECRET/SENSITIVE~~

Possible Bilateral Initiatives for the 1986 Summit

1) Bilateral Review Commission (BRC): This body would focus on the consular and administrative issues which form the nuts and bolts of our relationship with the Soviets. Topics for discussion could include consular rights and privileges, embassy security, harassment of American tourists and diplomatic personnel, travel controls, customs problems and construction issues connected with new embassies and consulates. It could also serve as a forum for raising bilateral human rights issues, such as divided families. Handling these issues in a regular forum would assure continuous attention to them, encourage a problem solving approach and keep us engaged with the Soviets during any future difficult periods in our relationship.

The BRC would meet either annually or semi-annually in Washington and Moscow and last one or two weeks. It would be headed by the EUR Deputy Assistant Secretary for Soviet Affairs or the Office Director for Soviet Union Affairs.

2) Search and Rescue (SAR): Such an agreement would focus on improving communications facilities to permit quick contacts in air and sea emergencies. It would be a logical follow-up to the Northern Pacific Air Safety Accord (NOPAC). The Coast Guard and the Soviet Ministry of the Maritime Fleet held one round of SAR talks in 1985. A draft agreement was considered during this round which, although held in a cordial atmosphere, adjourned without setting a date for a follow-up meeting. The Coast Guard is interested in our raising with the Soviets this initiative and the other initiatives in this memo that involve Coast Guard participation.

3) Radio Navigation: Technical discussions between the Coast Guard and the Soviets were held last Spring in Moscow in an attempt to coordinate the frequencies of our respective radio navigation systems. The Soviets have provided information on their radio navigation systems. They have indicated that US standards are the most sensible to use and may already be synchronizing some of their time signals by US systems. An agreement could be achievable although the cost of converting entirely to US standards could give the Soviets pause.

~~SECRET/SENSITIVE~~

4) Additional Exchanges Agreements in Basic Science, Space, and Transportation: Agreements in these areas would build on progress in exchanges at the 1985 Geneva Summit. New agreements would fill in gaps that have developed in US-Soviet scientific cooperation.

-- A Basic Sciences Agreement would focus on cooperation in theoretical sciences, such as physics, where the Soviets are traditionally strongest. It would build on existing non-official contacts and have manageable technology transfer implications. It could replace the expired S&T Agreement as an umbrella for existing US-Soviet cooperative agreements in other fields. The NSF and OSTP have indicated interest in such an agreement.

-- Cooperation in Space Exploration is a natural match. Coordination of Mars missions, space biology and planetary science are areas where we could gain significant advantages through cooperation with the Soviets. Last year the Soviets linked their rejection of our proposal to negotiate a Space Agreement to SDI. Senior Soviet space scientists have, however, indicated their continued interest in cooperation with the US; a desire that is reciprocated by NASA and the US space community.

-- Reestablishment of the Transportation Agreement would be a positive sign after last year's agreements on Civil Aviation and NOPAC. DOT has expressed interest in resuming cooperative work with the Soviets in areas of mutual interest, such as hazardous materials transport, air and highway safety, icebreakers, and railroads.

5) Exchange of Coast Guard vessel visits: This would be a logical and highly visible complement to SAR and radio navigation initiatives. It would avoid the negative atmospherics of a Navy-to-Navy visit, which might set a precedent for Soviet Navy port calls to other democracies in this hemisphere.

JMC
14NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

February 13, 1986

ACTION

MEMORANDUM TO RODNEY B. MCDANIEL

FROM: JACK F. MATLOCK *JFM*

SUBJECT: Proposed Response to Dr. Marianne Bouvier, Vice President, German American National Congress

I have reviewed and concur in the proposed response to Dr. Marianne Bouvier, Vice President, German American National Congress, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania concerning the Geneva meeting. Attached at TAB I is a Memorandum to Sally Kelley for your signature.

H Seskanovich, *MA* Linhard, *S* Steiner, *JM* Mandel, *GM* May and *NS* Danzansky concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memo at TAB I.

Approve _____ Disapprove _____

Attachments:

TAB I McDaniel - Kelley Memo
 TAB A Letter to Dr. Bouvier
 TAB II Incoming Correspondence

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

MEMORANDUM FOR SALLY KELLEY

FROM: RODNEY B. MCDANIEL

SUBJECT: Proposed Response to Dr. Marianne Bouvier, German
American National Congress

We have reviewed and concur in the proposed draft letter to Dr. Bouvier in response to her letter to the President. Dr. Bouvier is Vice President of the German American National Congress, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania and is forwarding the organization's views on arms control, Eastern Europe and Human Rights.

Attachments:

TAB A Proposed Draft Letter to Dr. Bouvier

Dear Dr. Bouvier:

Thank you for your letter of October 18, 1985 about the President's summit meeting November 19-20 in Geneva with General Secretary Gorbachev and about your organization's views on arms control, Eastern Europe and human rights. We appreciate receiving your comments as we move forward in our efforts to build the foundation for a more stable and constructive relationship with the Soviet Union.

Before the Geneva meeting, the President had called for a fresh start in U.S.-Soviet relations, and we have now made that start. In Geneva, the two leaders had an intensive and frank examination of the all the issues on our basic four-part agenda: arms control, regional issues, human rights, and bilateral questions. Each made clear where he stands, and both discussed areas of mistrust and suspicion. The joint statement issued at the end of the meeting recognized frankly that our systems and policies are vastly different. The competitive nature of our relationship will continue. Nevertheless, the two leaders agreed that they share an overriding responsibility: to ensure that our competition remains peaceful

Dr. Marianne Bouvier
National Vice-President,
German American National Congress,
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

and to work together to try to strengthen peace.

On human rights, the President stressed to Mr. Gorbachev that respect for the individual and the rule of the law is fundamental to peace. We have welcomed recent Soviet steps to settle a number of longstanding cases involving divided families. Clearly, however, there is a long way to go. I can assure you that human rights will remain a central factor in U.S.-Soviet relations.

I am sure you are familiar with the U.S. position on the issue of German reunification: we favor the peaceful reunification of Germany in the context of an eventual European settlement based on democratic principles. In this connection, I thought you might be interested in the President's May 3, 1985 speech to the Bonn Economic Summit.

With regards to the Strategic Defense Initiative, the President, as you know, agrees with your belief that research into new defensive technologies should be pursued. The President shares your high hopes that the SDI research program will provide a basis for rendering offensive nuclear arms obsolete. The President also made clear that it is in the interests of both sides to reach equitable and verifiable agreements that achieve radical reductions in offensive nuclear arms.

Perhaps the most important result of the two day meeting in Geneva was that it allowed both leaders to discuss their differences in a candid and private setting. The talks also provided, as the President said at the conclusion of the meeting, an opportunity to explore common concerns in all four areas of our relationship. Where there are differences, we believe they are now better understood. Where shared concerns exist, there is now a more solid foundation for dealing with them. In the end, both leaders agreed that real confidence must be built on deeds, not just words. The Geneva meeting was a very worthwhile beginning to what we hope will be a productive process of resolving problems through concrete action.

Thank you again for expressing your concerns about the Geneva summit and about human rights.

UNCLASSIFIED

0769 19

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT
TRANSMITTAL FORM

S/S # 8532263

Date: JAN 27 1986

FOR: VADM JOHN M. POINDEXTER
National Security Council
The White House

Reference:

To: President Reagan From: Dr. Marianne Bouvier
Date: 10/18/85 Subject: support for SDI, tax
reform and upcoming summit

WH Referral Dated: 10/31/85 NSC ID# 342459
(if any)

_____ The attached item was sent directly to the
Department of State

Action Taken:

- A draft reply is attached.
- _____ A draft reply will be forwarded.
- _____ A translation is attached.
- _____ An information copy of a direct reply is attached.
- _____ We believe no response is necessary for the reason
cited below.
- _____ The Department of State has no objection to the
proposed travel.
- _____ Other.

Remarks:

UNCLASSIFIED

Nicholas Platt
for Nicholas Platt
Executive Secretary

(Classification)

Week Ending Friday, May 10, 1985

Bonn Economic Summit

Political Declaration on the 40th Anniversary of the End of the Second World War. May 3, 1985

The Heads of State or Government of Canada, the French Republic, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Republic of Italy, Japan, the United Kingdom and the United States, with the President of the Commission of the European Community, meeting together in Bonn on the eve of the fortieth anniversary of the end of the Second World War, remember in grief all those who lost their lives in that time, whether by acts of war or as victims of inhumanity, repression and tyranny. We acknowledge the duty we owe to their memories, and to all those who follow after them, to uphold peace, freedom and justice in our countries and in the world.

We have learned the lessons of history. The end of the war marked a new beginning. As the sounds of battle ceased, we tackled the tasks of moral and spiritual renewal and physical reconstruction. Transcending the hostilities which had once divided us we initiated on the basis of common values a process for reconciliation and cooperation amongst us. Today, linked in a peaceful, secure and lasting friendship, we share in all our countries a commitment to freedom, democratic principles and human rights. We are proud that the Governments of our countries owe their legitimacy to the will of our people, expressed in free elections. We are proud that our people are free to say and write what they will, to practise the religions they profess, and to travel where they will. We are committed to assuring the maintenance of societies in which individual initiative and enterprise may flourish and the ideals of social justice, obligations and rights may be pursued.

We recognise that we can secure those aims, and meet both the opportunities and

the challenges presented by technological and industrial change, more effectively in partnership than on our own. In Europe, the Community, the embodiment of reconciliation and common purpose, is growing in membership, strength and prosperity. The nations of the dynamic Pacific region are drawing ever closer together. The partnership of North America, Europe and Japan is a guarantee of peace and stability in the world.

Other nations that shared with ours in the agonies of the Second World War are divided from us by fundamental differences of political systems. We deplore the division of Europe. In our commitment to the ideals of peace, freedom and democracy we seek by peaceful means to lower the barriers that have arisen within Europe. We believe that the CSCE process with its promise of enhancing human rights provides an opportunity to increase confidence, cooperation and security in Europe. Considering the climate of peace and friendship we have reached amongst ourselves 40 years after the end of the war, we look forward to a state of peace in Europe in which the German people will regain its unity through free self-determination and in Asia we earnestly hope that a political environment will be created which permits the parties to overcome the division of the Korean peninsula in freedom.

As recognized in the Charter of the United Nations all countries have a joint responsibility to maintain international peace and security and to this end refrain from the threat and the use of force. We for our part share a determination to preserve the peace while protecting our democratic freedoms. To that end, each of us will work to maintain and strengthen a stable military balance at the lowest possible levels of forces, neither seeking superiority for ourselves nor neglecting our defenses. We are prepared to pursue a high-level dialogue to deal with the profound differences dividing East and West. We strongly support endea-

veurs to strengthen the peace and enhance deterrence through the negotiation of meaningful reductions in existing levels of nuclear arms, limitations on conventional arms, the banning of chemical weapons and lessening the risks of conflict. We welcome the opening of negotiations in Geneva. We appreciate the positive proposals of the United States of America. We urge the Soviet Union to act positively and constructively in order to achieve significant agreements there.

We shall continue to seek to work with the developing countries, so as to help them to fight hunger and disease, to build free and prosperous societies, and to take their part in the community of nations committed to peace and freedom. We respect genuine nonalignment as an important contribution to international security and peace.

So, as we look back to the terrible suffering of the Second World War and the common experience of 40 years of peace and freedom, we dedicate ourselves and our countries anew to the creation of a world in which all peoples enjoy the blessings of peace, of justice, and of freedom from oppression, want and fear; a world in which individuals are able to fulfill their responsibilities for themselves, to their families and to their communities; a world in which all nations, large and small, combine to work together for a better future for all mankind.

Bonn Economic Summit

Bonn Economic Declaration Towards Sustained Growth and Higher Employment. May 4, 1985

1. Conscious of the responsibility which we bear, together with other Governments, for the future of the world economy and the preservation of natural resources, we, the Heads of State or Government of seven major industrial nations and the President of the Commission of the European Communities, meeting in Bonn from 2 to 4 May 1985, have discussed the economic outlook, problems, and prospects for our countries and the world.

2. World economic conditions are better than they have been for a considerable time. Since we last met, further progress has been achieved in bringing down inflation and strengthening the basis for growth. The recovery in the industrial countries has begun to spread to the developing world. The debt problems of developing countries, though far from solved, are being flexibly and effectively addressed.

3. Nevertheless, our countries still face important challenges. Above all, we need:

- to strengthen the ability of our economies to respond to new developments;
- to increase job opportunities;
- to reduce social inequalities;
- to correct persistent economic imbalances;
- to halt protectionism; and
- to improve the stability of the world monetary system.

4. Our discussions of these challenges have led us to the following conclusions:

(a) The best contribution we can make to a lasting new prosperity in which all nations can share is unremittingly to pursue, individually in our own countries and co-operatively together, policies conducive to sustained growth and higher employment.

(b) The prosperity of developed and developing countries has become increasingly linked. We will continue to work with the developing countries in a spirit of true partnership.

(c) Open multilateral trade is essential to global prosperity and we urge an early and substantial reduction of barriers to trade.

(d) We seek also to make the functioning of the world monetary system more stable and more effective.

(e) Economic progress and the preservation of the natural environment are necessary and mutually supportive goals. Effective environmental protection is a central element in our national and international policies.

I. Growth and Employment

5. In order to sustain non-inflationary growth and higher employment, we have agreed that:

- We will consolidate and enhance the progress made in bringing down inflation.

22

8532263

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE
REFERRAL

OCTOBER 31, 1985

TO: DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ACTION REQUESTED:
DRAFT REPLY FOR SIGNATURE OF:
WHITE HOUSE STAFF MEMBER

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 342459
MEDIA: LETTER, DATED OCTOBER 18, 1985
TO: PRESIDENT REAGAN
FROM: DR. MARIANNE BOUVIER
NATIONAL VICE PRESIDENT
GERMAN AMERICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS
SUITE 102
9380 MCKNIGHT ROAD
PITTSBURGH PA 15237

SUBJECT: EXPRESSES SUPPORT FOR ALL THREE ITEMS ON
AGENDA: SDI, TAX REFORM AND THE UPCOMING
AMERICAN-SOVIET SUMMIT

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Handwritten notes:
- 10/15 10/20/85
- 10/15 10/20/85
- MK

5092600399

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: OCTOBER 24, 1985

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: DR. MARIANNE PCUVIER

SUBJECT: EXPRESSES SUPPORT FOR ALL THREE ITEMS ON
AGENDA: SDI, TAX REFORM AND THE UPCOMING
AMERICAN-SOVIET SUMMIT

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
		ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C D
LINAS KOJELIS		ORG	85/10/24		/ /
0199005	REFERRAL NOTE:		YFD 85/10/24		/ /
00	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /
04	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /
00	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /
00	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /

COMMENTS: _____

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA: L INDIVIDUAL CODES: _____

FL MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

- *ACTION CODES:
- *DISPOSITION
- *OUTGOING
- *CORRESPONDENCE:
- *A-APPROPRIATE ACTION
- *A-ANSWERED
- *TYPE RESP=INITIALS
- *C-COMMENT/RECOM
- *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL
- *OF SIGNER
- *D-DRAFT RESPONSE
- *C-COMPLETED
- *CODE = A
- *F-FURNISH FACT SHEET
- *S-SUSPENDED
- *COMPLETED = DATE OF
- *I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC
- *R-DIRECT RPLY W/COPY
- *OUTGOING
- *S-FOR-SIGNATURE
- *X-INTERIM REPLY

PLEASE REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OCP) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RFOCPDS
MANAGEMENT.

5

24

German American National Congress



Deutsch-Amerikanischer National-Kongress

3280 McKnight Road
Suite 102
Pittsburgh, PA 15227
(412) 384-8664

8532263

Ray Schmidt
President
Walter Stambard
Vice President
Margaret G. Lenz
Secretary/Treasurer
Gretchen
Barbara Swartz, M.A.
Helen Gault
John Neuber
Michael May
Adrian J. R. Rotteder
Thos Rotteder
Peter Stamer
Ruth Swartzman

October 18, 1985

The President of the United States
Ronald Reagan
White house
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President,

Due to the time limit during the Presidential briefing on October 17, 1985 (in the Old Executive Building, Room 450) the representatives of D.A.N.K. did not have any opportunity to express our support for all 3 items on your agenda: SDI, tax reform and the upcoming American-Soviet Summit.

Therefore, I am enclosing a copy of our prepared written statement. As pointed out by Dr. John Lenczowski, your 4-pronged agenda for the summit meeting will include Eastern Europe and will present human rights and peace as one issue (not 2 separate issues). We feel that for you, this matter is not one of mere rhetoric but a matter of idealogic principle and strong conviction. Since for German-Americans the enslaved eastern parts of Germany are of special concern, we would like to know which possibilities you see for the United States at the Summit meeting to start undoing the brutal division of Germany.

We are looking forward to hearing your plans regarding this special problem.

Sincerely,

Marianne Bouvier, M.D.
National Vice President

MB:al

85082600401

German American National Congress



Deutscher-Amerikanischer National-Kongress

25

8380 McKnight Road
Suite 102
Pittsburgh, PA 15237
(412) 384-8864

Ray Schmidt
President
Wolfgang Reinhold
Vice President
Margot U. Lenz
Secretary/Treasurer

Division
Bernard Seaman, M.D.
Rene Gault
John Necker
Michael May
Adelard J. R. Reinhold
Thos Reinhold
Peter Steiner
Ruth Treatment

85082600402

It goes without saying that all civilized people are supportive of the summit meeting in November between President Reagan and General Secretary Gorbachov and hope for concrete results. After that general statement on which most can agree, we on behalf of the German American National Congress (DANK) wish to make some specific comments.

First of all, it is the feeling of our membership that the Strategic Defense Initiative (SDI) go forward. Since this is a long-range project, research and development will take a number of years, and should be pursued with all deliberate speed. Any system that can neutralize nuclear warheads should be welcomed by all mankind as a big step forward and not as a contribution to the "arms race". Thus, we believe SDI should not be a negotiable item at the summit.

However, we would support any rational reduction in nuclear weapons and systems, commensurate with the national security of the United States and its allies. Since we are not experts in this highly complex area nor privy to the information at the disposal of the President, we do not presume to talk in terms of specifics.

There is a strong feeling in our organization's membership that arms control be linked with the human rights issues. In particular the reunification of Germany and the well-being and freedom of other Germans in the Eastern Bloc countries. This issue seems to have been submerged in the national press and requires your statements to bring it to the light of day once again. Of course, this issue also affects millions of others of various nationalities throughout the Iron Curtain countries. Of course, this feeling springs from the strong tradition of freedom inherent in our people. In general we favor the adoption of a firm position at the bargaining table in contradistinction to that apparently adopted by some of our negotiators in prior discussion with the communists. We should deal with the Soviets realistically and with our eyes wide open. We should not be fooled by "cosmetic" changes in Soviet leadership, always remembering that their tactics change but their strategy remains as it was with Communism's founders.

26

German American National Congress



Deutsch-Amerikanischer National-Kongress

9380 McKnight Road
Suite 102
Pittsburgh, PA 15237
(412) 284-8654

- Ray Schmitt
President
- Wolfgang Winkler
Vice President
- Harvey S. Leach
Secretary/Treasurer
- Member:
- Marianne Bouvier, M.D.
- John Gault
- John Hecker
- Richard May
- Adrian J. R. Rotteder
- Thos. Schneider
- Peter Sommer
- Ruth Tschann

85082600407

The German American National Congress (DANK) composed of Americans of German heritage, is a national organization with chapters across the United States. It is non-partisan and dedicated to the maintenance and continued improvement of good relations between the United States and its people and German peoples all over the globe. The German-Americans, according to the last national census, comprise approximately 30% of the United States population or about 69 million citizens.

Marianne Bouvier, M.D.
Vice president

JM-C
27

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

February 13, 1986

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN M. POINDEXTER

FROM: JACK F. MATLOCK *JFM*

SUBJECT: Reactivation of the U.S.-USSR Joint Medical Agreement

I have reviewed the State Memorandum at TAB II and endorse the proposal to reactivate the two U.S.-USSR agreements in the health area -- the Medical Science and Public Health Agreement and the Artificial Heart Research and Development Agreement.

use Raymond, *se* Sestanovich and *JM* Mandel concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve transmittal of the Memorandum at TAB I.

Approve _____ Disapprove _____

Attachments:

- TAB I McDaniel-Platt Memorandum
- TAB II Platt-Poindexter Memorandum of January 23, 1986

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Declassify on: OADR

DECLASSIFIED
NLRR F06-114/4 #8091
BY RW NARA DATE 3/20/13

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

0626

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOLAS PLATT
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Reactivation of U.S.-USSR Joint Medical/Health
Agreement (C)

We have reviewed your Memorandum to Admiral Poindexter of January 23, 1986, and endorse the proposal to reactivate the two U.S.-USSR agreements in the health area-- the Medical Science and Public Health Agreement and the Artificial Heart Research and Development Agreement. (C)

Rodney B. McDaniel
Executive Secretary

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED
NLRR F06-114/H #8092
BY RW NARA DATE 3/9/11



January 23, 1986

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM FOR VADM JOHN M. POINDEXTER
THE WHITE HOUSE

SUBJECT: Reactivation of the U.S.-USSR Joint Medical Agreement

In the attached memorandum of May 5, 1984 the NSC approved a proposal to reactivate the two US-USSR agreements in the health area -- the Medical Science and Public Health Agreement and the Artificial Heart Research and Development Agreement. The memorandum cautioned against initiating a joint committee meeting of the two sides and other expansion of activities under the agreements while Yelena Bonner was being denied permission to obtain medical treatment abroad. Now that the Soviets have permitted Ms. Bonner to leave the Soviet Union for medical treatment, we believe it is appropriate to reevaluate that policy with a view to considering first steps toward the reinvigoration of the medical agreements.

You will recall that in his June 27 speech to the Smithsonian Institute, the President specifically cited the medical agreement in calling for expansion of activities under bilateral cooperative agreements. More recently, the joint communique at Geneva, in the context of the President's Exchanges Initiatives, called for resumption of US-Soviet cooperation in a number of scientific, educational, medical and sports fields, with special emphasis on cooperation to combat cancer.

The State Department recommends that we now take the next step towards expanding bilateral cooperation under the health agreements in response to the Soviet decision on Ms. Bonner. However, even though Ms. Bonner has been permitted to depart the Soviet Union, we should react cautiously. We still have grave concerns about the plight of her husband, Andrei Sakharov, and about Ms. Bonner's ability to rejoin him in the USSR at the conclusion of her treatment. Additionally, it is possible that we or the public may learn additional information about Sakharov's condition during her stay in the West which would make it inadvisable to proceed with medical science cooperation.

The Department recommends that HHS be authorized to begin a three-step process to expand health science cooperation with the Soviets as originally proposed by Secretary Heckler in her

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
DECL:OADR

DECLASSIFIED
NLRR FD6-114/4 #8095
BY RW NARA DATE 3/9/4

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- 2 -

April 24, 1984 letter to the Secretary (also attached). The Department recommends that Dr. James Wyngaarden, Director of the National Institute of Health be authorized to accept a recent Soviet invitation to travel to the USSR. Dr. Wyngaarden could visit various biomedical research institutes to help identify topics of collaborative research, including the joint cancer research announced at Geneva. Dr. Wyngaarden will find an appropriate opportunity to inform his Soviet interlocutor that we welcome the Soviet decision to allow Ms. Bonner to leave the USSR for medical treatment. Dr. Wyngaarden will stress that further positive steps in the treatment of Andrei Sakharov and other dissident scientists would have a beneficial impact on U.S.-Soviet cooperation. We will provide suitable talking points closer to Dr. Wyngaarden's departure.

Subsequently, Dr. C. Everett Koop, Surgeon General and also the Director of HHS Office of International Health, could arrange a follow-up trip to the Soviet Union to meet with his counterparts to discuss health cooperation generally and to prepare an agenda for a Joint Health Committee Meeting.

Finally, if planning proceeds satisfactorily and if there are no further complications, the U.S. would host a Joint Health Committee meeting sometime in late 1986.

Bonckimley
 for Nicholas Platt
 Executive Secretary

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
 DECL:OADR

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

VIA LDX

May 5, 1984

ACTION: EUR

Dist To:

S

D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

P

S/S

S/S-S MEMORANDUM FOR MR. CHARLES HILL

TMC

SL Executive Secretary

RF (SHM) Department of State

SUBJECT: Reactivation of the U.S.-USSR Cooperative Agreements in Health (C)

In reference to your memorandum of April 30, 1984, to Mr. McFarlane, the proposal to reactivate the U.S.-USSR agreements in the health area is approved. We note, however, that it will not be desirable to hold a joint committee meeting and begin expanding cooperative activity under these agreements while Mrs. Yelena Bonner is being denied permission to obtain medical treatment abroad. (C)

Secretary Heckler can be authorized to convey our decision in principle to her Soviet counterpart when they meet in Geneva during the World Health Assembly. If she does so, however, she should also seek a brief private meeting with the Soviet Minister of Health to point out our concern over Mrs. Bonner's inability to leave the Soviet Union for medical treatment abroad. She should indicate that we expect Mrs. Bonner's request to be acted on favorably, and that resolution of this problem will affect our willingness to expand cooperation in the medical area. (C)

If Mrs. Bonner is allowed to leave the Soviet Union for medical treatment, a date for a joint committee meeting to plan activities under the agreements in question can be set. If she should not be allowed to leave the USSR, however, the Department should refer the question to us again, with its recommendation, before proceeding. (C)

Robert M. Kimmitt
Robert M. Kimmitt
Executive Secretary

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

DECLASSIFIED

NLRR Folio 114/4 #8093

BY RW NARA DATE 3/9/11

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



APR 24 1984

The Honorable George Shultz
Secretary of State
Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Mr. Secretary:

After the President's speech of January 16th, in which he indicated a desire to improve relations with the Soviet Union, I asked the Public Health Service to review our program of cooperation in health with the Soviet Union to see where our relations stand at present and to see if any new initiatives were possible. As a result, I believe that there are several steps we could take to promote our cooperation and for which we are asking clearance:

1. U.S.-U.S.S.R. Joint Committee for Health Cooperation.

It has now been more than five years since the last formal meeting of the Joint Health Committee, and there have been no high-level contacts between senior health officials during this time. Cooperation has successfully continued at the scientist level, especially in the areas of cardiovascular research and cancer. We are finding, however, that fewer good U.S. scientists are willing to go to the Soviet Union, and without high level contacts it is difficult to identify new opportunities for cooperation where we would clearly benefit from the exchange. We would propose to schedule a meeting of the Committee, in the United States, in late 1984 or early 1985. The focus of such a meeting should be a review of the past program of activities and a discussion of how best to gradually strengthen the program, given our budgetary limitations and mutual scientific interests. We would seek to avoid a large meeting that might raise false expectations.

2. A visit to the Soviet Union this summer by the Surgeon General, Dr. C. Everett Koop.

Dr. Koop, who is also the Director of our Office of International Health, would be a U.S. Deputy Co-chairman in the event of a Joint Health Committee Meeting. The purpose of this visit would be to meet with his counterparts to discuss health cooperation generally and to prepare an agenda for a Joint Health Committee meeting. This trip could probably be scheduled for this summer.

APR 24 REC'D

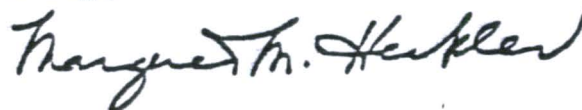
3. Rescheduled visit to the Soviet Union by Dr. James Wyngaarden, Director of the National Institutes of Health.

This trip had been scheduled for last October, but was postponed because of the shooting down of the KAL airliner. Dr. Wyngaarden would visit various biomedical research institutes to help identify topics of collaborative research to be pursued under our current Agreements. He could also explore the possibility of an agreement between the National Institutes of Health and the Soviet Academy of Sciences. Dr. Wyngaarden's trip would probably be rescheduled for October, 1984.

I plan to head the U.S. Delegation to the World Health Assembly, which will be held in Geneva in early May. If the necessary approvals are granted by that time, I would plan to discuss these proposals informally with my Soviet counterpart.

I would appreciate your reactions to these proposals and would welcome the opportunity for further discussion.

Sincerely,



Margaret M. Heckler
Secretary



APR 24 1984

The Honorable George Shultz
Secretary of State
Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Mr. Secretary:

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APR 24 REC'D

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I plan to head the U.S. Delegation to the World Health Assembly, which will be held in Geneva in early May. If the necessary approvals are granted by that time, I would plan to discuss these proposals informally with my Soviet counterpart.

I would appreciate your reactions to these proposals and would welcome the opportunity for further discussion.

Sincerely,

Margaret M. Heckler
Secretary

JM-C
3pNATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

February 14, 1986

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR RODNEY B. MCDANIEL

FROM: JACK F. MATLOCK *JM*SUBJECT: Request to Participate in Conference on U.S.
Public Diplomacy in London, March 3 - 4,
and March 5, 1986 Roundtable at Royal Institute
for International Affairs

I have been invited to chair a Public Diplomacy Planning Conference in London on March 3-4 for the NATO country PAOs. USIA/EU with the support of NSC is sponsoring this conference which will address how to convey more effectively to our European allies and their respective publics, the President's agenda for U.S./Soviet relations, particularly looking forward to the President's next meeting with General Secretary Gorbachev. I have also been invited to chair a roundtable discussion at the Royal Institute for International Affairs in London on March 5, 1986.

Transportation and per diem expenses will be covered by USIA.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve my participation in both events.

Approve _____ Disapprove _____

cc: Administrative Office

NSC STAFF TRAVEL AUTHORIZATION

DATE: February 14, 1986

1. TRAVELER'S NAME: JACK F. MATLOCK

2. PURPOSE(S), EVENT(S), DATE(S): PUBLIC DIPLOMACY CONFERENCE March 3 - 4

3. ITINERARY (Please Attach Copy of Proposed Itinerary):
WASHINGTON/LONDON/WASHINGTON

DEPARTURE DATE o/a March 1
TIME _____

RETURN DATE o/a March 7
TIME _____

4. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION:

GOV AIR _____ COMMERCIAL AIR XX POV _____ RAIL _____ OTHER _____

5. ESTIMATED EXPENSES:

TRANSPORTATION _____ PER DIEM _____ OTHER _____ TOTAL TRIP COST _____

6. WHO PAYS EXPENSES: NSC _____ OTHER _____

7. IF NOT NSC, DESCRIBE SOURCE AND ARRANGEMENTS: USTA
WILL COVER TRANSPORTATION & PER DIEM EXPENSES

8. WILL FAMILY MEMBER ACCOMPANY YOU: YES _____ NO XX

9. IF SO, WHO PAYS FOR FAMILY MEMBER (If Travel Not Paid by Traveler, Describe Source and Arrangements): _____

10. TRAVEL ADVANCE REQUESTED: \$ 0

11. REMARKS (Use This Space to Indicate Any Additional Items You Would Like to Appear on Your Travel Orders): _____

12. TRAVELER'S SIGNATURE: _____

13. APPROVALS:

0768 *John*
38

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

February 14, 1985

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR RODNEY B. MCDANIEL

FROM: JACK F. MATLOCK *JFM*

SUBJECT: Proposed Letter to Armand Hammer

I have reviewed and concur in the proposed draft letter to Armand Hammer in response to his letter to the President of January 3, 1986, regarding the President's exchange with Secretary General Gorbachev and Hammer's efforts to arrange a cultural exchange, involving the Impressionists from the Hermitage, the National Gallery and his own Old Masters collection. This response will also cover the letter from Hammer of November 25, 1985, regarding the Geneva Summit Package 9508. Attached at TAB I is a memorandum to Sally Kelley for your signature.

A *JFM*
Seszanovich and Mandel concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the Memorandum at TAB I.

Approve _____ Disapprove _____

Attachments:

TAB I Memorandum to Sally Kelley

TAB A Draft Letter

TAB II Incoming Letter

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

MEMORANDUM FOR SALLY KELLEY

FROM: RODNEY B. MCDANIEL

SUBJECT: Proposed Letter to Armand Hammer

We have reviewed and concur in the proposed draft letter to Armand Hammer in response to his letter to the President of January 3, 1986, regarding the President's exchange with Secretary General Gorbachev and Hammer's efforts to arrange a cultural exchange, involving the Impressionists from the Hermitage, the National Gallery and his own Old Masters collection.

Attachment:

TAB A Proposed Draft Letter to Armand Hammer

UNCLASSIFIED

(Classification)

0768

40

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT
TRANSMITTAL FORM

S/S 8600362

Date January 28, 1986

For: VADM John M. Poindexter
National Security Council
The White House

Reference:

To: President Reagan From: The Honorable Armand Hammer

Date: January 3, 1986 Subject: Writes in support of response to exchange w/General Secretary Gorbachev.

Referral Dated: January 8, 1986 ID# 365197
(if any)

 The attached item was sent directly to the Department of State

Action Taken:

- X A draft reply is attached.
- A draft reply will be forwarded.
- A translation is attached.
- An information copy of a direct reply is attached.
- We believe no response is necessary for the reason cited below.
- The Department of State has no objection to the proposed travel.
- Other.

Remarks:

E. T. Smith
for Nicholas Platt
Executive Secretary

UNCLASSIFIED

(Classification)

Dear Armand:

Thank you for your warm words about the Geneva summit, and your update on your efforts to arrange the Impressionist exhibit. I know that a lot of Washingtonians are looking forward to the show's opening.

Exchanges like this clearly offer a good basis for our bilateral relationship. Keep up the good work!

Sincerely,

8600362

42

T H E W H I T E H O U S E O F F I C E

REFERRAL

JANUARY 8, 1986

TO: DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ACTION REQUESTED:

DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 365197

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED JANUARY 3, 1986

TO: PRESIDENT REAGAN

FROM: THE HONORABLE ARMAND HAMMER
CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE
OFFICER
OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION
SUITE 1600
10889 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD
LOS ANGELES CA 90024

SUBJECT: WRITES IN SUPPORT OF RESPONSE TO EXCHANGE
WITH SOVIET GENERAL SECRETARY GORBACHEV

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

*Received in 5/5-1
1/7/86 - 5:30 p.m. ngs*

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: JANUARY 03, 1986

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: THE HONORABLE ARMAND HAMMER

SUBJECT: WRITES IN SUPPORT OF RESPONSE TO EXCHANGE
WITH SOVIET GENERAL SECRETARY GORBACHEV

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY (STAFF NAME)	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
	ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
JOHN POINDEXTER	ORG	86/01/03		
REFERRAL NOTE: _____				
REFERRAL NOTE: _____	R	86/01/08		
REFERRAL NOTE: _____				
REFERRAL NOTE: _____				
REFERRAL NOTE: _____				
REFERRAL NOTE: _____				

C 86/01/08 CJ

COMMENTS:

[Handwritten signature]

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: _____

MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

- *****
- | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| *ACTION CODES: | *DISPOSITION | *OUTGOING | * |
| * | * | *CORRESPONDENCE: | * |
| *A-APPROPRIATE ACTION | *A-ANSWERED | *TYPE RESP=INITIALS | * |
| *C-COMMENT/RECOM | *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL | * OF SIGNER | * |
| *D-DRAFT RESPONSE | *C-COMPLETED | * CODE = A | * |
| *F-FURNISH FACT SHEET | *S-SUSPENDED | *COMPLETED = DATE OF | * |
| *I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC* | | * OUTGOING | * |
| *R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY * | | | * |
| *S-FOR-SIGNATURE * | | | * |
| *X-INTERIM REPLY * | | | * |
- *****

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ARMAND HAMMER
CHAIRMAN AND
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

January 3, 1985

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I am so very pleased to read in the press that the response to your exchange with General Secretary Gorbachev was so well accepted in the Soviet Union. I feel this was a very historic moment in the history of our relations and was particularly pleased that both of you cited the fact that getting to know one another helped to begin to remove the bonds of mistrust which have so long hampered relations.

I believe that 1986 can be a watershed year for our relations. I am hard at work completing the arrangements for the major cultural exchange involving the Impressionists from the Hermitage, our own National Gallery, and my own Old Masters collection. The Russian paintings will open in Washington May 1, with openings in the Soviet Union beginning February 1.

I hope that this gesture will further assist in setting the stage for your next Summit and offer, as always, my utmost efforts to be of whatever assistance you may think desirable.

My warmest best wishes to Nancy and you for the New Year.

Respectfully,



AH:ec

JW-C
45NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

February 18, 1986

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR RODNEY B. MCDANIEL

FROM: JACK F. MATLOCK *JFM*SUBJECT: Draft Reply to Mr. Juhan Simonson, President,
Estonian American National Council

I have reviewed and concur in the proposed draft letter to Mr. Juhan Simonson, President, Estonian American National Council (TAB A) concerning the continuing occupation of Estonia by the Soviet Union. Attached at TAB I is a memorandum to Sally Kelley for your signature.

re Sestanovich, *JFK* Mandel and *77* Dobriansky concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum at TAB I.

Approve _____

Disapprove _____

Attachments:

TAB I Memorandum to Sally Kelley

TAB A Proposed Draft Letter

TAB B Incoming Correspondence

MEMORANDUM FOR SALLY KELLEY

FROM: RODNEY B. MCDANIEL

SUBJECT: Proposed Draft Letter to Juhan Simonson, President
Estonian American National Council

We have reviewed and concur in the proposed draft letter (TAB A) to Mr. Juhan Simonson, President, Estonian American National Council concerning the continuing occupation of Estonia by the Soviet Union.

Attachments:

TAB A Proposed Draft Letter
TAB B Incoming Correspondence

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT
TRANSMITTAL FORM

S/S 8603773

Date February 10, 1986

For: VADM John M. Poindexter
National Security Council
The White House

Reference:

To: President Ronald Reagan From: Mr. Juhan Simonson

Date: January 25, 1986 Subject: Urges U.S. Govt
Continue Policy of Non-Recognition of Illegal Soviet Occupation
of Estonia, Lithuania and Latvia and Prevent Deportation of Baltic
Nationals

Referral Dated: February 5, 1986 ID# 374395
(if any)

_____ The attached item was sent directly to the
Department of State

Action Taken:

- X A draft reply is attached.
- A draft reply will be forwarded.
- A translation is attached.
- An information copy of a direct reply is attached.
- We believe no response is necessary for the reason
cited below.
- The Department of State has no objection to the
proposed travel.
- Other.

Remarks


Nicholas Platt
Executive Secretary

Juhan Simonson, President
Estonian American National Council
243 East 34th Street
P.O. Box 266
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Simonson:

I am replying to your letter of January 25 addressed to President Reagan, regarding the results of the annual meeting of the Estonian American National Council.

The President shares your concern about the continuing occupation of Estonia by the Soviet Union. He remains firmly committed to our policy of refusing to recognize Soviet forcible annexation of Estonia and the other Baltic states and has reaffirmed that commitment at every appropriate opportunity. At the center of this administration's foreign policy is the firm belief that every nation has the right to determine its own destiny. The tragic fate of Estonia, particularly now as the anniversary of Estonian independence approaches, provides us with a vivid reminder that we must strive ceaselessly to secure this right for all nations.

The question of deportation of Baltic nationals is a legal issue, rather than one of foreign policy. I assume the concerns of your Council refer to the deportation investigations and pending cases now before the courts. We have full confidence that the Department of Justice will pursue these cases properly in accordance with the law and that our legal system will arrive at a just conclusion in each case.

Thank you for your warm greetings to the President and kind expressions of support for his policies.

8603773

49

T H E W H I T E H O U S E O F F I C E

REFERRAL

FEBRUARY 5, 1986

TO: DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ACTION REQUESTED:

DRAFT REPLY FOR SIGNATURE OF:
WHITE HOUSE STAFF MEMBER

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 374395

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED JANUARY 25, 1986

TO: PRESIDENT REAGAN

FROM: MR. JUHAN SIMONSON
PRESIDENT
ESTONIAN AMERICAN NATIONAL COUNCIL
ESTONIAN HOUSE
POST OFFICE BOX 266
NEW YORK NY 10016

SUBJECT: URGES U.S. GOVERNMENT CONTINUE POLICY OF NON-
RECOGNITION OF ILLEGAL SOVIET OCCUPATION OF
ESTONIA, LITHUANIA AND LATVIA AND PREVENT
DEPORTATION OF BALTIC NATIONALS

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

50

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: JANUARY 29, 1986

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: MR. JUHAN SIMONSON

SUBJECT: URGES U.S. GOVERNMENT CONTINUE POLICY OF NON-
RECOGNITION OF ILLEGAL SOVIET OCCUPATION OF
ESTONIA, LITHUANIA AND LATVIA AND PREVENT
DEPORTATION OF BALTIC NATIONALS

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
		ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C D
LINAS KOJELIS		ORG	86/01/29		/ /
<i>199 DCS</i>	REFERRAL NOTE:		<i>D 80102/85</i>		/ /
	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /
	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /
	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /
	REFERRAL NOTE:				/ /

COMMENTS: _____

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: _____

PL MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

- ```

*ACTION CODES: *DISPOSITION *OUTGOING *
* * *CORRESPONDENCE: *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION *A-ANSWERED *TYPE RFS=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL * OF SIGNER *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE *C-COMPLETED * CODE = A *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET *S-SUSPENDED *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
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*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY * * *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE * * *
*X-INTERIM REPLY * * *

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8603773

74395

51-



# ESTONIAN AMERICAN NATIONAL COUNCIL

ESTONIAN HOUSE · 243 EAST 34TH STREET  
 P.O. Box 266 · NEW YORK, N.Y. 10016  
 TEL. (212) 685-0776

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*Acting Secretary General*  
 Jaan Tiivel

January 25, 1986

Honorable Ronald W. Reagan  
 The White House  
 Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

The Estonian American National Council, the central organization representing Americans of Estonian heritage and their families throughout the United States, held its Annual Council Meeting today in New York City.

By acclamation, the Council conveys to you our warmest greetings and heartfelt wishes that your Administration's goals are achieved to the highest degree possible for the benefit of mankind.

We continue to strongly support your resolute stand in defense of freedom and human rights throughout the world. We deplore the employment of terrorism by any country, organization or individual for any purpose and stand firmly behind you in each and every action you take against terrorism at home and abroad.

We remain concerned with the fate of the Republic of Estonia, the land of our heritage, which was illegally occupied and annexed by the Soviet Union in 1940. The national and human rights of the Estonian people continue to be grossly violated and we hope you will remind people of this fact at every opportunity.

We urge you to reinforce the U.S. Government's policy of non-recognition of the illegal Soviet occupation of Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania in dealing with all governments, and particularly the Soviet Government. We especially urgently request that you prevent the deportation of any Baltic nationals to the Soviet Union or any illegally occupied territories.

We stand with you in your efforts to solve the problems in our nation and in your search for peace and justice throughout the world.

Sincerely,

*Juhan Simonson*  
 Juhan Simonson  
 President