Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

Collection: European and Soviet Affairs Directorate, NSC: Records Folder Title: Canada 1984 [10/06/1984-10/31/1984] Box: RAC box 1

To see more digitized collections visit: https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit: https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection

Contact a reference archivist at: reagan.library@nara.gov

Citation Guidelines: https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing

National Archives Catalogue: https://catalog.archives.gov/

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name EUROPEAN AND SOVIET AFFAIRS DIRECTORATE, NSC: Withdrawer

RECORDS

File Folder

1/6/2005

CAS **FOIA** CANADA 1984 [OCTOBER 6-31, 1984]

F00-094

MUNTON

Box Number RAC BOX 1

15	D					14	-	
ID	Doc Type	Docume	nt Description		No of Pages	Doc Date	Rest	rictions
1712	CABLE	092105Z			4	10/9/1984	B1	В3
		D	7/6/2006					٠
1713	CABLE	060118Z		,	2	10/6/1984	В1	
		R	3/11/2008	F00-094				
1714	CABLE	100433Z			1	10/10/1984	B1	
		R	3/11/2008	F00-094				
1715	MEMCON	RR AND 11:45	PM MULRONE	YET AL 11:18-	4	9/25/1984	B1	
		R	7/6/2006					
1716	MEMCON	RR AND 1:03	PM MULRONE	Y ET AL 12:05-	3	9/25/1984	B1	
		R	7/6/2006					
1717	МЕМО		MEETING WIT	MCFARLANE RE H CANADIAN FM		10/17/1984	B1	
1718	MEMO		LANE TO RR RE		1	ND	B1	

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA] B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name EUROPEAN AND SOVIET AFFAIRS DIRECTORATE, NSC:

Withdrawer

RECORDS

CAS

1/6/2005

File Folder

CANADA 1984 [OCTOBER 6-31, 1984]

FOIA

F00-094

Box Number

RAC BOX 1

MUNTON

			14
ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Doc Date Restrictions Pages
1719	МЕМО	SHULTZ TO RR RE MEETING WITH CANADIAN FM CLARK R 3/11/2008 F00-094	2 10/17/1984 B 1
1720	MEMO	SAME TEXT AS DOC #1718	1 10/19/1984 B1
1721	МЕМО	SAME TEXT AS DOC #1717	1 10/17/1984 B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name Withdrawer

CAS 1/6/2005 **EUROPEAN AND SOVIET AFFAIRS DIRECTORATE, NSC:**

RECORDS

File Folder **FOIA**

F00-094 CANADA 1984 [OCTOBER 6-31, 1984]

MUNTON

Box Number

092105Z

RAC BOX 1

ID	Document Type Document Description	No of pages	Doc Date	Restric- tions
1712	CABLE	4	10/9/1984	B1
1712	0001057	•	10/7/1704	B3

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SECRETARIAT

CARAUT

PAGE Ø1 OF Ø2 EOB9Ø2

SECSTATE WASHDC 7646 ANØ1Ø323

DTG: Ø6Ø118Z OCT 84 PSN: Ø62476 TOR: 280/0314Z CSN: HCE347

DISTRIBUTION: STEI-Ø1 DOBR-Ø1 MALY-Ø1 SOMM-Ø1 SEST-Ø1 ROBN-Ø1

The Control of the Control of the State of the Control of the Cont

LENC-Ø1 LEHR-Ø1 MAT-Ø1 COBB-Ø1 /Ø1Ø A4

WHTS ASSIGNED DISTRIBUTION:

SIT: KIMM VP SIT EOB

FOR:

OP IMMED DE RUEHC #7646 2800120 O Ø6Ø118Z OCT 84 ZFF4 FM SECSTATE WASHDC

TO AMEMBASSY OTTAWA IMMEDIATE 4498

SERET STATE 297646

NODIS

E. O. 12356: DECL: OADR TAGS: US, UR, PREL

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL LETTER IN GROMYKO VISIT

SECRET - ENTIRE TEXT.

FOLLOWING FOR EMBASSY'S INFORMATION ONLY IS TEXT OF PRESIDENTIAL LETTER OF OCTOBER 3 TO PRIME MINISTER MULRONEY.

BEGIN TEXT OF LETTER TO PRIME MINISTER MULRONEY:

I GREATLY ENJOYED OUR AMICABLE AND PRODUCTIVE MEETINGS HERE LAST WEEK. YOUR SUPPORT FOR OUR APPROACH TO EAST-WEST RELATIONS AND YOUR COGENT RECOMMENDATIONS ON HOW WE MIGHT BEST BRING THE SOVIETS BACK TO THE NEGOTIATING FORA WERE DEEPLY APPRECIATED.

AS I PROMISED DURING OUR DISCUSSIONS, I WOULD LIKE TO PROVIDE YOU WITH A BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INTENSE DISCUSSIONS THAT SECRETARY SHULTZ AND I CONDUCTED WITH FOREIGN MINISTER GROMOKO LAST WEEK.

OUR ALMOST NINE HOURS OF DISCUSSION WITH MR. GROMYKO, FIRST

IN NEW YORK AND THEN IN WASHINGTON, WERE AN EXTREMELY USEFUL EXPERIENCE. AS I HAD HOPED BEFOREHAND, IT PROVIDED ME WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO SET FORTH PERSONALLY AND CANDIDLY MY INTEREST IN A MORE STABLE AND PRODUCTIVE EAST-WEST DIALOGUE TO MR. GROMYKO AND THROUGH HIM, TO THE REST OF THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP. I SENSED THAT IN TURN, MR. GROMYKO AS WELL CONSIDERED THE PAST WEEK AN IMPORTANT OCCASION FOR A DIRECT EXPOSITION TO ME OF THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP'S OWN CONCERNS ABOUT THE CURRENT STATE OF EAST-WEST RELATIONS.

FROM THE BEGINNING, OUR IMMEDIATE EXPECTATIONS FOR THESE MEETINGS HAD BEEN MODEST AND REALISTIC. I DID NOT EXPECT MR. GROMYKO TO COME TO THE U.S. PREPARED TO SIGNAL ANY EARLY SUBSTANTIVE CHANGE IN SOVIET POLICY NOR DID HE DO HE IS A TOUGH AND ACCOMPLISHED INTERLOCUTOR AND MUCH OF OUR CONVERSATION TOGETHER UNDERSCORED THE MAJOR DIFFERENCES BETWEEN US. AT THE SAME TIME, HOWEVER, IT WAS ALSO CLEAR THAT HE CAME PREPARED TO LISTEN CAREFULLY TO WHAT WE HAD TO SAY. HIS TONE WAS SERIOUS, THOUGHTFUL, AT TIMES, NOT UNCONSTRUCTIVE. HE HEARD OUT OUR IDEAS FOR APPROACHES BY WHICH U.S. -SOVIET RELATIONS MIGHT BE PUT ON A MORE POSITIVE BASIS, BUT WAS CAREFUL NEITHER TO BE SEEN AS

N 0

N

000

0

D

N 🔪 0

D

F00-0947

60

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SECRETARIAT

PAGE Ø2 OF Ø2 SECSTATE WASHDC 7646

DTG: Ø6Ø118Z OCT 84 PSN: Ø62476

AGREEING TO THEM NOR TO REJECT THEM OUT OF HAND.

MY DISCUSSIONS AND THOSE OF GEORGE SHULTZ WTH MR. GROMYKO COVERED THE FULL RANGE OF ARMS CONTROL, REGIONAL, BILATERAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES. THE SUBSTANCE OF MR. GROMYKO'S REMARKS ON BOTH OUR GENERAL RELATIONS AND ON SPECIFIC ISSUES SHOWED NOTHING TO SUGGEST ANY IMPENDING BREAKTHROUGH. IF ANYTHING, THEY SERVED TO CONFIRM THE WISDOM OF OUR PRESENT COURSE IN DEALING WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON A BASIS OF SOBER REALISM, FIRM RESOLVE, AND QUIET CONFIDENCE.

I AM PERSONALLY HOPEFUL THAT IN TIME, SOME OF THE IDEAS AND SUGGESTIONS FOR AN IMPROVEMENT IN OUR DIALOGUE THAT WE HAVE RAISED WITH MR. GROMYKO OVER THIS PAST WEEK WILL EVENTUALY BE REALIZED. IN THE MEANTIME, HOWEVER, I AM PREPARED TO BE PATIENT UNTIL THAT TIME WHEN THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP IS BOTH ABLE AND WILLING TO RESPOND POSITIVELY TO OUR READINESS TO NEGOTIATE SERIOUSLY.

I WILL KEEP YOU INFORMED OF OUR FURTHER THOUGHTS ON THIS MATTER, AND LOOK FORWARD TO YOUR WISE COUNSEL.

...

1

SINCERELY,

RON

END TEXT DAM BT

S

0

D

0

Ď

NOD

NOD I

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SECRETARIAT



PAGE Ø1 EOB673

SECSTATE WASHDC 9864

DTG: 100433Z OCT 84 PSN: 070856

ANØØØ565

TOR: 284/Ø616Z

CSN: HCE374

DISTRIBUTION: STEI-Ø1 RAY-Ø1 MALY-Ø1 NORT-Ø1 BURG-Ø1 SOMM-Ø1

TILL-01 MAT-01 COBB-01 /009 A1

WHTS ASSIGNED DISTRIBUTION:

SIT:

KIMM VP SIT EOB

FOR. ______

OP IMMED DE RUEHC #9864 284Ø616 O 100433Z OCT 84 FM SECSTATE WASHDC

TO AMEMBASSY GRENADA IMMEDIATE 4566

INFO AMEMBASSY OTTAWA IMMEDIATE 4555 AMEMBASSY LONDON IMMEDIATE 1396 AMEMBASSY BRIDGETOWN IMMEDIATE 6915 AMEMBASSY KINGSTON IMMEDIATE 6275 AMEMBASSY CARACAS IMMEDIATE 8198

CONFIDENTIAL STATE 299864

E. O. 12356:

DECL: OADR

TAGS:

EAID, GJ

SUBJECT:

CANADIAN ASSISTANCE TO GRENADA

- ENTIRE TEXT .
- DEPARTMENT WAS INFORMED TODAY OCTOBER 9 BY CANADIAN EMBASSY THAT THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT HAD FORMALLY APPROVED AID TO GRENADA AND WOULD BEGIN TO IMPLEMENT ASAP IN FOLLOWING CATEGORIES:
- INSTALL A POLICE TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK,
- B, HELP ESTABLISH A CENTRAL RECORDS OFFICE FOR THE GOG,
- ASSIST IN SETTING UP A CURRICULUM FOR THE REGIONAL POLICE TRAINING CENTER IN BARBADOS,
- PROVIDE MANAGEMENT TRAINING IN OTTAWA FOR SIX POLICE SUPERVISORS. SHULTZ BT

. : DECLASSIFIED F00-094 BY

CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

CANADO D

ACTION

October 11, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT C. McFARLANE

FROM:

TYRUS W. COBB

SUBJECT:

Gulf of Maine Maritime Boundary Case

State has advised (Tab A) that the decision in the Gulf of Maine area maritime boundary dispute with Canada will be given on October 12, 1984 by the Chamber of the International Court of Justice in the Hague. Appropriate press guidance will be cabled to State as soon as the judgment has been received, together with supplemental background information, for the Secretary's meeting with Joe Clark, the new Canadian Minister for External Affairs, on October 15-16 in Toronto.

Attachment

Tab A

State's Incoming

United States Department of State



Washington, D.C. 20520

October 9, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. ROBERT C. MCFARLANE THE WHITE HOUSE

SUBJECT: Gulf of Maine Maritime Boundary Case

We have been informed that the decision in the Gulf of Maine area maritime boundary dispute with Canada will be given on October 12, 1984 by the Chamber of the International Court of Justice in The Hague that was established for the case.

Davis Robinson, Legal Adviser of the Department of State, will be in The Hague to receive the Chamber's judgment.

By the terms of the treaty between the United States and Canada, which entered into force on November 20, 1981, the Chamber will establish the specific geographic coordinates of the maritime boundary dividing the U.S. and Canadian 200 nautical mile fishing zones and continental shelves in the Atlantic Ocean. The treaty provides that the Chamber's judgment is binding on the Parties.

Appropriate press guidance will be cabled to the Department as soon as the judgment has been received in The Hague, together with supplemental background information for the Secretary's meeting with the new Canadian Minister for External Affairs on September 15-16 in Toronto.

Charles Hill Executive Secretary LOANFIDENTIAL

NAFONAL SECLATIV COL CON-

CAMAD A

October 13, 1984

UNCLASSIFIED WITH CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT

MEMORANDUM FOR CHARLES HILL

Executive Secretary Department of State

SUBJECT:

Memoranda of Conversation Between the President and Canadian Prime Minister

Brian Mulroney

At Tab A is the memcon from the President's meeting with Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney on September 25, 1984. At Tab B is the memcon from the luncheon on the same day.

Robert M. Rimmitt Executive Secretary

Attachments

Tab A - Memcon from Meeting
Tab B - Memcon from Luncheon

THE WHITE HOUSE

142 - NOTON

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

SUBJECT:

Meeting with Canadian Prime Minister Brian

Mulroney (V)

PARTICIPANTS:

The President

Deputy Secretary of State Kenneth Dam Secretary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger Robert C. McFarlane, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs U.S. Ambassador to Canada Paul Robinson Deputy Assistant Secretary James M. Medas

Tyrus W.Cobb, NSC

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney

Canadian Ambassador to the U.S. Allan Gotlieb

Fred Doucet, Mulroney Chief of Statf

Derek Burney, Assistant Deputy Finister of

External Affairs for the U.S.

DATE, TIME AND PLACE:

September 25, 1984 -- 11:18-11:45 a.m.

Oval Office

Prime Minister Mulroney said he was delighted to be back in Washington, and was pleased to see the President and the U.S. Ambassador to Canada, Paul Robinson, who has been a tremendous representative for the United States. (W)

The Prime Minister said that he ran on the position that the Canadian-United States relationship was very important because the U.S. was Canada's neighbor, best friend, and ally. Since this position had been put forward to the Canadian electorate so clearly, he was pleased to tell the President that his election was a massive endorsement of this position. He called this the cornerstone of Canadian policy, and said that the Canadian people reaffirmed they want a positive relationship with the U.S. At the same time, he cautioned, Canada's support for the U.S. was not blind or automatic, but based on a mature and thoughtful approach.

The President said he watched the Canadian election with great interest and he was very pleased with the results. He said he listened attentively to what the Prime Minister said about increasing trade and investment and hoped discussions could proceed on these issues. The President said that many members of his Cabinet were interested in talking with their Canadian counterparts, and noted that just that morning Secretary Weinberger said he looked forward to meeting Canada's Defence Minister, and proposed a meeting in Washington before the upcoming NATO Defense Ministers' meeting. (%)

NIS FOO-094#/7/S

NY LOT NARA DATE 7/6/04

CONFIDENTIAL

Prime Minister Mulroney said he hoped to meet the President on a regular basis. He said Secretary Shultz's quarterly meetings had accomplished a great deal, and that his efforts were very much appreciated. The Prime Minister said that while he did not want to lock the President into a firm timetable, he hoped that they could meet on an annual basis for a regular working session. Cabinet Officers would then follow through on what he and the President accomplished at this business meeting. The President endorsed the Prime Minister's proposal to meet on a regular basis. (%)

The President, turning to his meeting with Foreign Minister Gromyko, indicated it was his intention to address the question of mutual suspicion between the U.S. and the Soviet Union. He said the U.S. feels threatened by the Soviet Union's offensive military buildup, even though the Soviet Union may well be sincere in its belief that the U.S. threatens them. The President said he was absolutely sincere in pursuing arms reduction talks and he would stress this to Foreign Minister Gromyko. He also said he wanted to talk about what might be done to put the relationship on a more constructive footing. (S)

The Prime Minister said he found the President's U.N. General Assembly speech remarkable and he commended the President for proposing such positive initiatives. He said he felt the speech went a long way in allaying concerns of the Canadian public regarding the state of U.S.-Soviet relations. The Prime Minister asked the President what he expected in the Gromyko meeting. (C)

The President said we just don't know, but that it was interesting that Gromyko had rescheduled his UNGA speech to follow the President's. The President said he did not regard the Chernenko statement as a definitive Soviet policy announcement since it probably had been written before the President's speech. He said he was very interested to see what Gromyko had said at the U.N. The President indicated he intended to level with Gromyko, explaining we were not asking the Soviet Union to change their system and they shouldn't expect us to change ours. He said it was important that the two countries which held the potential to destroy the world should resume a dialogue. The President added that he would point out to Gromyko that the U.S. would want to see deeds from the Soviet Union as an expression of their desire for peace. The President pointed out that after World War II America did not employ nuclear weapons against the Soviet Union even though we had a monopoly of nuclear weapons. This was evidence that America had no hostile intent. The President added that as long as the Soviet Union continued its military build up, we would continue ours to prevent them from getting ahead of us. Still, we want them to know that it would be better if we both moved toward reductions. (%)

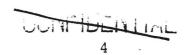
The Prime Minister said that Canada was a good example of what a middle power could accomplish in international affairs. He said that Canada would maintain its commitments to NATO and would increase defense spending. The Prime Minister asked whether the U.S. would be ready to negotiate quickly if Gromyko said the Soviet Union was ready to proceed on discussions on specific arms control issues. (%)

The President said we are ready to sit down and talk to them at any time. The U.S. had made seven changes in its positions at the arms control negotiations in order to meet Soviet objections, and the Soviets still walked out. He added that we are willing to listen to any Soviet counter-proposal. The President said we might need to forge some kind of face-saving device for the Soviets, since they went so far out front on their propaganda campaign to prevent INF deployment that they would have lost prestige if they had not left the talks. He thought a way might be found on the militarization of space question, but they objected when we told them we also wanted to raise the issues of offensive weapons. They retreated and refused to enter discussions with us. As the British Foreign Minister said, "They would not take 'yes' for an answer."

The Prime Minister said that the Liberals tried to paint him as a right-winger on the question of Trudeau's peace initiative. In response, he appointed a high-ranking commission to study arms control. Before the campaign got underway, he made a statement implying mild criticism of the American position. This statement effectively killed the issue in the campaign and it prevented accusations that he was a lackey for his friends in Washington. The Prime Minister said the political opposition and some people in the news media were looking for an opening to make such criticisms. Upon his return, the press would be asking about the substance of U.S. proposals being made to the Soviets and he asked the President what he anticipated would come from Gromyko in return.

Acting Secretary Dam said we would know much more about the Soviet position after Secretary Shultz's meeting with Gromyko. Secretary Weinberger said the Soviets indicated they would not talk about armaments until we withdrew the few deployments we had made in Europe. He said the Soviets were only willing to talk to us about space weapons because we have tremendous potential in this area. He said you only had to look at Gromyko's stern face during the President's UNGA speech to see how forthcoming they might be. (%)

The President noted that Gromyko was not actually looking at him during the speech. He said he felt it would be more appropriate if he (the President) looked directly at the Soviet delegation when he mentioned the USSR in the speech. Whenever he looked at Gromyko, however, Gromyko was not looking directly at him. Instead, Gromyko's eyes were focused at a point about five feet above the President's head, which was disconcerting.



The Prime Minister said that the President's speech was very effective, and, in fact, even the New York Times had given the President a good account. He said he was sure the Allies would provide the President a tremendous response and certainly Canada would give a positive endorsement.

The President said he wanted Gromyko to know that love was not necessary for a productive relationship. Gromyko was jovial the night before when they met at our reception. The President said Gromyko smiled and asked how many arrows he was going to throw at him the next day in his speech. The President said he responded with "none", to which Gromyko asked "20, 15, 10?" UN Ambassador Jeane Kirkpatrick had interjected that the President would not even throw darts.

The Prime Minister mentioned his meeting with the Pope the prior week. He noted the Governor General of Canada had been there and had a discussion with the Pope regarding her trip to Moscow when she was a Liberal Party spokesperson. She told him she asked the Soviets whether they would respond to a world peace initiative in exchange for Moscow's not attempting to export its ideology. The Pope said that Moscow both exports and imports its ideology, in that all of Eastern Europe was "imported" into the Soviet sphere after World War II. The Prime Minister said the Pope was clearly neutral on this issue and added that he agreed with the Pope's comment.

The Prime Minister also noted that he met the night before with the Queen, who made very positive comments about the President and noted that in her initial meeting with the President he had spoken for almost an hour without bringing up politics, which she found unusual and refreshing. The President said he was a great admirer of the Queen as well as Margaret Thatcher and recalled that first conversation, and it was not about politics but about horsemanship. The President indicated that on that note we should adjourn to meet with the astronauts. (C)

The meeting adjourned at 11:45 a.m.



THE WHITE HOUSE

CONFIDENTIAL

7-3-10-CN

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

SUBJECT:

Luncheon Meeting with Canadian Prime Minister

Brian Mulroney (NU)

PARTICIPANTS:

The President

Deputy Secretary of State Kenneth Dam Secretary of the Treasury Donald T. Regan Secretary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger

Edwin Meese, III

John M. Poindexter, Deputy Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs U.S. Ambassador to Canada Paul Robinson Deputy Assistant Secretary James Medas

Tyrus W. Cobb, NSC

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney Canadian Ambassador Allan Gotlieb Finance Minister Michael Wilson Fred Doucet, Mulroney Chief of Staff Derek Burney, Assistant Deputy Minister

Charles McMillan, Advisor

DATE, TIME

September 25, 1984 -- 12:05-1:03 p.m.

PLACE: Family Dining Room

The Prime Minister talked about growing up in the city of Baie Comeau in Quebec. He said there was extensive American investment in his home town, and it had extraordinary, positive impact on the area. Mulroney added that some Canadians tried to chase foreign investment out of Canada, for example through the National Energy Program.

Prime Minister Mulroney said that when Canadians were given a choice, they responded to his suggestion that the highest priority should be on building the U.S.-Canada relationship. He noted that at the leadership convention, he made a speech in which he said the first item on his agenda would be to refurbish the relationship of trust with the United States; he added that he was elected leader with that argument.

The Prime Minister noted that Canada had a very high unemployment rate, and that he had inherited a very difficult economic situation. Improving this picture will depend on a superb relationship between the U.S. and Canada, and the Prime Minister added that Canada may ask the U.S. to give it ar economic shot in the arm.

DECLASSIFIED

NLS _F00 - 094#1716

BY _______ NARA, DATE 7/6/06

CONFIDENTIAL Declassify: OADR

The President said that the U.S. recovery was substantially provided by the tax cut, which encouraged investment, and that small business had produced a record 600,000 new jobs after the recent recession. Minister Wilson said that they expected to have an initiative to promote small business, because they had watched U.S. performance. He noted that if Canada had the same unemployment rate as the U.S., 600,000 more people would be back at work, effectively cutting in half the number of Canadians unemployed.

The Prime Minister said he appreciated the decision the President had made on steel. He said he would ask Parliament to return soon, at which time there would be a number of messages sent which we would find promising, in the areas of energy legislation, foreign investment, and NATO commitments. He said the U.S.-Canada relationship was the greatest in history, but that economically Canada was running behind the United States. (C)

Secretary Weinberger suggested it might be possible to work out purchases of military goods from Canadian firms, thereby helping the military trade balance. The Secretary said there was a group at the defense department which held seminars around the country explaining to small businesses how to bid on Defense Department contracts, and suggested that this might be done in Canada. (C)

The Prime Minister asked about the scope of the Grace commission, and what suggestions had been made on waste and duplication in the Federal Government. Mr. Meese said that there were many Grace Commission proposals that were being implemented, not only at the Departments of Treasury and Defense, but in recent budget actions. Meese indicated that the administration had four programs going in this area, including the Grace Commission, Reform 88, ADP, and a personnel proposal. He noted that when he and the President were in Sacramento, in state government, there were more federal workers in Sacramento than state workers. (N)

The President said that when he was governor he set up a review group of private citizens who volunteered their time and effort. Their findings allowed that state to eliminate a number of contracts and save a substantial amount of money. The President indicated that a number of civil servants had helped his California Review Commission and had said that no one had ever asked them to do something like this before. Secretary Regan suggested that some of the Prime Minister's Members of Parliament might be able to provide assistance in this way. (N)

The Prime Minister asked what kind of things the new Canadian Government should expect to find in terms of bureaucratic resistance. The President observed that resistance would be encountered, but also said that many private citizens would be willing to volunteer their time and effort. He noted that when he balanced the budget in California, they were able to give the surplus back to the people by reducing tax bills. Mr. Meese said one state legislator claimed this was an illegal gift of public funds. (N)

JANISATIVI 3

Secretary Weinberger said some Californians were surprised to learn that state government was not in the business of making surpluses. He added that reducing taxes helped attract new business to California.

The Prime Minister said he needed to keep his back-benchers busy, since he had 211 caucus members, all of whom felt qualified for Cabinet positions. He inquired about the idea of having parliamentarians work with our Congressmen on important issues, such as acid rain, copper, steel, and defense. He suggested we think about initiating such regular joint meetings. Mr. Mulroney also endorsed the concept of Cabinet officers meeting regularly with each other. He pointed out that the U.S. and Canadian Energy Ministers had not had a meeting in several years.

The President noted that he felt annual parliamentary meetings and Cabinet counterpart sessions would be quite useful. He thanked the Prime Minister for coming to Washington and indicated that he looked forward to working with Mr. Mulroney in the future. (5)

The luncheon ended at 1:02.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

CONFIDENTIAL

ACTION

October 5, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT C. McFARLANE

FROM:

TYRUS W. COBB The

CHENED

SUBJECT:

Memorandum of Conversations Between the President and Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney -- Meeting and Luncheon

At Tab A is the memcon from the President's meeting with Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney on September 25, 1984. At Tab B is the memcon from the luncheon on the same day.

RECOMMENDATION

That you have Bob Kimmitt forward the memcon at Tab I to State after your review.

Approve

Disapprove ____

Attachments

Tab I

Kimmitt to Hill Memo

Tab A - Memcon of Meeting
Tab B - Memcon of Luncheon

DECLASSIFIED

Whate House Com. Tres, August 28/1997

CONFIDENTIAL Declassify: OADR

ONE DENTIAL

Coll

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

CONFIDENTIAL
ACTION

October 5, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT C. McFARLANE

FROM:

TYRUS W. COBB The

CHENED

SUBJECT:

Memorandum of Conversations Between the President and Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney -- Meeting and Luncheon

At Tab A is the memcon from the President's meeting with Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney on September 25, 1984. At Tab B is the memcon from the luncheon on the same day.

RECOMMENDATION

That you have Bob Kimmitt forward the memcon at Tab I to State after your review.

	1/
Approve	1,000
LL	

Disapprove ____

Attachments

Tab I

Kimmitt to Hill Memo

Tab A - Memcon of Meeting Tab B - Memcon of Luncheon

DECLASSIFIED

White House Guidelines, August 28, 1997.

CONFIDENTIAL Declassify: OADR

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

Withdrawer

EUROPEAN AND SOVIET AFFAIRS DIRECTORATE, NSC:

CAS 1/6/2005

RECORDS

File Folder

FOIA

CANADA 1984 [OCTOBER 6-31, 1984]

F00-094

MUNTON

Box Number

RAC BOX 1

14

IDDocument TypeNo of Doc DateRestrictionDocument Descriptionpagestions

1717 MEMO

1 10/17/1984 B1

TY COBB TO ROBERT MCFARLANE RE SHULTZ MEETING WITH CANADIAN FM CLARK

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

Withdrawer

EUROPEAN AND SOVIET AFFAIRS DIRECTORATE, NSC:

CAS 1/6/2005

RECORDS

File Folder

FOIA

CANADA 1984 [OCTOBER 6-31, 1984]

F00-094

MUNTON

Box Number

RAC BOX 1

14

IDDocument TypeNo of Doc DateRestrictionDocument Descriptionpagestions

1718 MEMO

1 ND

B1

MCFARLANE TO RR RE SHULTZ MEETING WITH CANADIAN FM

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE

WASHINGTON



MEMORANDUM FOR: The President

From:

George P. Shultz

Subject:

My Meeting With Canadian Foreign Minister Joe Clark, Toronto, October

15-16, 1984

I returned from Toronto Tuesday evening after two days of talks with Foreign Minister Joe Clark. This trip was part of my commitment to meet with my Canadian counterpart four times a year and was a follow-up to your highly successful September 25 session with Prime Minister Brian Mulroney.

With only a month in office, Mulroney's government is still putting together its foreign and domestic policies. It seems clear, however, that certain themes will characterize the Canadians' new approach to us:

- -- Clark repeated several times Mulroney's promise to you to give the U.S. "the benefit of the doubt" on international issues. In our private exchanges, Clark carried this assertion one step further by assurances of explicit support for us on East-West and disarmament questions.
- -- Canada will no longer play the "middleman" role between East and West Pierre Trudeau ascribed to himself and his government.
- -- On economic questions, the new team in Ottawa openly acknowledges Canada's dependency on the health of the U.S. economy. This is already translating into investment and trade policies favorable to our interests. Similarly, we can expect closer Canadian cooperation in international bodies such as OECD, GATT, and UNCTAD.

This is not to say our relationship will be problem-free. In the nature of our geographic proximity and intense interaction, this will never be the case. Repeatedly during our meetings, though, Clark quoted President Ford's statement that Americans and Canadians have to learn "to disagree without being disagreeable."





One bilateral problem will doubtless remain on our agenda: acid rain. Clark made clear that a massive cleanup program has bipartisan support in Canada. I reminded him that we too have an acid rain problem, but we are not persuaded that an expensive abatement program offers the best solution. I did pass on Bill Ruckelshaus's offer to meet periodically with his Canadian counterpart to discuss this and other environmental problems, and Clark seemed to find this an attractive idea.

Finally, we touched on the recent International Court of Justice (ICJ) ruling on the Gulf of Maine border dispute. We agreed that the decision is highly complex and technical but that we would stay in touch after consulting with our respective fishing and political interests.

All in all, I left this meeting convinced that your policy of paying more attention to Canada is returning real dividends. We can chalk this up as a promising foreign policy accomplishment of your first term in office.



Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name Withdrawer

EUROPEAN AND SOVIET AFFAIRS DIRECTORATE, NSC:

CAS 1/6/2005

RECORDS

File Folder FOIA

CANADA 1984 [OCTOBER 6-31, 1984] F00-094

MUNTON

Box Number

RAC BOX 1

IDDocument TypeNo of Doc DateRestrictionsDocument Descriptionpagestions

1720 MEMO

1 10/19/1984 B1

SAME TEXT AS DOC #1718

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

Withdrawer

EUROPEAN AND SOVIET AFFAIRS DIRECTORATE, NSC:

CAS 1/6/2005

RECORDS

File Folder

FOIA

CANADA 1984 [OCTOBER 6-31, 1984]

F00-094

MUNTON

Box Number

RAC BOX 1

14

ID	Document Type	No of	Doc Date	Restric-
	Document Description	pages		tions

1721 MEMO

1 10/17/1984 B1

SAME TEXT AS DOC #1717

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

(1) Cobb 2 7+54 2) Canada

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 19, 1984

Dear Brian:

Thank you for your kind letter. It was a great pleasure for Nancy and me to welcome Mrs. Mulroney and you to the White House.

The ties between Canada and the United States constitute the most productive relationship between any two countries in the world. It is no coincidence that my first trip outside the United States as President was to Ottawa and that your first trip outside Canada as Prime Minister was to Washington.

Your visit has brought a new and very positive tone to relations between Canada and the United States. I am certain that this spirit will serve us well in every aspect of our relationship in the weeks and months ahead. And I am delighted that our meeting last month has been followed by a number of discussions between members of our cabinets.

Once again, thank you for your visit.

Sincerely,

Ron

The Right Honorable
Martin Brian Mulroney, P.C., M.P.
Prime Minister of Canada
Ottawa

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL .

DATE: 19 OCT 84

REFERRAL

MEMORANDUM FOR: STATE SECRETARIAT

DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION: TO: MULRONEY, MARTIN B

SOURCE: PRESIDENT

DATE: 19 OCT 84

KEYWORDS: CANADA

VISIT

HS

SUBJ: THANK YOU LTR RE RECENT VISIT

REQUIRED ACTION: FOR DISPATCH

DUEDATE:

COMMENTS:

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 19, 1984

ACTION

SIGNED

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

ROBERT C. McFARLANE

SUBJECT:

Letter to Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney

Issue

To sign the reply to Prime Minister Mulroney.

Facts

Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney has written to you expressing his appreciation for your hospitality and for the valuable consultations during his visit. Your reply stresses the positive tone that characterizes relations between Canada and the United States.

Recommendation

OK	No

____ That you read the letter from Prime Minister Mulroney at Tab A and sign the reply at Tab B.

Attachments

Tab A - Incoming from PM Mulroney

Tab B - Reply to PM Mulroney

Prepared by: Tyrus W. Cobb



PRIME MINISTER . PREMIER MINISTRE

OTTAWA KlA 0A2 October 4, 1984

Dear Mr. President,

I am writing to express my appreciation for the kind and courteous hospitality you and Mrs. Reagan extended to Mila and me during our visit to Washington on Tuesday.

I am convinced that our discussions have set a new and improved tone in the relationship between our two countries and I look forward to further opportunities for consultation and cooperation on an ongoing basis. I very much appreciated your offer to share with me your thinking with respect to important international security questions.

I also valued the opportunity to meet with Defense Secretary Weinberger, Treasury Secretary Regan, and other senior officials of your Administration. I am confident that early meetings between our Cabinet Ministers will lead to increased understanding and opportunities for cooperation in many areas.

Once again, let me thank you for your frank and open discussion on multilateral and bilateral matters, and for your most gracious hospitality.

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Mr. Ronald Reagan
 President
 United States of America
 Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

ACTION

October 12, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT C. McFARLANE

SIGNED

FROM:

TYRUS W. COBB

SUBJECT:

Presidential Letter to Canadian Prime Minister

Brian Mulroney

PM Mulroney wrote to the President (Tab A) expressing appreciation for the hospitality and in-depth consultations during his visit. Your memo to the President forwarding his reply to Mulroney is at Tab I.

Speechwriters and State have cleared.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memo to the President at Tab I.

Approve

Disapprove ____

Attachments

Tab I

Memo to the President

Tab A - Mulroney Incoming

Tab B - Presidential Letter to Mulroney

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SECRETARIAT

Curavit

PAGE 01 EOB029
 SECSTATE WASHDC 3010
 DTG: 221742Z OCT 84
 PSN: 023759

 AN010728
 TOR: 296 1330Z
 CSN: HCE654

DISTRIBUTION: STEI-01 MALY-01 SOMM-01 MAT-01 CO68-01

/ØØ5 A1

WHTS ASSIGNED DISTRIBUTION:

SIT:

FOR.

OP IMMED DE RUEHC #3010 2961828 O 221742Z OCT 84 FM SECSTATE WASHDC

TO AMEMBASSY OTTAWA IMMEDIATE 4886

CONFIDENTIAL

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE STATE 313010,

E. O. 12356: N/A Q 3 1/6/05

TAGS: OPDC CA, US SUBJECT:

LETTER FROM PRESIDENT REAGAN TO PRIME MINISTER

MULRONEY (5/5 8429004)

1. EMBASSY IS REQUESTED TO PROMPTLY DELIVER THE TEXT OF THE FOLLOWING LETTER. THE SIGNED ORIGINAL IS BEING POUCHED.

2. BEGIN TEXT:

OCTOBER 19, 1984

DEAR BRIAN:

THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND LETTER. IT WAS A GREAT PLEASURE FOR NANCY AND ME TO WELCOME MRS.; ULRONEY AND YOU TO THE WHITE HOUSE.

THE TIES BETWEEN CA; ADA AND THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTE THE MOST PRODUCTIVE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ANY TWO COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD. IT IS NO COIHCIDENCE THAT MY FIRST TRIP OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES AS PRESIDENT WAS TO OTTAWA AND THAT YOUR FIRST TRIH OUTSIDE CANADA AS PRIME MINISTER WAS TO WASHINGTON.

YOUR VISIT HAS BROUGHT A NEW AND VERY HOSITIVE TONE TO

RELATIONS BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES. I AMERICAN THAT THIS SPIRIT WILL SERVE US WELL IN EVERY MA T ASPECT OF OUR RELATIONSHIP IN THE WEEKS AND MONTHS AND I AM DELIGHTED THAT OURMEETING LAST MONTH AHEAD. HAS BEEN FOLLOWED BY A NUMBER OF DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN MEMBERS OF OUR CABINETS.

ONCE AGAIN, THANK YOU FOR YOUR VISIT.

SINCERELY. RON.

END TEXT. SHULTZ

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

October 22, 1984

A	0	T	T	0	N
H	C	1	1	U	TA

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT M. KIMMITT

FROM:

NICHOLAS KLISSAS

SUBJECT:

H.R. 2087 Regarding Relief of Hans Robert Bach, a

Czechoslovak National Living in Canada

I see no objection to the bill described in the memo at Tab I.

Paula Dobriansky, Richard Childress, and Tyrus Dobb concur.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you forward the note at Tab I raising "no objection" to the above action.

Approve	Disapprove
PPI-010	

Attachment:

Tab I White House Staffing Memorandum

Tab A Memo regarding H.R. 2087

Document No.	244862SS	,

7899

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE:	10/19/84	A	CTION/	ONCURR	ENCE/CO	MMENT DUE BY:	10/22/84		
SUBJECT:	ENROLLED	BILL	H.R.	2087 -	- RELIE	EF OF HANS RO	BERT BEISCH		
				ACTION	FYI			ACTION	FYI
VICE	PRESIDENT					MURPHY	8.		1
MEES	E					OGLESBY			
BAKE	R					ROGERS			
DEAV	'ER	*				SPEAKES			
STOC	KMAN					SVAHN			
DARN	MAN			□P	TS8	VERSTANDIG			
FIELD	ING					WHITTLESEY			
FULLE	R			V					
HERR	INGTON								
ніскі	EY								
McFA	RLANE -			7					
McM	ANUS								

REMARKS:

May we have your comments by close of business Monday.

RESPONSE:

We have reviewed and have no objection to the above action.



OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

OCT 19 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Enrolled Bill H.R. 2087 - Relief of Hans Robert Beisch

Sponsor - Rep. Broomfield (R) Michigan

Last Day for Action

October 30, 1984 - Tuesday

Purpose

Provides for the naturalization of Hans Robert Beisch.

Agency Recommendations

Office of Management and Budget

Approval

Immigration and Naturalization Service
Department of State

No objection

Discussion

H.R. 2087, which passed both Houses by voice vote, provides that Hans Robert Beisch, a 57-year-old native of Czechoslovakia and citizen of Canada, will be deemed to have met the residency requirement of the Immigration and Nationality Act and authorizes him to become a naturalized U.S. citizen if he meets all other naturalization requirements.

Although Mr. Beisch was granted permanent residency in the United States in 1967, he did not begin to reside here until 1981. Between 1967-1981, he lived in Ontario, Canada, where his family lived, and commuted to work in Detroit, Michigan. Accordingly, Mr. Beisch can not meet the residency requirements necessary for citizenship. Because Mr. Beisch is not a U.S. citizen, he has been denied access to classified information, which is desirable for his employment. He has been employed with the same firm for the past 10 years. Absent the enrolled bill, Mr. Beisch would not be able to become a U.S. citizen for another two years.

Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Enclosures

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

October 29, 1984

TO:

BOB SIMS

FROM:

TY COBB

Attached are talking points for the President's interview tomorrow. State/EUR and EPA concur.

Attach.

cc: Martin Smith (Policy Dev.)

Conde

TALKING POINTS

Question: Are US-Canadian relations improving now that Prime Minister Mulroney is in office?

- -- US-Canadian relations have been improving over the past couple of years, and we are confident that this trend will continue under the new Government of Prime Minister Mulroney.
- -- I have had two highly satisfactory meetings with Mr.
 Mulroney, one before he became Prime Minister and the other shortly after he took office. In Ottawal
- -- We agreed on a number of steps to improve communications between our two governments, including regular meetings involving Mr. Mulroney and me, and between Cabinet counterparts in Ottawa and Washington.
- -- Good US-Canada relations are extremely important for both countries' welfare, security, and economic health.

Question: Will an improved relationship also improve the probability of working out a solution to the acid rain issue?

-- We remain committed to the management, jointly with Canada where appropriate, of our shared natural environment.

- -- Acid rain is a very important topic which we will need to continue to address, on its own merits, in a very serious way. I have directed an enhanced research program designed to investigate the causes of acid rain and environmental damage.
- -- As a first step, I have instructed Bill Ruckleshaus, our

 Director of the EPA, to initiate close consultations with

 his Canadian counterpart on this issue, beginning with an exchange of scientific data relating to acid rain.

United States Department of State



Washington, D.C. 20520

-File: CAMBA

October 29, 1984

Mr. Allan Wendt Deputy Assistant Secretary for International Energy and Resources Policy Department of State

Dear Allan,

As you know, the President and Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney, during their meeting here on September 25, encouraged Cabinet and other senior level exchanges between the two governments. We have already had at least five ministeriallevel visits in the first month of the Mulroney Government, including the Secretary's productive meeting with Foreign Minister Clark October 15-16. (I hope you have seen the reporting cables on this visit, State 311869, 311870 and 315082.)

Because of the clear need to coordinate the numerous high-level visits to and from Canada which will be taking place, on October 5 Rick Burt -- with the encouragement of NSC staff -- wrote to assistant secretaries in several departments and agencies to urge that they keep State informed of all plans for such exchanges. He also suggested that I act as a clearing house for these meetings. Enclosed is a copy of Rick's letter.

Furthermore, the Secretary was explicit in his discussion with Foreign Minister Clark that he wanted the State Department to be the point of coordination for all senior contacts with the Canadian Government.

I know that you have a major role in US-Canadian relations and I therefore want to solicit your assistance, too, in ensuring that we maximize the benefits of our high-level exchanges with the Canadians through close coordination with me and EUR/CAN.

Sincerely,

James M. Medas Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Canada

Enclosure: As stated.

Dear Mr. Dennin:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your department in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Joseph S. Dennin,
Assistant Secretary for
International Economic Policy,
Department of Commerce,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:SFromowitz:db Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a

EUR: JMedas JH NSC: TCobb (draft)

Dear Mr. Rosenbaum:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your office in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Jon Rosenbaum,
Assistant US Trade Representative
for the Americas Trade Policy,
United States Trade Representative,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:SFromowitz:db 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a

Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown
EUR:JMedas JM
NSC:TCobb (draft)

Dear Mr. Green:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance. our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your agency in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Fitzhugh Green
Associate Administrator for
International Affairs,
Environmental Protection Agency,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:Sfromowith:db Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a

EUR: JMedas JM NSC: TCobb (draft)

Dear Mr. Amstutz:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your department in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Daniel G. Amstutz,
Under Secretary for International
Affairs and Commodity Programs,
Department of Agriculture,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:SFromowitz:db 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown (%)
EUR:JMedas (%)
NSC:TCobb (draft)

Dear Mr. Merklein:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your department in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Helmut Merklein,
Assistant Secretary for International Affairs,
Department of Energy,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Mulford:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your department in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. David Mulford,
Assistant Secretary for International Affairs,
Department of Treasury,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:SFromowitz:db 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a

Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown Do EUR:JMedas JM NSC:TCobb (draft)

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:Sfromowitz:db 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a

Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown Ch EUR:JMedas Jr NSC:TCobb (draft)

Dear Richard:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your department in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Richard N. Perle,
Assistant Secretary of Defense
for International Security Policy,
Department of Defense,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

1/

Drafted:EUR/CAN:SFromowitz:db 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown(F EUR:JMedas Dear Mr. Courtney:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance. our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your agency in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Charles E. Courtney,
Director,
Office of European Affairs,
United States Information Agency,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:SFromowitz:db 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a

Clearances: EUR/CAN: CBrown EUR: JMedas JM NSC: TCobb (draft)

Dear Mr. Montoya:

At their meeting at the White House on September 25, the President and newly elected Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney agreed to encourage exchanges between Cabinet level and other senior officials of the two governments. A number of visits have already been scheduled by new Canadian ministers to Washington and by US Cabinet Secretaries to Canada. Secretary Shultz will see Foreign Minister Joe Clark in Toronto October 15-16, and, at the President's direction, will address many of the bilateral and global issues which are on the US-Canadian agenda. Many other high level exchanges will no doubt take place in the coming months.

These exchanges offer an excellent opportunity to advance our position on a wide range of issues. However, to ensure that we take full advantage of these meetings, it would be helpful if the Department of State were informed of their scheduling. This would allow us to keep the White House up-to-date on progress on the President's agreement with the Prime Minister. In addition, we would be in a position to coordinate such trips with our Embassy in Ottawa and thus avoid possible scheduling conflicts. It is also important, in order to ensure appropriate follow-up of program and policy initiatives vis-a-vis the new Canadian Government, that we be promptly advised of the results of these meetings.

I have asked Jim Medas, the Department's Deputy Assistant Secretary for Canadian Affairs, to act as a clearing house for senior exchanges with Canadian officials. I hope you will assist him in these efforts. I am sure Jim will offer the full cooperation of the Department in providing support to your department in its dealings with Canada and will be in a position to explain the overall context of US/Canadian relations in which your particular meeting will take place.

Mr. Richard T. Montoya,
Assistant Secretary for Territorial
and International Affairs,
Department of Interior,
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Richard Burt

Drafted:EUR/CAN:SFromowitz:db 10/1/84 632-3135 doc. 4523a

Clearances:EUR/CAN:CBrown (3)
EUR:JMedas (4)
NSC:TCobb (draft)