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President Reagan [01/28/1981]

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Collection Name EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT, NSC: SUBJECT FILE

Withdrawer

SMF 1/8/2009

File Folder PRESIDENT REAGAN MEMORANDUMS OF
CONVERSATION (2) [JANUARY 28, 1981]

FOIA

F2002-072/1

Box Number 48

COLLINS

6

ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
60734	NOTES	HANDWRITTEN NOTES RE MEETING WITH PRESIDENT SEAGA	8	1/28/1981	B1
60735	MEMCON	RR MEETING WITH PM EDWARD SEAGA OF JAMAICA <i>R 6/22/2015 M371/</i>	5	1/28/1981	B1
60736	MEMO	ALLEN TO THE PRESIDENT'S FILE RE MEETING WITH PM SEAGA	5	1/28/1981	B1
60737	MEMO	DUPLICATE OF 60736	5	1/28/1981	B1
60738	MEMO	FONTAINE TO ALLEN RE MEMCON PRESIDENT'S MEETING WITH PM SEAGA <i>R 6/22/2015 M371/</i>	2	1/28/1981	B1
60739	MEMO	ALLEN TO THE PRESIDENT'S FILE RE MEETING WITH FORMER GOVERNOR JOHN CONNALLY <i>R 4/9/2018 M371/1</i>	1	1/28/1981	B1
60740	MEMO	ALLEN TO THE PRESIDENT RE YOUR TELEPHONE CALL TO PM SEAGA <i>R 6/22/2015 M371/</i>	2	1/28/1981	B1

The above documents were not referred for declassification review at time of processing

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

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B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

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RECEIVED 28 JAN 81 16

TO FILE

FROM ALLEN

DOCDATE 28 JAN 81

KEYWORDS: HUMAN RIGHTS CENTRAL AMERICA ZABLOCKI, CLEMENT
 VOA FOI REQUEST BROOMFIELD, BILL
 FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

SUBJECT: CY OF MEMCON RE PRES MTG W/ CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS 28 JAN 1981

 ACTION: FOR RECORD PURPOSES DUE: STATUS C FILES PA

FOR ACTION

FOR COMMENT

FOR INFO

REGER

AGNEW

MEESE, E

BAKER, J

FRIEDERSDORF, M
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Nau

COMMENTS ORIGINAL SENT DIRECTLY TO ED ROBERTS. THANKS L.

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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 28, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT'S FILE
FROM: RICHARD V. ALLEN *RA*
SUBJECT: Meeting with Congressmen Clement
Zablocki and Bill Broomfield

During this meeting with two key members of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, discussion of human rights was the main topic. Broomfield strongly urged that we "get off the human rights kick," and Zablocki indicated in a somewhat softer position that the President "will review human rights policy and put it in perspective of our national security interest."

The President appreciated the remarks of both men in this context, and noted with particular interest the prospects for repeal of the Harkin Amendment, which mandates an aid cut off if human rights are violated in any country.

The discussion then turned to questions pertaining to the Freedom of Information Act and the Privacy Act, and both members indicated that the chances for repeal or adjustment of this legislation are good.

Chairman Zablocki mentioned that 15 March is the deadline for budget items, and asked the President submit aid and other requests as early as possible before the March deadline so they can be processed properly.

The President mentioned his interest in increasing broadcasting and information activities through the Voice of America, Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. Chairman Zablocki agreed and said that we should begin to tell our story.

The President mentioned Central America and the difficulties surrounding the Land Reform Program in El Salvador, and cited the Taiwanese example which he had studied during his previous trips to Taiwan.

cc: Edwin Meese, III
James Baker
Max Friedersdorf

RECEIVED 28 JAN 81 16

TO FILE

FROM ALLEN

DOCDATE 28 JAN 81

KEYWORDS: EMERGENCY PREPARED"S
FMS

MOBILIZATION
CONGRESSIONAL

PRICE, MELVIN
DICKINSON, BILL

3

SUBJECT: MEMCON OF PRES MTG W/ CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS 28 JAN 1981

ACTION: FOR RECORD PURPOSES

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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 28, 1981

4

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT'S FILE

FROM: RICHARD V. ALLEN *RV*

SUBJECT: Meeting with Congressman Melvin Price and Congressman Bill Dickinson, Armed Services Committee

The President opened the meeting by indicating that he knew of the recent trip that Congressmen Price and Dickinson had taken, and recounted the message that had been sent by Prime Minister Gandhi from India via a special emissary, Ambassador B. K. Nehru. The President remarked that he had met with Ambassador Nehru several weeks before his inauguration.

Congressman Dickinson laid heavy emphasis upon the need for a revamping of our military preparedness, and in particular cited the necessity for the President to receive a briefing from General Alton D. Slay, who is being "forced out" of the Air Force at the end of January. He strongly recommended that General Slay give a briefing on industrial preparedness. Congressman Dickinson cited the fact that we have at present virtually zero "surge capacity" for mobilization.

The President inquired as to whether or not expansion of our arms sales abroad might not give some assistance in renovating the industrial base for mobilization, and both Chairman Price and Congressman Dickinson agreed.

Chairman Price presented the President with a report on mobilization entitled, "The Ailing Defense Industrial Base: Unready for Crisis." The President requested that the NSC provide a summary of this report, and it shall be presented to him shortly.

cc: Edwin Meese, III
James Baker
Max Friedersdorf

RECEIVED 29 JAN 81 11

TO FILE

FROM ALLEN

DOCDATE 28 JAN 81

KEYWORDS: CONGRESSIONAL

GOLDWATER, BARRY

MARK, HANS

SUBJECT: CY OF MEMCON RE PRES MTG W/ GOLDWATER - HANS AS ADMINISTRATOR OF NASA

ACTION: FOR RECORD PURPOSES

DUE:

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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 28, 1981

6

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT'S FILE
FROM: RICHARD V. ALLEN *W*
SUBJECT: Meeting with Senator Barry Goldwater

Senator Goldwater arrived for his short meeting and led off the discussion by his request that the President give careful consideration to the nomination of Hans Mark, outgoing Secretary of the Air Force, for the position of Administrator of NASA.

The President indicated he had heard of Dr. Mark, and was interested to have Senator Goldwater's recommendation. I mentioned that the subject had come up today in a conversation that I had had with Pen James, and I am, by copy of this memorandum, indicating to Pen James that the strong suggestion of Dr. Mark had come from Senator Goldwater as well.

Senator Goldwater indicated that he would be willing to help the President on the budget ceiling matter, and said that he would be of whatever help he could in all other issues in which the President required his help.

cc: Edwin Meese, III
James Baker
Max Friedersdorf
Pen James

UNCLASSIFIED UPON REMOVAL
OF CLASSIFIED ENCLOSURE(S)

RECEIVED 30 JAN 81 12

smf 1/8/09

TO FILE

FROM ALLEN

DOCDATE 28 JAN 81

FONTAINE

28 JAN 81

BREMER, L

03 FEB 81

KEYWORDS: JAMAICA

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

SEAGA, EDWARD

7

SUBJECT: MEMCON OF PRES JAN 28 MTG W/ PM SEAGA

ACTION: FOR RECORD PURPOSES

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Jan

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

2/12/81

149

Janet Colson

Janet:

Attached is a copy of memo which I prepared for Chuck to sign to State on the Seaga memcon. Please ^{advise} on how you want to handle in light of your recent staff memo on authority for signing. It is administrative in my view and should not be signed by RVA or Nance and you have not named new Staff Secretary.

Carole Farrar

*For Allen King's
signature.*

CF

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Feb 13, 1981

I have checked with Carole Farrar to find out why the corrections were not mentioned in the transmittal memo back to State;

1. I was wrong, the memocon from State is not returned to us for file. It is retained at the State Department.

2. The reason that Carole did not mention it in the cover memo is that she just wanted them to notice that Mr. Allen is not NSC, which she said they should know. She felt that it was better to do it this way than to do it formally.

Carol C.

2-13-81

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

NSCIS:

The original memcon at tab A should go back to State Secretariat for correction. Our copies are corrected.

Per Carole Farrar

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

SECRET ATTACHMENTS

February 13, 1981

17

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. L. Paul Bremer III
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Memcon of President's Meeting
with Jamaican Prime Minister
Seaga (S/S 8102968)

The memorandum of conversation prepared by Ambassador Lawrence for clearance by the NSC is approved provided that the document is properly classified and extended for 30 years in accordance with EO 12065 as containing foreign government information. Quotes from the memcon should also be protected accordingly.

Attached for your information is a copy of Mr. Allen's notes of the private meeting with Prime Minister Seaga. It is our position that this document is a White House paper under the President's Materials Act and not subject to release without prior approval.

AS

Allen P. Lenz
Staff Secretary

SECRET ATTACHMENTS

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60735

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

SUBJECT: Meeting between Prime Minister Edward Seaga
and President Reagan

PARTICIPANTS:

U.S.

The President
Vice President George Bush
Secretary of State Haig L
Edward Meese, Counselor to the President
Richard Allen, (NSC) *Assistant to the President for NSA*
Myer Rashish, Under Secretary of State
for Economic Affairs
Acting Assistant Secretary of State John
A. Bushnell
James A. Baker, III, White House Chief of
Staff
Mr. Charles Tyson, NSC Staff
Mr. Michael Deaver, Deputy Assistant to
ROGETE President
Mr. Fontaine, NSC Staff
Ambassador Lawrence, Notetaker

Jamaicans

Edward Seaga, Prime Minister
Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister
Hugh L. Shearer
Ambassador-designate Keith Johnson
Permanent Secretary, Jamaica House,
Alan Kirton
Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Foreign
Affairs, Frank Francis
G. Arthur Brown, UNDP
Ken Jones, Agency for Public Information
Tom Stimpson, Charge d'Affaires, Embassy
of Jamaica, Washington.

DATE, TIME January 28, 1981; 11:45a.m. - 12:05 p.m.
AND PLACE: Blue Room, White House

The President opened the meeting with expressions
of warm welcome to the Prime Minister and the members
of his delegation.

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GDS 1/30/87 2011

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NLRR M3711 # 60735

BY RW NARA DATE 6/20/85

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The Prime Minister responded by thanking the President for his welcome and for the opportunity of the previous meeting (between 11:00 a.m. and 11:40 the President, the Vice President, the Secretary of State, National Security Affairs Advisor Allen, the Prime Minister and the Foreign Minister met privately.) He said that winds of change were at work in the Caribbean and in Jamaica and these winds required stabilization at an early date. He said there was a growing movement within the Caribbean nations and the United States recognizing the importance of the Caribbean area. The Venezuelan, Mexican and Trinidadian assistance to the region through their oil facility was an example of such recognition. He described the oil facility as an instrumentality providing part of petroleum product requirements for non-oil producing Caribbean countries at a 2% interest rate with 20 year financing. He indicated that the efforts of the oil producing countries served to put the United Kingdom, France, The Netherlands and Canada somewhat on notice for their future bilateral and multilateral efforts. He suggested that what was needed was for the above-mentioned countries and the United States to look at the region in a more comprehensive manner, somewhat the way the Colombo Plan did a few years ago. There are, he stated, potential political problems in Jamaica and the other Caribbean countries. They can be best dealt with in a preventative manner so as to inhibit radical political movements in the Caribbean. Such movements are against the traditional historical development of the English-speaking countries. He stated that if preventative measures are not taken the problems of the Caribbean may be large and not problems for the United States alone. His belief is that the historical moment for such efforts is now. The efforts needed are in the economic area.

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The President responded, agreeing with the Prime Minister's assessment concerning the current moment in history in the Caribbean and indicated that he believed that bilateral and multilateral effort will only be successful if practiced with simultaneous private sector efforts and that this government will move in those directions as well as search for other ways to be helpful.

The Secretary of State stated that he was encouraged by the turn of events in Jamaica and that we now need to look for ways to assist this turn-around and that

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these ways should include job creation, investments, social progress, etc. That these efforts must be accomplished by private sector effort as well as public sector activities. He stated that core targets of our efforts should focus on tourism, bauxite, some areas of agricultural development. The Secretary estimated that \$500 million would be needed from the public sector in addition to the private investment requirements to reverse the trends that have been seen in past years in Jamaica. He commented that it was indeed fortunate that the oil producing countries in the area are at this time being helpful.

The Prime Minister said that since the change of government in Jamaica in October, 1980, Jamaica has 38 positive investment intentions from international corporations (largely U.S.) and some 34 internal investment intentions. He believes that within three months of taking office there will be perhaps 100 such investment intentions totaling perhaps as much as a \$200 million potential. He acknowledged that this was an estimate and that some would drop out. He indicated that he was molding his Administration to make these investment plans work, but went on to say that, unless a specific individual was identified to "spearhead" international donors, international funding will not develop fast enough for Jamaica's needs. The Prime Minister requested the President to identify such an individual to lead the investment efforts in the United States.

The President said that the United States was aware of both the short and medium-term problems in Jamaica.

Foreign Minister Shearer recommended the restoration of OPIC, indicating that he believed that Jamaica had been removed from OPIC coverage. Under Secretary Rashish said that OPIC was sending a middle-level technician to Jamaica soon to look into this question and that official would be followed by senior OPIC personnel. Secretary Rashish opined that there was not a major problem in this area.

The Foreign Minister continued, stating that the Government of Jamaica had created an investment committee to coordinate and organize foreign investment efforts there. He said that in light of the President's assurances of support and assistance he sought taxation relief for United States investment in Jamaica.

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CONFIDENTIAL

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-4-

The Vice President said that the election of Prime Minister Seaga was received broadly and warmly in the United States and was perceived of as a "turn-around" of political direction in Jamaica. The Prime Minister's election provided hope for the United States in the Caribbean. He stated that the United States was looking for shifts in the Caribbean and Central America and that the Prime Minister's election represented a political process with which the United States could identify.

Counselor Meese said that this Administration welcomed the Prime Minister's comments of cutting bureaucratic red tape (this presumably made reference to a comment in the earlier meeting).

The Prime Minister said that the deep-rooted short-term needs in Jamaica would be developed and described in this afternoon's meeting with the Secretary of the Treasury. He said he appreciated the invitations extended to himself and his Government and that he wishes to have a close cooperation with the United States Government and Administration. He senses that there are many common objectives between the two Governments and that both Jamaica and the Caribbean region seeks increased consultation between the two nations.

The President agreed and the meeting adjourned for luncheon.

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Drafted:ARA:Ambassador Lawrence
1/28/81 ext 26386

Handwritten initials/signature

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PRESIDENT REAGAN MEMORANDUMS OF
CONVERSATION (2) [JANUARY 28, 1981]

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F2002-072/1

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<i>ID</i>	<i>Document Type</i> <i>Document Description</i>	<i>No of</i> <i>pages</i>	<i>Doc Date</i>	<i>Restrictions</i>
60736	MEMO ALLEN TO THE PRESIDENT'S FILE RE MEETING WITH PM SEAGA	5	1/28/1981	B1

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

UNCLASSIFIED
WITH SECRET ATTACHMENTS

February 9, 1981

28

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR: RICHARD V. ALLEN

THROUGH: CHARLES P. TYSON

FROM: *Carole*
CAROLE FARRAR

SUBJECT: Memcon of Jamaican Prime Minister

State has requested clearance on the memcon of the President's meeting with Prime Minister Seaga prepared by Ambassador Lawrence (Tab B).

It is a classic example of the State Department's failure to protect the President's conversations with foreign leaders. As prepared, this document would be releasable to the public in six years without prior approval. The NSC has tried and evidently failed to impress on State the importance we attach to protecting foreign government information, and it is a matter you may wish to address early-on in addition to the overall question of the official record-keepers of Presidential meetings.

Memcons should be protected in most instances for 30 years as containing foreign government information. We will classify your own handwritten notes of the meeting and Roger Fontaine's memo accordingly.

The memcon prepared by State has been reviewed by Roger Fontaine (your minutes at Tab A). Once I have your approval, we can inform State that the memcon is cleared provided it is extended to 30 years. A copy of your minutes can be forwarded to State at that time.

Note the NSC provided State with our memcon; it was considered the official record.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

That the State memcon is cleared.

As is and subject to your recommendation of extension to 30 yrs

As amended _____

That we provide State with a copy of your minutes.

Approve for

Disapprove _____

UNCLASSIFIED
WITH SECRET ATTACHMENTS



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

29

February 3, 1981

UNCLASSIFIED
(with CONFIDENTIAL
ATTACHMENT)

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. RICHARD V. ALLEN
THE WHITE HOUSE

SUBJECT: Memorandum of President Reagan's Conversation
with Prime Minister Edward Seaga of Jamaica

Attached is a memorandum of the conversation President Reagan had with Prime Minister Seaga in an expanded group meeting on Wednesday, January 28. It is submitted for the appropriate clearances. The Department would appreciate receiving any Memorandum of Conversation for the smaller meeting which immediately preceded the one covered in the attached memorandum. No distribution will be made within the Department of State prior to receiving NSC approval.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "L. Paul Bremer, III".

L. Paul Bremer, III
Executive Secretary

Attachment:

Memorandum of Conversation
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EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT, NSC: SUBJECT FILE

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60737	MEMO DUPLICATE OF 60736	5	1/28/1981	B1

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60738

TO: Richard V. Allen

FROM: Roger W. Fontaine

35

RE: MemCom President's meeting with Prime Minister Seaga

DATE: January 28, 1981 11:00 A.M. meeting

The President began by recapping remarks made in the earlier meeting. He expressed his concern and hope for the Caribbean, and the importance of cooperation between Jamaica and the U.S. He then sought the views of the Prime Minister.

The Prime Minister asserted that political winds of change were blowing through the Caribbean, but those winds were now in the direction of stability and moderation--a return the stability experienced in the 1940s.

He stressed the need to stabilize the area economically if the political trends were to remain favorable. He believed too that other countries, specifically, Mexico, Venezuela, and Trinidad were playing positive roles especially in regard to oil sold at concessionary prices. But the Prime Minister added other countries outside the immediate area should have a role as well. He stressed the former metropolises: Britain, France, and the Netherlands as well as Canada and possibly Brazil and Colombia. There is room for a concerted effort, he stressed. He also said the emphasis should be on preventing problems from getting out of hand along with solving the problems at hand. He also pointed out the Caribbean is not just an American problem; it involves others as well.

The President responded by agreeing with the need for a multilateral effort especially with an accent on the private sector's role. He expressed a hope that a private sector visit to Jamaica could be arranged soon.

Secretary Haig stated that the problem is not simply one of debt service and emergency credits. Rebuilding the economy was the core problem. And that meant private initiatives in encouraging bauxite, tourism, agriculture. The core, he stressed, was the private economy and the need to focus on unemployment. Finally, he also agreed that short term aid--three years perhaps--was needed as well.

Classified & Extended
by Richard V. Allen
Reason for Ext: NSC 1.13(a)

DECLASSIFIED

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NLRR M3711# 60738

BY RW NARA DATE 6/22/15

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36

The Prime Minister announced that there were some 38 positive investment decisions mostly U.S. There have been 34 local positive decisions as well. This amounts to some \$250 million, and although some won't go through--half that number would be a very strong start after three months in office.

The Prime Minister, however, strongly stressed that it is necessary to cut through red tape. It is important to organize a superstaff with one man with the responsibility to get things moving. Work must be done quickly because honeymoons don't last. He clearly implicated that such action should be taken both by Jamaica and the U.S. That way joint ventures and other actions can be expedited.

The Deputy Prime Minister made a very specific request, that is, that OPIC insurance coverage be restored to Jamaica. Without OPIC coverage, major U.S. investors might not expand or begin operations in Jamaica. This is particularly true with expansion of bauxite operations.

The Deputy Prime Minister also said the Jamaican Government was setting up an investment committee that would, among other things, review tax policy regarding foreign investment.

The Vice-President at the request of the President observed that the Jamaican election was widely welcomed in the U.S. He hoped that consultations between our governments would fulfill the hopes raised in both countries. He was looking for changes in the Caribbean and Central America and that we would not be "unrelaxed" about Castro. He pledged cooperation with our friends and even less than friendly regimes in order to assure positive change in the region.

To the specific question of OPIC insurance, Mr. Rashish stated that a mid-level technical team was going to Jamaica to study the question, and that would be followed by a visiting senior OPIC officer. He did not believe the OPIC issue would be difficult to resolve.

Finally, the Prime Minister said that he had not touched on the short term problems which would be reserved for this afternoon. He expressed a hope for often and high level conversations and contacts on mutual problems and concerns.

The President expressed his agreement with the Prime Minister's suggestions, and the meeting ended.

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37

TO: Richard V. Allen

FROM: Roger W. Fontaine

RE: MemCon with Prime Minister Seaga's telephone call to RWF

DATE: January 27, 1981

The Prime Minister called late last night and asked if we would have a chance to meet. I said that Judy and I were invited to tonight's State Department reception. He then suggested that we could talk a bit after the reception at Blair House.

He then asked for Dick Stone's phone number.

DECLASSIFIED

Sec. 3A(b), E.O. 12958, as amended
White House Guidelines, Sept. 11, 2006
AT NARA, *anf* DATE 1/8/09

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RECEIVED 30 JAN 81 12

TO FILE

FROM ALLEN *sent 1/8/81*

DOCDATE 28 JAN 81

38

FONTAINE

KEYWORDS: JAMAICA

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

SEAGA, EDWARD

SUBJECT: MEMCON OF PRES JAN 28 MTG W/ PM SEAGA

ACTION: FOR RECORD PURPOSES DUE: STATUS C FILES PA

FOR ACTION

FOR COMMENT

FOR INFO

TYSON

NAU

COMMENTS *2/3* Mr. Nau: Pls prepare a memo for Allen seeking approval of atched Memcon. We will pass along NSC concurrence to state by way of a memo fm Tyson to Tarnoff. Thanks L.

REF# LOG 8100043 8100102 NSCIFID (C/C)

ACTION OFFICER (S)	ASSIGNED	ACTION REQUIRED	DUE	COPIES TO
<i>Expensed</i>	<i>2/3</i>	<i>leid 2/3 81 02968</i>		<i>Tyson</i>
<i>HN</i>	<i>S 2/3</i>	<i>request memo to allen 2/6</i>		
<i>Allen</i>	<i>X 2/9</i>	<i>for decision</i>	<i>2/11</i>	<i>CI</i>
	<i>2/11</i>	<i>RVA appt recon</i>		<i>HN</i>
<i>CF</i>	<i>S 2/11</i>	<i>Memo Tyson to Bremer 2/12</i>		<i>CF HN</i>
DISPATCH <i>mid</i>	<i>C 2/13</i>	<i>long pgs memo to Bremer</i>		<i>PA (C) MB</i>

W/ATTCH

FILE

PA

(C) MB

60739

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

~~SECRET~~

January 28, 1981

46

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT'S FILE

FROM: RICHARD V. ALLEN

SUBJECT: Meeting with Former Governor John Connally
100 January 28, 1981

Governor Connally came to discuss the matter of a possible basing arrangement in the Persian Gulf at Ra's al Khayman, a small state belonging to the United Arab Emirates and owner of the Greater and Lesser Tumbs, islands situated in the Persian Gulf and presently occupied by Iran. (S)

Governor Connally explained that in the discussion with Sheik Khalid al Sakir al Kasemi (phonetic), son of the ruler of Ra's al Khaymah, the subject of possible basing arrangements for the United States Fleet and aircraft came up. The port facilities available provide deep draft, and apparently the Sheik is interested in repairing and stationing vessels. He mentioned that troops accompanying such facilities would be acceptable in the region. In addition, there is a thirteen thousand foot runway at its modern airport, which is virtually an unused facility. (S)

The Sheik is also the head of one of the three UAE military divisions, and in approximately 1972 came to the United States and met with State Department officials, including Under Secretary Sisco. At that time he inquired if the United States would like to utilize the Tumbs, but the response was apparently negative. (S)

Governor Connally feels that the facilities offered at Ra's al Khaymah could be of significance. (S)

Since he is leaving today for London and intends to see the Sheik while there, the President directed that I should follow up with the contact provided by Governor Connally. I agreed to do this and will await further word and contact. (S)

~~SECRET~~

Review on January 28, 2001
Classified & Extended by R. V. Allen
Reason: NSC 1.13(e)

DECLASSIFIED

NLRR M3711 #60739
BY RW NARA DATE 4/9/18

01/30/81

re: 0152

cc. *Muller* - done
Baker - done
Jo Garner - done

RICHARD V. ALLEN

WASHINGTON

UNCLASSIFIED UPON REMOVAL
OF CLASSIFIED ENCLOSURES

SM 1/8/81

RECEIVED 29 JAN 81 14

42

TO ALLEN

FROM NAU

DOCDATE 28 JAN 81

KEYWORDS: JAMAICA

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

SEAGA, EDWARD

ROCKEFELLER, DAVID

SUBJECT: TALKERS FOR PRES JAN 28 PHONE CALL TO PM SEAGA

ACTION: FOR INFORMATION

DUE:

STATUS IP FILES

FOR ACTION

FOR COMMENT

FOR INFO

PRES

POATS

NAU

COMMENTS

REF#

LOG 8100043

NSCIFID

(H /)

ACTION OFFICER (S) ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED DUE COPIES TO

C 1/29 noted by The Allen w/comment 70, 100

DISPATCH

W/ATTCH

FILE

(Handwritten initials in a circle)

(C)

★

1/29/81

43

43

Send Henry Han
and ~~Walter~~ Poals

Copies of my memo
to (P) last
night detailing
where we stand on
this

RICHARD V. ALLEN

WASHINGTON

MEMORANDUM

0102

60740

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

January 28, 1981

44

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: RICHARD V. ALLEN
SUBJECT: Your Telephone Call to Prime
Minister Seaga This Evening

You indicated that you wished to call Prime Minister Seaga this evening to check on the progress of the agenda which developed from our meeting.

Secretary Haig called me to report the following:

- (1) David Rockefeller would agree to assist the effort and to lead a business group to Jamaica for the purpose of investigating investment prospects.
- (2) Secretary Haig has spoken with Robert McNamara of the World Bank and McNamara has agreed to lead a group of donor nations. However, Haig believes that the price will be the replenishment for the International Development Association, a contentious issue within our Administration. Many oppose this replenishment which is for multilateral lending purposes within the World Bank.
- (3) IMF funding -- it appears that we will get slightly more than \$10 million untied for the purpose of Jamaican requirements.
- (4) Overseas Private Investment Corporation -- OPIC. This issue is somewhat tougher, inasmuch as it requires getting private banks to change their risk assessment of Jamaican stability.
- (5) Secretary Haig believes he can have another \$7 million in aid funds for Jamaica within about three weeks, although Prime Minister Seaga really "had this in his pocket" when he came here and knows about it. Nonetheless, it forms part of our package.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Review on January 28, 1987

DECLASSIFIED

NLRR M371/1 # 60740
BY RW NARA DATE 6/22/15

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(6) Secretary Haig has designated \$5 million in PL-480 funds which would be added to the \$10 million that Seaga already has. The \$5 million will be taken out of Nicaragua's allocation.

(7) Convention Tax Relief -- Secretary Regan was unhappy about granting it, primarily because many Caribbean nations would like to have it. Secretary Haig argued that those nations could negotiate with the President, which Seaga has just done. In response to my questions to how quickly this might move, Haig indicated that it could occur relatively quickly.

Secretary Haig and I are seeking a meeting with the Prime Minister tomorrow morning at Blair House. Your call, therefore, should allude to your feeling that progress is being made on many of the items requested, and that you have tasked Secretary Haig and me to make an interim report to the Prime Minister before he leaves tomorrow morning.

Secretary Haig and I believe this will be an appropriate method for giving the Prime Minister something with which to return to Jamaica. If you have other desires, I will be available this evening through the Signal Board or the Situation Room.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

46

January 28, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR: RICHARD V. ALLAN

THROUGH: CHARLES TYSON

FROM: HENRY NAU *HN*

Meeting between Regan and Seaga on specific of Seaga's request did not result in anything concrete. Regan was not prepared to respond. Said President had given priority to domestic economic package and Regan had not had time to look at Jamaica's proposals. Said the requests would be staffed out and Regan would be back to Seaga. Seaga did not disguise some disappointment at this lack of response.

Is it important that Seaga leave with something concrete? *yes* If so, one possibility is announcement by Seaga or by US of the dispatch of high level group of US businessmen to Jamaica to investigate opportunities for US business and investment and to advise the US and Jamaican government on how best to assist Jamaican recovery and development. Bushnell and Bush approached David Rockefeller at luncheon about leading such a group. Rockefeller is going to Jamaica in early March for other reasons. He agreed in principle that idea was a good one.

If it is thought advisable to proceed with this idea in time to announce it before Seaga leaves, the following steps are necessary:

1. Have someone call Regan to ask him to formally request that David Rockefeller assume the role of organizing a three man steering group to lead a larger delegation of chief executive officers of American companies to Jamaica in early March. (It is appropriate for Regan to do this since it would compensate for the lack of response this afternoon.)
2. Suggest to Rockefeller the names of individuals to serve with him on the steering group. I am collecting some names.
3. Rockefeller might be able to arrange all of this at the reception this evening if he is notified before then (Reception scheduled for 8 p.m. at Blair House.)