

# WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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THOMAS, M

25

DOC NO	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
1	LETTER	DEAVER TO WILLIAM ROBINSON (PARTIAL)	1	4/19/1983	B6
2	LETTER	WILLIAM ROBINSON TO DEAVER (PARTIAL)	1	4/8/1983	B6

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
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- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE  
OFFICIAL TRAVEL AUTHORIZATION

No. 0366

(TRAVELER TO COMPLETE SECTIONS 1-8.)

Date of Request April 18, 1983

1. TRAVELER

Name: Dennis E. LeBlanc  White House Staff

Extension: 377-1880 Room: XX 4725  Other Department of Commerce

2. PURPOSE(S) and DATE(S): with the President

May 5 - May 9, 1983

3. ITINERARY Washington, D.C. to Santa Barbara, California and return

(List all cities where stopover occurs.)

4. DEPARTURE:

RETURN:

Date: May 5, 1983 Date: May 9, 1983

Time: 9:00 AM Time: \_\_\_\_\_

Mode: military aircraft Mode: military aircraft

5. NATURE:  100% Official  100% Political

6. SIGNATURES:

Traveler: *Dennis E. LeBlanc*  
(I have read and agree to the terms set forth on the reverse side)

*Muller*  
Department Head

*J*  
Approving Officer  
(Special Assistant to the President for Administration)

7. ESTIMATED COSTS:

SPECIAL EXPENSES:

No. of Days Per Diem 5  Registration Fee of \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Hotel Name Sheraton  Commercial Car Rental

Hotel Daily Rate \$ \_\_\_\_\_  Excess Baggage

Other \_\_\_\_\_  Other \_\_\_\_\_

8. TRAVEL ADVANCE REQUESTED:  YES  No Amount: \$ ~~150.00~~ 125.00

Signature of Recipient: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

REPAID: Amount \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Schedule \_\_\_\_\_ Balance this trip \_\_\_\_\_

9. FOR TRANSPORTATION OFFICE USE ONLY:

GTR No. \_\_\_\_\_ Amount \$ \_\_\_\_\_

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

April 18, 1983

Dear George:

Thanks for taking the time to commend the staff who worked so tirelessly on the Queen's visit, namely, Jim Kuhn, Bill Sittmann and Andy Stringor. I certainly appreciate the input and have taken the liberty of sending each a copy of your letter.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

MICHAEL K. DEAVER  
Assistant to the President  
Deputy Chief of Staff

The Honorable George Deukmejian  
Governor of the State of California  
Governor's Office  
Sacramento, CA 95814



GEORGE DEUKMEJIAN  
GOVERNOR

State of California  
GOVERNOR'S OFFICE  
SACRAMENTO 95814

916/445-2841

April 8, 1983

Mr. Michael Deaver  
Office of the President  
The White House  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mike,

I would like to take this opportunity to express my appreciation to the White House Staff for the fine job they did, and for the tremendous cooperation they gave to us during the visit of Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II and The Prince Philip.

In particular, I would like to commend Mr. Jim Kuhn, Mr. Bill Sitman and Mr. Andy Stringor. Their professional manner and dedication to duty were in great measure responsible for the success of the event.

Most cordially,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "George".

George Deukmejian

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 18, 1983

Dear A. C.:

Thanks so much for taking the time to send Ben Stein's column. I agree with you - it was great.

The choice of David Rose is a good one. I'm anxious to see the finished product.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

MICHAEL K. DEEVER  
Assistant to the President  
Deputy Chief of Staff

Mr. A. C. Lyles  
Productions, Inc.  
2115 Linda Flora Drive  
Los Angeles, CA 90024



April 7, 1983

*Thanks*

Mr. Michael K. Deaver  
Deputy Chief of Staff and  
Assistant to the President  
The White House  
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mike:

I am enclosing a copy of a column, "A Man Who Keeps His Promises", by Ben Stein which appeared Monday, April 4, on the editorial page of the Los Angeles Herald Examiner. It is one of the most intelligent columns I have read regarding the President and I wish it could get wide circulation.

I have the final cut on DEAR MR. PRESIDENT and it looks great. I am sure you will like it. I have contracted for David Rose to write the musical score. Among his many music credits are "Little House on the Prairie" and "Bonanza". DEAR MR. PRESIDENT will be completed in approximately three weeks and I will be most anxious for you to see it.

Martha joins me in sending much love to you and Carolyn.

As always,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "A.C. Lyles".

A. C. Lyles

ACL/mad  
Enclosure



# A man who keeps his promises

**BEN  
STEIN**

Suppose that a man campaigned for president on the following platform:

- Rebuild America's defenses;
- Stop inflation;
- Get government off the people's backs.

Suppose that man were elected and within the first two years he accomplished the following:

- Rebuilt America's defense readiness to the point where experienced military men felt that America was no longer helpless;
- Reduced inflation from 13 percent to about 3 percent;
- Drastically lowered government interference in the citizenry's lives by lowering taxes, cutting regulations and creating a climate of respect for private effort.

Suppose, in other words, that the president had basically achieved his goals and had done what he promised. Shouldn't we appreciate him? Shouldn't we feel thankful that we have a president who does what he tells us he will do?

Well, of course we should, and of course we don't. That is a pity, because Ronald Reagan is the first president since Dwight Eisenhower to do what he promised he would do, and he gets very little credit for it.

First, look at the record of presidents and promises. Kennedy promised to close the missile gap and to get America moving again.

abroad by abandoning friends and embracing enemies, and turned dreams into nightmares at home by wrecking the currency.

Honestly and truly, dear readers, what president since Eisenhower has basically kept all of his most important promises? Ronald Reagan and only Ronald Reagan.

Alas, instead of the gratitude of the citizenry, Ronald Reagan gets endless guff from uninformed and sometimes not very well-meaning people. Certainly, we are all free to make fun of the president's idiosyncrasies and inconsistencies. Certainly I enjoy doing it as much as the next guy. But at the end of the day, who else would have had the courage to screw down the inflation, even at the cost of real suffering, so that the nation would emerge stronger? Who else would have been able to stand up to all the whining about defense and demand that America defend itself? What other president would stand up and be counted about where anger lies in the world, and would have had the serenity and confidence to brave the mockery that resulted?

When I look across the political landscape and see the debris which passes for leaders, I can hardly believe we have a president who actually behaves like a leader, believes in something and will fight for something.

This is a confused age. Grown men and women demand that free countries turn over their freedoms

most interference in the citizen's lives by lowering taxes, cutting regulations and creating a climate of respect for private effort.

Suppose, in other words, that the president had basically achieved his goals and had done what he promised. Shouldn't we appreciate him? Shouldn't we feel thankful that we have a president who does what he tells us he will do?

Well, of course we should, and of course we don't. That is a pity, because Ronald Reagan is the first president since Dwight Eisenhower to do what he promised he would do, and he gets very little credit for it.

First, look at the record of presidents and promises. Kennedy promised to close the missile gap and to get America moving again. He tragically died prematurely, of course, but he really accomplished precious little except for starting up the money machine. Lyndon Johnson promised a war on poverty and victory in Vietnam. Instead, we got inflation, a full-scale war in Asia and a large bureaucracy stuffing their faces at the public trough. Richard Nixon promised peace with honor in Vietnam and full employment without inflation. Of course, Nixon was hamstrung by his critics, but he still fell far short of his goals.

Gerald Ford was and is a fine man, but he allowed the forced metamorphosis of Southeast Asia into a vast prison camp, mocking young America's sacrifice, and wrung his hands while his enemies gutted the Defense Department and the CIA. As for Jimmy Carter, he purposefully disarmed America, kissed Brezhnev while Brezhnev was ordering the use of poison gas in Laos, and made the Federal Reserve create the worst inflation since the Civil War. After promising a return to decency and morality, Carter virtually destroyed the credibility of America

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*Ben Stein writes a weekly column for the Herald.*

1977. Why would we have the courage to screw down the inflation, even at the cost of real suffering, so that the nation would emerge stronger? Who else would have been able to stand up to all the whining about defense and demand that America defend itself? What other president would stand up and be counted about where anger lies in the world, and would have had the serenity and confidence to brave the mockery that resulted?

When I look across the political landscape and see the debris which passes for leaders, I can hardly believe we have a president who actually behaves like a leader, believes in something and will fight for something.

This is a confused age. Grown men and women demand that free countries turn over their freedoms to dictatorships. Supposedly well-educated men and women stand up in Congress and say that by making ourselves weaker, we enlarge the chances for surviving the mortal struggle with people who hate us. College presidents and bishops tell their flocks that murder is something noble if it is done in the name of establishing despotism in Africa or Latin America. Scientists announce that they will not use their talents and energy to defend their country.

Businessmen beg for handouts for themselves and deny any obligation to the larger society. Media barons and baronesses refuse to understand the imperatives of history.

In a word, no one understands that a free society is precious, fragile, and needs nurturing and defense in a hostile world, except for our president. I think we are lucky to have him. I wish he could receive the thanks he deserves, and I suggest we all start to think about what our chances are if we get a president in 1985 as confused as the America he will have to lead. A clear-thinking leader can rescue a dizzy society. A wandering country with a wandering leader has dark days in store. ■



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 18, 1983

Dear Mr. Prescott:

Thank you for your very positive and supportive letter. You show the kind of dedication and loyalty that is so important to this Administration.

I have forwarded your resume to the Personnel Office.

Thanks, too, for sending the newspaper clippings.

Sincerely,

MICHAEL K. DEEVER  
Assistant to the President  
Deputy Chief of Staff

Mr. Charles D. Prescott, III  
Blue Ribbon Farms  
Route 7, Box 401  
Dublin, GA 31021

# Blue Ribbon Farms



FARM LOCATED FIVE MILES EAST OF DUBLIN ON ROUTE 80

CHARLES D. PRESCOTT, III

PHONE 912-272-1494

ROUTE 7, BOX 401

DUBLIN, GEORGIA 31021

Mr. Mike Deaver  
c/o The White House  
1600 Pennsylvania Ave.  
Washington, D.C.

JKM

4/7/83

Dear Mr. Deaver,

Please see enclosed photo-copies of some articles I thought verified the fact that Reaganomics is working and that President Reagan should run and be elected for a second term. It has been difficult being a Republican in Georgia, but I have kept the faith. As you recall Senator Goldwater carried Georgia in 1964 and I was his campaign manager at Middle Georgia College. Many of my classmates said that Senator Goldwater was a "nuclear warrior" and voted for Pres. Johnson. Some of them were killed in Viet Nam.

We want to put Georgia <sup>back</sup> in the Republican Party in 1984 and I intend<sup>n</sup> to do all I can to accomplish this task!

Sincerely,

Charles D. Prescott, III  
H

Enclosures:

REAGANOMICS  
LIVES!!

REAGANOMICS LIVES!

Does supply-side economics work? The booming stock market plus a turnaround in autos, housing and the like suggest that the supply-



KEMP

siders—who insisted that tax cuts and an easing of the money supply were important ingredients to any recovery—were right on the mark.

Moreover, Rep. Jack Kemp (R.-N.Y.), perhaps the leading supply-side champion in the House, has revealed just how well it has performed, even with the country in the grip of a recession. The cutting

MR. DEEVER

Please note  
Reaganomics is working!!  
Charles Prescott

MARCH 19, 1983 / Human Events / 3

of the top tax rates from 70 to 50 per cent, said Kemp, has already proved its worth, even though it was a liberal Democrat, Michigan Rep. William Brodhead, who spearheaded the move in the House back in 1981.

“Not that I fault the Democrats for agreeing to lower marginal tax rates for the rich,” said Kemp, “because it has turned out to be the best way to make high-income taxpayers pay more in revenues.” According to *Forbes* magazine, said Kemp, David Stockman’s Office of Management and Budget estimated that collections from this category of taxpayer would fall from \$77 billion in fiscal 1981 to about \$72 billion in 1982.

But what happened? The fiscal 1982 results are in, and the take from this category was \$85 billion, 10 per cent more than the year before. The proportion of U.S. income tax payments from this group was 29 per cent, up from 27 per cent.

In short, the Laffer-Kemp-Wanniski-Bell theory that cutting tax rates produces more federal revenues is not “voodoo economics” but a hard economic fact of life.

As Kemp remarked about the phenomenon, “Lowering the top tax rates has lured high-income taxpayers out of tax shelters and into more productive, job-producing—and taxable—investments. And revenues are up, not down, as a result.”

But somehow this crucial result of the Laffer Curve is not...

Laffer  
Curve in action has not been  
picked up by major dailies or TV news WHY?

Mr Deamer,

\*KEVIN Phillips?

SUNDAY, APRIL 3, 1983 The Atlanta Journal AND CONSTITUTION

# Democrats rival Republicans as party of suburban 'haves'

Chicago Sun-Times

WASHINGTON — The Democratic Party now rivals the Republicans as the party of the wealthy.

That was one of the surprising facts to emerge from a Chicago Sun-Times computer analysis of all 435 new congressional districts.

The image of the Republicans as the party of the 'haves' and the Democrats as the party of the 'haves-not' simply does not stand up in the 1980s.

From the Sun Belt in the Far West, the Democrats were about as successful as the Republicans in winning the most prosperous of the nation's congressional districts.

The Sun-Times used a computer to rank every district in the nation from the richest to the poorest, based on the typical value of single-family home and monthly rental of other housing.

In the wealthiest one-half of all

congressional districts, the Democrats held a majority — 115 to 103.

Even in the wealthiest one-third of all districts, the Democrats led the Republicans, holding 78 seats to the GOP's 67 seats.

Last November's election was the first held in the brand-new congressional districts with boundaries drawn from the 1980 census.

Theories that a decade of migration to suburbs and the Sun Belt would yield a Republican political bonanza simply didn't work out. The Democrats added 26 seats to their majority in the House of Representatives.

It would come as no surprise that the Democrats added seats in depressed Frost Belt cities groaning under the economic burdens of a long recession.

What is interesting, however, is that Democrats remained successful in new boundaries that reflect, for

the first time, the mass migration to the suburbs, the West and the Sun Belt.

In the conventional wisdom, a neat row of single-family homes in the suburbs was practically synonymous with the Republican Party.

Now the California suburban bungalow, the Minneapolis ranch house or the New York suburban rambler are about as likely to be represented by a Democrat as a Republican.

California is a case in point. It dominates the top of the list of the nation's wealthy areas, accounting for 18 of the 32 richest districts.

But those 18 super-rich districts divided exactly evenly between Republicans and Democrats.

The Democrats competed successfully for most suburban districts outside Denver, Colo., Minneapolis, New York City and Washington, D.C.,

For Mike Deamer!!!

This study illustrates that the Republican party is <sup>not</sup> the party of "the haves!" The national news media never picks up studies like this.

Charla Prescott 4/4

*Mrs. William  
Thought this article  
was right  
on target!  
Charles  
Proust*



# Incentive Works

In human motivation, there is no substitute for incentive—that is, the desire, for one reason or another, to achieve a certain objective.

It is true that there are rare individuals—sometimes great geniuses—who will work their hearts out without any expectation of monetary reward,

simply to accomplish something of benefit for the human race. Their incentive, realized or not, is probably to achieve immortality through fame.

However, the great majority do not belong in this category. Their motivation and incentive is generally either to do less work or to obtain more money



for what they do.

Let us consider some specific examples. In general, government employees have little or no incentive to increase or improve production. Those in private enterprise have a precisely opposite motivation.

By and large, in spite of any and all pressure from without, people will do, or tend to do, what satisfies personal or collective incentive.

## SLAVES AND WAGE-EARNERS

Thus it was that American slaves could normally be forced to produce only under the whip or by threat of starvation. They were found to be practically useless and worthless in Northern factories for two reasons:

- ✱ They would not produce; and
- ✱ They could not be trusted to handle valuable machinery.

This may have contributed to bringing on the so-called Civil War.

Slavery penetrated the North only to a very small extent, because the Blacks could not or would not do the kind of work required in that area. Wage workers, on the other hand, were responsible for their own maintenance and were willing to produce and take good care of the machines in order to protect their jobs and future income.

## BUREAUCRATS

I have seen crews of public maintenance workers spend a whole year "working" on a project that would have been completed in a few weeks by persons with an incentive to produce. Thus the public employees try to do as little as possible—in order to expend less effort, but, even more important, to make more easy jobs available.

✱ You may wonder why the agents of the Internal Revenue Service evince such zeal and are so ferocious in their attempts to collect money from the taxpayers. Well, at one time, many of them not only accepted, but solicited bribes, in order to give evaders a clean bill of health. When this scandal was exposed

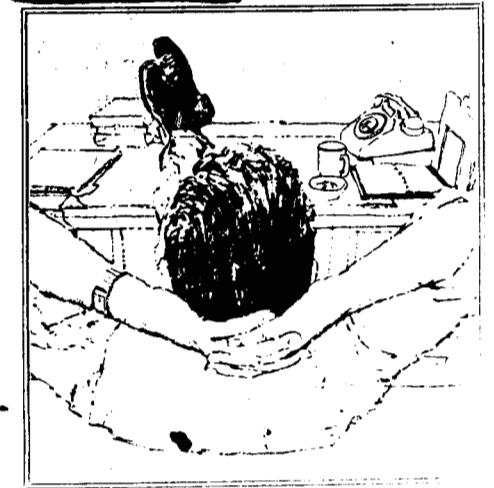
in the 1950s, more subtle motivations were substituted.

It has been widely rumored that operatives receive commissions on excess collections. This has been hotly denied. But it is certain that auditors who collect the most money with the least expenditure of time are in line for promotions, higher pay, more power and eventual generous pensions and possibly judgeships in the Tax Court.

When public employees have no function except to give some kind of service to the public, they seek to multiply their numbers, increase their emoluments and do the least work possible.

I discovered 25 years ago in Detroit that the bureaucrats who administered the program known as Aid to Dependent Children—that is, welfare for illegitimates—were so anxious to find new "clients" that they encouraged women to give birth to numerous offspring although they had "no man in the house." Whenever several new cases were found, there was another job for a bureaucrat. Those who administered the program consumed well over 40 percent of its entire cost.

I could go on and on with similar examples *ad infinitum*. But I think that I have made my point: There is no substitute for incentive.



Resume of:  
Charles D. Prescott, III

[REDACTED]  
Dublin, GA 31021  
(Route 7)  
912-272-1494

OBJECTIVE

Seeking a position relating to sales or sales management.

EDUCATION

1964 to 1965 Middle Georgia College  
1965 to 1967 University of Georgia, BA Degree, Political  
Science and Economics

EXPERIENCE

1974 to Present Farming Partnership with father, Dublin, GA  
1973 to 1974 Commodity Futures Broker, du Pont Walston &  
Peavey Company. Chicago, Ill. & Atlanta, GA  
1970 to 1973 District Sales Manager, Swift & Co. Chicago,  
Ill. & Atlanta, GA  
1968 to 1970 S.E. District Sales Representative, Syntex  
Laboratories, Palo Alto, CA Salesman of the  
Year-1969.  
1967 to 1968 Alarm Sales Engineer, Wells Fargo, Div. of Baker  
Industries, Atlanta, GA  
1959 to 1963 US Navy, Aviation Electronics Tech. & Aircrew-  
man, PO-2 (E-5), Honorable Discharge.

PERSONAL

Marital Status: Single  
Relocation: Willing to relocate for right opportunity.  
Travel: Traveling a territory presents no problem.  
Physical: Excellent.  
Financial: Excellent.  
Civic & Social: Lambda Chi Alpha, Phi Theta Kappa, Demosthenian  
Debating Society, Elk, Moose, U. of GA Alumni  
Society, Toastmaster's, Former Scoutmaster, Jay-  
cee State Officer, F.&A.M., Ducks Unlimited.  
GEORGIA REPUBLICAN PARTY (SINCE 1964)

REFERENCES FURNISHED UPON REQUEST.

- 1-MR. ROSS PEROT c/o EDS, INC. DALLAS, TX.
- 2-SENATOR THAD MATTINGLY (R. GA.) U.S. SENATE WASHINGTON,
- 3-MR. NEWT GINGRICH (R. GA.) U.S. Congressman D.C.
4. SENATOR THAD COCHRAN, U.S. SENATE, WASHINGTON, D.C.
5. MR. HALEY BARBOUR (CANDIDATE FOR THE U.S. SENATE) YAZOO CITY, MISS

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 18, 1983

Dear Cliff:

Thanks again for your thoughtfulness in sending the copy of the April 4th broadcast. We certainly appreciate your support.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

MICHAEL K. DEEVER  
Assistant to the President  
Deputy Chief of Staff

Mr. Clifford Evans  
Vice President  
Washington News Bureau  
RKO General Broadcasting  
1750 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20006



# RKO GENERAL BROADCASTING

1750 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. • WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006 • AREA CODE 202 638-1750

CLIFFORD EVANS  
VICE PRESIDENT  
WASHINGTON NEWS BUREAU

April 8, 1983

Dear Mike,

I thought you'd enjoy a copy of the enclosed, which was broadcast Sunday as an Overnight for Monday morning of this week.

Regards,

*Cliff*

\_\_\_\_\_

*Thank*

Michael K. Deaver  
The White House

NEW YORK: WOR AM-TV-WXLO FM • LOS ANGELES: KHJ AM-TV-KRTH FM • BOSTON: WNAC TV-WRKO AM-WROR FM  
SAN FRANCISCO: KFRC AM • WASHINGTON, D.C.: WGMS AM-FM • MEMPHIS: WHBQ AM-TV  
CHICAGO: WFYR • FT. LAUDERDALE—MIAMI: WAXY





## RKO GENERAL BROADCASTING

1750 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. • WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006 • AREA CODE 202 638-1750

CLIFFORD EVANS

VICE PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON NEWS BUREAU

(Clifford Evans Broadcast 4/4/83)

He is a tough man. He knows what he wants. He is a first-class negotiator. He is very determined.

15 years ago, Ronald Reagan said that our Government is too large. As President of the United States, he said it again -- and he has been reducing the size of the Federal Government.

10 years ago, Ronald Reagan said there are too many nuclear missiles in the world -- and now, as President, he has said it again.

Now we are in a confrontation with the Russians over Nuclear Missiles. Mr. Reagan calls the Russians names. They respond in kind.

But Mr. Reagan wants to reduce nuclear missiles. He is trying hard. And he is off on a Special Adventure.

From the White House, Clifford Evans, RKO General Broadcasting

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 19, 1983

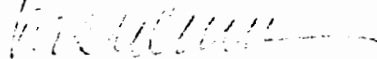
Dear Fraulein Trebitsch:

I have carefully reviewed the kind letters from you and Fraulein Sylvia Stolze about the possibility of Trebitsch Produktion International GmbH doing a personal "portrait" of President Reagan.

Regretfully, I believe it will be impossible for the necessary arrangements to be made at any time in the foreseeable future, at least if any substantial time commitment by the President would be required. The President's schedule is such that he would simply not be able to make that kind of commitment, if such is what your company envisions.

Your interest in this project is greatly appreciated, and I apologize if any misunderstandings may have arisen about whether the President would be able to participate personally in this venture. Please accept my sincere thanks for your interest in this idea, and my best wishes both to you and to Fraulein Stolze.

Sincerely,



MICHAEL K. DEEVER  
Assistant to the President  
Deputy Chief of Staff

Fraulein Katharina Trebitsch  
Trebitsch Produktion International GmbH  
Amtsgericht Hamburg 66 Hrb 9395  
Tonndorfer Hauptstrasse 90  
200 Hamburg 70  
Federal Republic of Germany

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 18, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR MICHAEL K. DEEVER  
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT  
DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING  
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Letter from Katharina Trebitsch re:  
Proposed "Portrait" of the President

I have reviewed both Fraulein Trebitsch's letter to you about her company's proposal to do a "portrait" of the President to be "transmitted" in Germany, and the earlier letter to you from Fraulein Sylvia Stolze of the same company, in which Stolze refers to her conversations with you about this idea at a White House dinner attended by German diplomats.

Based on this, it is unclear to me what conversations you and Stolze may have had on this topic. Evidently, the company (Trebitsch Produktion International GmbH, located in Hamburg) believes you have indicated you will cooperate in arranging for it to do this "portrait" of the President. (My assumption, given the fact that Trebitsch's is a "produktion" company and the references in Stolze's letter to the "German networks," is that "portrait" refers to a television show, not a painting.)

Without knowing more, I suspect that unwarranted significance may have been attached to the kind of casually interested comments you may have made during dinner conversation as a polite host. In all events, I think we should politely defuse any notions that the President has agreed to this proposal or that you have agreed to cooperate in such an endeavor. Given the time commitments necessarily involved for any Presidential participation in a project of this kind and the possibility of giving offense to others if special arrangements are made with one group of foreign nationals, it is doubtful whether the President should agree to this German proposal, at least if any time commitment on his part is involved.

Hence, attached for your review and signature is a proposed letter to Trebitsch politely putting this idea to rest, and apologizing for any misunderstanding. If, however, you think there is anything else I should know about this proposal before a final response is made, please advise. Thank you.

Attachment

TPI  
TREBITSCH PRODUKTION INTERNATIONAL GMBH

Mr. Michael Deaver  
Assistant to the President  
The White House  
Washington D.C.

124088

*CU*

Hamburg, 3rd February, 1983

Dear Mr. Deaver,

we are successfully pursuing the planning for a portrait about the  
President of the United States, Mr. Ronald Reagan.

Enclosed please find a copy of a letter already sent to you. Refer-  
ring to our project we would like to ask whether there would be a  
chance for a personal meeting in Washington so we could talk about  
further details of the project.

I am looking forward hearing from you and would like to thank you  
very much in advance for the efforts taken.

With best wishes,

*you Katharina Trebitsch*  
Katharina Trebitsch

TPI  
TREBITSCH PRODUKTION INTERNATIONAL GMBH

Mr.  
Michael Deaver  
Assistant to the President  
The White House

Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. Deaver,

I often think of the wonderful evening, which I had the opportunity to spend at The White House as a member of the German delegation in your and the Foreign Secretary Mr. Weinberger's company.

During this evening we talked about the idea for making a personal portrait of the President of the United States of America, which should be transmitted in Germany. We have informed the German networks about your kindly offer of cooperation in this matter. The reaction towards a project like this one was extremely positive. We would be able to start the production work when ever it would be suitable from your point of view.

Would you be so kind as to let us know when there would be an occasion for a personal meeting with the staff involved by your side. I am looking forward to our joint venture.

Wishing you a happy New Year with  
kindest regards

Sincerely yours,

Sylvia Stolze

P.S.

As to give you an idea of what our  
production activities have been last  
year enclosed please find our  
catalogue.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 19, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR AMBASSADOR SELWA ROOSEVELT  
CHIEF OF PROTOCOL  
THE STATE DEPARTMENT

FROM: MICHAEL K. DEEVER *Mike*  
DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF

SUBJECT: THE BLAIR HOUSE

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I would like to request the use of the Blair House for a luncheon on June 23, 1983. The luncheon would be hosted by the American Council of Young Political Leaders of which I am a member of the Board of Directors.

Thank you.

# WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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1 LETTER

1 4/19/1983 B6

DEAVER TO WILLIAM ROBINSON (PARTIAL)

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**Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]**

**B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]**

**B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]**

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**B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]**

**B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]**

**B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]**

**C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.**



THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

April 19, 1983

Dear Mr. Robinson:

Thanks for letting me know of your meeting with Tom Burnham of Detroit and other Eagles. It's always good to be reassured that good things are happening on the outside and that there are those of you who continue to carry out the President's programs.

*b(6)*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
~~REDACTED~~

Sincerely,

MICHAEL K. DEEVER  
Assistant to the President  
Deputy Chief of Staff

Mr. William J. Robinson  
Director  
Washington Office  
Tosco Corporation  
2000 L Street, N.W., Suite 702  
Washington, D.C. 20036

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2 LETTER

1 4/8/1983 B6

WILLIAM ROBINSON TO DEAVER (PARTIAL)

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TOSCO CORPORATION

2000 L STREET, N.W., SUITE 702  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20036  
202/223-9200

WILLIAM J. ROBINSON

DIRECTOR  
WASHINGTON OFFICE

April 8, 1983

Mr. Michael Deaver  
The White House  
Washington, D.C. 20500

*Threats*

Dear Mike:

I recently had the pleasure of meeting with Mr. Tom Burnham of Detroit and other prominent "Eagles" who are working hard on industrial and job development issues which will be very helpful to the nation -- and to 1984. Tom's energy and dedication on behalf of the President is superb, which I am sure you already know! Tom is with the Rose, Schmidt, Dixon and Hasley law firm of Pittsburg and Washington, D.C. a really first-class group.

*b(6)*

~~REDACTED~~  
~~REDACTED~~  
~~REDACTED~~  
~~REDACTED~~

Best personal regards,

*Bill Robinson*

William J. Robinson

WJR:llr  
Enc.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

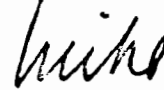
April 19, 1983

Dear Tony:

Thanks for your letter about Douglas Riggs and the copy of your letter to Faith Whittlesey. I will certainly keep your comments in mind for future reference.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,



MICHAEL K. DEEVER  
Assistant to the President  
Deputy Chief of Staff

The Honorable Langhorne A. Motley  
Ambassador to Brazil  
Embassy of the United States of America  
Brasilia, Brazil



EMBASSY OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
Brasilia, Brazil

March 23, 1983

The Honorable Michael K. Deaver  
Deputy Chief of Staff and  
Assistant to the President  
The White House  
Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Mike:

It was good to see you last week, and I see by the newspapers that you are well on the way to taking EPA off the front page. Well done.


I have attached a letter I just sent to Ambassador Faith R. Whittlesey on behalf of Douglas A. Riggs. Doug was a person I would have asked to take with me had the deal we discussed come to fruition, in fact, any further move I make I plan to include Riggs--I think that highly of him.

I think he is what you need in the labor slot of Public Liaison. He and I have discussed at great length the need to win back the "Joe Lunch Bucket" crowd in 1984 that you know better than most was the backbone of the President's constituency, and the challenges of doing this against the opposition of organized labor--especially on the Washington scene. It can be done and Doug, I think, has some good ideas on how to finesse the hierarchy of Labor and get down to the grassroots.

Riggs understands Labor's thinking and is respected by them. He is Washington and Hill-wise and exceptionally ethical. He has no hang-ups about doing grunt chores, yet he is also a meticulous strategist. He speaks and writes clearly and succinctly.

In short, if I move from here, he's the one guy I want to backstop me, because I know from experience he not only picks up the pieces behind me but is also a wise and canny counsel. Hope to be back in Washington in about two months. Now that you have sorted out EPA, Labor is your next challenge.

Sincerely,

  
Langhorne A. Motley  
Ambassador

Enclosure (1)  
Ltr to AMB Whittlesey



EMBASSY OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
Brasilia, Brazil

March 23, 1983

The Honorable  
Faith R. Whittlesey  
Ambassador  
American Embassy  
Bern, Switzerland

Dear Ambassador Whittlesey:

Thank you for seeing Douglas A. Riggs on such short notice. I well recognize the demands on your time and appreciate your courtesy. Most of all, I hope you found it useful.

Let me give you my analysis of Riggs and some of his strengths. I have known Doug since 1975, and in that period of time he has worked for me twice and the rest of the time we were closely allied either in political campaigns or in battles on the Hill. Riggs' greatest strengths are his judgment, ethics, attention to detail, and a rare political sense. He serves as Senator Murkowski's personal lawyer (and was his campaign counsel) and at the same time is one of the three top confidants of Ted Stevens' campaign machinery in Alaska. He cleaned up a corruption-ridden State Housing Authority in 1975 in a manner no one thought possible and although I got the credit, he did the work. He was the policeman in Senator Murkowski's political campaign, insuring that we complied with all the laws, filings, etc. and inspite of herculean efforts by the Democratic opponent Murkowski's filings were all timely, complete and above reproach.

Doug's labor experience is rather unique. He worked as a lawyer for the Teamsters' during the build-up of the TransAlaska Pipeline on many of the negotiations that had nation-wide ramifications. Later in 1979, he became the Anchorage managing partner of a large Seattle firm and won eight out of eight labor cases, including two of the largest in recent years in Alaska. He represented management in these cases, and I know from personal experience that the labor people in Alaska--even those he beat--have a tremendous amount of respect for Doug.

In summary, I think that Doug is more than capable to serve the President in a position of trust. He is loyal to the President, well respected on the Hill and in the Labor movement, politically savvy and very ethical. Once again, thanks for seeing Doug.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Langhorne A. Motley', written in a cursive style.

Langhorne A. Motley  
Ambassador

Copy to: Mike Deaver, The White House