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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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СОРҮ – Reagan Presidential Record

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA] B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

E.O. 13233

C. Closed In accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM B. LACY DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Proposed Letter to Rep. Bob Badham

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced letter and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT H. TUTTLE DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF PRESIDENTIAL PERSONNEL

FROM: RICHARD A. HAUSER Original signed by RAH DEPUTY COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

. **

SUBJECT: Acting Chairman for Newly-Created Farm Credit Administration Board

You have asked for our views on the effect of the resignation of Donald Wilkinson as Acting Chairman of the Farm Credit Administration. In particular, you have asked if a current PAS could be detailed to act as Chairman under the Vacancy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 3347. Although the issue is not free from doubt, we cannot recommend proceeding under the Vacancy Act in this instance.

Section 201 of the Farm Credit Amendments Act of 1985, Pub. L. 99-205, restructured the Farm Credit Administration. Under the old system the President appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, the members of the Federal Farm Credit Board, and that Board, in turn, appointed the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration. The Governor basically served as the chief executive officer of the Administration. Under the new system, the President appoints, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a three-member Farm Credit Administration Board, including a Chairman who serves as the chief executive officer of the Administration.

Congress specified in Section 402 of the Act that the Governor under the old system serve as Chairman under the new system until confirmation of the new Chairman (and serve as the new Board until confirmation of at least two members of the new Board). The last Governor, now serving as Chairman, has advised that he will resign effective March 28. Although nominations for the new Board and Chairman have been announced, it is unlikely that the Senate will act on them prior to March 28.

It is unclear whether the Vacancy Act applies to positions, such as that of the new Chairman of the Farm Credit Administration, that have never been filled. The Vacancy Act may be invoked when "the head of an Executive department...dies, resigns, or is sick or absent...." 5 U.S.C. § 3345. Since there has as yet never been a head of the restructured Farm Credit Administration, it is difficult to see how this language applies to the present case.

In addition, Congress has specifically addressed the question of how to handle the interim period before a Chairman is confirmed. Under Section 402, the Governor under the old system serves until the new Chairman is in place. The President, however, does not appoint the Governor -- the old Board does. It is therefore doubtful that the President has the power under the Vacancy Act to appoint an Acting Governor, to serve as Acting Chairman.

The preferable course of action would be to follow the normal delegation order for succession to the position of Governor and have the individual that would normally succeed to the responsibilities of Governor by virtue of delegation from the current Governor, serve as Acting Chairman. We have discussed this with the General Counsel of the Farm Credit Administration, and this is the course of action they contemplate. (Since the next in line to succeed the Governor is Marvin Duncan, one of the pending nominees, he will probably be skipped over to avoid complicating his confirmation).

RAH/JGR:jmk cc: RAHauser JGRoberts subject chron.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVID L. CHEW STAFF SECRETARY AND DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: H.R. 3851: Alaska Lands Act Amendment

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced enrolled bill and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: White House Curator

You have asked that I review several issues surrounding the position of the White House Curator and the various groups concerned with the preservation of the historic aspects of the White House, including the Committee for the Preservation of the White House ("the Committee"), the White House Historical Association ("the Association"), and the White House Preservation Fund ("the Fund"). In particular, you have asked that I review a proposal to revise Executive Order 11145, which established the Committee and provided for a Curator, that would change the name of and alter the composition of the Committee. In addition, you asked that I consider whether the Curator may be paid by the Association or the Fund for his Government service.

In brief, I have no legal objection to the proposal to revise the Executive Order. Several minor changes will need to be made in the suggested revision submitted to you by the President of the Fund, but the general substance of that revision presents no problems. I have also concluded that the Curator may be paid by the Association or the Fund to serve as Curator. The Office of Legal Counsel of the Department of Justice concurs in this conclusion. That office strongly recommends, however, that the description of the duties of the Curator be revised in the new Executive Order to eliminate the most serious potential conflict of interest problem that would arise if the Curator were paid by the Association or the Fund. Justice would, however, clear the new Executive Order even if this recommendation were not adopted.

Payment of Curator By Private Organization

The White House Curator may serve without Federal compensation, and as a general matter may be paid by a private organization for serving as Curator. In a memorandum opinion for you dated February 9, 1982, Assistant Attorney General for the Office of Legal Counsel, Theodore B. Olsen, concluded that "the White House Office may hire employees without compensation." Congress has set no minimum salary levels for White House Office employees, see 3 U.S.C. § 105, and the prohibition in 31 U.S.C. § 665(b) on acceptance of "voluntary service" does not apply to "gratuitous service," including service "provided by a government employee under a prior agreement assuring that the employee has no right to reimbursement from the Government." OLC Op., 3. The OLC opinion recommended that papers relating to the employment of volunteers specify that they will not receive government compensation; this should be done in the present case as well.

Not only may the Curator serve without Government compensation, he may also be paid for his service to the Government by a private organization. The OLC opinion cited above concluded that "[t]here is no blanket prohibition against private organizations paying the salaries of White House Office volunteers." OLC Op., 8. The prohibition in 18 U.S.C. § 209(a) against a Federal officer or employee receiving any salary or supplementation of salary from a private source as compensation for government service does not apply to employees serving without compensation, see 18 U.S.C. § 209(c).

Conflict of Interest

The OLC opinion cited above emphasized, however, that conflict of interest rules may "substantially limit the type of organizations that may pay the salaries of [volunteer] employees." OLC Op., 8. The opinion addressed the question of payment of White House volunteers by political organizations; conflicts problems are obviously less severe when the private organization is a 501(c)(3) entity not seeking any business relationship with the White House or Federal government in the usual sense. Nonetheless, as the recent controversy involving Lee Iacocca demonstrated, serious conflicts problems can arise, even in the context of advisory positions and 501(c)(3) organizations.

Under Executive Order 11145 the Curator is given responsibilities in two areas: Section 1(a) specifies that the Curator "shall assist in the preservation and protection" of the historical materials in the White House. Section 1(b) specifies that the Curator shall also report to the President concerning which articles the President should determine to be of historic or artistic interest pursuant to the Act of September 22, 1961, 3 U.S.C. § 110 note. Since the Association and Fund are involved in raising funds that may be used to acquire articles to be designated under the Act, it was the view of the Office of Legal Counsel that the Curator, if paid by the Association or Fund, would be presented with a serious conflict of interest in rendering advice on the designation question. The Office of Legal Counsel strongly urged deleting the Section 1(b) responsibilities in the new Executive Order, although it advised that it would clear a new order even if this change were not made.

I think deletion of the Section 1(b) responsibilities for the Curator makes eminent sense if he is to be paid by the Association or Fund. The clearest conflict that could arise under the proposed scenerio is the same one that arose with Lee Iacocca's simultaneous service on the 501(c)(3) organization raising funds for the Statue of Liberty restoration and the advisory committee formed to provide advice on how the funds should be spent. The Fund raises money that may be used to acquire specific historic articles, but the Curator -- paid by the Fund -- would be called on to provide advice to the President on the historic character of the articles.

Deletion of the Section 1(b) responsibilities also makes eminent sense in conjunction with a revitalization of the Committee in the new Executive Order -- this would give the new Committee something significant to do. Under Executive Order 11145 the Committee already advises the Director of the Park Service on his duties under the Act of September 22, 1961, and provides general advice on the White House furnishings. In the new Executive Order, the Committee can be given the Section 1(b) responsibilities of the Curator to advise the President on the designation of historic objects.

Under the proposed new Executive Order the Curator would serve on the Committee, as he does under Executive Order 11145. Obviously, in light of the foregoing analysis, he should not serve on the new Committee. A representative of the Association and the Fund may serve on the Committee, as proposed in the new Executive Order, since they will serve in a representational capacity and thus avoid conflicts problems.

3

New Executive Order

I have no objection to the proposal to alter the composition of the Committee in a new Executive Order. As noted, however, the Curator should be dropped from the Committee if he is paid by the Association or Fund, and if the Committee takes over the Curator's advisory responsibilities as discussed above. In addition, the order should provide that the President's appointments to the Committee include a representative of the Association and a representative of the Fund, <u>not</u> simply that such representatives serve on the Committee -- the choice must remain the President's.

I would also revise the description of the Curator's responsibilities in the new order as discussed above, and specify in the order that the Curator serve without government compensation. Finally, the new order should contain the typical advisory committee boilerplate. This language does not appear in Executive Order 11145 because that order antedates the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

If you agree, I will prepare a new draft of a proposed Executive Order.

cc: David B. Waller

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR JEAN A. JACKSON DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR SCHEDULING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Honorary Chairmanship of the Campaign for Norman Rockwell

Attached is some background on the President's decision to agree to serve as Honorary Chairman of the Campaign for Norman Rockwell. As you will see, Congressman Silvio Conte initiated the request, which was referred to our office by Legislative Affairs. We were prepared to decline the request, but Legislative Affairs advised that the President had told Conte he would "love to do it" if he could. Accordingly, Mr. Fielding prepared the attached decision memorandum for the President, and the President initialed the "approve" line on the original. Mr. Fielding then advised Conte of the President's decision.

The Norman Rockwell people have sent me a "video" which I have not viewed. You are of course welcome to view it if you wish.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR THOMAS F. GIBSON III SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Draft Presidential Article for Highlights Magazine

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced draft Presidential article and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM B. LACY DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Letter to Rep. Fred Eckert

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced letter and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR THOMAS F. GIBSON III SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Draft Presidential Answers to Questions from Closeup Foundation



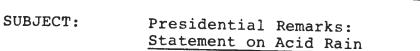
Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced draft Presidential answers, and finds no objection to them from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN ELLIOTT DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT



Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced Presidential remarks and finds no objection to them from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 18, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR DIANNA G. HOLLAND

FROM:

JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Nomination of Morris Leibman to the U.S. Institute of Peace Board of Directors

I have reviewed the Personal Data Statement submitted by Morris Leibman in connection with his prospective nomination to the Board of Directors of the U.S. Institute of Peace. In previous memoranda I have reviewed the various requirements for appointees to the Board. The Board must have no more than eight members from the same political party. The Board currently has seven Republicans, five Democrats, and one unknown (the President of the National Defense University, a career military officer serving <u>ex officio</u>). Leibman is a Democrat, so his appointment will not violate the bipartisanship requirement.

Leibman's PDS presents no problems. He is a partner at Sidley & Austin, on retired status. The firm is registered as a foreign agent, but Leibman is not so registered, nor does he do the work that has caused the firm to register. Assuming successful completion of the background checks, I have no objection to proceeding with this nomination. (Nominees to the Peace Institute Board are not required to submit an SF-278.)

WASHINGTON

March 19, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR ALBERT R. BRASHEAR SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DEPUTY PRESS SECRETARY FOR DOMESTIC AFFAIRS FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSER TO THE PRESIDENT SUBJECT: Additional Domestic Briefing Materials For New York Times Interview

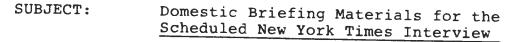
Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced domestic briefing materials and finds no objection to them from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 19, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR THOMAS F. GIBSON III SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT



Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced briefing materials and finds no objection to them from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 19, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR BRANDEN BLUM LEGISLATIVE ATTORNEY OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: DOJ Draft Testimony on S. 2162, the Anti-trust Remedies Improvements Act of 1986

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced DOJ draft testimony and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 19, 1986

Dear Mr. Anderson:

Thank you for your letter of March 11, to Counsel to the President Fred F. Fielding, concerning your review of Michael K. Deaver's compliance with the Ethics in Government Act. Mr. Fielding has recused himself from participation in this matter, and accordingly has referred your letter to me for consideration and response. As you may be aware, I have also discussed this matter with Curtis Copeland of your office.

As I have advised Mr. Copeland, we are working on responses to the first two areas of inquiry raised in your letter. With respect to your third area of inquiry, Mr. Fielding has previously advised your office that he counseled Mr. Deaver on the requirements of the Ethics in Government Act, and in particular the post-employment provisions. You have asked for copies of any documents provided to Mr. Deaver in this regard.

This office provided Mr. Deaver with a copy of the enclosed memorandum, "Post-Government Service Employment Restrictions Applicable to Former Senior Government Employees," shortly before his departure from the White House. The memorandum is addressed to and has been provided to prospective appointees since early in the Administration, but it is also provided to departing White House officials as a matter of course, and was in fact provided to Mr. Deaver before his departure.

I will contact you as soon as we are able to respond to your other inquiries.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Wh John

John G. Roberts Associate Counsel to the President

Mr. William J. Anderson Director General Government Division U.S. General Accounting Office Washington, D.C. 20548

WASHINGTON

March 19, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVID L. CHEW STAFF SECRETARY AND DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: H.R. 1614: Food Security Improvements Act of 1986 and Signing Statement

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced enrolled bill and signing statement. This bill amends the Food Security Act of 1985, Pub. L. 99-198. Section 1113 of that Act purports to require the President to appoint a Special Assistant for Agricultural Trade and Food Aid (changed to Special Assistant for Agricultural Trade and Food Assistance by H.R. 1614). The Administration consistently and vigorously opposed this provision in discussions with Congress as an intrusion on the President's traditional authority to structure the White House staff in his own discretion, although no mention of the provision was made in the signing statement for Pub. L. 99-198.

Section 4 of the present bill requires the President to appoint the initial Special Assistant for Trade and Food Aid not later than May 1, 1986. If a policy decision has been made not to proceed with the appointment contemplated by Section 1113 of Pub. L. 99-198, this new deadline will make it more difficult to adhere to that decision. Those who have made or will make that policy decision should consider whether our intentions should now be spelled out in a signing statement.

With respect to the draft signing statement, delete "by Concurrent Resolution, has" in the third paragraph.

WASHINGTON

March 19, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD DAVIS ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR CABINET AFFAIRS FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Disaster Declaration for Washington

Our office was asked to review a request from Governor Booth Gardner of Washington for Presidential declaration of a "major disaster," within the meaning of the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, Pub. L. 93-288.

Based on a review of the request and the related materials forwarded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Governor's request appears to comply with the statutory requirements for a disaster declaration. We also have no legal objection to the implementation materials prepared by FEMA in connection with this request.

THE WEATE HOUSE

NASHINCTON

March 20, 1986

Dear Mr. Wertheimer:

As we have discussed, the General Accounting Office (GAO) and the Office of Government Ethics (OGE) are conducting reviews of Michael K. Deaver's compliance with the post-employment restrictions of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978. Both GAO and OGE have requested that we respond to various factual inquiries to assist them in their respective reviews.

GAO has asked for a listing of: (1) all meetings Mr. Deaver attended in which acid rain or the appointment of a Special Envoy on Acid Rain was an issue, (2) the names of all meeting participants, and (3) any acid rain-related decisions reached at each such meeting. OGE has asked: (1) whether Mr. Deaver was involved in the discussions concerning seeking an agreement with Canada to appoint the Special Envoys, (2) with whom and in what forum any such discussions took place, and (3) who was responsible for developing and staffing the question of how to address acid rain at the Summit through the White House staff to the President.

We would appreciate any information you can provide that would help us respond to these inquiries. We are also addressing these questions to other officials who may have been involved in acid rain or Special Envoy discussions.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if I may be of any assistance. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

who Bola.

John G. Roberts Associate Counsel to the President

Richard J. Wertheimer, Esquire Arnold & Porter 1200 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

WASHINGTON

March 20, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR BRANDEN BLUM LEGISLATIVE ATTORNEY OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: DOJ Testimony on Litigation Abuse Reform

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced DOJ testimony and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

January 31, 1986

TO:

JOHN ROBERTS Counsel's Office

RE:

The	Cre	scent	Gala
Dalla	s, '	Texa s	
(AS/	P -	April	4)

You've already been involved with this by memo to Fred Ryan on the wording of the invitation for the above event. Now Mr. Ryan and Linda Faulkner recommend a Presidential message for the program. Do you have any problem on that?

I feel negative about this one because it seems so commercial; the entire event focuses on the opening of a luxury hotel and shopping complex. It's advertised as a benefit for the Kennedy Center, but (if Linda Faulkner's information is accurate) only in a very narrow way: sets up a \$1 million trust fund, the interest of which will help pay the expenses of Texas artists performing at the Kennedy Center. This is to match a challenge grant from NEA.

CLAUDIA KORTE **Presidential Messages** 18-OEOB/Ext. 2941

O.K., AS WE DISCUSSED. Dec 3/20

WASHINGTON

March 20, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN ELLIOTT DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Reception with Contra Aid Supporters

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced draft remarks. The final paragraph on page 3 raises serious concerns under the Neutrality Act. It is the position of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice that a private citizen who contributes funds for the purchase of arms or other military equipment to be used against a country with which the United States is not at war violates the Act and is thereby subject to Federal prosecution and a fine of up to \$3,000 and/or a prison term of up to three years. The President cannot encourage private citizens to engage in such activity. The reference to private donations must either be deleted or revised to make clear that only donations for humanitarian aid (not covered by the Neutrality Act) are encouraged.

WASHINGTON

March 20, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR DIANNA G. HOLLAND

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Nomination of Sandra O'Connor to the State Justice Institute Board of Directors

I have reviewed the Personal Data Statement submitted by Sandra O'Connor in connection with her prospective nomination to the Board of Directors of the State Justice Institute. The President's authority to make appointments to this Board, and the qualifications for appointment, were reviewed in Hugh Hewitt's memorandum of January 13, 1986 (copy attached).

Ms. O'Connor is State's Attorney for Baltimore County, an elective position. She is active in the National District Attorney's Association, and appears to be well-qualified for this position. Her PDS discloses no problems, and I have no objection to proceeding with her nomination.

Attachment

WASHINGTON

March 20, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN ELLIOTT DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Presidential Radio Talk: Budget

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced radio talk and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

SAT MARKING SAL

March 20, 1986

TO:

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JOHN ROBERTS Counsel's Office

RE:

Police Week/Police Officers' Memorial Day

Attached for your clearance ASAP is a Presidential message for the above annual observances. As you may know, they were proclaimed by President Kennedy in 1962 and 1963 to cover all succeeding years, so annual proclamations are not done. But we get so many requests for messages for tributes to local police departments that we started doing this annual message. A copy of last year's is attached FYI.

Thank you.

landin

NO OBJECTION 878 3/20

CLAUDIA KORTE Presidential Messages 18-OEOB/Ext. 2941



THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

March 20, 1986

TO:

JOHN ROBERTS **Counsel's** Office

RE:

Dedication of ENRIQUE CAMARENA Memorial Library

(DUE: NOON/Friday/March 21)

Cong. Duncan Hunter (GOP/Calif.) wants to hand-carry and read the attached message at the dedication of a public library in Calexico, California, in memory of the DEA Agent who was tortured and killed in Mexico last year.

I thought you should see this before signature.

Thank you.

Claudia

NO OBJETION AZR 3/20

CLAUDIA KORTE Presidential Messages 18-OEOB/Ext. 2941

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1986

TO:

JOHN ROBERTS Counsel's Office

RE:

American Association of Law Libraries - 79th Annual Meeting (ASAP/Printing - JULY 6/D.C.) at the second

Attached for your approval is a Presidential message for the above.

Thank you.

CLAUDIA KORTE Presidential Messages 18-OEOB/Ext. 2941

CK-NO OBJECTION DDC 3/24

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WASHINGTON

March 21, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING RICHARD A. HAUSER DAVID B. WALLER H. LAWRENCE GARRETT JOHN G. ROBERTS DEBORAH K. OWEN HUGH HEWITT

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Christmas Party Bill

The Christmas party was a great success, and no great success is ever achieved without a price. The price, in this case, was \$1308.76. Messrs. Fielding and Hauser have offered to pay at a rate twice that of each member of their staff, resulting in an assessment of \$290 per person for management and \$145 per person for labor. Please send a check payable to me for the appropriate amount as soon as possible.

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1986

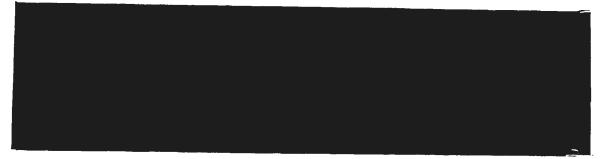
MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD A. HAUSER

FROM:

JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Nomination of Cynthia S. Perry to be Ambassador to Sierra Leone

I have reviewed the SF-278 and Personal Data Statement submitted by Cynthia Perry in connection with her prospective nomination to be Ambassador to Sierra Leone. Ms. Perry is currently employed by A.I.D., on unpaid leave of absence from Texas Southern University. The leave of absence will expire May 15, 1986, and Ms. Perry does not intend to renew it.



Assuming successful completion of remaining background checks, I have no objection to proceeding with this nomination.

6

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR BENTLEY T. ELLIOT DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Radio Talk: Contras in Nicaragua

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced radio talk and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR BENTLEY T. ELLIOT DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Reception with Contra Aid Supporters

Counsel's Office has reviewed the 9:15 a.m. draft of the abovereferenced remarks. On page 3, lines 22-23, "humanitarian donations to the freedom fighter cause" should be changed to "donations for humanitarian aid to the freedom fighters," to avoid any misinterpretation in light of the Neutrality Act prohibition discussed in my memorandum on the previous draft.

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVID CHEW STAFF SECRETARY AND DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT SUBJECT: S. 1396 PR White Family R

SUBJECT: S. 1396 -- White Earth Reservation Land Settlement Act

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced enrolled bill and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR THOMAS F. GIBSON III SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS

ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Talking Points on the Contra Aid Vote

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced talking points and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.