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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 3, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation/Student Awareness
of Drunk Driving

Dodie Livingston has asked for comments by April 4 on the above-referenced draft proclamation. The proclamation, authorized and requested by H.J. Res. 443, designates June 1984 as Student Awareness of Drunk Driving Month. It notes the grim statistics on drunk driving and the need to call attention to the problem of student drunk driving as the summer vacation months approach. The proclamation also cites the work of the Presidential Commission on Drunk Driving and various Education Department programs. It was drafted by Education and has been approved by OMB. I have no objections.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 3, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR DODIE LIVINGSTON
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING *Orig. signed by JGR*
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation/Student Awareness
of Drunk Driving

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced draft proclamation, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

FFF:JGR:aea 4/3/84

cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

**WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET**

- O - OUTGOING
- H - INTERNAL
- I - INCOMING
Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1

Name of Correspondent: Dodie Livingston

MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Draft Proclamation/Student Awareness of Drunk Driving

ROUTE TO:	ACTION	DISPOSITION
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD
<u>CUHOLI</u>	ORIGINATOR	<u>84,04,02</u>
<u>CUAT 18</u>	D	<u>84,04,02</u>

- ACTION CODES:**
- A - Appropriate Action
 - C - Comment/Recommendation
 - D - Draft Response
 - F - Furnish Fact Sheet to be used as Enclosure
 - I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
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- FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:**
- Type of Response = Initials of Signer
 - Code = "A"
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Comments: _____

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOP).
Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

#197859

March 30, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR:

[REDACTED]
CRAIG FULLER
M.B. OGLESBY, JR.
JACK SVAHN
LEE VERSTANDIG
FAITH WHITTLESEY
FRED RYAN (FYI)

FROM:

DODIE LIVINGSTON

SUBJECT:

DRAFT PROCLAMATION/
Student Awareness of
Drunk Driving Month

Attached for your review is the draft proclamation designating the month of June 1984 as Student Awareness of Drunk Driving Month.

The draft was prepared by Hap Harris, 245-8907, Office of Public Affairs, Department of Education, and was e [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Please comment as you feel appropriate by [REDACTED]
my office, 480 EOB, 2941,

As always, many thanks.

1984 APR -2 AM 10:21



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

March 27, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: MICHAEL J. HOROWITZ *MSH by JFC*
COUNSEL TO THE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: STUDENT AWARENESS OF DRUNK DRIVING
MONTH

Pursuant to House Joint Resolution 443, which passed both Houses of the Congress, the President is authorized and requested to proclaim the month of June 1984 as Student Awareness of Drunk Driving Month.

The proposed proclamation was submitted by the Department of Education and has been retyped in this office to reflect minor editorial changes and as to format.

The proposed proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Enclosure

STUDENT AWARENESS OF DRUNK DRIVING MONTH

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
A PROCLAMATION

Few problems in American life are more dangerous and potentially tragic than students driving while under the influence of alcoholic beverages.

The dangers of drunk driving are well documented. Tens of thousands of persons die annually in alcohol-related crashes. Most new cases of epilepsy and paraplegia among Americans result from automobile accidents. Between 45 and 55 percent of fatally injured drivers have alcohol concentrations above the legal limit in their blood, a figure which rises to 55 to 65 percent in single-vehicle crashes.

These statistics are troublesome, but increased reports of collisions involving young drivers who have used alcohol are even more alarming. We must challenge our students to develop the judgement necessary to understand that the only good "high" in life is one that is not chemically induced. Such truly rewarding experiences as dedication to excellence in learning; service to the Nation; high achievement in one's chosen work; commitment to others;

and light-hearted good times with friends and family do not require the use of alcohol or abusive drugs.

With the warm summer season beginning, it is appropriate that we focus attention on this critical problem because more student motorists will be on the road, more social functions will occur, and, tragically, more traffic collisions likely will take place.

Fortunately, there has been a groundswell of national and local activity aimed at these problems through such initiatives as the Presidential Commission on Drunk Driving and the activities of numerous citizens groups. In addition, over the last decade the U.S. Department of Education has been developing school-based alcohol and drug abuse education programs which have proven to be effective, directly impacting approximately five million students and indirectly affecting millions more. ✓

To emphasize the combined efforts of the Government and private sector organizations to combat the hazards of drunk driving to the youth of our Nation, the Congress has, by House Joint Resolution 443, designated the month of June 1984 as "Student Awareness of Drunk Driving Month."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of June 1984 as Student Awareness of Drunk Driving

Month. I encourage all citizens to observe this important month by participating in appropriate ceremonies and activities planned by governmental agencies, individuals, and private associations and institutions throughout the country to educate our young people about the tragic consequences of drunk driving.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

xRonald Reagan

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 3, 1984

NATIONAL CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION MONTH, 1984

- - - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Abuse of children occurs in all segments of our society, in rural, suburban, and urban areas and among all racial, ethnic, and income groups. The time has come for Americans to unite in an all-out effort to eradicate child abuse, both physical and sexual, from the Nation.

Child abuse is a national concern, but it is a community and family problem first, and the answers must be found at the community level. Most physical and emotional violence takes place within the family. All Americans aware of the problem of child abuse must work for an end of this tragedy.

There is a place for everyone in this effort. By being a good neighbor to the family next door who may be under stress, Americans can be an enormous help. Our schools have an important role to play by educating children about parental roles and responsibilities, values, and appropriate behavior in the family setting. We must do what we can to reverse the trend of abused children becoming abusive parents. In addition, voluntary community self-help groups such as Parents Anonymous are taking positive steps to break this cycle.

In recognition of the need to find ways to prevent the agony of child abuse from continuing in future generations, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 161, has designated the month of April 1984 as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of this period.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of April 1984, as National Child Abuse Prevention Month. We must find a way to leave our future generations a priceless legacy -- the confidence and trust resulting from a secure childhood.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this third day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 6, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS 

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation: National Mental
Health Counselors Week, 1984

Dodie Livingston has asked for telephone comments as soon as possible on the above-referenced draft proclamation. The proclamation, authorized and requested by S.J. Res. 203, designates the week beginning on Sunday as National Mental Health Counselors Week, 1984. The proclamation praises the work of mental health counselors to reduce human suffering. It was drafted by HHS and has been approved by OMB. I have no legal objections.

In light of the need for immediate action and the noncontroversial nature of the proclamation, I have taken the liberty of advising Livingston that we have no objections.

Attachment

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

- O - OUTGOING
- H - INTERNAL
- I - INCOMING

Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1

Name of Correspondent: Docie Livingston

MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Draft Proclamation: National Mental Health Counselors Week, 1984

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>CUHOLL</u>	<u>ORIGINATOR</u>	<u>84 04, 06</u>			<u>1 1</u>
<u>CUAT 18</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>84, 04, 06</u>		<u>584, 04, 06</u>	
				<u>ASAP</u>	
		<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
		<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
		<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>

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- C - Comment/Recommendation
- R - Direct Reply w/Copy
- D - Draft Response
- S - For Signature
- F - Furnish Fact Sheet to be used as Enclosure
- X - Interim Reply

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- B - Non-Special Referral
- S - Suspended

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

- Type of Response = Initials of Signer
- Code = "A"
- Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: respond by phone

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
 Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
 Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
 Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

~~Requires immediate attention~~
~~Please reply by phone ASAP~~

Document No. 197866

April 6, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR:

~~FRED FIELDING~~
CRAIG FULLER
M.B. OGLESBY
JACK SVAHN
LEE VERSTANDIG
FAITH WHITTLESEY
FRED RYAN (FYI)

FROM:

DODIE LIVINGSTON

SUBJECT:

DRAFT PROCLAMATION: National Mental
Health Counselors Week, 1984

Attached for your review is the draft proclamation which, pursuant to a joint resolution of the Congress, calls for the observance of the week beginning April 8, 1984 as "National Mental Health Counselors Week, 1984."

The draft was prepared by the Department of Health and Human Services and was not edited in my office.

~~Please respond by phone as soon as possible~~ as the week begins on Sunday. I regret the short notice, but the draft only arrived in my office this morning.

As always, many thanks.

1984 APR -6 AM 11: 29



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

April 5, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: MICHAEL J. HOROWITZ *MJH*
COUNSEL TO THE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: NATIONAL MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELORS WEEK, 1984

Enclosed is a proposed proclamation which, in accordance with the provisions of Senate Joint Resolution 203, proclaims the week beginning April 8, 1984 as National Mental Health Counselors Week.

The proposed proclamation was submitted to the office by the Department of Health and Human Services. It has been retyped to reflect minor editorial changes and as to format.

The proposed proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Enclosure

NATIONAL MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELORS WEEK, 1984

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Mental health counselors use special counseling skills and understanding of human development to help their fellow Americans cope with problems of adjustment, the pain of illness, and the stresses of life. They provide 50 percent of the mental health services delivered in this country, working with the chronically mentally ill, the depressed, the anxious, the abused, and others, who, through no fault of their own, cannot fully meet their daily obligations or experience life's pleasures.

Through a variety of techniques, mental health counselors assist people to attain self-understanding and skills needed to solve problems, make decisions, and successfully deal with others in an increasingly complex world. Mental health counselors work in hospitals, community agencies, clinics, and the private practice sector and with all types of health professionals, applying the expertise gained through their many years of education and training.

In recognition of the important services that these counselors perform for others to save lives and reduce suffering, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 203, has designated the week beginning April 8, 1984, as National Mental Health Counselors Week, and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of this event.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning April 8, 1984, as National Mental Health Counselors Week. I call upon

health care professionals, educators, the media, individuals, and public and private organizations concerned with mental health to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
this day of April, in the year of our Lord
nineteen hundred eighty-four, and of the Independence of the
United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 9, 1984

NATIONAL MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELORS WEEK, 1984

- - - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Mental health counselors use special counseling skills and understanding of human development to help their fellow Americans cope with problems of adjustment, the pain of illness, and the stresses of life. They provide 50 percent of the mental health services delivered in this country, working with the chronically mentally ill, the depressed, the anxious, the abused, and others, who, through no fault of their own, cannot fully meet their daily obligations or experience life's pleasures.

Through a variety of techniques, mental health counselors assist people to attain self-understanding and skills needed to solve problems, make decisions, and successfully deal with others in an increasingly complex world. Mental health counselors work in hospitals, community agencies, clinics, and the private practice sector and with all types of health professionals, applying the expertise gained through their many years of education and training.

In recognition of the important services that these counselors perform for others to save lives and reduce suffering, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 203, has designated the week beginning April 8, 1984, as National Mental Health Counselors Week and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of this event.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning April 8, 1984, as National Mental Health Counselors Week. I call upon health care professionals, educators, the media, individuals, and public and private organizations concerned with mental health to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 10, 1984

REMARKS OF THE PRESIDENT
AT CEREMONY
IN RECOGNITION OF ██████████

Room 450
Old Executive Office Building

1:30 P.M. EST

THE PRESIDENT: Thank you. Well, thank you all very much. Secretary Pierce, and ladies and gentlemen, I'm delighted to join you today as our nation observes the 16th anniversary of the law that guarantees one of the most basic American rights, the right to fair housing.

Just a generation ago, nearly one in ten Americans were forced to live lives that were separate and unequal. Most black Americans were taught in segregated schools, many could find only poor jobs, and toiling for low wages. They were refused entry into hotels and restaurants. And, across the country, when they wanted to buy a house or rent an apartment, they were too often told they weren't welcome.

That glaring injustice gave rise to a dramatic movement for civil rights. Men and women of integrity and courage organized boycotts and rallies and marches. Often they were beaten and imprisoned, but they remained devoted to their cause. "Work with the faith," Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., told his followers that, "Unearned suffering is redemptive."

The struggle for equality of rights moved our nation to the very depths of its soul. Throughout the land, people began to treat each other not as blacks and whites, but as fellow Americans. In 1968, an historic Civil Rights Bill was passed, and it is Title VIII of that Act that we honor here today.

The opening words of Title VIII were simple, but profound. "It is the policy of the United States to provide, within Constitutional limitations, for fair housing throughout the United States." From Maine to Hawaii, Title VIII made it unlawful to discriminate in housing on the basis of race, color, religion, or national origin. No American could ever again be denied housing because of the color of his skin.

The law was soon amended to prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex as well. And it became crucial in protecting the rights, not only of black Americans, but of all minorities, including Hispanics, Native Americans, Asians, single mothers, and others.

And today our country is more committed to fair housing than ever. State and local fair housing laws that are substantially equivalent to the federal law have increased from 23 in 1979 to 82 today. At the national level,

MORE

the Department of Housing and Urban Development under Secretary Pierce is aggressively investigating complaints of housing discrimination.

Perhaps most important, our administration has proposed legislation to give the Fair Housing Law tougher enforcement. Among other changes in the present law, our legislation would impose civil penalties of up to \$50,000 for a first housing discrimination offense and of up to \$100,000 for a second offense; allow individual as well as pattern or group complaints to be referred to the Attorney General; allow complaints to be filed up to two years after the alleged offense; and would extend the protection of the Fair Housing Act to the handicapped and disabled.

Despite the importance of these government efforts, fair housing can never become a permanent way of life without the involvement of thousands of contractors, realtors, building managers and others who make up the housing industry. And that's where HUD's Public-Private Partnerships for Fair Housing Programs comes in.

In partnerships in housing, local realtors, Chambers of Commerce and other committed groups and citizens are conducting fair housing campaigns at their own expense. On behalf of all Americans, I want to give my heartfelt thanks to those Secretary Pierce has presented with awards and to everyone who has participated in the Public-Private Partnerships for Fair Housing Program.

Celebrities for Fair Housing is another program that's going to have a powerful impact. When people like Phyllis Hyman, Arthur Ashe, Melba Moore, Harry Belafonte and so many others talk about the importance of fair housing, the whole nation listens. I know something about that because I found out years ago in Hollywood that if you don't sing or dance, you wind up as an after-dinner speaker. (Laughter.)

All these well-respected and well-loved celebrities who are going to give so freely of their time and talents to the cause of fair housing, I want to say a heartfelt thank-you.

Ever since the passage of the Fair Housing Act during this month in 1968, April has traditionally been Fair Housing Month. This April, let us once again dedicate ourselves to the great work of assuring fair housing for all. And let us continue that work until fair housing becomes a permanent reality in our national life.

I think that's all I want to say. And thank you and God bless you. (Applause.)

END

1:37 P.M. EST

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 24, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: Revised Draft Proclamation:
Missing Children Day, 1984

Earlier this month Dodie Livingston's office asked for our comments on a proposed Presidential proclamation designating May 25 as Missing Children Day. By memorandum dated April 4 (attached), you recommended against issuing such a proclamation, noting that it was neither traditional nor requested by Congress. A Missing Children Day proclamation was issued last year, in response to a personal plea to the President from Senator Hawkins. It was not, however, understood that issuance of the proclamation would become an annual event. Your memorandum also noted that if the proclamation were issued it would have to be changed. The draft submitted for clearance was simply a verbatim repeat of last year's proclamation.

Livingston has now resubmitted a new draft of a Missing Children Day proclamation. This draft differs from last year's, and highlights the new National Center for Missing and Exploited Children being established at the Justice Department. I have no objection to the content of the proclamation, but our objections to issuing any such proclamation still apply and, in my view, should be reiterated.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 24, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR DODIE LIVINGSTON
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING Orig. signed by FFF
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Revised Draft Proclamation:
Missing Children Day, 1984

You have asked for our comments on a revised draft of the proposed Missing Children Day proclamation. As I noted in my memorandum of April 4 on the earlier draft, a Missing Children Day proclamation is neither traditional nor has it been requested by Congress. Issuance of such a proclamation would, accordingly, contravene established White House policy. While it would not be "illegal" to issue the proclamation, I continue to be of the view that no compelling circumstances have been presented justifying departure from the established policy.

cc: Richard G. Darman

FFF:JGR:aea 4/24/84

bcc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

HO

- O - OUTGOING
 - H - INTERNAL
 - I - INCOMING
- Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1

~~W.A. Miller~~

Name of Correspondent: Jack R. Wells

MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Revised Draft Proclamation: Missing Children Day, 1984

ROUTE TO:	ACTION	DISPOSITION
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD
<u>CULTURE</u>	ORIGINATOR	<u>8410423</u>
<u>CURT 18</u>	Referral Note: <u>cont. corresp.</u>	<u>8405103</u>
	Referral Note: <u>R</u>	<u>C.O.B.</u>
	Referral Note:	
	Referral Note:	
	Referral Note:	

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187 64300
10

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Document No. 187043 *uw*

April 18, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: ~~████████████████████~~

CRAIG FULLER
M.B. OGLESBY
JACK SVAHN
LEE VERSTANDIG
FAITH WHITTLESEY

FROM: JACK R. WELLS, for Dodie Livingston *JR*

SUBJECT: DRAFT PROCLAMATION: Missing
Children Day, 1984

Attached for your review is a totally new draft of the proposed proclamation which would proclaim May 25, 1984, as ~~████████████████████~~

The original draft was prepared by the Department of Justice and, upon circulation to the various White House departments, was deemed unacceptably close to the language of last year's proclamation. It has been redrafted by the Office of Special Presidential Messages.

Please respond by ~~████████████████████~~. This reply in advance of the event is necessary for publicity purposes.

As always, many thanks.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

March 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: MICHAEL J. HOROWITZ
COUNSEL TO THE DIRECTOR *MH*

SUBJECT: MISSING CHILDREN DAY

Enclosed, for your consideration, is a proposed proclamation which would proclaim May 25, 1984, as Missing Children Day.

The proposed proclamation, which was requested by the White House Office, was submitted by the Department of Justice and has been retyped in this office to reflect minor editorial changes and as to format.

The proposed proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Enclosure

MISSING CHILDREN DAY, 1984

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Each year hundreds of thousands of American families face the stark terror of a unique tragedy -- that of a missing child. Our children are our most precious resource -- they are the bond that binds our past with the future. It is for them that we struggle to build a better world. They are the embodiment of our hopes and dreams. To have a child simply disappear strikes an incalculable blow against the spirit and soul of any family so afflicted.

In our efforts to address the nightmare of missing children, 1984 marks the year of a significant step forward. The Department of Justice has awarded a \$3.3 million grant to establish a National Center for Missing and Exploited Children. Its purpose is to aid parents and law enforcement agencies in locating missing youngsters and preventing the exploitation of children. By collecting and disseminating information regarding missing young people, the Center will lend major support to those searching for their children.

As a Nation committed to the worth of every individual, there can be no more imperative goal for our society than the protection and safety of our young people. It is hoped that these new efforts combined with the increasing awareness of the seriousness of this problem will encourage greater vigilance by the agencies that work to solve this singular type of crime.

As a Nation and as individuals, we all have a responsibility to direct our resources and our efforts to this worthy goal.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim May 25, 1984 as Missing Children Day. I urge officials at all levels of government to take decisive action to ensure the safety and protection of the children in their respective jurisdictions, and I urge all our law enforcement agencies to take particular notice of the danger that threatens any child who has lost his or her home. I urge every American family to take the proper precautions to protect their children.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
day of _____, in the year of our Lord nineteen
hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the
United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 4, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM:

JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT:

Draft Proclamation: Missing
Children Day, 1984

Dodie Livingston has asked for comments on the above-referenced draft proclamation by close of business today. The original March 28 deadline was extended due to the many questions raised by this proclamation. In light of those questions, and because this is hardly a routine proclamation, I thought it best to run our office's response through you rather than responding directly.

The draft proclamation would designate May 25 as Missing Children Day. On that day in 1979, Etan Patz, one of the more widely known missing children, disappeared from his home in New York City. This proclamation is neither traditional nor has it been requested by joint resolution. A similar proclamation was issued last year, because Senator Hawkins cornered the President when they were flying to Florida together and got him to promise to issue it. It was not my understanding at that time that the proclamation would become an annual event.

This year the OMB memorandum simply notes that the proclamation was requested by the White House Office. Livingston's office has been unable to locate the source precisely; all that Jack Wells of that office can say is that he thinks it came from Faith Whittlesey's shop. I think we should note that this proclamation violates our established policy that such proclamations be issued only if traditional or requested by joint resolution. The fact that a similar proclamation was issued last year, under unusual circumstances, hardly brings this proclamation into the "traditional" category.

Even if it is decided to issue a Missing Children's Day proclamation, this draft is unacceptable. The proclamation is essentially a verbatim repeat of last year's proclamation. In the case of recurring proclamations, however, the White House generally goes to the trouble of drafting fresh language; simply changing the date improperly diminishes the significance of a Presidential proclamation.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 4, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR DODIE LIVINGSTON
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING ^{OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT}
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation: Missing
Children Day, 1984

You have asked for our comments on the above-referenced draft proclamation. This proposed proclamation is neither traditional nor has it been requested by joint resolution of Congress, and accordingly its issuance would contravene established White House policy. As you know, proclamations are limited to these two categories to forestall a flood of requests to the White House for proclamations, and to prevent the cheapening of the significance of Presidential proclamations that would occur were they issued in a less discriminating fashion. We do not issue Presidential proclamations simply to promote a desirable cause.

A Missing Children Day proclamation was issued last year, because the President expressly agreed to do so in response to a request from a senator. It was not understood at the time that this would become an annual event. As a strictly legal matter the proclamation may be issued, but we do not recommend departing from the established White House policy against doing so, in the absence of compelling circumstances. No such compelling circumstances have as yet been presented to us.

Finally, if it is decided to proceed with a Missing Children Day proclamation, the present draft is unacceptable. The draft is essentially a verbatim repeat of last year's proclamation. Simply changing the date on a previous year's proclamation improperly diminishes the significance of a Presidential proclamation. If we are to issue this proclamation we should at least go to the trouble of drafting fresh language.

cc: Richard G. Darman

FFF:JGR:aea 4/4/84

bcc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

HD
John - direct

- O - OUTGOING
 - H - INTERNAL
 - I - INCOMING
- Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1

Name of Correspondent: Jack R Wells



MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Draft Proclamation: Missing Children
Day, 1984

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>W Holland</u>	<u>DDI</u>	<u>84.10.30</u>			<u>1/1</u>
<u>WAT 8</u>	<u>RDDI</u>	<u>84.10.31</u>		<u>S</u>	<u>84.10.31</u>
	Referral Note:				
	Referral Note:				
	Referral Note:				
	Referral Note:				
	Referral Note:				

ACTION CODES:

- A - Appropriate Action
- C - Comment/Recommendation
- D - Draft Response
- F - Furnish Fact Sheet to be used as Enclosure

- I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
- R - Direct Reply w/Copy
- S - For Signature
- X - Interim Reply

DISPOSITION CODES:

- A - Answered
- B - Non-Special Referral
- C - Completed
- S - Suspended

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

- Type of Response = Initials of Signer
- Code = "A"
- Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: _____

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

218751 *CU*

Document No. 187043

March 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR:

[REDACTED]
CRAIG FULLER
M.B. OGLESBY
JACK SVAHN
LEE VERSTANDIG
FAITH WHITTLESEY

FROM: JACK R. WELLS, for Dodie Livingston

SUBJECT: DRAFT PROCLAMATION: Missing
Children Day, 1984

Attached for your review is the proposed proclamation which would
proclaim May 25, 1984, as [REDACTED]

The draft was prepared by the Department of Justice and was slightly
edited in the Office of Special Presidential Messages.

Please respond by [REDACTED] This reply in advance of
the event is necessary for publicity purposes.

As always, many thanks.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

March 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: MICHAEL J. HOROWITZ *MH*
COUNSEL TO THE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: MISSING CHILDREN DAY

Enclosed, for your consideration, is a proposed proclamation which would proclaim May 25, 1984, as Missing Children Day.

The proposed proclamation, which was requested by the White House Office, was submitted by the Department of Justice and has been retyped in this office to reflect minor editorial changes and as to format.

The proposed proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Enclosure

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation: National
Correctional Officers Week

Dodie Livingston has requested comments on the above-referenced draft proclamation by close of business May 2. This proclamation, requested by joint resolution, designates the week beginning May 6 as "National Correctional Officers Week." The proclamation was prepared by the Federal Bureau of Prisons and has been approved by OMB. It praises correctional officers for the difficult, complex, and critically important work they perform. I have reviewed the proposed proclamation, and have no objections.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR DODIE LIVINGSTON
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING *Orig. signed by FFF*
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation: National
Correctional Officers Week

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced draft proclamation, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

FFF:JGR:aea 4/26/84

cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

- O - OUTGOING
 - H - INTERNAL
 - I - INCOMING
- Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1

Name of Correspondent: Dodie Livingston

MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Draft Proclamation: National Correctional Officers Week

ROUTE TO:	ACTION	DISPOSITION
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response Code Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>Cell Hole</u>	ORIGINATOR <u>84 04 25</u>	<u>1 1</u>
<u>CUAT 18</u>	Referral Note: <u>D 84 04 25</u>	<u>S 84 05 02</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>

ACTION CODES:

- A - Appropriate Action
- C - Comment/Recommendation
- D - Draft Response
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- I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
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- Code = "A"
- Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: _____

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 Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
 Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Document No. 197874

April 25, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: [REDACTED]

CRAIG FULLER
M.B. OGLESBY
JACK SVAHN
LEE VERSTANDIG
FAITH WHITTLESEY
FRED RYAN (FYI)

FROM: DODIE LIVINGSTON

SUBJECT: DRAFT PROCLAMATION: National Correctional
Officers Week

Attached for your review is the draft proclamation which, pursuant to a joint resolution of the Congress, calls for the observance of the week beginning [REDACTED] as "National Correctional Officers Week."

The draft was prepared by the Justice Department and was slightly edited in my office.

Because time is short, I'd like to have your reply by [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

As always, many thanks.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

April 24, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: MICHAEL J. HOROWITZ
COUNSEL TO THE DIRECTOR *MH*
SUBJECT: NATIONAL CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS WEEK

Pursuant to Senate Joint Resolution 132, the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation which would designate the week beginning May 6, 1984, as "National Correctional Officers Week."

The proposed proclamation was submitted by the Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons and has been retyped in this office to reflect minor editorial changes and as to format.

The proposed proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Enclosure

NATIONAL CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS WEEK

- - - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Correctional officers have the difficult and often dangerous assignment of ensuring the custody, safety and well-being of the over 600,000 inmates in our Nation's prisons and jails. Their position is essential to the day-to-day operations of these institutions; without them it would be impossible to achieve the foremost institutional goals of security and control.

Historically, correctional officers have been viewed as "guards," occupying isolated and misunderstood positions in prisons and jails. In recent years, the duties of these officers have become increasingly complex and demanding. They are called upon to fill, simultaneously, custodial, supervisory and counseling roles. The professionalism, dedication and courage exhibited by these officers throughout the performance of these demanding and often conflicting roles deserve our utmost respect. The important work of correctional officers often does not receive the recognition from the public it deserves. It is appropriate that we honor the many contributions and accomplishments of these men and women who are a vital component of the field of corrections.

In recognition of the contributions of correctional officers to our Nation, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 132, has designated the week beginning May 6, 1984, as "National Correctional Officers Week," and authorized and requested the President to issue an appropriate proclamation.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May 6, 1984, as National Correctional Officers Week. I call upon officials of State and local governments and the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
day of _____, in the year of our Lord
nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of
the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.