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Campaign files.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: Letter to Shirley Moore Re: Use of
AFI Theater by Campaign Committee

Richard Stebbins has written Shirley Moore in Mr. Deaver's office, offering the facilities of the American Film Institute (224-seat theater, 38-seat screening room) for the Reagan Campaign, at specified rental rates. Deaver has asked you to prepare a proposed response for his review. I have drafted a reply for your signature, advising Stebbins that he should direct his proposal to the RNC, and a cover memorandum to Deaver submitting the proposed reply.

Attachments

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR MICHAEL K. DEEVER
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING Orig. signed by FFF
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Letter to Shirley Moore Re: Use of
AFI Theater by Campaign Committee

Attached is a proposed reply to the recent letter from
Richard Stebbins of the American Film Institute received in
your office.

Attachment

FFF:JGR:aw 4/26/83

cc: FFFielding
✓ JGRoberts
Subj.
Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1983

Dear Mr. Stebbins:

Your letter of April 7 to Shirley Moore of Michael Deaver's office has been referred to me for response. In that letter you offered the facilities of the American Film Institute, at specified rental rates, for the use of the Reagan Campaign.

There is, of course, at present no organization established to conduct the campaign to which you refer. I can only suggest that you submit your proposal to the Republican National Committee, for whatever consideration the officials of that organization may deem appropriate.

Thank you for writing.

Sincerely,

Orig. signed by FFF

Fred F. Fielding
Counsel to the President

Mr. Richard Stebbins
The American Film Institute
The John F. Kennedy Center
for the Performing Arts
Washington, D.C. 20566

FFF:JGR:aw 4/26/83

cc: FFFielding
✓ JGRoberts
Subj.
Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1983

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Thank you for writing.

Sincerely,

Fred F. Fielding
Counsel to the President

Mr. Richard Stebbins
The American Film Institute
The John F. Kennedy Center
for the Performing Arts
Washington, D.C. 20566

FFF:JGR:aw 4/26/83

cc: FFFielding
JGRoberts
Subj.
Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1983

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ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

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COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Letter to Shirley Moore Re: Use of
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Attachment

FFF:JGR:aw 4/26/83

cc: FFFielding
JGRoberts
Subj.
Chron

**WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET**

PL

- O - OUTGOING
- H - INTERNAL
- I - INCOMING
Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1

Name of Correspondent: Richard Stebbins

MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Letter to Shirley Moore re: use of AFJ theater by campaign committee

ROUTE TO:		ACTION		DISPOSITION	
Office/Agency	(Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>EW Holland</u>		ORIGINATOR	<u>830414</u>		<u>1 1</u>
<u>WAT 18</u>		Referral Note: <u>D</u>	<u>830414</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>830424</u>
		Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
		Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
		Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
		Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| ACTION CODES: | DISPOSITION CODES: |
| A - Appropriate Action | A - Answered |
| C - Comment/Recommendation | B - Non-Special Referral |
| D - Draft Response | C - Completed |
| F - Furnish Fact Sheet | S - Suspended |
| to be used as Enclosure | |
| I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary | |
| R - Direct Reply w/Copy | |
| S - For Signature | |
| X - Interim Reply | |

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:
 Type of Response = Initials of Signer
 Code = "A"
 Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: _____

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
 Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
 Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
 Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

APR 13

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Admits

TO: *Fred Fielding*

FROM: MICHAEL K. DEAVER
Assistant to the President
Deputy Chief of Staff

Information

Action

*Draft
Direct response w/aj
to Mr Deaver.*

FFF: MKD would like to review
your proposed response before
you sign it, per Pat.

The John F. Kennedy Center
for the Performing Arts
Washington, D.C. 20566
Telephone 202-828-4000

P.O. Box 27999
North Western Avenue
Los Angeles, California 90027
Telephone 213-856-7600

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Professor of Film Studies
Wesleyan University
Richard L. Bloch
Orion Pictures Corporation
David Brown
Partner and Director
The Zanuck/Brown Company
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Chasin-Park-Citron Agency
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Warner Bros., Inc.
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Paramount Pictures
William Eilinghaus, President
American Telephone and
Telegraph Co.
Freddie Fields, President
Motion Picture Production Division
MGM/UA Entertainment Company
Jean Firstenberg (Ex Officio)
Director
The American Film Institute
M.J. Frankovich, Producer
Michael Fuchs
Executive Vice President,
Programming
Home Box Office
Ina Ginsburg, Chairman
Fans of AFI

Y Goodson
Don-Todman Productions
S. J. Harman, Chairman
Harman International Industries,
Incorporated
Alan J. Hirschfield
Chairman of the Board and CEO
Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corp.
Dustin Hoffman
Actor
Alan Jacobs
Independent Producer
Gene Jankowski, President
CBS Broadcast Group
Fay Kanin, Writer/Producer
President, Academy of Motion
Picture Arts and Sciences
Sherry Lansing, President
Twentieth Century-Fox
Productions
Harry C. McPherson
Partner, Verner, Liptert,
Bernhard and McPherson
Walter Mirisch, Producer
Mace Neufeld, Producer
Richard Orear, President
National Association of Theatre
Owners
Michael S. Ovitz
President
Creative Artists Agency, Inc.
Ted Perry, Professor
Middlebury College
Frederick S. Pierce
Executive Vice President
ABC, Inc.
Eric Pleskow, President
Orion Pictures Corporation
Frank Price
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Columbia Pictures
Michael Pulitzer
AFI Alumni Association
Henry C. Rogers, Chairman
Rogers & Cowan, Inc.
Wayne Rogers
Actor
John A. Schneider, President
Warner Amex Satellite
Entertainment Company
Wald Sutherland
Grant A. Tinker
Chairman of the Board
National Broadcasting Company
Jack Valenti
President, Motion Picture
Association of America
Bonita Granville Wrather
Vice President
Wrather Corporation
Bud Yorkin
Producer/Director



The American Film Institute

April 7, 1983

Ms. Shirley Moore
Exec. Sec. to Micheal Deaver
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms. Moore:

Understanding that a letter like this regarding a campaign matter must go through certain communication channels, The American Film Institute feels that it can provide a feasible service on a rental basis to the Reagan Campaign. Therefore, we are enclosing information on the AFI theatre and a rental sheet. Hopefully after looking at these materials you will see that AFI can offer its space at half the price of using a hotel, or any other convention facility.

The potentials that could come from using the theatre are quite positive. Whether it be sponsoring fundraising events by showing a movie, or hearing a campaign speaker, to doing a slide show relating to the progress of the campaign, etc., I hope you will have a positive reaction to this concept.

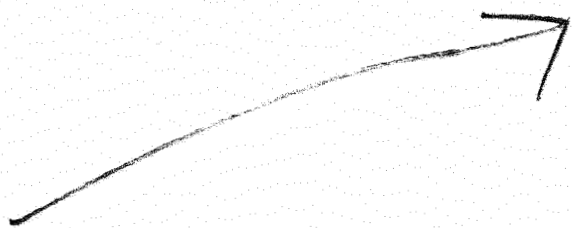
If you or Mr. Deaver have any questions call me at 828-4091 or perhaps we could get together to discuss this matter more in depth.

Sincerely Yours

Richard Stebbins
Richard Stebbins

Campain

Who should I send this to for info?
6862 CW



*ask 77
Joe Ventresca*

The American Film Institute Theatre

Washington's most prestigious and versatile film theatre is available for rent, an ideal forum for meetings, symposia, or slide and lecture presentations.

This 224 seat theatre can provide an intimate setting for your next meeting, with a full range of presentational equipment for lecture and audience dialogue. Located in the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts, one of the most popular sites in the Washington area, the theatre offers convenient parking, easy access to reception rooms of all sizes, and professional catering facilities for luncheons or receptions. Smaller meeting areas are available for groups up to 38 people.

The AFI Theatre offers the highest standards of projection with near perfect sightlines, picture and sound quality. Capabilities include slide, 16 to 35mm and complete 3/4 inch video projection facilities.

The American Film Institute

An independent, nonprofit organization, The American Film Institute was created in 1967 by the National Endowment for the Arts to "preserve the heritage and advance the art" of film and television in the US. Through a series of interrelated programs emanating from its headquarters in Washington, D.C.. and its campus in Los Angeles, the institute conducts activities around the country which work toward increasing recognition and understanding of the moving image as an art form; assuring the preservation of the art form; and identifying, developing, and encouraging new talent.

The John F. Kennedy Center
for the Performing Arts
Washington, D.C. 20566
Telephone 202-828-4000

P.O. Box 27999
2021 North Western Avenue
Los Angeles, California 90027
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Donald Sutherland
Actor

Grant A. Tinker
Chairman of the Board
National Broadcasting Company

Jack Valenti
President, Motion Picture
Association of America

Bonita Granville Wrather
Vice President
Wrather Corporation

Bud Yorkin
Producer/Director



The American Film Institute

Theatre

Day

\$300/first hour

\$100/each additional hour

Evening

\$600/first hour

\$200/each additional hour

Screening Room

Day

\$125/ first hour

\$50/each additional hour

Evening

\$175/first hour

\$75/each additional hour

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 10, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: State of Oregon Questionnaire and
Iowa Catholic Conference Questionnaire
Responses From Reagan-Bush '84

Richard Darman has asked for our comments by 1:00 p.m. February 13 on a proposed statement by candidate Reagan solicited by the State of Oregon, and proposed responses to questions posed by the Iowa Catholic Conference. Both items were prepared by the campaign committee. The Oregon statement reviews the accomplishments of the first term and repeats the themes of the State of the Union address. The responses to the Iowa questionnaire deal with questions on abortion, arms control, capital punishment, the economy, tuition tax credits, farm policy, housing, human rights, and Central America. I have reviewed the material and have no legal objections.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 10, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD G. DARMAN
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING *Orig. signed by FFF*
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: State of Oregon Questionnaire and
Iowa Catholic Conference Questionnaire
Responses From Reagan-Bush '84

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced statement, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective. In line 7 of the response to question 7 of the Iowa Catholic Conference questionnaire, however, "had" should be "has."

FFF:JGR:aea 2/10/84

cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 10, 1984

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ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

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COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

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cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

- O - OUTGOING
- H - INTERNAL
- I - INCOMING

Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1 / 1

Name of Correspondent: Richard Darman

MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: State of Oregon questionnaire and Iowa Catholic conference questionnaire responses from Reagan - Bush '84.

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>CEHOLL</u>	<u>ORIGINATOR</u>	<u>84/02/10</u>		<u>1 / 1</u>
	Referral Note:			
<u>CWAT18</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>84/02/10</u>		<u>S 84/02/13</u>
	Referral Note:			<u>1:00 p.m.</u>
<u>CWAT17</u>	<u>*</u>	<u>84/02/10</u>		<u>1 / 1</u>
	Referral Note:			
		<u>1 / 1</u>		<u>1 / 1</u>
	Referral Note:			
		<u>1 / 1</u>		<u>1 / 1</u>
	Referral Note:			

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- S - Suspended

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

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- Code = "A"
- Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: _____

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
 Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
 Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
 Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 2/9/84 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: 1:00 p.m. MONDAY, 2/13/84

SUBJECT: STATE OF OREGON QUESTIONNAIRE AND IOWA CATHOLIC CONFERENCE QUESTIONNAIRE
RESPONSES FROM REAGAN-BUSH '84

	ACTION FYI			ACTION FYI	
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	McFARLANE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
MEESE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	McMANUS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BAKER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MURPHY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DEAVER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OGLESBY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
STOCKMAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ROGERS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPEAKES	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FELDSTEIN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SVAHN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FIELDING	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	VERSTANDIG	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FULLER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	WHITTLESEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HERRINGTON	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HICKEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
JENKINS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

REMARKS:

Please forward any edits/comments by 1:00 p.m. MONDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1984.

Thank you.

RESPONSE:

Richard G. Darman
 Assistant to the President
 Ext. 2702

REAGAN-BUSH '84

The President's Authorized Campaign Committee

Received SS
1984 FEB -9 PM 5:54

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: MARGARET TUTWILER
THROUGH: ED ROLLINS
FROM: JIM LAKE
DATE: FEBRUARY 9, 1984
RE: STATE OF OREGON QUESTIONNAIRE

Per the procedures outlined in Fred Fielding's November 28, 1983 memo on candidate questionnaires, I am enclosing draft responses to a set of questions from the State of Oregon.

The State of Oregon through the office of the Secretary of State solicits statements from all the Presidential candidates and distributes them to voters in the state. Also attached for your information is the President's statement from the 1980 election campaign.

Please advise me at your earliest possible convenience of White House approval of the responses. We need the approval notice by February 13 to meet the deadline of Wednesday, February 15, 1984 set by Oregon's Secretary of State.

Thanks for your attention to this matter.

OCCUPATION: President of the United States.

OCCUPATIONAL BACKGROUND: In 1937, began film and television career that extended into the 1960's. Six times elected President of the Screen Actor's Guild union; board member 16 years. Former President of the Motion Picture Industry Council and member of the Council's Board of Directors for 10 years.

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND: B.A. in Economics and Sociology, Eureka College, Eureka, Illinois.

PRIOR GOVERNMENTAL EXPERIENCE: Governor of California 1966-1970. Re-elected and served from 1970-1974

WHERE WE ARE

When writing my message to Oregonians four years ago, I began with this same heading: "Where We Are." At that time I had to report that America faced the greatest challenge in our post-war history.

The problems we faced then were not the result of any one person, President or policy. But our nation's defenses were dangerously weak. We had suffered humiliation in Iran, and there was the sense that we had lost the respect of friend and foe alike.

Our nation lacked leadership. It seemed that even here in Washington our own elected officials failed to trust in the courage and character of the American people, attributing our problems to a national "malaise."

Worst of all, though, years of Government overindulgence and abusive taxation had left us in the worst economic mess since the Great Depression. Stagflation and the energy crisis were the watchwords of the '70s --- words that seemed to suggest the inevitable decline of America's economic power.

AMERICA IS BACK

Well, we have come along way in these last three years. Americans were ready to make a new beginning, and we worked together to achieve that new beginning --- to stop the long decline that had drained this nation's spirit and eroded its health. Now there is a renewed energy and optimism throughout the land. As I said in my State of the Union address this year, America is back and standing tall, looking to the '80s with courage, confidence and hope.

ECONOMIC RECOVERY

In the five years before I took office taxes had actually doubled. Inflation had risen to over 13 percent in 1979 and to 19 percent in March of 1980. Interest rates were over 21 percent, the highest in 120 years. Productivity had been down two consecutive years. Industrial production was down. Actual wages and earnings were down.

The only things going up were prices, unemployment, taxes and the size of government. Families felt helpless in the face of mounting inflation and the increased tax burden that reduced the reward for hard work, thrift and risk taking.

Well, in 1980 I offered a plan for economic recovery, and this year we achieved what the cynics said could never be done: real economic growth and a reduction in inflation and unemployment rates. In 1980 I promised the first across-the-board tax cuts in 20 years. We followed through on that promise and saw an increase in real after tax income. We have cut interest rates almost in half. New homes are being built and sold; retail sales are surging. Unemployment has continued to drop steadily, and in just the last year four million Americans have found jobs, the greatest employment gain in 33 years.

My Administration has also been successful in drastically reducing inflation - the cruelest tax of all - while continuing to deliver a broad range of social services to those Americans truly in need of assistance. Inflation destroys the security of Americans on retirement or fixed incomes. In 1980, for example, inflation robbed a poor family on a \$10,000 fixed income of \$2,000 in buying power over early 1979 levels. And inflation destroys the buying power of American wage earners.

Now that crippling 12.4 percent inflation rate has been cut to 3.8 percent.

My Administration has also worked hard to redirect social benefits to those who have the greatest need. As a result, combined federal and state spending for Aid to Families with Dependent Children - a major welfare program - increased by some \$600 million between 1980 and 1982 alone. A greater percentage of poor children received school lunches last year than in 1980, and last year two million more people received food stamps. Also, there will be 500,000 more Medicaid beneficiaries in 1984 than there were in 1980. My budget request for fiscal 1984 provides an average of \$17,000 for every elderly couple in America. That is \$8,530 per senior citizen; a total outlay of \$234 billion. Because of this combination of reduced inflation, reduced taxes and targetted social program benefits, all Americans are better

off now than they were four years ago.

WORLD LEADERSHIP

America is also back as a world leader and as the best hope of free peoples around the world. On Inauguration Day in 1981 we put behind us the national tragedy of the Iranian hostage crisis. We put behind us the period of great national self-doubt that had replaced our traditional American optimism. And we began to rebuild both our national spirit and our national defenses. We are confident that the tide of the future is a freedom tide, and that America's new strength and sense of purpose are carrying hope and opportunity far from our own shores.

America must also continue to seek international stability and true peace, and to strive to remove the threat of nuclear war. We must work to achieve real reductions in the armaments of both the United States and the USSR with the long range goal of banning all nuclear weapons. We are committed to peace and to playing the role of peacemaker in troubled areas of the world, but my Administration has also recognized that peace must be more than a slogan. True peace rests on the twin pillars of dialogue and defense --- meaningful arms reductions talks and strong deterrent forces. To that end, we have restored a credible deterrence, and can now confidently seek a secure and lasting peace, as well as a reduction in arms.

THE UNFINISHED WORK

America is much healthier and stronger now than it was four years ago. America is back, and we are back sooner and stronger than almost anyone thought possible. But our work is not finished. In the State of the Union address I urged America to take freedom's next step and unite behind four great goals to keep America free, secure and at peace for the eighties. We must:

1. Ensure steady economic growth:

Common sense budgeting requires that government limit spending, not raise taxes and unfairly increase the financial burden already facing our families. We are committed to our program of tax relief and steady economic growth that will continue the recovery and bring prosperity back to our nation.

2. Develop space, America's next frontier:

I have proposed initiatives to develop U.S. potential in space through the construction of a permanent manned space station to be operational in the 1990s, and the promotion of private sector investment in space.

3. Strengthen our traditional values:

America is enjoying a renaissance in the traditional values of faith, family, work and neighborhood. I will support this by continuing to push for a voluntary school prayer amendment, tuition tax credits, and legislative restrictions on abortion and other crimes against children.

4. Continue to build a meaningful peace:

We are developing a more stable basis for peaceful relations with the Soviet Union and for reductions in strategic arms. We will also assist the development of democratic institutions around the world in the knowledge that it is under democracies that peace and human rights are guaranteed.

REAGAN-BUSH '84

The President's Authorized Campaign Committee

Received SS
1984 FEB -9 PM 5:55

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: MARGARET TUTWILER
THROUGH: ED ROLLINS
FROM: JIM LAKE
DATE: FEBRUARY 9, 1984
RE: IOWA CATHOLIC CONFERENCE QUESTIONNAIRE

Per the procedures outlined in Fred Fielding's November 28, 1983 memo on candidate questionnaires, I am enclosing draft responses to a set of questions from the Iowa Catholic Conference.

Please advise me at your earliest possible convenience of White House approval of the responses. We need the approval notice by February 13 to meet the Iowa Catholic Conference's deadline of Wednesday, February 15, 1984.

Thanks for your attention to this matter.

RESPONSES TO IOWA CATHOLIC CONFERENCE QUESTIONNAIRE

1. Q. ABORTION: Would you support the passage of the Hatch/Eagleton Constitutional Amendment, which reads, "A right to abortion is not secured by this Constitution"?

A. SUPPORT

This Administration will continue to support the pro-life movement in every way possible, including legislative initiatives. I am profoundly disappointed that the Supreme Court has struck down several states' efforts to control the circumstances under which abortion can be performed. Until and unless it can be proven that the unborn child is not a human being -- and I don't believe it can be proven -- then we must protect the right of the unborn to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

2. Q. ABORTION: Would you support federal legislation to prohibit the use of public welfare funds for abortions?

A. SUPPORT

Since becoming President, I have repeatedly pressed for and subsequently signed federal legislation prohibiting the expenditure of federal tax dollars for abortions. The 1984 language contained in this year's Labor/HHS/Education appropriations bill specifically provided that, "...none of the funds... be used to perform abortions except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term." This Administration will continue to actively oppose federal funding for abortions.

3. Q. ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT: Do you support a stop to the nuclear arms race? Specifically, do you support a mutual and verifiable freeze on the testing, production and deployment of nuclear weapons and their delivery systems? Please comment.

A. SUPPORT

I have no higher priority than removing the threat of nuclear war and seeking the stability necessary for true peace. We must work to achieve real reductions in the armaments of both the United States and the USSR with the long range goal of banning all nuclear weapons. But peace must be more than a slogan. It rests on the twin pillars of dialogue and defense --- meaningful arms reductions talks and strong deterrent forces.

4. Q. CAPITAL PUNISHMENT: Would you support efforts to restrict or abolish the use of capital punishment?

A. OPPOSE

I proposed the Comprehensive Crime Control Act of 1983 designed to toughen bail, standardize sentencing, change the insanity defense and tighten narcotics enforcement. I would also support the reinstatement of capital punishment for certain federal crimes including murder, treason and espionage. We must address the threat violent crime poses to our society by punishing the guilty and deterring those considering lawlessness. All this can be achieved while meeting the constitutional requirements established by the Supreme Court.

5. Q. THE ECONOMY: Would you oppose economic policies which attempt to reduce inflation by cutting human needs programs?

A. OPPOSE

This Administration has been successful in drastically reducing inflation - the cruelest tax of all - while continuing to deliver a broad range of social services to those Americans truly in need of assistance. In 1980, the disastrous Carter-Mondale inflation rates had robbed a poor family on a \$10,000 fixed income of \$2,000 in buying power over early-1979 levels. Now, that crippling 12.4 percent rate has been reduced to 3.8 percent. In addition to restoring much of that buying power for low income Americans, my Administration has worked hard to redirect social benefits to those who have the greatest need. As a result, ~~combined federal and state spending for Aid to Families with~~ Dependent Children - a major welfare program - increased by some \$600 million between 1980 and 1982 alone. A greater percentage of poor children received school lunches last year than in 1980, and last year two million more people received food stamps. Also, there will be 500,000 more Medicaid beneficiaries in 1984 than there were in 1980. The combination of reduced inflation, reduced taxes and targetted social program benefits has made low income Americans better off than they would have been if the inflation, tax and benefit levels of the previous Administration had been continued.

6. Q. EDUCATION: Would you support tuition tax credits that would assist parents of nonpublic school children?

A. SUPPORT

I will continue to press for tuition tax credits to expand opportunities for families and to soften the double payment for

those paying public school taxes and private school tuition. Our proposal would target assistance to low- and middle-income families. Just as more incentives are needed within our schools, greater competition is needed among our schools. Without standards and competition there can be no champions, no records broken, no excellence in education or any other walk of life.

7. Q. FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL POLICY: Would you support a federal farm program that would have as its main priority the maintenance of the moderate-size family farm, instead of the past and present programs which favor the large farm operator?

A. A vibrant and productive agricultural sector is vital to the economic security of America. Our economic recovery program - which has resulted in lower interest and inflation rates - has worked to help small, medium and large farm operators alike. Faster write-offs for farm machinery, buildings and eligible livestock have proved beneficial. And the virtual elimination of the estate tax had been of particular help to America's small farmers - making it possible to keep the all-important family farm in the family. Agriculture in America can and will remain strong only if we continue government policies which encourage a sound economy.

8. Q. HOUSING: Would you support legislative efforts that would include direct housing programs that would create a flow of credit, public housing, and housing assistance payments to low-income people?

A. Our efforts to reduce mortgage rates have made the dream of homeownership a reality for 11 million low income Americans who could not afford it two years ago. At the end of 1983, HUD was providing housing subsidies to 800,000 more low income tenants than in 1980, the last year of the Carter Administration. Not only will we serve another 700,000 by the end of 1989, but we will be using housing vouchers to provide recipients a better choice of units and neighborhoods where they can live. This system would return flexibility and freedom of choice to the individual. A low income family would receive a rent voucher based on its earning power. The family could use that voucher anywhere in the nation as new housing and job opportunities return to our cities and states.

9. Q. HUMAN RIGHTS: Would you support efforts that would make the United States a leader in protecting and promoting human rights? In your comment, please state how you would handle the situation in El Salvador and Nicaragua.

A. SUPPORT

The United States is already the world leader in protecting and promoting human rights. To promote human rights, we have supplied moral leadership through the strength of our own democratic institutions. Our free press and representative government challenge others to live up to our example. And when called upon, America has been an active protector of human rights and the final defense of free peoples. This has been affirmed in two world wars, and most recently, at the side of the free Caribbean nations in the liberation of Grenada. With respect to Nicaragua and El Salvador, we are working now to establish and protect the peace and economic development that precedes freedom. We oppose violence from the right as we oppose violence from the left. We support the elected government of El Salvador against foreign-backed guerillas, and we oppose the unelected government of Nicaragua which exports weapons, ammunition and revolution. In both countries we look to a coalition in the political center as the hope for democratic development and the guarantee of human rights.

10. Q. REGIONAL CONFLICT IN THE WORLD: Would you direct a U.S. foreign policy that would attempt to bring about economic development for all the countries of Central America?

A. SUPPORT

My Administration has always sought to foster economic development for the peoples of Central America. Economic health is the most important factor in the stability and security of the region. We began three years ago with the Caribbean Basin Initiative that stressed the three pillars of trade, aid and investment. Under my Administration, this aid has been refocused to encourage private sector initiatives so that the people of Central America will have vibrant, growing economies and increasing opportunities for permanent jobs. We have worked to provide the area's tens of thousands of refugees with development aid and protection from violence so that they can return home to a productive life. And I have personally issued appeals for humanitarian assistance for Central America, the most recent of which I delivered this past Christmas. Of course we should not forget the millions of dollars in direct U.S. foreign aid. Two out of every three dollars we spend in Central America go to economic and human development. And I have urged Congress to implement the Jackson Plan of the Bipartisan Commission on Central America to provide further aid in the years to come.