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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 19, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ED MEESE
JIM BAKER
MIKE DEEVER
DICK DARMAN
DAVE GERGEN
CRAIG FULLER
FRED RYAN
MARGARET TUTWILER
M. B. OGLESBY, JR.
PAM TURNER
NANCY RISQUE

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*

Attached for your information and planning purposes is the tentative recess schedule for the next session of the Congress beginning in January, 1984. Lots of "district work periods" as they call them on the Hill!

Tentative Recess Schedule for 1984

Reconvening 2nd Session, 98th Congress - Monday, January 23, 1984.

Lincoln's Birthday. - Close of Business, Friday, February 10 until Noon, Monday, February 20.

Easter. - Close of Business, Friday, April 13 until Noon, Monday, April 23.

Memorial Day. - Close of Business, Friday, May 25 until Noon, Wednesday, May 30.

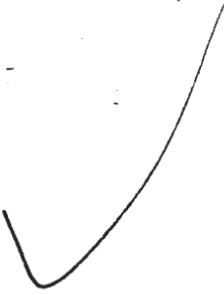
Fourth of July and Democratic National Convention. - Close of Business Friday, June 29 until Noon, Monday, July 23.

Republican National Convention. - Close of Business, Friday, August 10 until Noon, Monday, August 27.

Labor Day. - Close of Business, Friday, August 31 until Noon, Wednesday, September 5.

R.F.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON



October 19, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR BUD MC FARLANE

FROM:

KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*

This is out of the realm of congressional relations but it certainly will impact on the Hill and the support we need on Central America. Congressman Jack Kemp (R-New York) just returned from Central America with the Kissinger Commission and called to recommend that the Commission or a selected group from the Commission visit with the President to report on their trip. Jack feels they made great progress in moving toward a consensus but that the impressions they each had are worth sharing directly with the President. From a congressional standpoint, I'd recommend this but there may well be some other considerations that you or Henry Kissinger believe dictate against a meeting.

Independent of Jack's suggestion, Senator Pete Domenici (R-New Mexico) has requested 15 minutes to discuss the trip and his ideas with the President. (I'm forwarding his request with a favorable recommendation.)

Guidance, please, on how you'd like me to respond to Jack. Or do you want one of your folks to take the ball? Either way, if a meeting is desirable, I'd suggest doing it within the next few days.

cc: ✓ Jim Baker
M. B. Oglesby, Jr.
Pam Turner
Nancy Risque
Chris Lehman

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 13, 1983



MEMORANDUM FOR JIM BAKER
BILL CLARK

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *KD*

Wanted to call to your attention Senator David Boren's (D-Oklahoma) letter and remarks on the President's arms control proposals, including build-down. His comments, delivered on the Senate floor, speak volumes on the rightness of our bipartisan approach.

Interestingly, Boren has not supported the MX. Will be working on him!

We are preparing a reply for the President's signature.

DAVID L. BOREN
OKLAHOMA



United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20510

October 6, 1983

Dear Mr. President,

Thank you for including me in the recent congressional briefing on your new proposals at the START talks. I applaud your bipartisan approach and support the substance of your proposal. Attached is a copy of my remarks in the Congressional Record supporting your efforts.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "David L. Boren", written in a cursive style.

David L. Boren
United States Senator

Enclosure

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

CC: [Handwritten initials]

Mr. Boren.

Mr. President. Yesterday's edition of the Washington Post carried a headline "Reagan Sends Team Back to Arms Talks with New Proposals." Tuesday, I was privileged to attend a meeting at the White House with some 20 other Members of Congress at which the President outlined the nature of the proposals which he has directed our negotiators to advance at the Strategic Arms Reduction Talks.

The President's proposals demonstrate clearly and forcefully that the United States is acting in good faith to reach an agreement with the Soviets which is balanced and fair to both sides. If the Soviets fail to give serious consideration to these proposals, it will be an admission to the rest of the world that the Soviet Union is not serious about its professed desire to reduce the dangers of nuclear war.

In these proposals, the President has walked the extra mile. He has included the variable build-down proposal among the items which will be presented. He also made it clear that he is willing to consider combining the bomber and the throw weight issues. Failure to consider the American bomber advantage and the Soviet throw weight advantage simultaneously has proved a stumbling block in past negotiations.

In making these decisions the President has maintained a real working partnership with Congress. The approach has also been truly bipartisan.

I am also especially pleased that the President has named my fellow Oklahoman, R. James Woolsey, to the negotiating team. Jim Woolsey, who has served as Undersecretary of the Navy and as counsel to the

Senate Armed Services Committee when it was chaired by Senator John Stennis, is an able addition to the negotiating team and makes it clear that the President is truly following a bi-partisan approach.

When the meeting at the White House reached its conclusion, the President received an unusual spontaneous round of applause from the Members of Congress who were present. The President deserved that applause. It should demonstrate to the Soviet Union that the President's negotiators return to Geneva, not with the proposal of just one party or faction, but with an American proposal which has broad bi-partisan support. It is a fair and realistic proposal and the world will have a chance to judge real Soviet intentions by weighing their reaction to it. For the sake of the safety and security of all peoples of the world, let us hope and pray that the Soviets will respond positively.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 11, 1983

TO: JIM BAKER
ED MEESE
MIKE DEEVER
JOHN HERRINGTON

THRU: KEN DUBERSTEIN *KD*
PAM TURNER *PT*

FROM: NANCY KENNEDY *NK*

SUBJECT: Secretary of the Interior

Senator Goldwater called from Arizona to urge, in the strongest terms, that former House GOP Leader John Rhodes be chosen as the next Secretary of the Interior.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JIM BAKER
ED MEESE
MIKE DEEVER
BILL CLARK
LARRY SPEAKES
DAVE GERGEN
DICK DARMAN
PAM TURNER
CHRIS LEHMAN

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*

JAB
*Why would he
feel compelled
to write this?*

✓

**This was just received and wanted to call it to your
immediate attention. I'm told by Baker's staff that
they "do not plan to release the letter any time soon."**



UNITED STATES SENATE
OFFICE OF THE MAJORITY LEADER
WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOWARD H. BAKER, JR.
TENNESSEE

October 7, 1983

Dear Mr. President,

Not only was I enormously pleased, but greatly relieved that we were able to work out an effective compromise that supported your decision to preserve the status of U.S. troops in Lebanon as a peace-keeping force, and simultaneously, satisfy most of the strong voices in Congress that the validity of the War Powers Resolution be preserved.

For my part, I am also deeply gratified that a cease-fire has been gained in Lebanon. I credit that to your effective diplomacy and to your dedication to advancing the cause of peace in the Middle East.

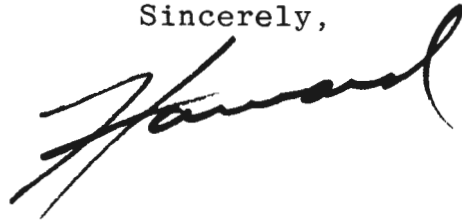
At the same time, I consider it my obligation to bring to your attention my abiding concern about the presence of United States troops in Lebanon. I am sure you will recall that when we first discussed this last year, I recommended that we not send American Marines into Lebanon. Once you decided on the policy, however, I supported it. Nevertheless, I believe that there is an obvious and perhaps growing danger that American troops, as a part of the Multinational Force or in some other role in the region, may become involved in extensive hostilities.

While I would not question your special prerogatives as Commander-in-Chief or as the

page 2

chief executor of the nation's foreign policy, I urge that every avenue be explored to achieve the removal of American troops from Lebanon at the earliest possible time. I, of course, join with you in the fervent hope that the current cease-fire will hold, that the negotiating efforts will be successful, and that stability will be returned to that troubled region of the world.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jimmy Carter", written in a cursive style.

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 7, 1983



MEMORANDUM FOR JIM BAKER
ED MEESE
MIKE DEEVER
BILL CLARK
LARRY SPEAKES
DAVE GERGEN
DICK DARMAN
PAM TURNER
CHRIS LEHMAN

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*

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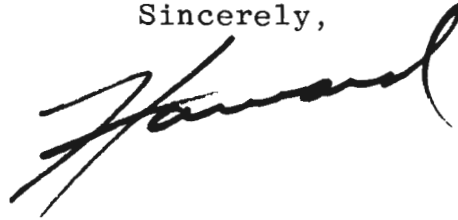
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The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 5, 1983



TO: JIM BAKER
MIKE DEEVER
ED MEESE

THRU: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*
PAM TURNER *PK*

FROM: NANCY KENNEDY *NK*

SUBJECT: Nominations

As you may know, in early 1980 the Republicans in the Senate formed an ad hoc committee -- the purpose of which was to block all Carter nominations possible during the election year. We can assume the Democrats will do likewise next year.

The Majority Leader of the Senate advises we have less than two months left to get all vital vacancies filled. Yesterday, Senator Baker announced at Policy luncheon his sincere desire to adjourn sine die on November 18th. In looking at the legislative agenda for the rest of this session, it is more than likely the November 18 date will hold.

Further, we are advised that we cannot expect the Republican leader to go to the mat on nominations for the White House next year.

Becky Norton Dunlop and I met with Jim Cannon on these matters last month.

cc: Fred Fielding

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 29, 1983

R.F. ✓

MEMORANDUM FOR JIM BAKER

FROM: M. B. OGLESBY, JR. *Bo*

SUBJECT: Appointment of J. Robert Barr (GOP Chairman of Cook County, Illinois) to the Task Force to study the Unitary Tax Issue

As the attached resume shows, Bob Barr would be an excellent appointee. This is his area of law practice; he worked on the recent Illinois legislation that adjusted their unitary tax laws; and he is a team player.

Aside from his obvious character flaw in being a Chicago Cub fan, I would give Bob my highest personal recommendation and would urge serious consideration of his appointment.

10/1

MOI

I want to discuss
this with Herrington.
Thank
JAB III

J. ROBERT BARR

Home: 1501 Oak Avenue
Evanston, Illinois 60201
(312) 866-9317

Office: One First National Plaza
Chicago, Illinois 60603
(312) 853-7000

Personal: Born, April 10, 1936 - Gary, Indiana
3 Children - Mary (23), John (20), Jennifer (13)

Education: Harvard Law School - Cambridge, Massachusetts
LL.B., cum laude - 1960

Grinnell College - Grinnell, Iowa
A. B. - 1957 Phi Beta Kappa

Profession: Partner in law firm of Sidley & Austin
practice concentrated in area of State
and Local Taxation

Admitted to practice of law in Illinois - 1960

Member: Chicago Bar Association, Illinois State
Bar Association, American Bar Association,
The Law Club of the City of Chicago, Legal
Club of Chicago, Selden Society, Inter-
national Association of Assessing Officers

Chairman, Chicago Bar Association Committee on
State and Municipal Taxation - 1974-75

Civic and Public Service: State Representative, 82nd General Assembly
Illinois House of Representatives, 1981-1983

Member, Commission on Presidential Scholars - 1975-1977
Appointed by President Gerald Ford

Chairman, Illinois Board of Regents - 1971-77
Appointed by Governor Ogilvie as member
in 1969 and reappointed to a full six-year
term in 1971 - Elected Chairman in June 1971
and reelected Chairman in 1973 and 1975

Board of Regents is the governing board for
Illinois State University, Northern Illinois
University, and Sangamon State University

Member, Illinois Board of Higher Education - 1971-1977

Member, Evanston (Illinois) Zoning Board of Appeals
1965-1974

Political:

Chairman, Republican Central Committee of Cook County
Elected in April 1978 for two-year term
Re-elected for second term, March 1980
Re-elected for third term, March 1982

Republican Township Committeeman, Evanston Township
Elected in March 1974 and re-elected in
March 1978, and March 1982 for additional
four-year terms

Member, Council of Legal Advisors to Republican
National Committee

Member, Executive Committee, National Republican
Congress of Urban Counties

Alternate Delegate-at-Large to the 1980 Republican
National Convention

Active in the Republican Party at every level and
in many capacities since 1953

Treasurer, Illinois House Republican Campaign
Committee, 1975-1983

Chairman, Republican Legislative Committees, for
Second Legislative District and the Fourth
Representative District.

Chairman, Illinois Young Republican Organization - 1969

Chairman, Cook County Young Republicans - 1965-67

Precinct Captain, Ward Chairman and Officer in
Evanston Republican Organization since 1960

Social and
Recreation:

Hobbies: Baseball (Diehard Chicago Cubs Fan)
Fishing
Stamp Collecting
History
Travel

Member: The Chicago Club

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 28, 1983

TO: James A. Baker III

FROM: Kenneth M. Duberstein *K.M.*

SUBJECT: Lebanon/War Powers Resolution Recommended Telephone Calls

The Senate is expected to vote today on the Baker-Percy Lebanon/War Powers Resolution. The first vote will occur on an amendment by Senate Democratic Leader Robert Byrd (D-W. Va.) which is cosponsored by nearly 25 Democrats. The Byrd amendment would require the President to report to the Congress under Section 4(a)(1) of the War Powers Act, and enumerates those items to be covered in the report. It would authorize our troops to remain in Lebanon without further authorization for 60 days from the time of enactment.

If the Byrd amendment fails, other efforts will be made to change the time limit (18 months) currently contained in the Baker Resolution. Votes on amendments and final passage of this resolution are expected to be along party lines, and there are several of our Republicans who have expressed various concerns about this issue.

The following members are considered "questionable" by Majority Leader Howard Baker and he has asked our assistance in firming them up.

Dan Quayle (R-Ind.)

Senator Quayle has indicated that he will vote against all amendments. However, he is uncertain about final passage. He has concerns over the details of the mission of the Marines and would like to see that spelled out more clearly. He has suggested that we should consider a partitioning of Lebanon. He was approached by Ambassador Fairbanks but Fairbanks was not able to make any headway. He has indicated, however, that he would not be the decisive vote against the Resolution.

John W. Warner (R-Va.)

Senator Warner has indicated all along that he is leaning in favor of voting for the Resolution but he has not informed us of a final decision. He is reported to also have concerns over the mission of the Marines.

Dan Evans (R-Wash.)

Senator Evans is new to the Senate and to the Senate Armed Services Committee. He is also up for reelection in November and is being very responsive to the reaction to the Lebanon situation back in Washington. He has not yet made up his mind on the issue. He will be influenced by the vote of his colleague in Washington, Slade Gorton, and you should be aware that Senator Gorton has spoken favorably in the last 48 hours about supporting Sen. Baker.

Attachment

Talking Points

TOPICS OF DISCUSSION

1. I am calling with regard to the Baker-Percy resolution on Lebanon. I understand that there will be some crucial votes on this issue today, and we need your support.
2. We have worked hard to craft a bi-partisan document here which will give a clear signal at home and abroad that the Executive and the Legislative branches are working together to facilitate a lasting cease fire and political reconciliation in Lebanon.
3. As the President mentioned in a letter to Majority Leader Baker, he is convinced that movement in the Congress toward adopting this resolution was influential in the present cease fire, and he hopes that final approval can be obtained today.
4. The mission and role of U.S. forces in the MNF has been clearly described by the President and is also described and limited in Section 3 of the compromise resolution. It is the original mission of the MNF described in the September 1982 exchange of letters with Lebanon: To provide a presence in the Beirut area that is generally supportive of the Lebanese Government. This role cannot be defined more specifically, and we must not try to tie the President's hands unreasonably so that he cannot effectively participate in the critical MNF effort or defend our forces in Lebanon.
5. With regard to the 18-month time limitation in the resolution, it is the President's concern that any attempts to shorten that period could be highly detrimental to effective U.S. policy in the area, and to the safety of our forces there. Of course we would hope that our troops will be out before that time, but hostile elements should not be given any incentive to wait us out or disrupt the current cease fire.
6. I hope you will be able to support Majority Leader Baker as the Senate votes on this crucial issue today.

✓

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 23, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: JIM BAKER
FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *K-D.*
SUBJECT: Senator John East/Jim Watt

Senator John East called and asked me to pass along that while Jim Watt could have used a better term than "cripple," he hoped the White House wouldn't over-react. He believes that "people are hardened to Watt's misstatements" and understand he makes mistakes.

East also pointed out that it was typical of the liberal press not to ask him, as the most handicapped senator, to comment on the Watt statement. "They've gone out of their way to avoid me in the last two days. If they'd ask me, I'd say I'm not offended, Watt could have used a better term and he's a good Cabinet member."

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

JAB/MOT

Bob Michel OK
on this based on
discussions to tod with
Jack Block (at our
request).

Ter D.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Ed Meese

As we discussed at the
senior staff meeting, this
should be reversed.

Ker D

CC: Tim Baker

Office of the Republican Leader
United States House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

September 21, 1983

RF

*10/11 MST
Pls find out from
KD if this was
received.
Tully
JMB*

Honorable John R. Block
Secretary of Agriculture
The Mall
12th and 14th Streets, SW
Washington, D.C. 20250

Dear Jack:

Following-up on our conversation yesterday on the transfer of administrative functions from the regional office in Peoria, I would appreciate having more detailed information than what was provided in the letter to me from Orville Bentley.

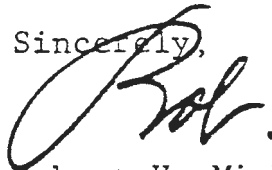
As I mentioned to you yesterday, one has to question the wisdom of moving more administrative operations to the Washington area. It has always been my impression that the office in Peoria has served the region very well.

I would like to know more of the specifics as to what functions are being transferred, to where and to what end. I'm curious to know why the Peoria office could not have been designated as a regional office for a wider area instead of being dismantled.

I am appreciative of the fact that the research laboratory in Peoria is being beefed up with the additional personnel. There is no question that expanded utilization of that facility is in the best interests of everyone concerned.

Thank you for being so prompt in getting back to me yesterday.

Sincerely,



Robert H. Michel
Republican Leader

RHM:mbj

cc: Ken Duberstein



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
WASHINGTON, D C 20250

SEP 20 1983

Honorable Robert H. Michel
House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congressman Michel:

This is to advise you of organizational changes being made in the Agricultural Research Service (ARS) to streamline management operations throughout the agency and, in particular, in the North Central Regional Office and Northern Regional Research Center (NRRC) located at Peoria, Illinois.

These changes are the result of reviews initiated by ARS to examine opportunities for increasing the effectiveness of its program and management operations. They are also responsive to, and consistent with, recommendations that have been made by congressional committees and various outside study groups over the past several years. In FY 1983, Dr. Terry B. Kinney, Jr., Administrator of ARS, made reductions in Headquarters staff amounting to over 140 positions and \$4 million which have been redirected to research.

Further changes are now planned in the management operations of ARS' field and Headquarters organizational structure. They are designed to shift resources from management to high priority national research programs, thus allowing the agency to carry out its mission more effectively and efficiently.

In brief, 25 Area/Center Offices will be consolidated to 11 Areas. Also, the 4 ARS Regional Offices will be significantly reduced in size with the business office functions redistributed, partly at Headquarters and partly to strengthen administrative support for the 11 Areas. These actions are confined to management operations and will not impact research programs located in Illinois.

There will be significant adjustments made in the ARS offices in Peoria, Illinois, starting in the first quarter of FY 1984. The North Central Regional office is being reorganized and will have a staff of 13 employees. This action affects 70 other ARS employees and approximately \$1.8 million in management overhead funds. Beginning early in FY 1984, ARS will use approximately \$1.7 million of the overhead savings to hire 17 additional scientists and 22 support personnel at the Northern Regional Research Center in Peoria for research programs on mechanism of plant maturation and senescence to enhance product quality; control of fungal growth and toxin production in small grains to enhance human nutrition and animal health; and genetic engineering of rumen microorganisms to improve efficiency of feed conversion and animal growth. Several Regional Office employees will be transferred to vacancies to be established at the Center to support this effort.

Congressman Michel

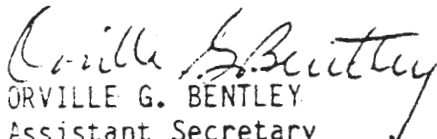
2

We also expect to expand the service contract at the Center with the Bendix Field Engineering Corporation to renovate and maintain some of the space needed to accommodate this increase in program which should add three or four more staff years of effort to the contract. In addition, approximately \$300,000 will be allocated to NRRC for special repair and maintenance and energy retrofit projects for FY 1984.

An Area Office will be established at NRRC to service Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and the Northern Regional Research Center. Five administrative employees and \$125,000 in management funds from the Regional Office will be transferred to the Center to staff this new office. In addition, several Regional Office employees will be offered positions in Ames, Iowa; St. Paul, Minnesota; Hyattsville/Beltsville, Maryland; and other ARS locations. A priority placement effort will be given to relocate and/or place impacted employees within ARS. If they are unable to relocate, they will receive counseling and outplacement assistance.

If you have any questions about these changes, please let me know.

Sincerely,


ORVILLE G. BENTLEY
Assistant Secretary
Science and Education

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 20, 1983



MEMORANDUM TO: JIM BAKER
ED MEESE
MIKE DEEVER
BILL CLARK

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *KD.*

SUBJECT: Congressman Al Gore/arms control

Wanted to alert you to a phone call I received yesterday from Congressman Al Gore. He is quite concerned, based on meetings with General Rowney and others, that the Administration is misreading the Hill attitude on arms control in light of the Korean plane incident. He sensed from Rowney that we need not demonstrate flexibility at this time, that Rowney believes the Russians are so on the defensive (because of Flight #007) we can "stonewall it" for some time.

Al says the Hill folks who have supported us on MX would be left so far out on a limb if this is the Administration position that our MX coalition would rupture quickly. He encouraged me to stress the urgent need to proceed with continued good faith with the Congress on arms control, build-down, etc.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON



September 19, 1983



MEMORANDUM TO: JIM BAKER
FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *KD*
SUBJECT: Martin Luther King national holiday

We need to decide, ASAP, on Administration position on the Martin Luther King national holiday. It's likely to be up on the Senate floor this week.

Guidance, please.

cc: Ed Meese
Dick Darman
Dave Gergen

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 19, 1983

TO: ED MEESE
JIM BAKER

THRU: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*
PAM TURNER *P*

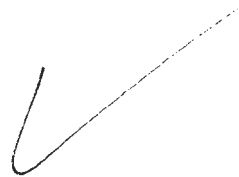
FROM: NANCY KENNEDY *NK*

SUBJECT: Civil Rights Commission - Nominees and Reauthorization

I talked to Jack Bunzel this morning, one of the nominees for Commissioner to the Civil Rights Commission. He, Morris Abram, and Linda Chavez have caucused on their own and wish to relay the following:

1. They would like to be in on the "deal" on reauthorization as it pertains to their nominations, not told after the fact. They feel they have invested a lot of themselves over this four month period.
2. None of the three will go for any deal that keeps Mary Berry on the Commission. All three will withdraw their names from consideration.
3. Linda Chavez won't stay as Staff Director unless AT LEAST Abram and Bunzel are confirmed.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON



September 19, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: JIM BAKER
MIKE DEAVER

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *K.D.*

SUBJECT: Senator Bob Dole

FYI: Senator Dole is very ticked about the unnamed "White House officials" in the attached article.

I have reassured him that nobody in high position here contributed in any respect to the Periscope piece. Nevertheless, I wanted to call it to your attention so that the next time you are speaking to Bob you may give him similar reassurance.

Attachment

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

cc: PT
original to: CP

STROM THURMOND, S.C., CHAIRMAN

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ORRIN G. HATCH, UTAH
ROBERT DOLE, KANS.
ALAN K. SIMPSON, WYO.
JOHN P. EAST, N.C.
CHARLES E. GRASSLEY, IOWA
JEREMIAH DENTON, ALA.
ARLEN SPECTER, PA.

JOSEPH R. BIDEN, JR., DEL.
EDWARD M. KENNEDY, MASS.
ROBERT C. BYRD, W. VA.
HOWARD M. METZENBAUM, OHIO
DENNIS DeCONCINI, ARIZ.
PATRICK J. LEAHY, VT.
MAX BAUCUS, MONT.
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ARTHUR B. BRISKMAN, MINORITY CHIEF COUNSEL

VINTON DEVANE LIDE, CHIEF COUNSEL AND STAFF DIRECTOR
DEBORAH K. OWEN, GENERAL COUNSEL
SHIRLEY J. FANNING, CHIEF CLERK
MARK H. GITENSTEIN, MINORITY CHIEF COUNSEL

September 9, 1983

Mr. Kenneth Duberstein
Assistant to the President
for Legislative Affairs
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ken:

I am writing to ask that you advise anonymous "White House officials" that I resent the false potshots, such as the item that appeared in Newsweek's "Periscope" column of September 12. The item read as follows:

White House officials complain that Sen. Robert Dole filched the credit for a new women's-rights measure away from President Reagan. Drawing on the research of a Reagan administration task force, Dole drafted a bill designed to eliminate gender discrimination from dozens of federal laws. Reagan aides suggest that Dole got access to the task-force findings through his wife, Transportation Secretary Elizabeth Dole, who was formerly on the White House staff. "Pillow talk has been known to do wonders," says a Reagan man. The legislation has been dubbed the "Dole bill," and the White House "had to scramble to get credit for it," says this aide. Dole's office says the bill was a "cooperative effort" with the White House. The point is particularly sensitive because President Reagan's poll ratings among women continue to decline. Even more irritating to the White House: one contributor to the task-force report was Barbara Honegger, the Justice Department aide who resigned last month charging the administration with sexism.

According to these unnamed sources, I "filched", with Elizabeth's assistance, the June 28 Justice Department report and secretly drafted and introduced legislation, with the result that the Administration had to "scramble" to get any credit.

Mr. Kenneth Duberstein
September 9, 1983
Page 2

The truth is that this report became the focus of nationwide attention after Sarah McClendon questioned the President about it at a July, 1982 press conference. Inevitably, copies of the report surfaced everywhere. Indeed, my bill wasn't even introduced until October 3rd, two months after Congresswoman Schroeder placed the report in the Congressional Record.

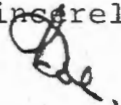
Moreover, we were hardly secretive about drafting the legislation. My staff contacted a number of executive branch departments and agencies, including the Department of Justice, in researching and developing the legislation. Three weeks before I introduced the legislation, it was sent to the White House to give the Administration ample time to review and comment. Far from trying to steal the credit, I was attempting to get the President out front. As you know, the President responded with a letter welcoming my efforts, and giving the initiative his strong personal support.

In short, every effort was made to work with the Administration in order to achieve a common objective: to eliminate sex discrimination from the U.S. Code and to demonstrate that concrete progress had been made as a result of the efforts of the President's Task Force on Legal Equity for Women.

Some at the White House are apparently more interested in gossip than in informing the public about the important steps the Administration has taken on behalf of women.

We have enough problems without generating divisiveness within our own ranks by engaging in personal character attacks. We would be better off if these anonymous White House officials would close their mouths while we all seek to close the gender gap.

Sincerely,


BOB DOLE
U.S. Senate

BD/km
cc: Honorable James Baker

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 16, 1983



MEMORANDUM TO: JOHN HERRINGTON
FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ker D.*
SUBJECT: Bicentennial of the Constitution

The House and Senate have now passed legislation creating a Commission to celebrate the Bicentennial of the Constitution. The President is likely to sign it within the next several days.

I don't know what the staffing requirements are but Lynne Cheney (Congressman Dick Cheney's wife) would be a superb selection for the staff. She has great credentials (writer, author, historian, etc). Hope you will consider her as soon as appropriate.

Many thanks.

cc: Jim Baker

*John - PER JAB he VERY much
AGREES - PLEASE TAKE
A SERIOUS LOOK AT.
THANKS -
MDT
9/19*

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON



September 16, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: JIM BAKER
FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*
SUBJECT: Democratic National Committee

Understand from the Hill folks that the Democratic National Committee is planning a massive nationwide ad campaign on September 30th to dramatize the "record Reagan deficits."

Obviously, this date coincides with the end of the fiscal year.

cc: Ed Rollins
Dave Gergen

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 15, 1983

RT
✓

MEMORANDUM FOR JAMES A. BAKER
EDWIN MEESE
ED ROLLINS
DAVE GERGEN
LARRY SPEAKES
LEE ATWATER

THRU: KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN *K.D.*
FROM: M. B. OGLESBY, JR. *MB*
JOHN F. SCRUGGS *JFS*
SUBJECT: House Conservatives Defend President's
Reaction to Airline Downing

Several GOP conservatives have expressed concern about New Right attacks on the President because of the handling of the downed Korean airliner. Congressman Mickey Edwards (R-Oklahoma) is actively defending the President and criticizing NCPAC. Attached for your information is a press release from Congressman Edwards.

Jim, I mentioned this to the President. Would recommend that you show it to him.



CONGRESSMAN MICKEY EDWARDS

208 Cannon House Office Building • Washington, D.C. 20515 • 202-225-2132

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

CONTACT: Jan Powell
202/225-21
703/573-60

WASHINGTON -- Oklahoma Congressman Mickey Edwards, a member of the national advisory committee of the National Conservative Political Action Committee (NCPAC), said today he has notified NCPAC officials that he is cancelling a fund-raising speech for the organization because of its threat to withdraw support from President Reagan.

Edwards said he has been "stunned" by the reaction of New Right leaders to President Reagan's response to the Soviet attack on a Korean Airlines 747.

"The Russians and the New Right have something in common," Edwards said. "When the Russians shoot down an airplane, they both attack Ronald Reagan."

Edwards said he is "amazed by the incredible gall" of the New Right organizations which use Reagan and his potential re-election campaign as a key to their own fund-raising activities "and then turn on him in fury if he doesn't measure up to their demands."

Edwards said he, too, would like a much stronger response to the Soviet action, including expulsion of most Soviet diplomats from the U.S., strong trade sanctions, and a cutoff of credit to Soviet block countries. Edwards said the Administration should be pressuring

NCPAC's ATTACK/ad 1

U.S. allies to join in a concerted tough response.

"It's easy to strike out blindly, like President Carter did after the invasion of Afghanistan, and punish American farmers and athletes for something the Russians did, without hurting the Russians at all; it's a lot harder to work out an agreement with other countries to squeeze the Russians so that the Kremlin feels the pain."

"The best response is exactly what the President has proposed: using this new awareness of the Kremlin's nature to win support for the kind of military preparedness that will limit Soviet adventurism," Edwards said.

"The New Right is apparently afraid of the hard work it takes to use this incident to build a new national consensus for a strong defense policy; it's a lot easier to stomp and scream and blame Reagan for not responding by starting World War III."

"But," Edwards said, "there's a big step between advocating tough policies and childishly threatening to go out and get another President."

Edwards said he had been invited to speak at a NCPAC fundraising event in Seattle Thursday night. "I've thought about this for several days, and discussed it with my family and friends," Edwards said. "Some of these groups -- including NCPAC -- have become outrageously irresponsible, and I just can't continue to support them."

-30-

Media Note: Edwards, 46, is serving his fourth term in Congress. He serves as a regional minority whip in the House, is a member of the Appropriations Committee and is national chairman of the American Conservative Union.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

R.T.

September 12, 1983



TO: EDWIN MEESE III
JAMES A. BAKER III
MICHAEL DEEVER
KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN

THRU: PAMELA J. TURNER *pt*

FROM: NANCY KENNEDY *NK*

SUBJECT: Civil Rights Commission Nominations/"Red Alert"

Linda Chavez, acting Staff Director at the Commission and also our nominee to be Staff Director, called me from a telephone booth to advise me that the State Advisory Committees which are in town for their annual meeting with the Commission are in the process of passing a resolution condemning the President for his removal of the three sitting Commissioners and for his four nominations, including Linda. Linda assumes that all 50 Advisory Committees will pass this resolution unanimously and report it to the Commissioners.

Best guess is that the report will be handed in on Wednesday. Since the Commission is stacked against us, we can anticipate on the eve of the Senate Judiciary Committee's vote on our nominees that the Civil Rights Commission will make a big public splash of this resolution.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

R.F.
✓

September 8, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: ED MEESE
JIM BAKER

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D.*

SUBJECT: Fringe Benefit Legislation

Want to bring to your attention the attached letter from Barber Conable on fringe benefit legislation. Barber is urging reconsideration of our stated position.

Guidance, please on how you'd like me to respond.

FYF -
Please Keep
Confidential
- Ken

August 9, 1983

Honorable Donald Regan
Secretary
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D.C. 20220

Dear Mr. Secretary:

I have read the article by Jonathan Fuerbringer in today's New York Times to the effect that the White House is refusing to support the fringe benefit bill which Congressman Stark and I have cosponsored. I want to urge you to use your influence to bring about some reconsideration of this decision, if the report is accurate.

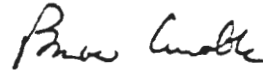
This bill is my bill; my staff prepared it to create a congressional policy on fringe benefits. The alternative is further erosion of the tax base. You are well aware of what a large proportion of our personal income tax receipts comes from withholding on wages and salaries, and of the importance to tax policy of efforts to restrain the creation of additional fringe benefits.

Congressman Stark has told me that if the Administration resists a bill like ours, he will work to prevent a further moratorium on the issuance of regulations by the Internal Revenue Service, thus dumping the whole mess back in the lap of the Treasury. The potential for mischief is considerable, and the Administration does not need a big fight over fringe benefits next year to complicate our reelection effort. Our bill does not cut back significantly on any fringe benefits, but simply draws the line to prevent further expansion of such practices as tuition remission and airline passes. It is not our intention to raise or lower taxes, but to protect existing revenues and to prevent the necessity of Executive Branch decision about such sensitive matters. In short, I urge you to take advantage of this opportunity, rather than to resist a congressional initiative which I would have thought reasonable policymakers would welcome.

Honorable Donald Regan
August 9, 1983
Page 2

Since the Fuerbringer article implies the situs of this policy decision by the Administration is the White House rather than the Treasury, I am sending a copy of this letter to Ken Duberstein, hoping that he will urge reconsideration of any planned opposition from the White House.

Very truly yours,



Barber B. Conable, Jr.

C/1

cc: Kenneth Duberstein

R.F.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 8, 1983



MEMORANDUM TO: JOHN HERRINGTON
FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *K.D.*
SUBJECT: International Trade Commission

Attached is a letter from Bill Brock in support of David Rohr for one of the vacancies on the ITC. David has the support of Dan Rostenkowski, chairman of Ways and Means Committee; Bob Dole, chairman of Finance Committee; and Russell Long, ranking Democrat on Finance Committee, for this non-Republican slot.

Would encourage you to consider David for this position, as we have discussed.

bcc: Jim Baker

THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

WASHINGTON

20506

August 18, 1983

The Honorable Kenneth M. Duberstein
Assistant to the President
for Legislative Affairs
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ken:

I am writing in regard to the efforts the White House is undertaking to fill remaining spots on the International Trade Commission.

In light of recent developments, it is my understanding that Dave Rohr is being considered for one of the non-Republican slots. In August of last year, I wrote to Helene Von Damm recommending that Dave be considered for a position on the ITC.

I would like to take this opportunity to reiterate my support for Dave.

Attached is a copy of the letter that I sent to Helene. I would appreciate your consideration.

Very truly yours,



WILLIAM E. BROCK

WEB:Wrf

Attachment

THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

WASHINGTON

20506

August 10, 1982

The Honorable Helene Von-Damm
Deputy Assistant to the President
for Presidential Personnel
Room 147 Old Executive Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Helene:

I am writing to you to support Dave Rohr in his efforts to be appointed to one of the vacant Democrat seats on the International Trade Commission. I have had the opportunity to work with Dave since becoming the U.S. Trade Representative in his capacity as Staff Director of the Ways and Means Subcommittee on International Trade. I have found him to be knowledgeable, capable, and forthright.

It is my understanding that Dave is seeking this position with the support of Congressman Dan Rostenkowski, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, and Congressman Sam Gibbons, Chairman of the Subcommittee on Trade of Ways and Means.

I feel that Dave would represent the U.S. Government well as a member of the Commission and would utilize his thorough background and knowledge of U.S. international trade law in the factual consideration of the cases to come before the Commission. If you have any questions on this, I will be glad to talk with you about it over the phone.

Very truly yours,

/s/

WILLIAM E. BROCK

WEB:wrf

cc: John Schrote, WH

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON



September 2, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: ED MEESE
JIM BAKER
MIKE DEEVER
BILL CLARK

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *Ken D*

SUBJECT: Recommendation of Congressman Jack Kemp
for tribute to Senator Scoop Jackson

Attached is a copy of a letter delivered to me early this afternoon from Jack Kemp. He believes his suggestion has considerable symbolic merit and recommends that you consider it closely. It would be a nice touch.

Guidance, please.

Attachment

JACK KEMP
31ST DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

COMMITTEES:
APPROPRIATIONS
SUBCOMMITTEE:
FOREIGN OPERATIONS
RANKING MEMBER

BUDGET

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

2 September 1983

PLEASE RESPOND
□ WASHINGTON OFFICE:
2252 RAYBURN OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515
(202) 225-5265

DISTRICT OFFICES:
□ 1101 FEDERAL BUILDING
111 WEST HURON STREET
BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14203
(716) 846-4123

□ 484 S. MAIN STREET
GENEVA, NEW YORK 14456
(315) 789-3360

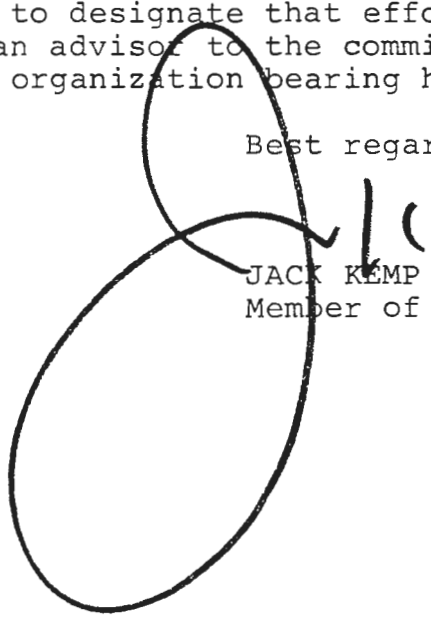
Honorable Ronald Reagan
President of the United States
The White House

Dear Mr. President:

I am deeply saddened by the loss of our friend and colleague, Scoop Jackson; and I know that you share that sense of loss. Although of a different political party, Scoop was an eloquent and frequent spokesman on behalf of many of the policies that have characterized your Presidency, especially in the area of defense and foreign affairs. I think it is safe to say that the country will sorely miss his wise counsel.

I would like to suggest a small tribute to his memory. Senator Jackson was among the first in his party to speak out in support of your policy in Central America. Recognizing the critical nature of the challenge facing us, he introduced the Senate resolution calling for the creation of a bipartisan commission to look at our long term policy goals for the region. By your order, that commission now exists. I respectfully suggest that it would be a fitting memorial formally to designate that effort the "Jackson Commission". As an advisor to the commission, I would be proud to serve an organization bearing his name.

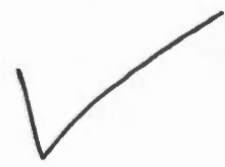
Best regards,


JACK KEMP
Member of Congress

JK/mkv

Norman Coleman —

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON



September 2, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: ED MEESE
JIM BAKER
MIKE DEEVER
BILL CLARK

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *K.D.*

SUBJECT: **Congressional response to Korean plane incident**

Attached are a small selection of letters and reports on telephone conversations received in the last 24 hours from members of Congress in the Korean plane incident.

I think you will find these of interest. The volume of calls has been quite high.

Attachment



BILL FRENZEL
THIRD DISTRICT
MINNESOTA

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20515

September 2, 1983

The Honorable Ronald Reagan
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

The outrageous slaughter of Korean Airline passengers by USSR war planes demands a response. However, may I respectfully suggest that the U.S. not engage in unilateral embargoes. The record indicates that embargoes have invariably hurt us worse than the intended targets.

I also believe that multilateral embargoes are not an effective response. There ought to be a better way. But, if we have to hurt ourselves to show our displeasure, we ought to hurt ourselves no more than our allies. A collective response, as broadly based as possible, is preferred.

Finally, I hope the Nuclear Arms Reduction talks will not be affected. However great our disgust over the Korean incident, and our distrust of the regime which perpetrated it, those talks are too important to us and to the world to be slowed down in any way.

Thank you for your consideration of these matters.

Yours very truly,

Bill Frenzel
Member of Congress

BF:mjn

cc: The Honorable Bob Michel, Trent Lott, Jack Kemp,
Jack Edwards, Lynn Martin, Barber Conable, Silvio Conte

WASHINGTON ADDRESS:
1213 LONGWORTH HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
(202) 225-5711

SALEM ADDRESS:
4035 12TH S.E. #20
P.O. Box 13089
SALEM, OREGON 97309
(503) 399-5756

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

September 2, 1983

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

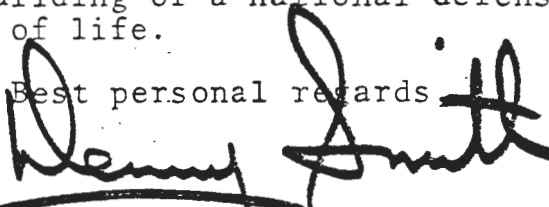
Dear Mr. President:

You are undoubtedly as shocked and appalled as I am over the Soviet attack upon Korean Airlines Flight 007.

As a former fighter pilot for the U. S. Air Force and a commercial pilot for Pan Am who regularly flew the Anchorage to Tokyo route, I can say without hesitation that this Soviet action was a vicious and inexcusable act of premeditated murder. There is absolutely no excuse for the shooting down of a defenseless passenger jet. This entire incident only clarifies for the American people a Soviet philosophy typified by a total disregard for human life and dignity. Truly, the Soviet Union stands before the entire world as a country without honor.

Mr. President, I must request of you once again as I did aboard Air Force One this spring that any actions taken by the United States government in response to this heinous crime be linked to one absolutely necessary measure. We must begin a comprehensive release of classified photographs and information to the American public demonstrating the massive military threat posed to world freedom by the Soviet Union. Only then can we, our nation's leaders, work to revive the consensus necessary among the American people for the rebuilding of a national defense that will ensure our freedom and way of life.

Best personal regards



Denny Smith
Member of Congress

DS:jdh



United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C.

166811

September 1, 1983

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I urge you to instruct your Ambassador to the United Nations, the Honorable Jeane J. Kirkpatrick, request an immediate meeting of the Security Council to consider the unprovoked attack by the Soviet Union on an unarmed civilian aircraft of Korean Airlines.

The Soviet Union must be forced to explain this departure from civilized behavior before an international forum in full public view. It is appropriate that the United Nations serve as this forum. I hope that through your efforts the United Nations can meet this Soviet challenge to the law of nations. If not, the hopes for peace raised by the UN Charter will be betrayed.

There have been too many violations in recent years of the rights of innocent passage by international commerce. Other civilian airliners have been fired upon or destroyed in several areas of the world. This is the second time a Korean airliner has been shot at for straying into Soviet airspace. The first, in 1978, resulted in two persons killed and 110 persons injured.

The Soviet Union has a long record of such violations. As one of the major powers, it has a special responsibility to uphold international law and to set an example for other nations. The Soviets must be held accountable.

The loss of Congressman Larry McDonald is particularly tragic, but all of the innocent lives lost as a result of a callous Soviet decision last night must be accounted for before the Security Council and elsewhere. Through your effective representation on this matter, future travelers may be more secure.

With warm personal regards.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Pete", enclosed within a large, loopy circular flourish.

Pete V. Domenici
United States Senator

37
KD

#161356

1-016418C244 09/01/83

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11022 GOVT BUWASHINGTON DC 50 09-01 616P EDT

PMS THE PRESIDENT

WHITE HOUSE DC

DEAR MR PRESIDENT:

WITH REGARD TO THE TRAGIC KOREAN AIRLINE INCIDENT, I
RESPECTFULLY REQUEST A PROMPT CONVENING OF THE UNITED NATIONS
NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL. IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT VIOLATIONS
OF INTERNATIONAL LAW BY THE SOVIET UNION, RESULTING IN THE
DEATHS OF 269 PASSENGERS BE BROUGHT TO THIS INTERNATIONAL
FORUM. SINCERELY.

BENJAMIN A GILMAN MEMBER OF CONGRESS

NEWT GINGRICH
SIXTH DISTRICT, GEORGIA

COMMITTEES:
PUBLIC WORKS AND
TRANSPORTATION
HOUSE ADMINISTRATION

WASHINGTON OFFICE:
1005 LONGWORTH HOUSE OFFICE BLDG.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515
(202) 225-4501



Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
September 1, 1983

SUITE 5, PHOENIX CENTER
1657 PHOENIX BOULEVARD
COLLEGE PARK, GEORGIA 30224
(404) 221-3854

POST OFFICE BOX 848
GRIFFIN FEDERAL BUILDING
GRIFFIN, GEORGIA 30224
(404) 228-0389

CARROLL COUNTY COURTHOUSE
CARROLLTON, GEORGIA 30101
(404) 834-6398

COUNTY OFFICE BUILDING
22 EAST BROAD STREET
NEWNAK, GEORGIA 30263
(404) 233-8355

President Ronald Reagan
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

The apparently deliberate murder of 269 human beings, including Congressman Larry McDonald, should remind all of us of the nature of Soviet dictatorship.

There was apparently enough time for this decision to murder innocent civilians to be made at the very highest levels in Moscow.

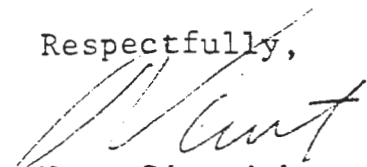
Civilization cannot survive when acts of barbarism become acceptable. If the leaders of the Soviet Union want to be treated as civilized men they must take four steps:

1. Publicly identify and punish the officials responsible for these murders.
2. Apologize to every nation which had citizens aboard the airplane that was shot down.
3. Pay compensation for both the loss and personal tragedy to each family whose loved one was murdered by the Soviet Union.
4. Issue public orders to Soviet armed forces that in future incidents in which unarmed civilian airliners penetrate Soviet airspace, the civilian lives will be protected by ordering the aircraft to land for inspection, but without shooting it down.

Mr. President, free citizens cannot coexist with barbarians unless the barbarians agree to obey international law. If we are to have detente we must have Soviet commitment to the rules of law.

This incident is a tragedy to Congressman McDonald's family, but reminds all of us that the Soviet Union is potentially a threat to every free family on the planet.

Respectfully,


Newt Gingrich

NG/hs

C. Bond
H-009210C244 09/01/83

83 SEP 1 P 1:40

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11008 GOVT BUWASHINGTON DC 75 09-01 131P EDT

FMS THE PRESIDENT

WHITE HOUSE DC

THE GRAVITY OF THE ACTIONS TAKEN BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT AGAINST AN UNARMED, COMMERCIAL AIRCRAFT CANNOT BE OVERSTATED. BECAUSE OF THE INTERNATIONAL CONSEQUENCES AND MULTI-NATIONAL DIMENSION OF THESE ACTIONS AND SUBSEQUENT DEVELOPMENTS, I AM CALLING ON THE SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS TO IMMEDIATELY CONVENE AN EMERGENCY SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO SEEK CENSURE OF THE SOVIET ACTION AND TO TAKE OTHER APPROPRIATE ACTION. I URGE YOUR SUPPORT OF THIS EFFORT. SINCERELY.

HAL DAUB MEMBER OF CONGRESS

BILL PATMAN
14TH DISTRICT, TEXAS

1408 LONGWORTH BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515
(202) 225-2831

1408 LONGWORTH BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515
(202) 225-2831

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

September 1, 1983

P.O. DRAWER A
GANADO, TEXAS 77962
(512) 771-3303

P.O. DRAWER A
GANADO, TEXAS 77962
(512) 771-3303

Ms. Charlotte Ponticelli
Director
Congressional Correspondence
East Wing, The White House
Washington, D.C.

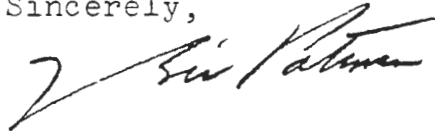
Dear Ms. Ponticelli:

In accordance with my assistant's telephone conversation with you earlier today, I am conveying herewith a message to the President for communication, via Telex or otherwise, at the earliest opportunity.

Thank you very much for your splendid help in this important matter.

With best regards.

Sincerely,



WNP:jf

ber 1, 1983

I am issuing
se you:

any other
regardless
warning.

ussia for
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Congress has
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d of Georgia,
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Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

TEXT OF MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT REAGAN

September 1, 1983

Dear Mr. President:

In response to inquiries from news media, I am issuing the following statement of which I want to advise you:

It is incredible that the Soviet Union or any other nation would shoot down a commercial airliner, regardless of national origin, without reason and with no warning.

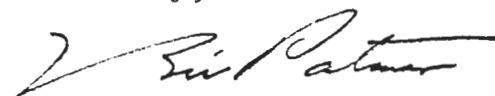
We should demand a full explanation from Russia for this dastardly act which wiped out the lives of hundreds of innocent civilians.

The President should demand the immediate closing of the Russian embassy in Washington and recall of the Russian ambassador to the United States, as well as the recall of all Russian envoys and staff from their embassy and consular offices.

Our country should take additional actions appropriate to the seriousness of this grave offense.

The life of a member of the United States Congress has been taken by this senseless act. The State Department should demand a full apology and full reparation for the widow and five children of Congressman Larry McDonald of Georgia, as well as full compensation to the families of any other American who went down on that flight.

Sincerely,



Bill Patman, M.C.
14th District, Texas

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1983

CALLS RECEIVED THURSDAY, 9/1/83
RE: KOREAN FLIGHT 7

Charlie Stenholm (D-Texas): It's unbelievable. We need to do something.

Newt Gingrich (R-Georgia): The President should call McDonald's wife. Also see attached letter.

Jack Fields (R-Texas): What are the facts? Don't know what to say. How could this happen?

Trent Lott (R-Mississippi): Leaning toward marine pull out in Lebanon. Has Tuesday meeting with Begin. Needs briefing before departure. Wants to know if Congress is coming back early.

Dan Mica (D-Florida): Opposes military action but would like to see much stronger action than a simple protest and slap on the wrist.

Henry Hyde (R-Illinois): Wait for a response from the Soviets, let the U.N. Try to justify its existence, which it won't, then impose tough economic sanctions.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 2, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: JIM BAKER
MIKE DEEVER

FROM: KEN DUBERSTEIN *K.D.*

SUBJECT: Memorial services for Senator Scoop Jackson

The memorial services for Senator Scoop Jackson will take place on Wednesday, September 7, at noon PST, at the First Presbyterian Church in Everett, Washington. The Senate Majority Leader's office has called to find out who would comprise the President's official delegation.

I understand unofficially that Senator Robert Byrd is planning a memorial service here in town on Tuesday evening at the National Presbyterian Church for those people who will be unable to fly to Everett, Washington, on Wednesday morning.

The person to contact in Senator Baker's office is Howard Liebengood, the Senate Sergeant at Arms. He would like to know as soon as possible the members of the official delegation.

Please let me know if you would like our office to do anything further on this. I would, of course, recommend that a member of the Legislative Affairs staff be included in the delegation. Many thanks.

cc: Dick Darman
Craig Fuller
Dave Gergen
Pam Turner

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 1, 1983



MEMORANDUM FOR JAMES A. BAKER, III
MICHAEL DEEVER

THRU: KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN *KMD*

FROM: M. B. OGLESBY *MB*
DAVID WRIGHT *DW*

SUBJECT: Presidential Medal of Freedom Request

The attached correspondence details the Congressional Hispanic Caucus' recommendation of Dr. Hector P. Garcia for the Presidential Medal of Freedom. Manuel Lujan (R-New Mexico) - the only Republican member of the Caucus - has added his unreserved personal endorsement.

If Dr. Garcia is successfully considered for the award, it should be noted that the week of September 12 to 18, 1983, has been designated National Hispanic Heritage Week.

This is forwarded for your information and any consideration you deem appropriate.

Attachments

July 22, 1983

Dear Mr. Richardson:

Thank you for your letter to the President, cosigned by your colleagues of the Congressional Hispanic Caucus, strongly recommending Dr. Hector P. Garcia for the Presidential Medal of Freedom.

The President greatly appreciated receiving your thoughtful comments in behalf of Dr. Garcia and the important contributions he has made to this country. Please know that your request will be afforded most careful consideration.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Kenneth M. Duberstein
Assistant to the President

The Honorable Bill Richardson
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

KMD:CMF:lrc-s6-KMD2

cc: w/copy of inc. to Aram Bakshian - for appropriate action

(Please Note: On the President's log of Congressional Mail, the President indicated that "We should look into this.")



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H2-557 • Washington, D.C. 20515 • (202) 226-3430

Robert Garcia, Chairman Henry B. Gonzalez Edward R. Roybal Manuel Lujan, Jr. Baltasar Corrada E. "Kika" de la Garza Ron de Lugo
Matthew G. Martinez Solonon Ortiz Bill Richardson Esteban Torres Director—Susan K. Herrera

July 12, 1983

President Ronald Reagan
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

We are writing to recommend Dr. Hector P. Garcia for the Presidential Medal of Freedom. Dr. Garcia's list of accomplishments and contributions to our country are unending.

He has served under three American presidents. Dr. Garcia represented President John F. Kennedy at the signing of the Mutual Defense Treaty between the U.S. and the Federation of West Indies in 1961. He was appointed by President Lyndon B. Johnson as a member of the National Advisory Council on Economic Opportunity of the United States in 1967. And at the request of President Jimmy Carter, Dr. Garcia attended a high level meeting at the White House to discuss the crisis in Iran and Afganistan.

Dr. Garcia was the first national Chairman and the founder of the American GI Forum. This outstanding veterans group is composed of Americans of Mexican origin from 24 states across the nation. In addition, Dr. Garcia was appointed as Commissioner of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights in 1968 where he handled some of the most serious and delicate issues facing the Hispanic community. His strong leadership encouraged cooperation instead of confrontation. Dr. Garcia has been recognized as a leading figure in the fight for equal rights for Hispanics and other minorities.

Dr. Garcia served our country during wartime as well. During World War II he was an officer in the Infantry, Engineer and Medical Corp in Europe. And he served there like he has at home--head and shoulders above the rest. He was awarded a Bronze Star medal and six Battle Stars.

Dr. Garcia has committed his life to the preservation and protection of freedom and basic human rights. We wholeheartedly and without reservation recommend Dr. Garcia for the Presidential Medal of Freedom. We hope you will concur with our judgement after reviewing Dr. Garcia's numerous and noteworthy contributions to America.

We greatly appreciate your consideration of this request and await your response.

Sincerely, - 8

✓296 Solomon P. Ortiz

SOLOMON P. ORTIZ, M.C.

✓324 Bill Richardson
BILL RICHARDSON, M.C.

✓87 E. de la Garza
E. de la GARZA, M.C.

✓339 Edward R. Roybal
EDWARD R. ROYBAL, M.C.

✓88 Ron de Lugo
RON de LUGO, M.C.

244
✓246 Matthew G. Martinez
MATTHEW G. MARTINEZ, M.C.

✓148 Henry B. Gonzalez
HENRY B. GONZALEZ, M.C.

✓139 Robert Garcia
ROBERT GARCIA, M.C.

✓237 Manuel Lujan Jr.
MANUEL LUJAN JR., M.C.

✓397 Esteban E. Torres
ESTEBAN E. TORRES, M.C.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

JAB III

8-1-83



NSC is following up directly with Pressler but thought you should see his letter. He's clearly concerned -- as are others -- with our commitment to a build-down proposal. Enaf said!

Ker D.

cc: Dick Darman

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

July 29, 1983

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

On May 25th, I voted in favor of S. Con. Res. 26 to provide initial funds for MX flight tests. I did so in the belief that the MX would be viewed within the overall context of U.S. national security interests, including arms control, and that it would not acquire a life of its own, as have so many other weapons programs. Your personal commitment to including MX in our negotiating posture in Geneva was especially reassuring. Then as now, I felt that your commitment to incorporate the principle of a guaranteed mutual builddown of nuclear forces into our negotiating posture was particularly important.

Though I and other Senators continue to feel that you are fully intent on implementing the builddown concept in the U.S. START proposal, I have been upset by the slowness of the process. Adding to my concerns are reports that officials lower down in your Administration are resisting your plans.

In my view and those of eighteen other Republican Senators who wrote to you about their vote in favor of S. Con. Res. 26, our continued support of this program is tied to the implementation of the builddown. Yet, this week, I faced a vote on the Defense Department's authorization with little indication of when or how the builddown is to be implemented. For that reason, I urged that the Senate Foreign Relations Committee speed up its consideration of arms control resolutions now before the Committee. This week I joined with several other Senators in signing a letter calling for Committee consideration of these resolutions on August 2nd. This was the one way to assure that those who opposed the builddown in the Administration received a clear signal from the Senate. Moreover, it would assure that Senators could judge the merits of the various resolutions before the Foreign Relations Committee in light of the Administration's determination on the builddown.

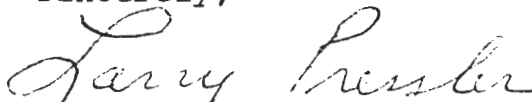
July 29, 1983

On Tuesday, the Committee will begin the process of marking up the resolutions proposed to the Committee. Although this process may continue into September, my goal is to make a final determination on September 20, 1983.

With that in mind, I believe it is vitally important that I and other members who are interested receive ironclad assurances that the Administration will have a builddown proposal soon in-hand. I want to be kept informed of progress towards implementing the builddown and believe it reasonable to request a specific timetable for presenting the Administration's position. If you can provide me with an outline of options for implementing the builddown prior to the recess and with a firm proposal before Congress reconvenes in September, I and others would be in a better position to assess the arguments to be advanced by the Administration at the hearing planned for September 14th. This will greatly assist us on September 20th, as we begin our final mark-up.

I should very much appreciate your views on this matter prior to the Committee's meeting on August 2nd.

Sincerely,



Larry Pressler
United States Senator

LP/agr