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Ronald Reagan Library

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54768 CABLE	14184	49Z AUG 81		2	8/14/1981	B 1	
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54769 CABLE	1511	57Z AUG 81		6	8/15/1981	B1	B3
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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA] B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA] B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

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B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA] B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name KIMMITT, ROBERT: FILES		Withdrawer SMF 7/7/2008			
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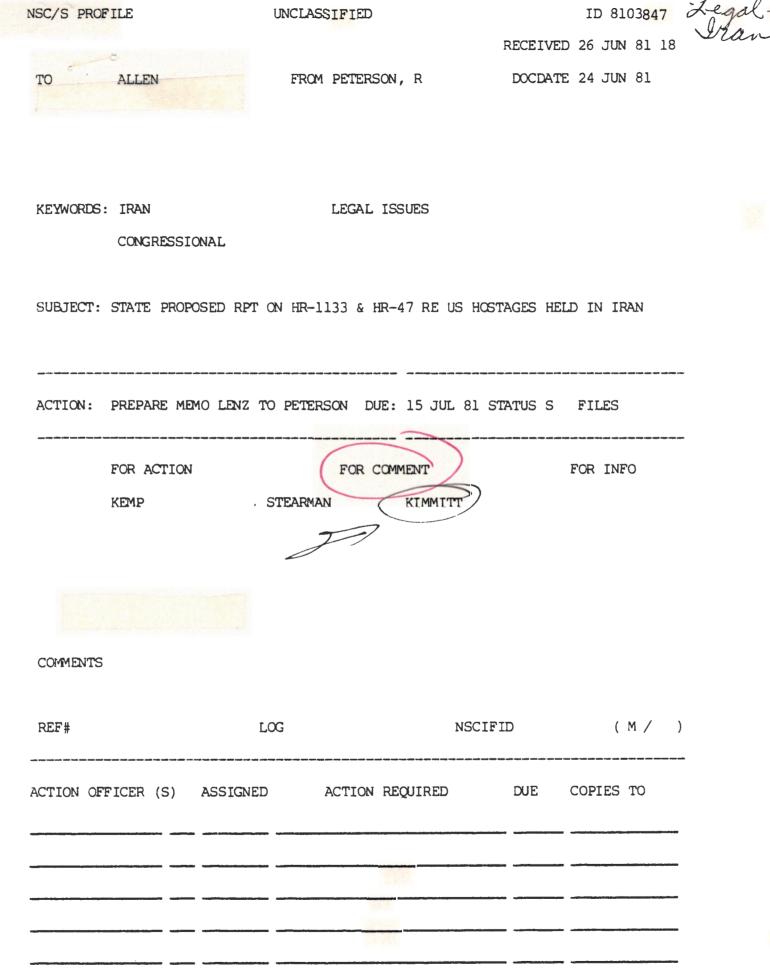
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NSC 38



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

June 24, 1981

LEGISLATIVE REFERRAL MEMORANDUM

TO:

Legislative Liaison Officer-

National Security Council Department of Defense International Communication Agency Department of Justice

SUBJECT: State proposed reports on H.R. 1133, and H. Con. Res. 47 relating to the U.S. hostages held in Iran.

The Office of Management and Budget requests the views of your agency on the above subject before advising on its relationship to the program of the President, in accordance with OMB Circular A-19.

A response to this request for your views is needed no later than

July 15, 1981.

Questions should be referred to Tracey Lawler β the legislative analyst in this office,

(395-4710),

RONALD K. PETERSON FOR Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Enclosures cc: Jim Barie

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

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Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I am pleased to provide comments of the Department of State on House Concurrent Resolution 47, as requested in your letter to Secretary Haig of April 20, 1981.

The proposed resolution has two components. The first calls upon the President to use the means at his disposal to apprehend, try, and punish those involved in the Embassy takeover. The second calls upon the President to use his discretion in determining whether to suspend the implementation of all or part of the January 19 agreement with Iran.

The Department agrees that the perpetrators of the illegal acts referred to in the resolution should be brought to justice. It should be noted, however, that, as a practical matter, there is very little that can be done to achieve this objective at the present time. It remains to be seen whether our relations with Iran will develop in a direction that may make action to achieve this objective practicable. With respect to the possibility of bringing an action against individuals before the International Court of Justice, it should be noted that, under article 34 of th Court's Statute, "only states may be parties in cases before the Court." I should add that we are attempting to identify the individuals involved with a view toward application of such law enforcement measures as may be available to the United States, particularly in the event that any of them should ever attempt to enter the United States.

As for the second aspect of the resolution, President Reagan has already determined that the agreement should be implemented according to its terms because of a finding that it is in the overall interests of the United States to do so. Accordingly, it is the Department of State's view that House Concurrent Resolution 47 should not be enacted.

The Honorable Clement J. Zablocki, Chairman, Committee on Foreign Affairs, House of Representatives. The Office of Management and Budget advises that from the standpoint of the Administration's program, there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely,

Richard Fairbanks Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations

Enclosure:

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Correspondence Returned.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI, WIE., CHAIRMAN

L. H. FOUNTAIN, N.C. DANTE E. FASCELL, FLA. BENJAMIN S. ROSENTHAL, N.Y. LEE H. HAMILTON, IND. JONATHAN S. BINGHAM, N.Y. GUS YATRON, PA. STEPHEN J. SOLARI, N.Y. DON BONKER, WASH. GERRY E. STUDDS, MASS. ANDY IRELAND, FLA. DAN MICA, FLA. MICHAEL D. BARNES, MO. HOWARD WOLPE, MICH. GEO. W. CROCKETT, JR., MICH. BOS SHAMANSKY, ONIO SAM GEJDENSON, CONM. MERVYN M. DYMALLT, CALIF. DENNIS E. ECKART, OHIO TOM LANTOS, CALIF. DAVID R. BOWEN, MISS.

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WILLIAM S. BROOMFIELD, MICH. EDWARD J. DERWINSKI, ILL. PAUL, FINDLEY, ILL. LARRY WINN, JR., KANS. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN, N.Y. TENNYSON GUYER, DHIO ROBERT J. LAGOMARSINO, CALIF. WILLIAM F. GODDLING, PA. JOEL PRITCHARD, WASH. MILLICENT FENWICK, N.J. ROBERT K. DORNAN, CALIF. JIM LEACH, IOWA ARLEN ERCAML, MINN. TOBY ROTH, WIS. OLYMPIA J. SNOWE, MAINE JOHN LEBOUTILLIER, N.Y.

JOHN J. BRADY, JR. CHIEF OF STAFF P810054-1889 Congress of the United States Committee on Foreign Affairs Nouse of Representatives

Washington, Q.C. 20515

April 20, 1981

is assigned to

Honorable Alexander M. Haig Secretary Department of State Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Mr. Secretary:

The Committee on Foreign Affairs would appreciate receiving the views of the Department of State on the following measures:

H.Con.Res. 47 - Expressing the sense of Congress that the President should seek through appropriate international means the apprehension, trial, and punishment of those responsible for the takeover of the United States Embassy in Tehran and the subsequent holding of American hostages.

H.Con.Res. 86 -- To establish a Special Committee on Advisory Opinions from the World Court.

<u>H.Con.Res. 52</u> -- Expressing the sense of the Congress that the President should seek the support of other nations for the establishment of an International Office of Diplomatic Security within the Secretariat of the United Nations.

It would be further appreciated if the Department's responses are received within four weeks. A copy of each measure is enclosed.

. . .

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

Chairman

FADRC DOCUMENT ANALYSIS RECEIVED DEPARTMENT OF STATE

CJZ:rp Enclosures

97TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. CON. RES. 47

Expressing the sense of Congress that the President should seek through appropriate international means the apprehension, trial, and punishment of these responsible for the takeover of the United States Embassy in Tehran and the subsequent holding of American hostages.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 29, 1981

Mr. SOLOMON (for himself, Mr. DERWINSKI, Mr. COLLINS of Texas, Mr. LEVI-TAS, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. BAILEY of Missouri, Mr. HINSON, Mr. SMITH of Alabama, Mr. WHITEHURST, and Mr. LAGOMARSINO) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

- Expressing the sense of Congress that the President should seek through appropriate international means the apprehension, trial, and punishment of those responsible for the takeover of the United States Embassy in Tehran and the subsequent holding of American hostages.
- Whereas the seizure of the United States Embassy in Tehran and the subsequent holding of hostages was condoned by and later perpetuated by the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran; and
- Whereas the International Court of Justice has found Iran guilty of violations of its obligations under the Vienna Con-



ventions of 1961 and 1963 on Diplomatic and Consular Relations, the Treaty of Amity, Economic, and Consular Rights of 1955 and general rules and precedents of international law; and

- Whereas the American hostages, while in their captivity, were subjected to psychological and physical abuse in contravention of all standards of human decency; and
- Whereas terrorism has become a problem of major international proportions which threatens world order; and
- Whereas international institutions have an obligation to insure that the basic elements of national sovereignty and diplomatic immunity are preserved: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate 1 concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that the Presi-2 dent should seek through the International Court of Justice 3 and any other diplomatic means at his disposal the approhen--1 sion, trial, and punishment of all those persons involved in 5 the seizure of the United States Embassy in Tehran on No-6 vember 4, 1979, and the taking and holding of American citizens in that embassy; and be it further 2

9 Resolved. That should the President determine that 10 punishment for these violations of international law has not 11 been satisfactorily effected, he may, at his sole discretion, 12 suspend the implementation of any or all parts of the agree-13 ments entered into by the United States to secure the release 14 of the American hostages.











DEPARTMENT OF STATE

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Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I am pleased to provide comments of the Department of State on House Concurrent Resolution 47, as requested in your letter to Secretary Haig of April 20, 1981.

The proposed resolution has two components. The first calls upon the President to use the means at his disposal to apprehend, try, and punish those involved in the Embassy takeover. The second calls upon the President to use his discretion in determining whether to suspend the implementation of all or part of the January 19 agreement with Iran.

The Department agrees that the perpetrators of the illegal acts referred to in the resolution should be brought to justice. It should be noted, however, that, as a practical matter, there is very little that can be done to achieve this objective at the present time. It remains to be seen whether our relations with Iran will develop in a direction that may make action to achieve this objective practicable. With respect to the possibility of bringing an action against individuals before the International Court of Justice, it should be noted that, under article 34 of th Court's Statute, "only states may be parties in cases before the Court." I should add that we are attempting to identify the individuals involved with a view toward application of such law enforcement measures as may be available to the United States, particularly in the event that any of them should ever attempt to enter the United States.

As for the second aspect of the resolution, President Reagan has already determined that the agreement should be implemented according to its terms because of a finding that it is in the overall interests of the United States to do so. Accordingly, it is the Department of State's view that House Concurrent Resolution 47 should not be enacted.

The Honorable Clement J. Zablocki, Chairman, Committee on Foreign Affairs, House of Representatives. The Office of Management and Budget advises that from the standpoint of the Administration's program, there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely,

Richard Fairbanks Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations ..

Enclosure:

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Correspondence Returned.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI, WIS., CHAIRMAN

JOHNI J. BRADY, JR. CHIEF OF STAFF

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Mashington, B.C. 20515

April 20, 1981

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FADRC DOCUMENT ANALYSIS RECEIVED

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It would be further appreciated if the Department's responses are received within four weeks. A copy of each measure is enclosed.

With kindest regards, I am

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97TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. CON. RES. 47

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 29, 1981

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- Whereas the seizure of the United States Embassy in Tehran and the subsequent holding of hostages was condoned by and later perpetuated by the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran; and
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ventions of 1961 and 1963 on Diplomatic and Consular Relations, the Treaty of Amity, Economic, and Consular Rights of 1955 and general rules and precedents of international law; and

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- Whereas terrorism has become a problem of major international proportions which threatens world order; and
- Whereas international institutions have an obligation to insure that the basic elements of national sovereignty and diplomatic immunity are preserved: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate 1 concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that the Presi-2 dent should seek through the International Court of Justice 3 and any other diplomatic means at his disposal the apprehen-4 sion, trial, and punishment of all those persons involved in õ the seizure of the United States Embassy in Tehran on No-6 vember 4, 1979, and the taking and holding of American 7 8 citizens in that embassy; and be it further

9 Resolved, That should the President determine that 10 punishment for these violations of international law has not 11 been satisfactorily effected, he may, at his sole discretion, 12 suspend the implementation of any or all parts of the agree-13 ments entered into by the United States to secure the release 14 of the American hostages.











DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Wast inton D.C. 2,520

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I am pleased to provide comments of the Department of State on H.R. 1133, as requested in your letter to Secretary Haig of February 20, 1981.

H.R. 1133 would respond to the seizure and detention of the American hostages in Iran by calling on the President to exercise the authorities he has to require the Government of Iran to take certain actions. In large part, the actions contemplated by the bill would be inconsistent with the agreement between Iran and the United States that led to the release of the hostages. Article 11 of the Declaration of the Government of Algeria, to which the United States adhered on January 19, 1981, provides that upon release of the hostages, the United States will

"bar and preclude the prosecution against Iran of any pending or future claim of the United States or a United States national arising out of events occuring before the date of this declaration related to (A) the seizure of the 52 United States nationals on November 4, 1979, (B) their subsequent detention, (C) injury to United States property or property of the United States nationals within the United States Embassy compound in Tehran after November 3, 1979, and (D) injury to the United States nationals or their property as a result of popular movements in the course of the Islamic Revolution in Iran which were not an act of the Government of Iran."

An attempt by the President to compel Iran to make reparations to the hostages and to the U.S. Government would not be consistent with the provision just quoted.

As you know, after a careful and thorough review of the agreement with Iran, President Reagan decided that it should be implemented according to its terms because of a

The Honorable Clement J. Zablocki, Chairmań, Committee on Foreign Affairs, House of Pepresentatives. finding that it is in the overall interests of the United States to do so. The Administration expressly declined to make a determination as to whether the agreement is binding on the United States under international law. Moreover, the decision should not in any sense be understood as condoning the actions of the Iranian Government in connection with the Embassy takeover. Those actions, as the World Court found and H.R. 1133 declares, were in flagrant violation of international law. Nor should the President's decision be understood as a precedent for future situations that may arise. This Administration will respond in strong terms to future acts of state-sponsored terrorism against the United States, drawing on the full array of measures appropriate under the circumstances.

Underlying the conclusion that it is in the overall interests of the United States to implement the agreement is a recognition that the claims settlement aspects of the agreement will prove of great benefit to most American claimants. The funds already returned to Iran and those that may yet be returned as a result of the implementation of the agreement are funds that belonged to Iran before the seizure of the hostages. As a condition of the return of its assets, Iran has agreed to a claims settlement procedure that should permit most American claimants to obtain satisfaction of their claims. Thus, the fourth aspect of H.R. 1133, which concerns the settlement of U.S. claims, merely calls upon the President to do what the Administration has already said it would do, namely, to pursue every avenue available under the Claims Settlement Agreement to ensure that U.S. claimants are able to have their claims settled or adjudicated and paid in full with an absolute minimum of delay. The Department of State is now taking the steps necessary to set up the Claims Tribunal and put it to work on the claims of U.S. nationals.

H.R. 1133 would also seek to have the President apprehend and punish those involved in the Embassy takeover. Although we agree that the perpetrators of these illegal acts should be brought to justice, there is very little that can be done, as a practical matter, to achieve this objective at the present time. It remains to be seen whether our relations with Iran will develop in a direction that may make action to achieve this objective practicable. I should add that we are attempting to identify the individuals involved with a view toward application of such law enforcement theasures as may be available to the United States, particularly in the event that any of them should ever attempt to enter the United States. In sum, it is the Department of State's view that H.R. 1153 should not be enacted because the action it contemplates would be, in part, inconsistent with an international agreement and, in part, impractical at the present time. Moreover, the bill calls upon the President to take cortain action that the Administration has already indicated it will take.

The Office of Management and Budget advises that from the standpoint of the Administration's program there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely,

Richard Fairbanks Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations



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97TH CONGRESS FT. R. 1133

Directing the President to exercise the authorities he has to require the Government of Iran to punish those persons responsible for seizing the United States Embassy in Tehran and holding the American hostages, to make reparations to those hostages and to the United States for damages resulting from such seizure, and to fully satisfy other claims of United States citizens against Iran.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 22, 1981

Mr. LEVUEAS introduced the following bill: which was referred to the Committee π on Foreign Affairs

A BILL

- Directing the President to exercise the authorities he has to require the Government of Iran to punish those persons responsible for seizing the United States Embassy in Tehran and holding the American hostages, to make reparations to those hostages and to the United States for damages resulting from such seizure, and to fully satisfy other claims of United States citizens against Iran.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 Rives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 That the Congress finds that-

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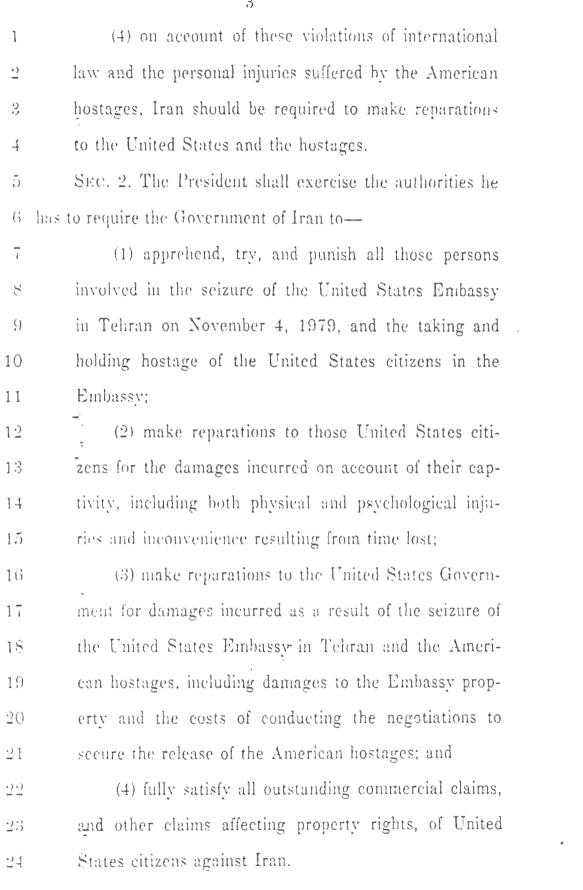
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(1) the seizure and occupation of the United
States Embassy in Tehran and the taking hostage of
the United States citizens at the Embassy were con doned and encouraged by the Iranian Government;

(2) the failure of the Iranian Government to halt .) these acts, and subsequently to continue to hold the 6 American hostages in an attempt to coerce capitulation 7 ŝ by the United States to certain demands, constituted flagrant violations by Iran of its obligations under the 9 Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, the 10 Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, the New 11 York Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of 12 Crimes Against Internationally Protected Persons, In-13 cluding Diplomatic Agents, and the Treaty of Amity, 11 15 Economic Relations, and Consular Rights;

(3) the International Court of Justice held that 111 Iran, "by committing successive and continuous 17 breaches of the obligations laid upon it by the Vienna 15 Conventions of 1961 and 1963 on Diplomatic and 19 Consular Relations, the Treaty of Amity, Economic 20 Relations, and Consular Rights of 1955, and the appli-21 cable rules of general international law, has incurred · / •) _ _ _ responsibility toward the United States" and should 23 therefore make reparations for the injuries incurred by 24 the United States; and 25





1 SEC. 3. The President shall report to the Congress, not 2 later than July 1, 1981, on the steps he has taken to carry 3 jout section 2 of this Act.

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

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