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## **Ronald Reagan Library**

Collection Name EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT, NSC: COUNTRY FILE Withdrawer **KDB** 12/17/2015 File Folder **FOIA** USSR (3/22/83-3/23/83) F03-002/5 SKINNER **Box Number** 24 **Doc Date Restrictions** ID Doc **Document Description** No of **Type Pages** 171436 PROFILE NSC/S 1 3/23/1983 B1 SHEET 171437 MEMO N. BAILEY TO W. CLARK RE ATTACHED 1 3/22/1983 B1 **CABLES** 171441 CABLE 170906Z MAR 83 2 3/17/1983 B1 171439 CABLE 170906Z MAR 83 1 3/17/1983 B1

171442 LETTER

171440 CABLE

TO ANDROPOV (DRAFT)

180251Z MAR 83

2 ND

1 3/18/1983 B1

**B**1

R

6/5/2013

CREST NLR-748-24-3-2-6

171444 SCHEDULE

RE VIDEOTAPE: PRESIDENTIAL

1 3/4/1983 B1

PROPOSAL MESSAGE ON SOVIET JEWRY

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

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				KDB	12/17/2015		
File Fo	older USS	R (3/22/83-3/23/83)		FOIA			
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Box No	umber 24			SKINI 312	NER		
ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages		Restrictions		
171445	МЕМО	P. DOBRIANSKY THROUGH C. TYSON TO W. CLARK RE PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE	1	3/3/1983	B1		
171446	МЕМО	W. CLARK TO REAGAN RE VIDEOTAPE FOR INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET JEWRY	1	ND	B1		
171448	SCHEDULE PROPOSAL	RE VIDEOTAPE: PRESDIENTIAL MESSAGE ON SOVIET JEWRY	1	3/4/1983	B1		
171450	MEMO	COPY OF DOC #171445 (P. DOBRIANSKY THROUGH C. TYSON TO W. CLARK RE PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE)	1	3/3/1983	B1		
171447	MEMO	COPY OF DOC #171446 (W. CLARK TO REAGAN RE VIDEOTAPE FOR INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET JEWRY)	1	ND	B1		
171451	SCHEDULE PROPOSAL	DRAFT OF DOC #171448, W/EDITS (RE VIDEOTAPE: PRESDIENTIAL MESSAGE ON SOVIET JEWRY)	1	ND	B1		

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USSR (3/22/83-3/23/83)

**FOIA** 

F03-002/5

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**Box Number** 

24

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ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date F	Restrictions
171452	MEMO	R. PIPES TO W. CLARK RE PREPARATIONS	1	3/18/1982	B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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USSR (3/22/83-3/23/83) F03-002/5

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Box Number

312

IDDocument TypeNo of Doc DateRestrictionDocument Descriptionpagestions

171436 PROFILE SHEET
NSC/S

1 3/23/1983 B1

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## National Security Council The White House

	COMMENT		***************************************
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			Action
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Judge Clark			
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Bud McFarlane			
John Poindexter		4	I
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### **Ronald Reagan Library**

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IDDocument TypeNo of Doc DateRestric-Document Descriptionpagestions

171437 MEMO 1 3/22/1983 B1

N. BAILEY TO W. CLARK RE ATTACHED CABLES

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170906Z MAR 83

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PRESIDENT

RECEIVED 23 MAR 83 11

DOCDATE 22 MAR 83

URGENT

KEYWORDS: FISHING

USSR

POLAND FOR

CONGRESSIONAL

CM

SUBJECT: FISHERIES AGREEMENTS W/ SOVIET UNION & POLAND

ACTION: PREPARE MEMO FOR CLARK DUE: 23 MAR 83 STATUS S FILES

> FOR ACTION FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

GUHIN NAU DOBRIANSKY MYER

SOMMER STEARMAN ROBINSON

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COMMENTS

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ACTION OFFICER (S) ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED DUE COPIES TO

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## National Security Council The White House

Package # \_\_\_\_\_ SEQUENCE TO HAS SEEN **ACTION** John Poindexter **Bud McFarlane** Jacque Hill Judge Clark John Poindexter Staff Secretary Sit Room I-Information A-Action R-Retain D-Dispatch N-No further Action **DISTRIBUTION** cc: Meese Baker Deaver Other\_\_\_ **COMMENTS** Draft Cable to Andropov. words about ABM Treaty and

SECRET

Decl.

TO: ANDROPOV

## NLRR 748-24-3-2-6 BY 640 NARA DATE 6/5/3

171442

As you know, I am determined to pursue two paths to peace: rebuilding America's military strength, and seeking arms control agreements which would reduce force levels to substantially lower, and equal, levels.

However, it has become increasingly evident to me that even more needs to be done with respect to those weapons which pose the most menacing threat to mankind: nuclear weapons. It does not make sense to continue to underwrite the long-term security of mankind by reliance on offensive nuclear weapons one day longer than necessary. We should be able to do better than this; we should be able to pass along to succeeding generations a security posture which is built less on a balance of terror and more on an ability to diminish the role of nuclear weapons and to assure peace in other ways.

Therefore, in looking at the longer-range future, it seems to me that the United States should look toward developing the capability to defend itself and its Allies confidently against attack, and thus remove nuclear weapons as a threat.

On Wednesday, March 23, I will speak on television to the American people. I intend to emphasize the importance of strengthening our defenses, and I will additionally note that I plan to speak soon again about the critical importance of arms control. However, I will also be announcing a major new initiative which follows from the thoughts I outlined above. Specifically, I will point out that I intend to take those steps which will permit us in the future -- after the turn of the century -- to shift our policy from one which relies solely on offensive nuclear weapons to one which increasingly relies on defense against attack.

In addition to laying the groundwork for a more sound security posture in the future, I hope that this turning point will underscore with you and others around the world my abhorrence of nuclear weapons.

Of course, as the United States redirects its policy over the years, I hope that you also will consider the merits of shifting to a posture built upon defensive weapons and will undertake actions to move in that direction with us. Also, I hope that you share with me the ultimate goal of eliminating not only the threat posed by nuclear offensive weapons, but the weapons themselves. We owe mankind nothing less.

-143 and



## WORLD ZIONIST ORGANIZATION

March 23, 1983.

Arye L. Dulzin, Chairman of the Executive

Mr. Ronald Reagan,
President of the United States
White House,
Washington D.C.
U. S. A.

Dear Mr. President:

As Chairman of the Presidium of the Third World Conference on Soviet Jewry, held in Jerusalem March 15 to 17, 1983, I would like to take this opportunity to thank you for your firm and encouraging message which Ambassador Kirkpatrick delivered on your behalf to the 1,500 delegates convened at the opening night.

It was particularly heartening for the Conference, and for World Jewry, and indeed, for the entire free world, to know that active concern for Soviet Jewry is integral to the national interest and the foreign policy of the United States.

It was also important for the new Soviet leader to hear, from Jerusalem, of your personal care and concern for the rights of Soviet Jews.

Finally, yours was a much-needed message of hope for Soviet Jews undergoing at this time trials and tribulations because of their desire to join their families in their historic homeland - Israel.

For sending to us Ambassador Kirkpatrick, and for your powerful message, we are grateful to you.

Sincerely yours,

Arye L. Dulzin,

Chairman, Executive,

World Zionist Organization.

# WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

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Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.

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#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 10, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HONORABLE JEANE KIRKPATRICK

The United States Representative to the

United Nations

SUBJECT:

Presidential Message to the Third International

Conference on Soviet Jewry: Jerusalem,

March 15 - 17, 1983

As you will be representing the Administration at the Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry, I am forwarding the attached Presidential message to be read by you at the opening session of the Conference.

William P. Clark

Attachment

# WASHINGTON

#### PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE

#### THIRD INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET JEWRY

I want to express to you my deep concern for the tragic plight of the Soviet Jews. The issue of Soviet Jewry is of utmost importance to this Administration, just as it is to you who are gathered at this Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry. We have stated repeatedly that active concern for human rights is integral to our national interest and our foreign policy. Spiritual freedom is a fundamental pillar of human rights. Hence, the rights of all religious groups in the Soviet Union will remain in the forefront of U.S. human rights policy.

Such Soviet actions as denying Soviet Jews their freedom to emigrate are an affront to all of us who cherish individual liberties. Unfortunately, the situation continues to worsen. The rate of emigration has plummeted, instances of harassment have increased, and new applicants are regularly denied exit visas. The world community must intensify its effort to stem and reverse these trends. I can assure you that the United States will help lead this effort.

The tragic plight of Soviet Jews, however, is not solely limited to unreasonable visa denials and harassment of would-be emigrants and refuseniks. Their persecution in the Soviet Union has continued and has reached its current level primarily as a result of official government policies. We are told that many talented young Jews cannot gain admission to institutions of higher learning, and cannot secure jobs commensurate with their education and experience. Under the guise of anti-Zionism, the Soviet press frequently publishes slanderous articles and books deriding Jewish culture, traditions and religion.

1

Despite the rights enumerated in the Soviet Constitution and despite the fact that the Soviet Union is a signatory to such international agreements as the Helsinki Accords, Soviet Jews are not permitted to study about their own culture and the Hebrew language.

Western political leaders must convince their Soviet counterparts that a more flexible and humane approach to the questions of freedom of movement and fundamental rights is in the Soviet interest. Durable progress in East-West relations cannot be achieved without concurrent progress in human rights. U.S. officials will continue to discuss individual cases of visa denials, harassment, and family reunification with Soviet authorities. Moreover, the plight of Soviet Jews will remain a key issue on the agenda of such international forums as the Madrid Review Meeting on CSCE and the meeting of the United Nations Human Rights Commission.

We will continue to urge the Soviet Union to live up to the international standards it has freely accepted in a series of solemn agreements. Our commitment to basic human rights is borne by the spirit of freedom which is the soul of our democratic society. In refusing to accept Soviet mistreatment of its own people, we believe that actions by concerned citizens of other countries are extremely important. In saluting your meeting, I recognize that governments and private citizens are engaged in a common struggle for the rights of men and women everywhere. We stand with you.

Let all Jews in the Soviet Union -- whether refuseniks, prisoners of conscience or citizens seeking to maintain their human dignity -- know that we will not forget them. We will firmly support their just cause, for it is a major concern to freedom loving people everywhere.

Please accept my best wishes for a most successful meeting.

Ronald Reagan

#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 10, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD G. DARMAN

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

SUBJECT:

Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry

The Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry will be held in Jerusalem from March 15 - 17, 1983. It will involve major figures from political life, the arts and sciences, and academia joined by Jewish community leadership.

The National Conference on Soviet Jewry has requested that the President send a message to be read at the opening session. As Ambassador Jeane Kirkpatrick will represent the Administration at the Conference, she will read the President's statement. At Tab A is a draft President message on Soviet Jewry. It has been reviewed and cleared by State, speechwriters and the Office of Special Presidential Messages.

#### RECOMMENDATION

That the message at Tab A be signed by the President and forwarded to Ambassador Kirkpatrick before March 11.

Attachment:

Tab A Proposed Presidential message

#### **MEMORANDUM**

#### NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

March 9, 1983

#### ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM P. CLARK

FROM:

PAULA DOBRIANSKY

SUBJECT:

Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry

Attached at Tab I is a memorandum from you to Richard Darman forwarding a Presidential message to be read by Ambassador Jeane Kirkpatrick, who will represent the Administration, at the opening session of the Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry (Jerusalem -- March 15 - 17).

I have also attached a memorandum to Ambassador Kirkpatrick which forwards the message (Tab II)

Howard Teicher concurs.

#### RECOMMENDATION

That you forward the memorandum to Mr. Darman at Tab I.

	Appı	cove_		D:	isapprove		
That you Tab II.	sign	the	memorandum	to	Ambassador	Kirkpatrick	at
Approve			D:	isapprove			

#### Attachments:

Tab I Memorandum to Richard Darman

Tab A Proposed Presidential message

Tab II Memorandum to Ambasador Kirkpatrick

cc: Dodie Livingston

#### THE WHITE HOUSE

#### WASHINGTON

#### PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE

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171444 SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

1 3/4/1983 B1

RE VIDEOTAPE: PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE ON

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## THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

March 4, 1983

Per JMP:

#1303 - Schedule Proposal

At Tab II of the Schedule Proposal under the Date add: only if a taping session is already scheduled.

Hold Meno to the Pre. Sud School Prop

klm

Jary to Oursian

Florence,

Am leaving the attached with you since JMP requested we "Hold here the memo to the President" and simply send the Schedule Proposal out today -- which I have done.

klm, 3/4

## National Security Council The White House

565 557X

Package # **SEQUENCE TO** HAS SEEN **ACTION** John Poindexter Bud McFarlane Jacque Hill Judge Clark John Poindexter **Staff Secretary** Acom Sit Room I-Information A-Action R-Retain D-Dispatch N-No further Action DISTRIBUTION Other\_ **VP** Meese Baker Deaver cc: **COMMENTS** 

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171445 MEMO 1 3/3/1983 B1

P. DOBRIANSKY THROUGH C. TYSON TO W. CLARK RE PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

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Box Number

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171446 MEMO 1 ND B1

W. CLARK TO REAGAN RE VIDEOTAPE FOR INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET JEWRY

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18

PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE: THIRD INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET

JEWRY

I want to express to you my deep concern for the tragic plight of the Soviet Jews. The issue of Soviet Jewry is of high priority to this Administration just as it is to you who are gathered at this Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry. We have stated repeatedly that active concern for human rights in general is integral to our national interest and our foreign policy. The rights of Soviet Jews, in particular, are and will remain in the forefront of U.S. human rights.

Such Soviet actions as denying Soviet Jews their freedom to emigrate are an affront to all of us who cherish individual liberties. Unfortunately, the situation continues to worsen. The rate of emigration has plummeted, instances of harassment have increased, and new applicants are regularly denied exit visas. The world community must intensify its effort to stem and reverse these trends. In this effort, I can assure you that the United States will continue to play a leadership role.

The tragic plight of Soviet Jews, however, is not solely limited to unreasonable visa denials and harassment of would-be emigrants and refuseniks. Their persecution has continued and has reached its current level primarily as a result of official government policies. We are told that many talented young Jews cannot gain admission to institutions of higher learning, and cannot secure jobs commensurate with their education and

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experience. Under the guise of anti-Zionism, the Soviet press frequently publishes slanderous articles and books deriding Jewish culture, traditions and religion. Despite the rights enumerated in the Soviet Constitution and despite the fact that the Soviet Union is a signatory to such international agreements as the Helsinki Accords, Soviet Jews are not permitted to study about their own culture and the Hebrew language.

Clearly, the intolerance of Soviet authorities violates both the letter and spirit of relevant international agreements. For this reason we must persist in our efforts. Let Jews in the Soviet Union -- refuseniks, prisoners of conscience or citizens seeking to maintain their human dignity -- know that we will not forget them and that we will firmly support their just cause.

My Administration remains firmly committed to do everything possible to assist the emigration of Jews and others who wish to live outside the Soviet Union and to bring before the eyes of the world the Soviet Union's continued unfair refusal to grant its citizens the basic human rights to which men and women everywhere justly aspire.

Western political leaders must convince their Soviet counterparts that a more flexible and humane approach to the questions of freedom of movement and fundamental rights is in the Soviet interest. U.S. officials will continue to discuss individual cases of visa denials, harassment, and family reunification with their Soviet counterparts. Moreover, the

30

plight of Soviet Jews will remain an integral issue on the agenda of such international forums as the Madrid Review Meeting on CSCE and the meeting of the United Nations Human Rights Commission.

The Soviet Union, therefore, should know that this issue will remain an essential component of security and cooperation in Europe and of major concern to freedom loving people everywhere. Our unwavering stance has been that durable progress in East-West relations overall cannot be achieved without concurrent progress in human rights, particularly that of emigration and family reunification.

We will continue to encourage the Soviet Union to live up to the international standards it has freely accepted in a series of solemn agreements -- especially on the freedom of movement and fundamental rights of Soviet Jews. Our commitment to basic human rights is borne by the spirit of freedom which is the breath of our democratic society. In refusing to accept Soviet mistreatment of its own citizens, we believe that actions by concerned citizens of other countries are extremely important. In saluting your meeting, I recognize that governments and private citizens are engaged in a common struggle for the rights of men and women everywhere. We stand with you and hope to achieve much together.

Please accept my best wishes for a most successful meeting.



# lational Conference on Soviet Jewry

Chairman

Theodore R. Monn

Vice-Chairpersons

Robert B. Goldmann, New York City Rabbi David Hill, National Council of Young Israel

Donald Lefton, Miami

Rita Solberg, Anti-Defomation League

of B'nai B'rith Nan Wood, National Council of Jewish Women

Treasurer

Merrin Riseman, American Jewish Committee Financial Secretary

Bobble Abrams, Council of Jewish Federations Secretary

Margery Kohrman, Women's American ORT

Immediate Past Chairman Burton S. Levinson, Los Angeles

**Executive Director** 

Jerry Goodman

Woshington Director David A. Harris

**Executive Committee** 

(In Addition to the Officers)

Roslyn K. Brecher, Hadassoh

Ludlle Brotman, San Diego

Dr. Robert O. Freedman, Baltimore Rabbi David Goldstein, New Orleans

Philip Lax, B'nai B'rith

Jules Lippert, Union of American

Hebrew Congregations

Elaine Pittell, Hollywood, Fla. Edward Robin, Los Angeles

Herbert Rosenthal, Dallas

Daniel Rubin, Bergen County, N.J. Joseph Smukler, Philodelphia

Joel J. Sprayregen, Chicago

Will Stem, Jewish Labor Committee /

Workmen's Circle

Rabbi Joseph Stemstein, American Zionist Federation

Marcia Weinberg, Woshington, D.C.

Former Chairmen

Eugene Gold, Jerusalem

Label Katz,\*(deceased), B'nai B'rith Stanley H. Lowell, New York City

Richard Maass, American Jewish Committee

George Maislen, \*

United Synogogue of America Rabbi Israel Miller, "

American Zionist Federation

Rabbi Herschel Schacter, \*

Religious Zionists of Americo

Lewis H. Weinstein, \* Boston

\* American Jewish Conference on Soviet Jewry

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Sol Goldstein,

Washington Advisory Committee Betty Golomb, Commission on Education

Charlotte Jacobson,

Soviet Jewry Research Bureau Dr. Seymour Lachman, Greater New York

Conference on Soviet Jewry

Jacqueline K. Levine, Congressional Wives for Soviet Jewry

Bemard White,

Washington Advisory Committee

President Ronald Reagan

Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

The White House

The Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry will take place in Jerusalem from March 15-17, 1983. Two previous conferences, held in Brussels in 1971 and 1976, were historic events in the annals of Western advocacy on behalf of Soviet Jewry, each bringing together delegates from several dozen countries.

The Jerusalem Conference, like its predecessors, will involve major figures from political life, arts and sciences, academia, jurisprudence and many other fields, joined by Jewish community leadership and other supporters from around the world. Several hundred Americans will be among the delegates.

The aims of the Conference are threefold: 1) to express international solidarity with the Jewish minority in the Soviet Union, 2) to protest vigorously the closing of the emigration gates, the pervasive anti-Semitism, and the unrelenting harassment of Jewish cultural and religious expression in the U.S.S.R., and 3) to call upon the conscience of the world at large concerning the flagrant violations of the human rights of two million Soviet Jews.

Aware that your schedule does not permit your personal attendance at the Conference, we would like to request a videotaped message of 3-5 minutes' duration, to be broadcast at the opening session. Such a message would underscore still further to the international community the importance our Government attaches to the fate of Soviet Jewry. We would, of course, assume all expenses associated with the videotaping.

Please have a member of your staff contact, David Harris, director of our Washington Office, for any additional information.

Chairman, Conference of

Presidents of Major American

Jewish Organizations

Respectfully,

February 18, 1983

Chairman, National Conference

on Soviet Jewry

# National Conference on Soviet Jewry

Chairman
Theodore R. Mann
Vice-Chairpersons

Robert B. Goldmann, New York City Rabbi David Hill, National Council of Young Israel Donald Lefton, Miami Rita Salberg, Anti-Defamation League of B'nal B'rith

Nan Wood, National Council of Jewish Women Treasurer

Mervin Riseman, American Jewish Committee Financial Secretory

Bobble Abrams, Council of Jewish Federations Secretary

Margery Kohrman, Women's American ORT Immediate Past Choirman

Burton S. Levinson, Los Angeles

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Elaine Pittell, Hollywood, Fla.
Edward Robin, Los Angeles
Herbert Rosenthal, Dallas
Daniel Rubin, Bergen County, N.J.
Joseph Smukler, Philodelphia

Joel J. Sprayregen, Chicago Will Stern, Jewish Labor Committee / Workmen's Circle Rabbi Joseph Stemsteln, American Zionist Federation

Marcia Weinberg, Woshington, D.C. Former Chairmen

Eugene Gold, Jerusalem Label Katz, \*(deceased), B'nai B'rith Stanley H. Lowell, New York City Richard Maass, American Jewish Committee George Maislen, \*

United Synagogue of America Rabbl Israel Miller,\* American Zionist Federation Rabbl Herschel Schacter,\* Religious Zionists of America Lewis H. Weinstein,\* Boston

 American Jewish Conference on Soviet Jewry

Ex-Officio

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Washington Advisory Committee
Betty Golomb, Commission on Education
Charlatte Jocobson,
Soviet Jewry Research Bureau
Dr. Seymour Lachman, Greater New York

Conference on Soviet Jewry Jacqueline K. Levine, Congressional Wives for Soviet Jewry Bernard White, Washington Advisory Committee March 2, 1983

President Ronald Reagan The White House Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Pursuant to our earlier correspondence concerning a videotaped message from yourself to be broadcast at the Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry, we very much hope that our request will meet with your approval.

As we noted, five hundred Jewish leaders and other American supporters of Soviet Jewry, including elected officials, clergy, academicians, artists and writers, will join with delegates from several dozen other countries in the Free World to express support and solidarity for the beleaguered Soviet Jewish minority. Your message would serve as eloquent testimony to the priority your Administration has accorded this important humanitarian issue, and would be warmly received not only by Conference delegates but all who look to the United States as the foremost international defender of basic human rights and liberties.

Indeed, your willingness to prepare a message would also have an important impact on other Western governments, including the British, who are now considering their level of participation at the three-day Conference.

We thank you for your consideration of this matter and look forward to a favorable reply.

T. P. Ham

Theodore R. Mann, Chairman National Conference on Soviet Jewry Respectfully,

Ju∜ius Berman, Chairman Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations

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171448 SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

1 3/4/1983 B1

RE VIDEOTAPE: PRESDIENTIAL MESSAGE ON SOVIET JEWRY

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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## National Security Council The White House

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### NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

March 4, 1983

Brian,

Please add these attachments to Log No. 1437 (3/3/83).

Thanks, fl

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### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

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MEMORANDUM

MARCH 3, 1983

TO:

WILLIAM CLARK

FROM:

FREDERICK J. RYAN, JR., DIRECTOR

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS AND SCHEDULING

SUBJ:

REQUEST FOR SCHEDULING RECOMMENDATION

PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR RECOMMENDATION ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULING REQUEST UNDER CONSIDERATION:

EVENT:

Video taped message to the Third International

Conference on Soviet Jewry convening in

Jerusalem

DATE:

Conference to be held March 15, 1983

LOCATION:

Taping from the White House

BACKGROUND: See attached

YOUR RECOMMENDATION:

Accept Regret Surrogate Message Priority Routine

IF RECOMMENDATION IS TO ACCEPT, PLEASE CITE REASONS:

RESPONSE DUE ASAP TO Fred Ryan

S USMAIL

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PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON DC 20500

Stylp to N.s.C.

DEAR MR PRESIDENT

BECALSE CF YOUR DEEP CONCERN FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND THE PARTICULAR PLIGHT OF JEWS IN THE SOVIET UNION, WE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE THIS ADMINISTRATION REPRESENTED AT THE FORTHCOMING THIRD INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET JEWRY, CONVENING IN JERUSALEM MARCH 15. WE UNDERSTAND THAT YOU WILL NOT BE ABLE TO PERSONALLY ATTEND THIS HISTORIC GATHERING, BUT WE HOPE AN APPROPRIATE CABINET LEVEL REPRESENTATIVE CAN OPEN THE PROCEEDINGS. IN ADDITION, MR PRESIDENT, YOUR PERSONAL SENTIMENTS CAN BE CONVEYED TO MORE THAN 1,000 DELEGATES VIA A VIDEO TAPED MESSAGE. TOGETHER WITH THOSE OF OTHER HEADS OF STATE, THIS WOULD BE ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT COMPONENTS OF THE CONFERENCE.

WE ARE HOPEFUL THIS REQUEST WILL BE FILLED, AND WE LOOK FORWARD TO WORKING WITH YOUR ASSOCIATES TO FACILITATE THIS UNDERTAKING.

RESPECTFULLY

ĺ

THEODORE R MANN CHAIRMAN NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET JEWRY
JULIUS BERMAN CHAIRMAN CONFERENCE OF PRESIDENTS OF MAJOR AMERICAN
JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS

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# National Security Council The White House

SEQUENCE TO HAS SEEN **ACTION** John Poindexter **Bud McFarlane** Jacque Hill Judge Clark John Poindexter Staff Secretary Sit Room I-Information A-Action R-Retain D-Dispatch N-No further Action DISTRIBUTION Baker Deaver Meese cc: COMMENTS Pla ducom & Lehn Tombytes.

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171450 MEMO 1 3/3/1983 B1

COPY OF DOC #171445 (P. DOBRIANSKY THROUGH C. TYSON TO W. CLARK RE PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE)

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171447 MEMO

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COPY OF DOC #171446 (W. CLARK TO REAGAN RE VIDEOTAPE FOR INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOVIET JEWRY)

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on Soviet Jewry



# National Conference on Soviet Jewry

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Treasure

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Washington Director

David A. Harris

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Former Chalimen
Eugene Gold, Jerusolem
Lobel Katz, \* (deceased), B'nai B'rith
Stanley H. Lowell, New York City
Richard Maass, American Jewish Committee

George Maislen.\*
United Synagogue of America
Rabbi Israel Miller,\*
American Zionist Federation
Rabbi Herschel Schacter,\*
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on Soviet Jewry

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Conference on Soviet Jewry
Jacquellne K. Levine,
Congressional Wives for Soviet Jewry
Bernard White,

Washington Advisory Committee

March 2, 1983

President Ronald Reagan The White House Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Pursuant to our earlier correspondence concerning a videotaped message from yourself to be broadcast at the Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry, we very much hope that our request will meet with your approval.

As we noted, five hundred Jewish leaders and other American supporters of Soviet Jewry, including elected officials, clergy, academicians, artists and writers, will join with delegates from several dozen other countries in the Free World to express support and solidarity for the beleaguered Soviet Jewish minority. Your message would serve as eloquent testimony to the priority your Administration has accorded this important humanitarian issue, and would be warmly received not only by Conference delegates but all who look to the United States as the foremost international defender of basic human rights and liberties.

Indeed, your willingness to prepare a message would also have an important impact on other Western governments, including the British, who are now considering their level of participation at the three-day Conference.

We thank you for your consideration of this matter and look forward to a favorable reply.

T.P. Han

Theodore R. Mann, Chairman National Conference on Soviet Jewry Respectfully,

Ju∜ius Berman, Chairman Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations

## WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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Collection Name Withdrawer

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File Folder **FOIA** 

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171451 SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

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DRAFT OF DOC #171448, W/EDITS (RE VIDEOTAPE: PRESDIENTIAL MESSAGE ON SOVIET JEWRY)

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

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09 MAR 83

KEYWORDS: USSR

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SUBJECT: PRES VIDEOTAPE FOR THIRD INTL CONF ON SOVIET JEWRY / PRES MSG

ACTION: FOR DECISION DUE: 07 MAR 83 STATUS C FILES PA

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DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION:

TO: PRESIDENT

SOURCE: DULZIN, ARYE L

DATE: 23 MAR 83

KEYWORDS: USSR

HUMAN RIGHTS

AΡ

SUBJ: THANK YOU FOR PRES MSG TO THIRD WORLD CONF ON SOVIET JEWRY

REQUIRED ACTION: FOR YOUR INFORMATION

DUEDATE:

COMMENTS:

FOR MICHAEL O WHEELER

Michela E. Moston

STAFF SECRETARY

Loretta — 65 an old one sent down. from upstairs. no folder.

60

# THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

3/23

Bud,
Russmand you
call Jamy on this.

Alfor

# National Security Council The White House

D

Package # 1772

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Bud McFarlane	2 6	- M	
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This should be part of I.G contingency planning. Recommend members be call from Bud to Larry.

on

# WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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171452 MEMO 1 3/18/1982 B1

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#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON



December 18 1981

White House Guidolasa, August 98, 1997, NARA, Date 12, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR THE VICE PRESIDENT

THE SECRETARY OF STATE

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

THE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE

THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION

THE SECRETARY OF ENERGY

THE COUNSELLOR TO THE PRESIDENT

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

THE CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE PRESIDENT THE DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE PRESIDENT

THE CHAIRMAN, JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

THE DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

THE DIRECTOR, FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

SUBJECT:

Crisis Management

The President has formally approved the attached National Security Decision Directive on Crisis Management. The document is classified confidential. Events considered by the Special Situation Group will not necessarily be labeled as crises.

FOR THE PRESIDENT:

James W. Nance

Acting Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs

Attachment

NSDD-3

CONFIDENTIAL REVIEW on December 17, 1987





CONFIDENTIAL

December 14, 1981

NATIONAL SECURITY DECISION DIRECTIVE NUMBER 3

Methodis F94-1434 (O. UND TASSED) 9/24/96
BY (COB NARA, Date 12/17/5

### CRISIS MANAGEMENT

A national security matter for which Presidential decisions and implementing instructions are required more rapidly than routine interdepartment NSC staff support provides may be considered in the context of crisis management.

### SPECIAL SITUATION GROUP (SSG)

Crisis management shall be the responsibility of a Special Situation Group (SSG) chaired by the Vice President. The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, at the direction of the Vice President, will convene the SSG when the gravity of the situation warrants. The function of the SSG will be to advise the President with respect to decision options on domestic, foreign and military policies and actions.

The SSG will consist of the Vice President (Chairman), the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Counsellor to the President, the Director of Central Intelligence, the Chief of Staff to the President, the Deputy Chief of Staff to the President, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and others designated by the Vice President.

The Special Situation Group will:

- a. Formulate contingency planning in anticipation of a crisis;
- b. Monitor the crisis, drawing on the resources of government agencies and other information resources;
- c. Formulate options for consideration by the National Security Council or for submission directly to the President;

CONFIDENTIAL Review on October 15, 1987



### CONFIDENTIAL

- d. Ensure that Presidential decisions are transmitted to agencies and departments for implementation;
- e. Monitor the implementation of the Presidential decisions and directives;
- f. Provide communications and press guidance for White House and Departmental use.

The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs will effect liaison between the SSG and the NSC, and will make recommendations to the Vice President on agenda items.

### INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUPS

For the purpose of supporting the Vice President in crisis management, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs will convene interagency working groups as appropriate.

### SECRETARIAT

The NSC staff will provide support for the SSG.

March Bara

Distribution: A, B

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