

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library
Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

Collection: Blackwell, Morton C.: Files
Folder Title: Schedule Proposals 1981-1982 (Binder)
(7 of 7)
Box: 64

To see more digitized collections visit:

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digitized-textual-material>

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit:

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/white-house-inventories>

Contact a reference archivist at: **reagan.library@nara.gov**

Citation Guidelines: <https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/research-support/citation-guide>

National Archives Catalogue: <https://catalog.archives.gov/>

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name BLACKWELL, MORTON: FILES

Withdrawer

RBW 10/4/2011

File Folder SCHEDULE PROPOSALS 1981-1982 [BINDER] (7 OF 7)

FOIA

F06-0055/07

Box Number 64

POTTER, CLAIRE

97

DOC NO	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
1	FORM	RE. REQUEST FOR APPOINTMENTS	1	1/21/1982	B6

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 21, 1982

MEETING WITH PRO-LIFE LEADERSHIP

DATE: January 22, 1982
LOCATION: Cabinet Room
TIME: 10:45 A.M.
FROM: Elizabeth H. Dolè

I. PURPOSE

To show the President's continued support for the pro-life cause.

II. BACKGROUND -- MARCH FOR LIFE

This march takes place annually and draws about one hundred thousand grassroots supporters of the President to Washington on behalf of legislation in support of human life. All major pro-life organization leaders have requested some form of Presidential involvement on January 22nd. All groups support the March for Life, despite their division on legal remedies. Almost every national pro-life leadership has specifically suggested that the President not endorse any of the proposed Congressional initiatives against abortion. They all agree it would be appropriate for the President to counsel this gathering of pro-life leaders to work for greater harmony among themselves and to confine their differences to issues rather than personalities.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See attached list

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House press corps photo opportunity

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

10:45 A.M. President arrives in Cabinet Room and circles table greeting his guests.
10:49 A.M. White House press corps photo opportunity.
10:51 A.M. President makes brief remarks and responds to questions and comments.
11:00 A.M. President departs.

SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH
PRO-LIFE LEADERSHIP

- I want to commend you for the progress that has been made in 1981 to protect the most defenseless in our society -- the unborn child. I have read the many reports of the differences in opinion on how to best end abortion on demand in America. In spite of this division, however, you should not lose sight of the fact that through your efforts there has been, for the first time, comprehensive hearings in Congress on the question of abortion. This in itself is a major victory.
- - I do not intend to take sides in the current controversy over which alternative the right-to-life community should embrace. I would hope, however, that people as dedicated to the same cause as yourselves will not give comfort to your opponents by failing to unite on a proposal or a compromise proposal so that we can stop the present national tragedy.
- - It is imperative that in addition to your legislative activities, you do everything you can to educate the American people on the abortion question. I am convinced the great majority of our citizens will support your cause if they are aware of the facts. I am sure you saw the recent Newsweek issue that devoted its cover story to new research on the unborn. We now know that a fetal heartbeat begins at three or four weeks, that the unborn child moves at six weeks and that the fetus will suck his thumb at eight weeks. I challenge anyone to look at that cover of Newsweek which shows an eight-week-old fetus and tell me that we are not dealing with human life. I have stated many times, including at my press conference this week, that if there is any doubt about whether we are dealing with human life, government must opt on the side of assuming that we are.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 21, 1982

List of Participants For Pro-Life Leadership Meeting
Cabinet Room 1/22/82

10 A.M.

John D. Beckett	President, Intercessors for America
Judie Brown	American Life Lobby, Inc.
Paul A. Brown	Life Amendment PAC
Mrs. Denise Cocciolone	Birthright
Dr. Jerry Falwell	The Moral Majority
Mrs. Sandra Faucher	Director, National Right to Life PAC
Rev. Charles Fiore, O.P.	President, Catholics for a Moral America
Jean Garton	Lutherans for Life
Peter Gemma, Jr.	Executive Director, National Pro-Life PAC
Miss Nellie Gray	President, March for Life Committee
Denis Horan	Chairman, Americans United for Life
Dr. Mildred Jefferson	President, Right to Life Crusade
John Mackey	Special Counsel, Ad Hoc Committee in Defense of Life
Ed McAteer	President, The Religious Roundtable
Ernest Ohlhoff	Executive Director, National Committee for a Human Life Amendment
Prof. Victor Rosenblum	Americans United for Life
Dr. Jack Wilke	President, National Right to Life Committee
Mrs. Geline Williams	Chairman, National Right to Life
Rev. Curtis Young	Executive Director, Christian Action Committee

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

BLACKWELL, MORTON: FILES

Withdrawer

RB 10/4/2011
W

File Folder

SCHEDULE PROPOSALS 1981-1982 [BINDER] (7 OF 7)

FOIA

F06-0055/07
POTTER, CLAIRE

Box Number

64

97

DOC Document Type

No of Doc Date Restriction

NO Document Description

1 FORM

1 1/21/1982 B6

RE. REQUEST FOR APPOINTMENTS

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH PRO-LIFE LEADERSHIP
CABINET ROOM

January 22, 1982
10 A.M. - 11 A.M.

Morton Blackwell, Special Assistant to the President,
Office of Public Liaison
will chair the meeting.

- 10:05 A.M. - Don Devine, Director, Office of Personnel Management
- 10:20 A.M. - Secretary Richard Schweiker, HHS
- 10:30 A.M. - David Swoap, Under Secretary HHS
- 10:45 A.M. - President Reagan

The following staff people have been invited to attend:

Ann Higgins
Mary Gall
Bill Gribben
Rich Williamson
Paul Russo
Gary Bauer
Ken Cribb

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SECRETARY RICHARD SCHWEIKER - HHS

B.A. Penn State Phi Beta Kappa

1944-46 - served in Navy

1950 - 60 - business experience
 served as President of nation's largest ceramic tile
 manufacturer

1961-69 - 13th PA served as Congressman

1969 - 81 U.S. Senator from PA

Thus, 20 years Congressional experience in federal health and welfare
policy background

Other primary legislative concerns in the health field -
halting federal support for abortions

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

DR. DON DEVINE - Director, Office of Personnel Management

He has combined a distinguished academic career with active public service.

During transition time, he was the transition team leader for OPM and related federal personnel agencies.

Prior to this, he was associate professor of government and politics at the University of Maryland.

He also worked on the Hill with Congressmen Ashbrook and Phil Crane

He ran for Comptroller in Maryland.

He is the author of books on politics -
most famous one Does Freedom Work?

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

DAVE SWOAP - Under Secretary of HHS

He was sworn in as Under Secretary of HHS on March 23, 1981

He is a 16 year veteran of state and federal government service

He served as Legislative Director with Senator Armstrong

He was a professional staff on the Senate Committee on Finance
Prior to that he was Senior Research Associate with the Republican
Study Committee, House of Representatives.

Before coming to Washington he was Director of the California
State Department of Benefit Payments and Director of the California
State Department of Social Welfare under Governor Reagan.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

STATEMENT 1982 MARCH FOR LIFE

I am honored to welcome the 1982 March for Life to Washington.

I want to commend you for your efforts to see the fundamental right to life and dignity restored to the most defenseless member of our human family - the unborn child. Your steadfast dedication to this solemn and urgent cause has been an example of courage and a strength to our nation.

It is vitally important that you maintain bonds of peace among yourselves and promote unity within your movement. Now is the time to close ranks, to rally, and to bring protective human life action through the Congress.

It has been estimated that abortion currently destroys at least one out of every three American lives conceived. The collective national genius which will determine our future greatness is being seriously eroded and depleted. I urge all Americans to reflect seriously this year upon the intrinsic beauty, worth, and sanctity of human life.

Wonderful discoveries and advances continue to be made in the fields of human development and pre-natal medicine. During the past year successful surgery was performed on a developing unborn child. We now know more about our unique human beginnings than ever before.

I believe that as we all begin to study and to celebrate the unborn child, we will release healing to our nation, now bitterly divided and agonized over the issue of abortion.

Human life is a gift, most sacred when it is most defenseless. Let us prayerfully cherish and nurture it in an attitude of thanksgiving.

May God continue to strengthen, protect, and guide you in your selfless labors as protectors of the unborn.

Corrected speech by Aram Bakshian 1/21/82

Not cleared by OPD

STATEMENT BY RONALD REAGAN TO BE READ BY SECRETARY SCHWEIKER

I AM PLEASED TO WELCOME THE 1982 MARCH FOR LIFE TO WASHINGTON.

I KNOW YOU ARE AWARE OF MY FEELINGS, WHICH I HAVE OFTEN EXPRESSED, ON THE QUESTION OF ABORTION. I BELIEVE THAT WHEN WE TALK ABOUT ABORTION, WE ARE TALKING ABOUT TWO LIVES -- THAT OF THE MOTHER AND THAT OF THE UNBORN CHILD.

IT IS INSTRUCTIVE I THINK THAT IN RECENT HEARINGS ON THE HILL, THE QUESTION OF WHEN LIFE BEGINS COULD NOT BE RESOLVED. THAT IS A FINDING IN AND OF ITSELF. THE FACT THAT DOUBTS CONTINUE TO EXIST ON THIS ISSUE LEAD ME TO THE CONCLUSION THAT GOVERNMENT HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO OPT ON THE SIDE OF LIFE FOR THE UNBORN, EXCEPT IN THOSE RARE CASES WHERE THE MOTHER'S LIFE IS IN DANGER.

AS I SAID EARLIER THIS WEEK IN MY PRESS CONFERENCE, IF ONE WERE TO COME UPON AN IMMOBILE BODY, AND IT COULD NOT BE DETERMINED AS TO WHETHER IT WERE DEAD OR ALIVE, YOU WOULDN'T GET A SHOVEL AND START COVERING IT UP. IF WE DON'T KNOW, THEN SHOULDN'T WE MORALLY OPT ON THE SIDE OF LIFE. IN MY

OPINION, WE SHOULD DO THE SAME THING WITH REGARD TO ABORTION.

THE CONGRESS IS EXAMINING THE ENTIRE ABORTION QUESTION. THERE ARE SEVERAL PIECES OF LEGISLATION ON THE HILL RANGING FROM CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS TO A HUMAN LIFE STATUTE. THE FACT THAT THESE PROPOSALS TAKE DIFFERENT APPROACHES SHOULD NOT OBSCURE THE MORE IMPORTANT POINT THAT THEY HAVE THE SAME GOAL -- TO PROVIDE GREATER PROTECTION FOR THE MOST DEFENSELESS AND INNOCENT AMONG US -- THE UNBORN CHILD.

I LOOK FORWARD TO ONE OF THESE PROPOSALS REACHING MY DESK FOR ACTION.

THE RIGHT-TO-LIFE MOVEMENT IS MADE UP OF COUNTLESS AMERICANS OF ALL BACKGROUNDS. YOUR ANNUAL MARCH FOR LIFE HERE IN WASHINGTON IS A SYMBOL OF A SHARED COMMITMENT. I WISH YOU WELL IN YOUR EFFORTS TO PROTECT THE LIFE OF THE UNBORN.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

file
LISTS
ON COMPUTER

Pro-life leadership: meeting with President in Cabinet Room January 22, 1982

Dr. Mildred Jefferson
Right to Life Crusade
720 Harrison Ave.
Boston, Mass 02118
617-437-1960

Mrs. Randy Engel
U.S. Coalition for Life
P.O. Box 315
Export, PA 15632
412-327-7379

Dr. Jack Wilke
National Right to Life Comm.
419 7th St. NW Suite 402
Washington, D.C. 20004
202-638-4396

Professor Victor Rosenblum
Americans United for Life
230 North Michigan Ave. Suite 515
Chicago, Ill. 60601
312-263-5386

Paul A. Brown
Life Amendment PAC
P.O. Box 639
Stafford, VA 22554
703-659-4193

Mr. Ernest Ohloff
National Committee for Human Life Amendmen
1707 L. St. NW Suite 400
Washington 20026
202-785-8061

Judie Brown
American Life Lobby, Inc.
P.O. Box 490
Stafford, VA 22554
703-659-4171

Mrs. Denise F. Cocciolone
Birthright
1001 N. Broad St.
Woodbury, NJ 08096
609-845-4441

Rev. Curtis J. Young
Christian Action Council
422 C. St. NE
Washington, D.C. 20002
202-544-1720

Ed McAteer
Religious Roundtable
1500 Wilson Blvd. Suite 502
Arlington, VA 22209
703-525-3795

John Mackey
Ad Hoc Comm. in Defense of Life
810 National Press Building
Washington, D.C. 20045
202-347-3245

Mrs. Geline Williams
National Right to Life
335 Oaklane
Richmond, VA 23226
804-282-7854

Nellie Gray
March for Life
P.O. Box 2950
515 6th St. SE
Washington, D.C. 20003
202-547-6721

Mrs. Sandra Faucher
National Right to Life PAC
RFD # 6
Augusta, Maine 04330
207-622-7329

Father Charles Fiore
National Pro-Life PAC
4521 Fox Bluff Lane
Middleton, Wisconsin 53562
608-233-4268

Peter Gemma
National Pro-Life PAC
101 Park Washington Court
Falls Church, VA 22046
703-536-7650

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Pro-life leadership (continued) Page 2.

John D. Beckett
Intercessors for America
P.O. Box D
Elyria, Ohio 44036

216-327-5184
Dr. Jerry Falwell
The Moral Majority
499 S. Capitol St.
Washington, D.C. 20004
804-528-0070
202-484-7511

Dennis Horan
Americans United for Life
230 North Michigan Ave. Suite 515
Chicago, Ill. 60601
312-263-5029



March for Life

P. O. BOX 2950
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20013
PHONE 202/LIFE-377

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT
NELLIE J. GRAY
District of Columbia
202-547-6721

V.P. ADMINISTRATION
VAL STASIK
Virginia
703-451-7254

V.P. OPERATIONS
DEE BECKER
Delaware
302-475-6157

SECRETARY-TREASURER
MARY H. FINNERTY
Virginia
703-569-0834

PORTER B. DOUGAL
New Jersey
201-992-8246

LEW GARDNER
New York
516-588-6546

ROGER KENGARAVAT
Connecticut
203-268-6879

KATHY McENTEE
Washington
206-564-1497

JOHN HAWES
New York
516-588-0868

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ
Wisconsin
414-871-1863

CHARLES J. WILLIAMSON
New York
516-223-4895

GERRY J. WOODS, Esq.
Pennsylvania
215-381-1111

March 3, 1982

Mr. Morton C. Blackwell
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Morton,

Thank you very much for arranging the prolife meeting with the President on January 22, 1982. It was good to have this opportunity to exchange comments, and I am looking forward to even more in-depth working meetings within the near future.

Thank you also for sending the photos of our meeting with the President. I am extremely delighted that you captured those moments on film, because they were of such short duration. You see, the very next day, I found myself alone, with all of the volunteers at meetings and working on other assignments. The phones were ringing, and I was trying to get to a meeting, myself. However, the snow blocked the walks and I couldn't get my car out of the drive.

After many shovels of heavy snow which stubbornly clung to the pavement, I began laughing through my huffing and puffing -- one day delivering roses to the President and chatting in the Cabinet room; the next day it's all-American back to the chores.

Thus, I thank you very much for the photos. They are a fine reminder of fleeting and good moments. I shall share them with our Board of Directors and other grass roots proliferers. Let's continue to work together as much as possible on this important prolife issue.

Many good wishes for your important work.

Sincerely in Life,

Miss Nellie J. Gray
President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 11, 1982

TO: Attendees, January 22, Cabinet Room Meeting
FROM: Morton C. Blackwell *MB*
RE: Followup on March for Life Day

I thought you would like to have a copy, attached, of President Reagan's statement which Secretary Schweiker read to the March for Life rally in the Elipse.

Thank you for taking time on that busy day to attend our White House briefing. The President enjoyed the meeting and has repeatedly said so.

The entirely constructive tenor of the meeting demonstrated the unity of purpose of the pro-life movement.

Various news reports put too much emphasis on divisions in the movement. There are differences of opinion on pending remedies, and, occasionally, some leaders have expressed impatience with others. But I believe the movement has attained political maturity needed to act together at appropriate times.

You might find interesting the following, somewhat analogous situation in French history.

In 1870, following his defeat in the Franco-Prussian War, Emperor Napoleon III was overturned. In 1871 a new French National Assembly was elected. A major question to be decided was what form of government the country would have. There was strong sentiment to restore the Bourbon monarchy. The monarchists elected more than 400 to the new National Assembly, the republicans only 200 and the Bonapartists only a handful.

It seemed inevitable that the monarchy would be restored.

There was, however, one big problem. The monarchists were split. One faction were "legitimists" who wanted to crown as king the Bourbon pretender, the comte de Chambord, who was old and childless. The other faction were "Orleanist" monarchists, who supported their pretender, comte de Paris, of the younger Bourbon line. A

deadlock ensued.

By 1873, a compromise was strongly advanced. Under this proposal, the legitimist comte de Chambord would be crowned king, and his heir would be the Orleanist comte de Paris. Thus the purposes of both factions would be accomplished. Combined, they had the votes to win.

Old Chambord was willing to accept this arrangement, but he set a condition which outraged the Orleanists. He absolutely insisted on restoring the old Bourbon flag, a white field with gold fleur-de-lis.

Napoleon III had used the revolutionary French red-white-and-blue tricolor as the official flag of France. The Orleanists themselves had adopted the tricolor when they took over the French monarchy from the older Bourbon line (1830-1848). The comte de Paris and his Orleanists adamantly refused to accept the flag with fleur-de-lis in the 1870's.

The two monarchist factions hacked away at each other and failed to resolve this impasse. Bit by bit they lost National Assembly elections to republicans. A new constitution was drafted, and the label "republic" was approved by a single-vote margin. The chance of restoring their monarchy was lost, probably for all time.

Although the issues which sometimes separate pro-life leaders are more substantial than the design of a flag, the lesson is clear. Let us be sure our pro-life movement acts more wisely than did the French monarchists.

February 23, 1982

Dear Mr. Horan:

It was a special pleasure to meet you and the other leaders of major pro-life organizations who came to the White House on the occasion of the "March for Life" on January 22. I am grateful for having had the opportunity to reiterate my firm stand against abortion and my deep belief in the inherent sanctity of all human life. Thank you so much for the inscribed copy of New Perspectives on Human Abortion which you presented to me at the meeting. I look forward to reading your work.

I am pleased to have this occasion to restate that my concern for the unborn is a major part of the agenda of my Administration. With the backing of concerned and committed citizens like the Americans United for Life, I look forward to legislation reaching my desk for signature.

With my best wishes to you and your colleagues,

Sincerely,

RONALD REAGAN

Mr. Dennis Horan
Apartment 915
230 North Michigan Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60601

cc: Morton Blackwell

BR:CMF:RH:AVH:vml--

February 23, 1982

Dear Mr. Beckett:

It was a special pleasure to meet you and the other leaders of major pro-life organizations who came to the White House on the occasion of the "March for Life" on January 22. I am grateful for having had the opportunity to reiterate my firm stand against abortion and my deep belief in the inherent sanctity of all human life. Thank you so much for the handsome plaque which you presented to me from the Intercessors For America. I shall keep it as a meaningful expression of your group's friendship.

I am pleased to have this occasion to emphasize that my concern for the unborn is a major part of the agenda of my Administration. With the backing of concerned and committed citizens like the Intercessors For America, I look forward to the day when legislation on the right to life reaches my desk for signature.

With my best wishes to you and your colleagues,

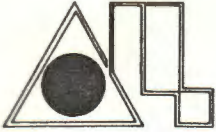
Sincerely,

RONALD REAGAN

Mr. John D. Beckett
President
Intercessors For America
Post Office Box D
Elyria, Ohio 44036

cc: Morton Blackwell

RR:CMF:RH-AVH:vml--



AMERICAN LIFE LOBBY INC.

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS: MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 490, STAFFORD, VA 22554
OFFICES: ROUTE #6, BOX 162-F, STAFFORD, VA 22554
(703) 659-4171 METRO DC 690-2049

GOVERNMENT LIAISON OFFICE: 6B LIBRARY COURT SE (CAPITOL HILL) WASHINGTON, DC 20003 • (202) 546-5551

January 29, 1982

Mr. Morton Blackwell
Special Assistant to the President
for Membership Groups
The White House, Old EOB
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Morton:

I cannot tell you how thrilled I am over how well the meeting with the President and his top people went last Friday.

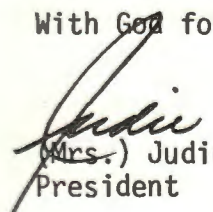
You did an excellent job in every phase of preparation and execution to insure its success and your handiwork was evident everywhere. I think you had the exactly correct individuals present to represent the broad spectrum of the pro-life movement and its concern and I commend you on your selections.

Your dedication to truth and the search for it was obvious during the meeting, and it certainly took courage and conviction to handle it in the manner you did. I was, and am, grateful to you.

It is my deepest and most sincere prayer that those present heard and heeded the President's words and that we can look forward to progress within the movement along the lines he proposed.

If there is any way in which I can be of help to you or your dedicated staff, please do not hesitate to call on me.

With God for Life,


(Mrs.) Judie Brown
President

God bless you!

BIRTHRIGHT Inc. (U.S.A.)

686 ~~xx~~ N. Broad Street
Woodbury, N. J. 08796

(602) 833-1818 & 1819

February 16, 1982

Mr. Morton Blackwell, Sessional Assistant
to the President for Public Liaison
White House
Washington, District of Columbia

Dear Mr. Blackwell:

I wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the material you sent us, but, most especially for the meeting you arranged on January 22, 1982 with the President.

We had notified all Media in the Philadelphia and South Jersey area before the meeting. None of the Philadelphia Media picked up on it. Two South Jersey papers did prior to the meeting. Only one newspaper carried a story after the meeting. I am enclosing a copy of that article.

We thought it interesting that so few found it newsworthy, when indeed, we know a meeting with the President of the United States is a rare privilege for anyone. This is just one more incident of Media bias, I believe.

Again, thank you for continuing to keep us apprized of events pertinent to our work, and may I direct your attention to our change of address.

686 N. Broad Street
Woodbury, New Jersey 08096

Sincerely for the Preborn,

Denise F. Cocciolone

Denise F. Cocciolone
National Executive Director
BIRTHRIGHT Inc. (U. S. A.)

Enclosure

DFC/edc

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 12, 1982

MEMORANDUM FOR ELIZABETH H. DOLE

THRU: DIANA LOZANO
FROM: MORTON BLACKWELL *MB*
SUBJECT: PRO-LIFE STATUS REPORT

Contrary to the supposition that pro-life leaders would be upset if the President gave special recognition of the pro-life cause in connection with the January 22nd March for Life, I find that every element of the pro-life movement urges that the President become involved on that day.

There is some disagreement as to what form the presidential involvement should take, but all agree he should do something special on that day.

All agree that it would be very appropriate for the President to make brief remarks from the White House, by loudspeaker, to the midday rally in the Elipse. Everyone except March for Life organizer Nellie Gray would like the President to meet with pro-life leaders in the White House. Miss Gray will not attend any such White House meeting, but she does not strongly object to a White House meeting. Her only concern is to have the President recognize those thousands who come to participate in the march.

My very strong recommendation is that the President have a brief meeting with leaders in the Cabinet room, followed by brief remarks to the rally on the Elipse to be carried by loudspeaker from the White House. I have prepared a schedule proposal, invitation list, talking points for the Cabinet Room meeting, and suggested remarks for the loudspeaker address.

Another important discovery is that all the major leaders are in agreement that the President should not take this occasion to express support for any one of the proposed remedies to the abortion problem. They are conscious of their disagreements and chagrined at the rise of personal attacks among themselves. Thus, a strong but general statement of support is what is needed.

Not surprisingly, several of the pro-life leaders specifically ask that the President call for greater unity in the pro-life movement. Since no one likes to think himself guilty of personally attacking others, all will applaud a call for unity.

By way of background, there are three main vehicles which command substantial support. They are:

1. The Helms-Dornan "Unity" Amendment. It would make abortion illegal and require, in a difficult pregnancy, an attempt to save the life of both the mother and the baby.
2. The Human Life Bill, sponsored by Senator Helms. It would declare an unborn child a person from the moment of conception and afford the unborn child the full rights of due process under the 14th amendment.
3. The Hatch Amendment. It would reestablish the situation prior to the Roe v. Wade U.S. Supreme-Court decision. It would give Congress and the states the right to restrict or prohibit abortions.

Most of the pro-life leaders now support the Hatch Amendment. This includes the U.S. Conference of Catholic Bishops.

Opponents of the Hatch Amendment, including Nellie Gray and John Mackey, argue that the proposal is a trap designed to take the heat off of pro-abortion legislators. They argue that the Hatch Amendment is so weak that vulnerable pro-abortion legislators, such as Senator Moynihan, will vote for it and get "absolution" thereafter on the issue.

Moreover, opponents of the Hatch Amendment argue, there is no hope that the required two thirds vote in both houses can be obtained. Thus, they say, we will to some extent get rid of the issue without getting rid of abortions. They point out that the Bishops Conference is still in shock over the loss of liberal Democrats who fell in 1980 and who were the liberal bishops' allies on virtually every issue except abortions.

In sum, opponents of the Utah senator's amendment say that it is an "escape hatch" from the abortion issue for liberal senators and congressmen.

REJECTED

Potential event 1982

Nike - I think this is fine for Oct. 2 -
I'm convinced Phyllis will keep everything under control and make it a real plus for us.
[Signature]

MEMORANDUM

[Handwritten initials/signature]
①

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 28, 1981

TO: Elizabeth H. Dole ✓
FROM: Morton C. Blackwell
RE: Testimonial Dinner in honor of Nancy Reagan

This dinner is planned for October 2 in the main ballroom of the Capitol Hilton Hotel. It will be limited by invitation only to members of the Eagle Forum, all of whom have been long time ardent supporters of Ronald Reagan.

Senator Paul Laxalt has been invited and has graciously agreed to give the principal testimonial.

Other speakers and Members of Congress have not been invited primarily because Mrs. Schlafly feels that suggestions should come from Mrs. Reagan and her staff. Mrs. Schlafly wants this to be an exciting, warm, friendly and elegant affair with a mix of different people. She feels that it is important that Mrs. Reagan be comfortable with the speakers who will be paying tribute to her.

I have been to many other functions organized by Phyllis Schlafly. She does such things very well.

This event is particularly important because this constituency was stung by the O'Connor nomination. They basically support the President; this will go a long way toward mending the fences with them. Attached is a copy of Mrs. Schlafly's July newsletter which is a beautifully done and forceful call for support of "Reaganomics", highlighting the President's tax plan.

Eagle Forum

Leading the pro-family movement since 1972
President: Phyllis Schlafly

WASHINGTON OFFICE: 316 PENNSYLVANIA AVE., S.E., SUITE 203, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20003 ■ (202) 544-0353
HEADQUARTERS OFFICE: BOX 618, ALTON, ILLINOIS 62002 ■ (618) 462-5415

June 24, 1981

Mrs. Ronald Reagan
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mrs. Reagan:

We are so fortunate that, for the first time in many years, we have a First Lady we can all admire and respect, and one who makes us so proud to be Americans.

The ladies of Eagle Forum would like to honor you at a Testimonial Dinner in Washington, D.C. this fall, which would be attended by a national audience of women leaders and dignitaries. Senator Paul Laxalt has graciously agreed to give the principal testimonial to you on that occasion, and we sincerely hope it will be possible for you to accept.

Your Testimonial Dinner would be attended by some 400 women leaders from all fifty states -- the faithful ones who have worked tirelessly and for many years for Ronald Reagan and for other conservative causes. This is a very special group (as Paul Laxalt will tell you) of women who were absolutely thrilled with the Reagan victory last November. Other attendees would include Members of Congress, members of the Administration, celebrities, and some of your close friends.

This national salute to our First Lady would be the highlight of the Tenth Annual Conference of Eagle Forum, the original and leading pro-family organization in the country. These are women who have led and won many important political battles -- and all of them worked long and hard during 1980 for Ronald Reagan's election. We usually hold our annual conference in St. Louis, and many of our mutual friends (including Paul Laxalt, Jesse Helms, and Jake Garn) have been the featured speakers in previous years.

This year we moved our conference to Washington so that we can have the Testimonial for you at a convenient location only a few blocks from the White House. We are holding the Ballroom at the Capitol Hilton Hotel for Friday evening, October ninth, but if that is not a convenient date, we will be glad to change to another one.

Eagle Forum

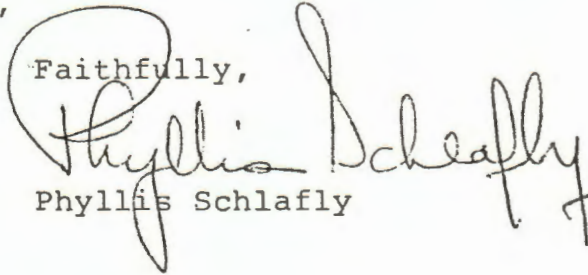
Leading the pro-family movement since 1972
President: Phyllis Schlafly

WASHINGTON OFFICE: 316 PENNSYLVANIA AVE., S.E., SUITE 203, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20003 ■ (202) 544-0353
HEADQUARTERS OFFICE: BOX 618, ALTON, ILLINOIS 62002 ■-(618) 462-5415

We will work with Paul Laxalt to assure that the salute to our First Lady will be an elegant and memorable event, and conform to your wishes in every way. Please say you will be with us for what will be an evening to remember. This event will give some of your most dedicated and hard-working friends the high honor of thanking you for giving us inspired leadership.

With cordial good wishes,

Faithfully,


Phyllis Schlafly



PAUL LAXALT
UNITED STATES SENATE

June 25, 1981

Dear Nancy -

For a number of
reasons I think this
would be a "few & strike."

Hope you can work
it in!
Paul

Copy to: Mrs. Phyllis Schlafly

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 3, 1981


MEMORANDUM FOR: LYN NOFZIGER
FROM: NINA WORMSER NCW
RE: Invitation to the First Lady from
Phyllis Schlafly

Attached please find an invitation from Phyllis Schlafly to Mrs. Reagan.

My inclination has been to regret because of the reaction an acceptance might cause amongst the moderate and liberal members of the Republican party.

Would you please give the invitation your expert evaluation and let me know how you feel we should handle it?

Thanks very much.

I disagree. Why should we
duck the president's long-time supporters.
The moderates & liberals never helped nominate
RSC; in fact they all opposed him until
he was nominated. Let's help our long-time
friends now & then — 



The Phyllis Schlafly Report

VOL 14, NO. 12, SECTION 1

BOX 618, ALTON, ILLINOIS 62002

JULY, 1981

The Rightness of Reaganomics

Almost every American President has suffered a loss of his own party's strength in Congress in the mid-term elections. The exception was Franklin D. Roosevelt elected in 1932; the Democrats increased their majorities in the Congressional elections of 1934. F.D.R. was able to keep his 1932 political momentum going and bring about a massive change in American political, economic and social trends.

The question is, can Ronald Reagan do likewise? Was the 1980 election a freak of timing, or is it the start of a new conservative era? Will conservative strength gain or fade in the 1982 elections? That question will be answered by the economy in general and by tax cuts particular.

Ronald Reagan was elected with a mandate to cut taxes 10 percent a year for each of three years in order to stimulate the private enterprise economy and drastically cut the size of the Federal Government. Reagan's campaign promise was to enact Kemp-Roth tax cuts based on what is called "supply-side" economics. Simply put, that means: let incentives stimulate the economy, resulting in investment, capital formation, and creation of private-sector jobs. It means the fulfillment of Reagan's promise to "get America back to work again."

The Democrats in Congress have already forced Reagan to compromise his hope for a 30 percent tax cut (10 percent for each of three years) down to 25 percent over three years. Does that still sound like a big tax cut? It isn't really. The legacy of Jimmy Carter is that, even if Congress took no action at all, taxes would rise at about \$100 billion a year (from inflation bracket creep, windfall profits, and Social Security taxes).

In the famous Reagan-Carter debate, Reagan asked Americans, Are you better off today than you were four years ago? The American voters answered NO to that question. The best way to fulfill Reagan's election mandate is to reduce the income tax. We've suffered long enough at the hands of the Keynesian borrow-and-spend, deficit-and-inflation economists. It's time to give the reins to "supply-side" economists.

Tax Cuts Essential Now

Although the Reagan budget cuts are essential to his economic program, the Reagan tax cuts are the heart of it. The tax cuts represent the innovative change, the real turning of the corner from the old, tired liberalism

of the past, to the new conservative economics of the future.

The structure and rates of the current Federal income tax are the primary reason for the sluggish capital formation in the United States, which in turn restricts economic growth. High marginal tax rates discourage savings because they grab much income which would otherwise go into savings. To discourage savings means to discourage capital formation, which in turn means to discourage the creation of jobs.

The close relationship between savings and growth is reflected in the experience of other countries. Our big competitor, Japan, has a savings rate which is 4.4 times that of the United States, and a real Gross National Product growth rate which is more than ten times that of ours.

The United States also suffers by comparison with the savings and growth rates of Germany, France and Canada, although they are not as high as Japan's. These unhappy comparisons are despite the fact that we are about 60 percent self sufficient in oil, whereas Japan, Germany and France are almost totally dependent on oil imports.

Even though Congress has taken credit for voting a number of "tax cuts" since 1965, these have not been enough to cover the increases in real taxes caused by inflation. We have suffered a striking net increase in taxes due to tax bracket creep, the popular term for the effect of inflation in raising the rates on individual taxpayers by pushing them into higher tax brackets.

Look at how the jaws of the progressive income tax joined with inflation bit into and crushed the individual who had a \$10,000 income in 1965. Between 1965 and 1979, his taxes were supposedly reduced \$520 by legislative tax cuts, but actually inflation alone increased his taxes by \$2,185. At the \$40,000 income level, Congress supposedly reduced taxes \$1,449, but inflation actually increased the individual's taxes by \$18,999. It is obvious that inflation makes windfall profits for the government.

Inflation has made the progressive tax system become progressively more progressive even over the last five years. In 1973, one fifth of the taxpayers were paying 63.7 percent of federal income taxes. By 1978, one fifth of the taxpayers were paying 66.6 percent of the federal tax burden.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 9, 1981

TO: Elizabeth H. Dole
FROM: Morton C. Blackwell *MB*
RE: Phyllis Schlafly dinner for Mrs. Reagan

I have had returned to me my memo to you, attached, regarding Phyllis Schlafly's banquet.

First, let me thank you for your very supportive note to Mike Deaver.

Unfortunately, as the memo to Gregg Newell from Mike Deaver shows, Mr. Deaver instructed the invitation be turned down.

Mr. Deaver thus retains a perfect record of declining all the proposals we have endorsed for First Family involvement with meetings with the President's conservative movement supporters.

I am not discouraged and intend to continue to propose appropriate meetings. But I think it is in the best interests of the President and your office for some attention to be paid to the pattern which has developed.

The impression is growing that the White House position is that the leaders of the conservative movement cannot have access to the President.

The Pro-Family meeting was nixed repeatedly. The proposed involvement of conservative religious leaders with the President in discussions relating to volunteerism was nixed, and now this banquet which was strongly endorsed by Senator Laxalt, Lyn Nofziger and you has also been vetoed.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 28, 1981

TO: Elizabeth H. Dole
FROM: Morton C. Blackwell
RE: Testimonial Dinner in honor of Nancy Reagan

This dinner is planned for October 2 in the main ballroom of the Capitol Hilton Hotel. It will be limited by invitation only to members of the Eagle Forum, all of whom have been long time ardent supporters of Ronald Reagan.

Senator Paul Laxalt has been invited and has graciously agreed to give the principal testimonial.

Other speakers and Members of Congress have not been invited primarily because Mrs. Schlafly feels that suggestions should come from Mrs. Reagan and her staff. Mrs. Schlafly wants this to be an exciting, warm, friendly and elegant affair with a mix of different people. She feels that it is important that Mrs. Reagan be comfortable with the speakers who will be paying tribute to her.

I have been to many other functions organized by Phyllis Schlafly. She does such things very well.

This event is particularly important because this constituency was stung by the O'Connor nomination. They basically support the President; this will go a long way toward mending the fences with them. Attached is a copy of Mrs. Schlafly's July newsletter which is a beautifully done and forceful call for support of "Reaganomics", highlighting the President's tax plan.

Potential event 1982

REJECTED

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

August 28, 1981

TO: GREGORY J. NEWELL, DIRECTOR
PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS AND SCHEDULING

FROM: ELIZABETH H. DOLE

REQUEST: RECEPTION

PURPOSE: The Council on National Policy is composed of some of the most influential men and women in America, all of whom are conservatives and all of whom are strong supporters of President Reagan and his legislative program.

BACKGROUND: The Council for National Policy is a nonpartisan, nonprofit organization. Its purpose is to bring together some of the leading conservatives in America for educational and discussion purposes. Specifically, the Council is formed to support and conduct nonpartisan research and analysis of issues concerning domestic and foreign policy of the U.S. It provides a forum for the exchange of ideas relating to U.S. policy issues among leaders in the business, religious, government, educational and professional fields.

PREVIOUS PARTICIPATION: This group contains some close friends of the President. It was formed in April of 1981, but the President has met with several members of the Board of Governors on other occasions.

DATE: September 14, 1981 **DURATION:** 15 minutes

LOCATION: State Dining Room or the Blue Room if less than 50 attend

PARTICIPANTS: The 56 members of the Board of Governors (list attached)

OUTLINE OF EVENTS: 5-6PM Cocktail Reception- Presidential Participation

REMARKS REQUIRED: Brief remarks

MEDIA COVERAGE: White House Photographers only

RECOMMENDED BY:

OPPOSED BY:

PROJECT OFFICER: Morton C. Blackwell

August 31, 1981

TO: Admiral Gannett, Lynn Nuttner, Herb Ellingwood, Ken Cribb,
David Strickman

FROM: MORTON BLACKWELL

RE: Meeting with the Council on National Policy

Attached is a schedule proposal for a meeting with the Board of Governors of the Council of National Policy.

We would like to list you as supporting this proposal.

Please let me know by noon, September 1, if you agree with this proposal.

- 1) Herb Ellingwood yes 8/31
- 2) Admiral Gannett does support but would prefer not to have his name on it.
- 3) Ken Cribb says 9/1

Sam Moore La

Have you called
Woody?
9/1

Agenda

COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL POLICY

September 13-14, 1981

The Mayflower
Washington, D.C.

Sunday, September 13, 1981

7:00 p.m. Reception
Presidential Room

Monday, September 14, 1981

8:00 a.m. Continental breakfast
Colonial Room

a.m. Call to order
Dr. Tim LaHaye, President
Council for National Policy

9:15 a.m. Making the Bureaucracy Accountable
Chairman: Mr. Bunker Hunt,
Hunt Energy Corporation
Speaker: Mr. Howard Phillips,
President, The Conservative Caucus
Research, Analysis and Education
Foundation

10:05 a.m. Coffee break

10:15 a.m. Reforming the Judiciary
Chairman: Dr. Pat Robertson,
President, Christian Broadcasting
Network
Speaker: Mr. Reed Larson, President,
National Right to Work Committee

11:15 a.m. Current National Policy Issues
Chairman: Mr. James Robison,
James Robison Evangelistic Association
Speaker: Mr. Richard Viguerie,
Publisher, *Conservative Digest*

12:05 p.m. Luncheon
Presidential Room
Address: The Need for a
Conservative Alternative
to the Socialist Internationale.
Guest Speaker: Count Hans Huyn,
Member, German Bundestag
Brief report from each member
of Board of Governors on current
projects and activities

2:00 p.m. A Second Look at the United Nations
Colonial Room
Chairman: Mr. James Mather, Founder
and Chairman of the Board,
Mr. Steak, Inc., restaurants

Speaker: Mr. Edwin J. Feulner,
President, The Heritage Foundation

2:50 p.m. Opportunities in Space
Chairman: Mr. William Rusher,
Publisher, *National Review*
Speaker: Mr. Arthur Dula, Attorney
at Law and Chairman-Elect, Science
and Technology Section, American
Bar Association

3:40 p.m. Recess

5:00 p.m. Meeting of Executive Committee

6:00 p.m. Reception
Presidential Room

7:00 p.m. Dinner
Address: Congressional Coalitions as
They Affect Public Policy Issues
Guest Speaker: Congressman Kent Hance
(D-Texas), Floor Leader for Reagan Tax
Cut Bill of 1981

Address: America in the 1980's:
Where Do We Go From Here?
Senator John East (R-N.C.),
Chairman, Subcommittee on Separation
of Powers, Senate Judiciary Committee

COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL POLICY

July 17, 1981

Honorable Morton Blackwell
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Morton:

The next meeting of the Council for National Policy will be held at the Hay-Adams Hotel in Washington on Sunday, September 13 and Monday September 14, 1981.

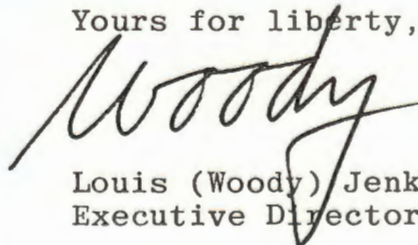
I would like to use this means to ask your assistance in arranging a reception with the President at the White House for the 56 members of our Board of Governors at that time.

Our Board of Governors includes some of America's most influential leaders in the fields of business, the professions, politics and religion.

These include Mr. Joseph Coors of Adolph Coors Company; Senator James McClure, chairman of the Senate Republican Conference; Congressman Guy Vander Jagt; Bunker Hunt of Hunt Energy Corporation; Dr. Jerry Falwell, president of the Moral Majority; Dr. Pat Robertson, president of the Christian Broadcasting Network; Howard Ruff of Ruff Times; Dr. Alton Ochsner of the Ochsner Foundation Hospital; James Whelan, editor of the Sacramento Union; William Rusher, publisher of National Review; Richard Viguerie, publisher of Conservative Digest; Reed Larson, president of National Right to Work Committee; Nellie Gray, president of March for Life; Ed Feulner, president of the Heritage Foundation; Mrs. Lottie Beth Hobbs, national president of the Pro-Family Forum; Tom Ellis, president of the Congressional Club; Reed Irvine, president of Accuracy in Media, and others of similar stature.

I am certain a meeting with the President would be useful and informative for our members. It would also give our members more ammunition to help them "sell" the President's program, as I know they individually desire to do.

Yours for liberty,



Louis (Woody) Jenkins
Executive Director

COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL POLICY

August 14, 1981

To: Members, Board of Governors
Council for National Policy

Re: September 13-14 Meeting at The Mayflower

Dear Friends:

The next meeting of the Board of Governors will be held Sunday, September 13 and Monday, September 14, 1981, at The Mayflower in Washington.

An exciting, action-oriented program has been planned, which should be very informative and rewarding.

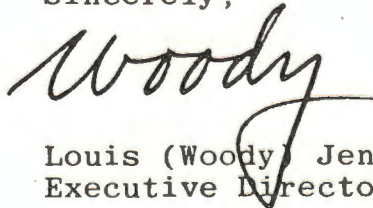
I have reserved a bloc of rooms at The Mayflower for members of the Board who do not reside in the Washington area.

Unless you have informed me to the contrary, I am assuming you will attend the events on both days.

However, I would appreciate your filling out the enclosed registration form. This will help us accurately predict the number of rooms and meals which will be required.

Looking forward to being with you in September, I remain

Sincerely,



Louis (Woody) Jenkins
Executive Director

Enclosures

Agenda

COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL POLICY

September 13-14, 1981

The Mayflower

Washington, D. C.

Sunday, September 13, 1981

7:00 p.m. Reception Presidential Room
The Mayflower

Monday, September 14, 1981

8:00 a.m. Continental breakfast Colonial Room
The Mayflower

9:00 a.m. Call to order

Dr. Tim LaHaye, President
Council for National Policy

9:15 Making the Bureaucracy Accountable

Chairman: Mr. Bunker Hunt, Hunt
Energy Corporation

Speaker: Mr. Howard Phillips,
President, The Conservative Caucus
Research, Analysis and Education
Foundation

10:05 a.m. Coffee break

10:15 a.m. Reforming the Judiciary

Chairman: Dr. Pat Robertson,
President, Christian Broadcasting
Network

Speaker: Reed Larson, President,
National Right to Work Committee

11:15 a.m. Current National Policy Issues

Chairman: Mr. James Robison,
James Robison Evangelistic
Association

Speaker: Mr. Richard Viguerie,
Publisher, Conservative Digest

- 12:05 Luncheon Presidential Room
The Mayflower
- Address: The Need for a
Conservative Alternative
to the Socialist Internationale
- Guest Speaker: Count Hans Huyn,
Member, German Bundestag
- Brief report from each member
of Board of Governors on current
projects and activities
- 2:00 p.m. A Second Look at the United Nations Colonial Room
The Mayflower
- Chairman: Mr. James Mather, Founder
and Chairman of the Board, Mr. Steak,
Inc., restaurants
- Speaker: Mr. Edwin J. Feulner,
President, The Heritage Foundation
- 2:50 p.m. Opportunities in Space
- Chairman: Mr. William Rusher,
Publisher, National Review
- Speaker: Mr. Arthur Dula, Attorney at
Law and Chairman-Elect, Science and
Technology Section, American Bar
Association
- 3:40 p.m. Recess
- 5:00 p.m. Meeting of Executive Committee
- 6:00 p.m. Reception Presidential Room
The Mayflower
- 7:00 p.m. Dinner
- Address: Congressional Coalitions as
They Affect Public Policy Issues
- Guest Speaker: Congressman Kent Hance
(D-Texas), Floor Leader for Reagan Tax
Cut Bill of 1981

COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL POLICY

August 17, 1981

CONFIDENTIAL

To: Members, Board of Governors
Council for National Policy

Re: Members-Elect of Board of Governors

Dear Friends:

It is with great pleasure that I announce the names of 12 members-elect of the Board of Governors. Each of these outstanding individuals was elected to membership by the Executive Committee, has been formally invited to join and has duly accepted.

Under our bylaws, they will become members upon attending one of the next two quarterly meetings of the Board. Almost all will be present at our September 13-14 meeting.

The 12 members-elect are as follows:

1. SENATOR WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, United States Senator from Colorado; second-ranking member of the Senate Budget Committee; chairman of the Social Security Subcommittee; author of the tax indexing provisions of the Reagan tax cut legislation recently enacted by Congress.

2. CONGRESSMAN JOHN ASHBROOK, member of Congress from Ohio since 1961; a leading conservative throughout his 20 years of service; candidate for the United States Senate in 1982.

3. MR. WILLIAM B. BALL, attorney-at-law, Harrisburg, Pa.; perhaps the leading First Amendment attorney in America; a leader in defending the Christian school movement; has argued several cases before the Supreme Court and won the landmark religious liberty case of Wisconsin v. Yoder.

4. MR. BRUCE HERSCHENSOHN, conservative producer and film maker; winner of Emmy for film, "Czechoslovakia 1968", currently employed by KABC-TV in Los Angeles.

5. MR. JIM JUSTISS, president of Justiss Oil Co., Jena, La., an important oil drilling contracting company; former president, International Association of Drilling Contractors.

6. DR. JAMES KENNEDY, senior pastor, Coral Ridge

Presbyterian Church, Fort Lauderdale, Fla.; one of nation's leading clergymen.

7. MRS. CONNIE MARSHNER, chairman, Pro-Family Coalition; chairman, Library Court; editor, Family Protection Report; one of leading pro-family leaders in America.

8. DR. HENRY MORRIS, president, Institute for Creation Research, San Diego, Calif.

9. REP. WILLIAM M. (BILL) POLK, Speaker, Washington State House of Representatives; former minority leader; outstanding conservative leader.

10. DR. PAIGE PATTERSON, president, Criswell Center for Biblical Studies, Dallas; leading Christian educator.

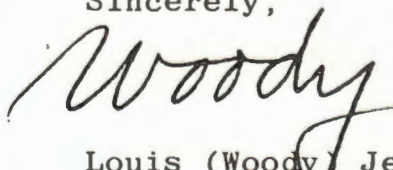
11. MR. WILLIAM (BILL) RUSHER, publisher, The National Review; syndicated columnist; star of Emmy winning television series, "The Advocates".

12. MR. ROBERT STODDARD, former chairman of the board, Wyman-Gordon Corp.; past president, Associated Industries of Massachusetts; former board member, National Association of Manufacturers, Raytheon, First National Bank of Boston, International Paper Company and State Mutual Life Assurance Company.

I expect to be able to announce several other new members between now and the September 13-14 quarterly meeting.

With kindest regards, I remain

Sincerely,



Louis (Woody) Jenkins
Executive Director

P.S. Senator John East has just agreed to speak at the banquet on the evening of Monday, September 14, following Congressman Kent Hance. Senator East (R-N.C.) is chairman of the Subcommittee on Separation of Powers of the Senate Judiciary Committee. His topic will be "America in the 1980's: Where Do We Go From Here?"

1982
potential events

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 4, 1981

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

TO: GREGORY J. NEWELL, DIRECTOR
PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS AND SCHEDULING

FROM: Elizabeth H. Dole

REQUEST: White House Luncheon

PURPOSE: In celebration of the beginning of Thanksgiving week and National Family Week to give recognition and encouragement to the "pro-family" organization leaders as well as prominent citizens who have given notable support to traditional family values. (Spouses included)

BACKGROUND: On November 3 President Reagan proclaimed the week of November 22, 1981 as National Family Week. This is the most appropriate time for the President to give recognition to leaders of the pro-family movement and others identified with traditional family moral values. Most of the invitees are leaders of national grassroots networks of people who basically support the President. These groups continue to be vital as a source of support for the President's program and for candidates favorable to the President. Most of these groups are at least to some extent concerned with what they see as passivity in the Administration on the issues most vital to them. This non-political event will serve to recognize them for their past efforts and to encourage them to continue a high level of support.

PREVIOUS PARTICIPATION: None.

DATE: November 22, 1981 **DURATION:** 2 Hours

LOCATION: State Dining Room

PARTICIPANTS: 100 - list to be developed

OUTLINE OF EVENT: Luncheon and brief remarks followed by photographs with each couple

REMARKS REQUIRED: Brief remarks

MEDIA COVERAGE: Photographs with each couple

RECOMMENDED BY: Elizabeth H. Dole, Lyn Nofziger, Herb Ellingwood

PROPOSED BY:

PROJECT OFFICER: Morton C. Blackwell

INVITEES - Luncheon, November 22, 1981

Norman Vincent Peale
Robert P. Dugan, Director of the Office of Public Affairs
National Association of Evangelicals
Phyllis Schlafly, President, Eagle Forum
Mrs. Connaught Marshner, Chairman, National Pro-Family Coalition
Marva Collins, Founder, West Side Preparatory School, Chicago
Dr. James Dobson, Writer, Focus on Family, medical doctor
Dr. William R. Bright, President Campus Crusade for Christ
Mrs. J.W. Aubrey, President, National Alliance of Senior Citizens
Dr. Ben Armstrong, National Religious Broadcasters
Dr. E. V. Hill, Pastor, Mt. Zion Missionary Baptist church,
Senator & Mrs. Roger Jepsen
Congressman and Mrs. Albert Lee Smith
Pat Boone, Singer
Dr. Bernard Fryshman, Agudath Israel
Paul Weyrich, Committee for the Survival of a Free Congress
Mr. & Mrs. Patrick Buchanan, syndicated columnist
Elaine Donnelly
Ed Feulner, Heritage Foundation
Dr. Robert Miller, President, Freedoms Foundation
Gordon, Jones, United Families of America
Robert Pittenger, President, American Christian Heritage Foundation
Howard Phillips, Chairman, The Conservative Caucus
Daniel Terra, Ambassador at Large for Cultural Affairs
George Roche, President of Hillsdale College
Richard Viguerie, President, RAVCO
Bill Billings, National Christian Action Coalition
Rev. Charles Fiore, National Pro-Life PAC
Congressman Dan Marriott
Wendy Ungricht, Idaho state legislator
Robert Monier, President, New Hampshire state senate
The Most Rev. Thomas J. Welsh, Bishop of Arlington Va.
Don Howard, Accelerated Christian Education
William Ball, Lawyer, Harrisburg, Pa.
Betty Brake, Director White House Conference on Aging
Judge John Norton, Fairfield, Conn.
Midge Dector, Board of Directors, Heritage Foundation
John McKnight, Professor of Urban Studies, Northwestern U.
Gov. Fob James, Democratic governor of Alabama
Woody Jenkins, House of Representatives, Louisiana
Mr. & Mrs. Mel Gabler, Education Research Analysts
Don Wildmon, Coalition for Better T.V.
Rev. Jerry Falwell, Moral Majority
Ed McAteer, The Religious Roundtable
John Feliz, Law and Order Campaign Committee
Jayne Meadows and Steve Allen
Maring Brokenleg, teacher of Indian History, Concordia College
Gen. Al Knight, Episcopal priest
Mother Angelica, Eternal Word Television network, Irondale, Alabama

PAGE 2 - INVITEES - Luncheon November 22, 1981

John Howard, Chairman, Rockford Foundation

Blouke Carus, Open Court Text Books

Jack Wilke, National Right to Life Committee

Senator Paul Laxalt

Congressman Mark Siljander

Dr. Everette Koop, Surgeon General designate of the U.S.

Terrell Bell, Secretary of Education

Roy Rogers and Dale Evans

John Beckett, Intercessors for America

Rev. Don Moomaw, Bel Air Presbyterian Church

Pat Robertson, President, CBN

Rev. James Robison

Dr. Charles Stanley, Pastor, First Baptist Church

Dr. Louis Evans, Jr. and wife Colleen
(Pastor, National Presbyterian Church, Washington, D.C.)

John Beckett
Intercessors for America
P.O. Box D
Elyria, Ohio 44035
216/365-4141 (o)
216/365-3390 (h)

Rev. Don Moomaw
Bel Air Presbyterian Church
16221 Mulholland Drive
Los Angeles, CA
213/788-4200

Rev. Jerry Falwell
Thomas Road Baptist Church
701 Thomas Road
Lynchburg, VA
804/239-9281

Dr. E.V. Hill
Mt. Zion Missionary Baptist Church
1300-1308 E. 50th St.
Los Angeles, CA 90011
213/235-2103

Pat Robertson
President, CBN
Pembroke Four
Virginia Beach, VA 23462
804/499-8241

Rev. James Robison
401 East Hurst Boulevard
Hurst, TX 76053
817/267-4581

Dr. Charles Stanley
Pastor, First Baptist Church
754 Peachtree Street, N.E.
Atlanta, GA 30308
404/881-1221

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

November 3, 1981

NATIONAL FAMILY WEEK

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

The family is the basic unit of our society, the heart of our free democracy. It provides love, acceptance, guidance, support, and instruction to the individual. Community values and goals that give America strength also take root in the home. In times of change and challenge, families keep safe our cultural heritage and reinforce our spiritual foundation.

As the mainstay of our national life, family life must be preserved. When a family needs external assistance to help it to perform its unique role, this assistance should not interfere with the family's fundamental responsibilities and prerogatives. Rather, aid should be supportive and purposeful in strengthening the family's stability, self-sufficiency and permanence.

National Family Week is a time to be thankful for the family as a national heritage and resource. It is a time to recommit ourselves to the concept of the family -- a concept that must withstand the trends of lifestyle and legislation. Let us pledge that our institutions and policies will be shaped to enhance an environment in which families can strengthen their ties and best exercise their beliefs, authority, and resourcefulness. And let us make our pledge mindful that we do so not only on behalf of individual family members, but for America.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in accordance with Senate Joint Resolution 4, do hereby proclaim the week beginning November 22, 1981, as National Family Week. I call upon the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate activities in their homes and communities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
3rd day of November, in the year of our Lord
nineteen hundred and eighty-one, and of the Independence of
the United States of America the two hundred and sixth.

RONALD REAGAN

###