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WINSTON CHURCHILL - ON THE LABOR PARTY PROG. 1945

"I do not believe in the power of the state to plan and enforce. No matter how numerous are the committees they set up, or the evergrowing hordes of officials they employ, or the severity of the punishments they inflict or threaten, they can't approach the high level of internal ec. production achieved under free enterprise. Personal initiative, competitive selection, the profit motive, corrected by failure & the infinite processes of good housekeeping & personal ~~activity~~

ingenuity, these constitute the life of a free society.
It is this vital creative impulse that I deeply
fear the doctrine & policies of the socialist govt.
have destroyed. Nothing that they can plan &
order, and rush around enforcing, will take its
place. They have broken the main spring, and
until we get a new one, the watch will not go,
let the people free - get out of the way and
let them make the best of them selves. I am
sure that this policy of equalizing misery and
organizing scarcity, instead of allowing diligence,
self interest and ingenuity to produce abundance,
has only to be prolonged to kill this British
Island stone dead.

W. Churchill:

"I do not believe in the capacity of the state to plan

& enforce an active, high grade ec. productivity upon its members or subjects. No matter how numerous are the committees they set up, or the evergrowing hordes of officials they employ, or the severity of the punishments they inflict or threaten, they cannot approach the high level of internal ec. prod. which under free ent. personal initiative, competitive selection, the profit motive corrected by failure and the infinite processes of good housekeeping and personal ingenuity constitutes the life of a free society?"

WINSTON CHURCHILL

* The destiny of man is not measured by material
competitions. When great forces are on the move in
the world we learn we are spirits not animals.
There is something going on in time & space &
beyond T. & S. which whether we like it or not
spells duty.

* Still if you will not fight for the right when
you can win without blood shed; if you will
not fight when your vic. will be sure & not too
costly; you may come to the moment when you'll
have to fight with all the odds against you &

only a precarious chance of survival. There may even
be a worse case. You may have to fight when there
is no chance of vic. because it is better to fight
than to live as slaves.

* U.S. 1938 speaking on the murder of Munich: "All is over. Silent,
mournful, abandoned, broken Czechoslovakia recedes into the
darkness. And do not suppose that this is the end. This
is only the beginning of the reckoning. This is only the 1st step,
the 1st foretaste of a bitter cup which will be proffered
to us year by year, unless, by a supreme recovery of
moral health and mental vigor we rise again and
take our stand for freedom as in the olden time."

F.D.R. on Emp. (Pub.) strikes - (Winston Churchill)

"Particularly I want to emphasize my conviction that militant tactics have no place in the functions of any organization of govt. emp. -- a strike of pub. emp. manifests nothing less than an intent on their part to prevent or obstruct the operation of govt. until their demands are satisfied. Such action looking toward the paralysis of govt. by those who have sworn to support it is reprehensible & intolerable."

Churchill - It's not enough that we do our best; some
things we have to do what's required.

JFK - Lib. without learning is always in peril and learning
without liberty is always in vain.

T. Paine! Those who expect to reap the blessing of freedom
must undertake to support it.

E. Burke! It is a general popular error to imagine the
loudest complainers for the fault, to be the most
anxious for it's removal.

R.C. FORBES! The person who advances is not the one who is
afraid to do too much; it is the one whose conscience will
not permit him to do too little, the one whose driving
desire is to give the best that is in him, even though
it may seem at times like casting bread upon
runtening waters.

T. JEFF. QUOTE - ALEX HAMILTON (REVERSE SIDE)

T.J. - "If a Nat. expects to be independent & free, in a state of civilization, it expects what never was and never will be."

T.J. - Rebuked Cong. floundering: "How could it be otherwise in a body for which the people send 150 lawyers whose trade it is to question every thing, yield nothing & talk by the hour."

T.J. - The policy of the Am. govt. is to leave their citizens free, neither restraining nor aiding them in their pursuits.

Quote - Alexander Hamilton

"It will be of little avail to the people that laws are made by men of their own choice if the laws be so voluminous that they cannot be read, or so intricate that they cannot be understood, if they be repealed or revised before they are promulgated, or undergo such incessant changes that no man who knows what the law is today can guess what it will be tomorrow."

T. JEFF.

⬤ ~~PAPER~~ ~~NOTE~~ ~~(S)~~ ~~IN~~ ~~THE~~ ~~MANUSCRIPT~~

~~A former member of the Parliament to his son of Prussia "GALATI"~~

- * I consider the fortunes of our Republic as depending in an eminent degree, on the extinguishment of the public debt before we engage in any war; because, that done we shall have revenue enough to improve our country in peace and defend it in war without recurring either to new taxes or loans. But if the debt should once more be swelled to a formidable size its entire discharge will be despair'd of, and we shall be committed to the Evils, career of debt, corruption and rottenness closing with revolution.

The discharge of the debt is vital to the interests of our govt. (From Wilson, Dimes, Johnson - "The Pres. 1st Term 1801-1805 - Little Brown & Co.)

- * The germ of dissolution of our Fed. Govt. is in the Fed. judiciary, an irresponsible body working like quity, gaining a little today & a little tomorrow, and advancing its nerveless steps like a thief over the field of jurisdiction until all shall be usurped from the states and the govt. of all be consolidated into one.
- * 1813: The same pol. parties that agitate the U.S. have existed through all time, whether the power of the people or of the elite should prevail were questions which kept the states of Greece & Rome in eternal convulsions.

A. LINCOLN 1864 + JEFFERSON

By general law life & limb must be
protected, yet often a limb must be amputated
to save a life, but a life is never willingly given
to save a limb. I felt that insens. & senseless
inconst. might become lawful by becoming
independent to the preservation of the Const.
through the preservation of the nation, Right or
wrong I assumed that ground & now avow it.

T. J. 1810

A strict observance of the written law is doubtless
one of the highest duties of a good citizen but it is not

The subject, The law of necessity, of self preservation, of
saving our country when in danger, and of a higher objective
— to lose our country by a scrupulous adherence to the
written law, would be to lose the law itself, with
life, liberty, property & all those who are enjoying
them with us; thus absurdly sacrificing the end
to the means."

T. JEFF.

"Harmony in the married state is the very 1st object
to be aimed at. Happiness by the domestic fire side
is the 1st boon of heaven. To compel a man to furnish
Contributions of money for the propagation of opinions which he disbelieves
is sinful & tyrannical."

If we can prevent govt. from wasting the
labors of the people under the pretense of
taking care of them - they must become happy.

The boys of the rising generation are to be the men
of the next. & the sole guardian of the principles
we deliver over to them.

* A character of good faith is of as much value to a Nat. as to an individ. The moral obligations must be the law of Nats. as well as individuals?

* The basis of our govt. being the opinion of the people, the very 1st object should be to keep that right; & were it left to me to decide whether we should have govt. without news papers or news papers without govt., I should not hesitate a moment to prefer the latter.

* T.J. IN LETTER - JOHN JAY URGING A STRONG NAVY & PROMPT RETALIATION AGAINST ANY AGGRESSION SEIZING OR HARASSING US SHIPPING.
"Speedy retaliation was nec. because an insult unanswered is the parent of many others."

T. JEFF. PARTIAL QUOTE ON J. MCG. WASH. D.C.

Nothing is more certainly written in the book
of fate than that these people (Negroes) are to be free"
(part of quote omitted) - "nor is it less certain that
the 2 races, equally free, cannot live in the same
genit."

T. JEFF.

"I state a moral case to a plowman and a Prof. The farmer will decide it as well - & often better because he has not been led astray by any artificial rules."

* It is in the moral world that the Lib. Rights & Civ. Grow

"I place econ. among the 1st & most important virtues, and prob. debt as the greatest of the dangers to be feared. We must make our election between econ. & liberty or profusion & servitude."

I never considered a dif. of opinion in fact's in

religion, in phil. as cause for withdrawing from a friend:

- * THE LAST HOPE OF HUMAN LIBERTY IN THE WORLD RESTS ON US. OUR LIB. CANNOT ~~NOT~~ BE GUARDED BUT BY THE PROM. OF THE PRESS.
- * The bulk of mankind are school boys though life & d. is the true corrective of abuses of const. power.
- * ✓ The force of publ. opinion cannot be resisted when permitted freely to be expressed. Whenever the people are well informed, they can be trusted with their own govt.
- * If we are forced into a war, we must give up differences of opinion and unite as one man to defend our country.
- * If we let Wash. Tell us when to send where to resp. Nat. ^{shall we} ^{wait for} ^{peace}

T. JEFF. - WORDS ON J. MONUMENT

"The God who gave us life gave us liberty - can the
liberty of a Nat. be secure when we have removed a
conviction that these libos. are the gift of God."

(So. Am. - regarding No. & So. Am. - touch of God - like of God)

* LETTER - GRANDSON WARNING AGAINST DISPUTES WITH STUDENTS: "KP. ALDOF
from them as you would from an infected subject of
yellow fever or pestilence. Consider yourself when
with them as among the patients of Balaam
needing med. care more than normal counsel.
Be a listener only, keeping within yourself the

habit of silence especially on jobs. No good can
ever result from any attempt to set one of these
fancy zealots to rights either on fact or prin.
They are determined as to the facts they will
believe & the opinions on which they will act.
Set by them therefore as you would by an
angry bull. It is not a waste of time to dispute
the road with such an animal. ✓

* "Wise & frugal gov. which shall restrain men from
injuring / another, which shall leave them ^{themselves} free to
regulate their own pursuits of riches & improvement, &
shall not take from the mouth of labor the Bread
it has earned."

GEO. WASHINGTON & JOHN STEWART MILL, - WINTROP (ARABIA)

* E.W. TO LAFFAYETTE 1791: "THE TURBULENT POPULACE OF THE LARGE CITIES ARE EVER TO BE DREADED. THEIR INDISCRIMINATE VIOLENCE PROSTRATES FOR ALL TIME ALL PUB. AUTH. & ITS CONSEQUENCES ARE SOMETIMES EXTENSIVE & TERRIBLE."

* J.S.M.: "WAR IS AN UGLY THING, BUT NOT THE UGLIEST OF THINGS. THE DECAYED & DEGRADED ST. OF MORAL & PATRIOTIC FEELING WCH. ^{THINKS} NOTHING IS WORTH A WAR IS WORSE. A MAN WHO HAS NOTHING WCH. HE CARES ABOUT MORE THAN HIS PERS. SFTY. IS A MISERABLE CREATURE & HAS NO CHANCE OF BEING FREE, UNLESS MADE & KLPT JS BY THE EXERTIONS OF BETTER MEN THAN HIMSELF." (over)

650. WASHINGTON

"When our friendless standard was first unfurled for resistance, who were the strangers who ^{1st} mustered around our staff? - And when it reeled in the fight, who more bravely sustained it than ^{our} ~~our~~ generous sons?"

JOHN BENTLEY -- DECK OF -- ARBELLA 1630 OFF -- MASS. COAST. ✓

~~"We shall be as a city upon a hill. The eyes of all people are upon us, so that if we shall deal falsely with our God in this work we have undertaken & so cause him to withdraw his present help from us, we shall be made a story & a byword throughout the World."~~

QUOTE - SAM. GOMPERS. - STATE OF LIB. GOMPERS

* HIST. SPEECH TO LAB. CONV. "There may be here & there - workers

who does not join a union of lab. That is his right no matter how wrong we think he may be. It is his legal right & no one can dare question his legal exercise of that right."

* Her name - Mother of Exiles. From her beacon hand
Flows world wide welcome; her mild eyes command the
air bridged harbor that twin cities frame. "Keep your
ancient lands, your storied pomp!" cries she with silent
lips. "Give me your tired, your poor, your huddled
masses yearning to breathe free, the wretched refuse of

your training shore. Send me, the howlers, trumpet-tongued
to me. I lift my lamp beside the golden door?
S. G. COMPTON "Doing for people what they can & ought to
do for themselves is a dangerous experiment. In the last
analysis the welfare of the workers depends on their own
initiative. Whatever is done under the guise of philanthropy
for social morality which in anyway lessens initiative
is the greatest crime that can be committed against
the toilers. Let social leeches & professional
morals experts in their jobs reflect upon the
pains they readily invite under the pretense
of soc. W.F."

* The bills of \$ that are being spent on
 the urban poor by all levels of govt. go
 mainly to support a growing ^{W.F.} bureau of techs.
 aides, youth workers, clerks, supervisors, key
 punchers & peoples lawyers. The bureau
 is sustained by the plight of the poor,
 the threat of the poor, the misery of the
 poor, but it yields little in the way of
 leaves & guides to the poor. When the old
 programs demonstrably fail they are re-baptized
 & re-funded: the height of band boxism.

In "Pub. Int." The Prof. explains the sand box as a place where adults park their children in order to converse, play or work with a minimum of interference.

He points out that the central city is a vast sand box for the urban poor. (see other ^{sides})

* GEN. OBSERVATION: Not only have we accepted the ^{great} questionable premise that U.F. is a right - we have turned that false assumption to the extreme of believing certain types of jobs are more dignified than U.F. We must disabuse ourselves of the idea that any job is somehow dignified or disdignified.

Dimitri Manuilski - "Lenin school for Pol. Warfare"
in Moscow, said in the 1930's. "War to the hilt
between communism and capitalism is
inevitable. But today we are too weak to strike.
Our day will come in 30 to 40 years. First we
must lead the capitalist nations to sleep with
the greatest overtures of peace & disarmament
known in history, and when their guard
is dropped, we shall smash them with
our clenched fist." - (QUOTE - OTHER SIDE
GRADYEO)

ANDREI GROMYKO (THE FOREIGN POLICY OF THE SOVIET U. MOSCOW 1975)

The Communist Party subordinates all its theoretical & practical activity in the sphere of international relations to the task of strengthening the positions of socialism, & in the interest of further developing & deepening the world revolutionary process."

F.D.R. (QUOTES)

AS GOV. OF NY 1930: Warning of the evils of big
govt. & the erosion of states rights through judicial
activism - The Const. limits the role of the Fed. govt.
in "conduct of pub. utilities, of banks, of railroads, of agri.
of ed: of soc. welfare" - "Wash. must be discouraged
from interfering." Fed. Bud. was 4 Bill

AS. PRES. - ~~1933~~ CAND. 1932: "We advocate an immediate
& drastic reduction in governmental expenditures by
abolishing useless commissions & offices, consolidating
depts. & bureaus & eliminating extravagance to
accomplish a saving of not less than 25% in the cost of Fed. govt."

In 3 yrs. as Pres. he built up an awesome inv. in agencies designed to control production, distribution, prices, wages, employment & org. When the Sup. Ct. ruled against some of his proposals he threatened to pack the court. Suddenly Justice Owen Roberts did an about face and the 5-4 decision against FDR became 5-4 in favor. Then F.D.R. said "in 36 months we have built up new instruments of publ. power. In the hands of the people's govt. this power is wholesome & proper. But in the hands of the pol. puppets of an econ. autocracy such power would provide shackles for the liberties of the people".