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Collection Name CLARK, WILLIAM: Files Withdrawer LOJ 1/22/2005 File Folder TRIP TO EUROPE, PRESIDENT'S: IRELAND, UNITED **FOIA** KINGDOM, AND NORMANDY 06/01/1984-06/10/1984 (1) 2000-147 **Box Number CLARK** 135 **ID** Doc Type **Document Description Doc Date Restrictions** No of **Pages 3118 TABLE** TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE TRIP OF 2 ND B1 PRESIDENT REAGAN TO IRELAND, THE UNITED KINGDOM AND FRANCE BILATERAL PROGRAMS BRIEFING BOOK 6/23/2006 R 3119 MEMO ROBERT MCFARLANE TO THE 3 5/18/1984 B1 PRESIDENT, RE TRIP 6/23/2006 3120 AGENDA ANNOTATED AGENDA FOR TRIP TO ND B₁ EUROPE 6/23/2006

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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THE WHITE HOUSE



THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP TO EUROPE: IRELAND, UK AND NORMANDY

June 1 - 10, 1984

SEGRET

THE TRIP OF PRESIDENT REAGAN
TO
IRELAND, THE UNITED KINGDOM AND FRANCE
BILATERAL PROGRAMS

June 1 - 10, 1984

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. OVERVIEW PAPERS

McFarlane Memorandum

II. SCHEDULES

Summary Schedule Annotated Schedule

III. BRIEFING PAPERS/TALKING POINTS

IRELAND

Shultz Memorandum

Friday, June 1

Arrival Ireland

Sunday, June 3

University College, Galway
Ballyporeen
President Hillary Courtesy Meeting
State Dinner

Monday, June 4

Prime Minister FitzGerald Meeting Irish Parliament Address Reciprocal Luncheon Departure Ireland

UNITED KINGDOM

Shultz Memorandum

Tuesday, June 5

Queen Elizabeth and Prince Philip Luncheon Prime Minister Thatcher Meeting Prime Minister Thatcher Dinner



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- 2 -

NORMANDY

Shultz Memorandum

Wednesday, June 6

OTHER BILATERALS

Thursday, June 7

- 1. Nakasone (T)
- 2. Craxi (T)
- 3. Kohl (T)
- 4. Mitterrand (T)
- 5. Thorn (T)
- 6. Trudeau (T)

IV. BACKGROUND PAPERS

- 1. Northern Ireland
- 2. US-EC Relations
- 3. The Middle East
- 4. Central America
- 5. US-European Security Relations
- 6. East-West Relations
- 7. Arms Control and Disarmament Issues
- 8. Extraterritoriality
- 9. Normandy Events

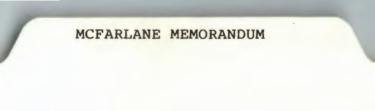
V. PUBLIC STATEMENTS

- 1. Shannon Arrival Statement June 1
- 2. Galway, University College Speech June 3
- 3. Ballyporeen Remarks June 3
- 4. Dublin State Dinner Toast June 3
- 5. Irish Parliament Address June 4
- 6. Reciprocal Luncheon Toast June 4
- 7. Ireland Departure Statement June 4
- 8. London Welcoming Ceremony Remarks June 4
- 9. Luncheon Toast June 5
- 10. TV Interview June 5
- 11. Pointe du Hoc Speech, Normandy June 6
- 12. Omaha Beach, Normandy Remarks June 6
- 13. Remarks to Embassy London Personnel June 10

VI. BIOGRAPHIES







THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 18, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

ROBERT C. McFARLANE

SUBJECT: Your European Trip: Bilateral Aspects

Issue

In conjunction with the London Economic Summit, you will make stops in Ireland, the U.K., and Normandy. On the margins of the Summit, you will also have bilateral meetings with Prime Ministers Nakasone and Craxi, Chancellor Kohl and President Mitterrand. The bilateral program offers an opportunity to lay the groundwork for a successful Summit and to advance our foreign policy objectives by building greater public support and Allied understanding.

Facts

Your trip signifies a return to American's as well as your own personal roots and a reconfirmation of U.S. interest in a strong and viable Europe. This is particularly important given the public and private perception of a shifting U.S. orientation toward Asia. The settings for the visits are both dramatic and colorful. The return home to Ireland, the lessons and sacrifices associated with Normandy, and the historical stability of London provide an ideal backdrop for your central themes of peace, prosperity, and Alliance solidarity.

While no longer entirely preoccupied by INF, there remains a sense of unease and disquiet, especially among European youth, over the state of East-West relations, your commitment to arms control, and the general direction of U.S. foreign policy, especially in Central America. Economic problems such as slow growth and unemployment, however, are the primary concerns of the general population and Europe's political leadership. There is growing sense that Western Europe is lagging behind the U.S. and Japan in restructuring its economies to the technology challenges of the 1980s. Without a significant economic upturn and market-oriented adjustment, unemployment will remain high in Europe. Unless checked, this situation will strain our economic, political, and security relationships with our European partners.

The chill in U.S.-Soviet relations has set off considerable soul-searching over the future of Atlantic relations. Ironically those countries where there has been a shift in power toward the left in recent elections -- France, Italy,

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Spain and Portugal -- often take a more determined view of how to deal with the Soviets than the more conservative governments in central and northern Europe. The fact that those on the southern tier have strong local communist parties has much to do with this dichotomy. Your message on East-West relations should be that standing firm in the face of Soviet recalcitrance is a prerequisite for moving forward, and that while you have no more compelling priority than arms reductions, you do not intend to make concessions to bring the Soviets back to the negotiating table. You will also wish to underscore the other fora where we are pursuing multilateral negotiations, i.e., the CDE in Stockholm, MBFR in Vienna, and CW in Geneva. The centrality of improved verification to progress in arms control should also be underlined.

Our European Allies have been making loud noises about improving NATO's conventional capabilities and greater cooperation in arms procurement. But progress has been limited to date, primarily because of budgetary constraints related to Europe's slow economic recovery and costly social programs. Your European Summit partners will all be looking ahead to the European Parliament election on June 14 and 17. This election will be tantamount to a series of national referenda on the popularity of EC member governments. Opposition parties are using the campaign to attack governments' domestic policies and may succeed in weakening both Mitterrand and Craxi.

Discussion

Ireland in its broadest sense will be a homecoming for you. It will also be the scene of your major speech during the trip — your address to the Irish Parliament. Your speech will emphasize peace, arms control, economic recovery and prosperity. You will also stress the need to find peaceful solutions to conflicts, including Northern Ireland. A late April report issued by the New Ireland Forum calls on the British Government to cooperate in facilitating movement toward Irish unity. You will wish to avoid direct involvement, while reaffirming our support for all efforts — by both the Irish and British — to find a peaceful and constitutional solution to the problems of North Ireland.

Your schedule includes private meetings with Irish President Hillery and Prime Minister FitzGerald, whom you saw in Washington on St. Patrick's Day. You will also receive an honorary degree from University College, Galway and visit your ancestoral home in Ballyporeen. We are expecting loud and perhaps even major demonstrations in at least Galway, Dublin, and possibly Ballyporeen. These planned demonstrations are being organized by a coalition of students and religious groups disturbed by U.S. policy, most notably in Latin America and, to a lesser extent, on East-West relations.

Your bilateral meetings with Mrs. Thatcher prior to the Summit (which include a one-hour restricted session and a working dinner) offer an opportunity to reinforce your close, personal ties and our special relationship with Great Britain. She may complain about unitary taxation, protectionism and extraterritoriality, but overall our views on international issues are in step. She undoubtedly would appreciate any tips you care to give on chairing the Summit. There will also be a major public diplomacy event in London — a live TV interview with U.S. and British students. We also anticipate demonstrations in London, where there is a long tradition of public protests.

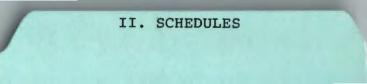
Normandy will be the public affairs highlight of your trip. It will be an emotional and stirring celebration of past sacrifices and the meaning of solidarity in the face of adversity. Seven heads of state will join you in commemorating the greatest wartime amphibious assault in history. Pointe du Hoc on the Normandy beachhead will be the site of your other important speech on this trip. You will be emphasizing reconciliation among former adversaries, how postwar cooperation has kept the peace, Alliance solidarity, and, most importantly, the bravery of our soldiers and sailors on June 6 of 1944.

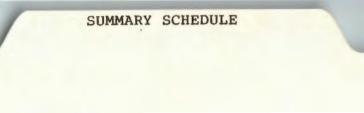
Prior to the evening opening of the Summit, you will have bilaterals on June 7 with Prime Ministers Nakasone and Craxi, Chancellor Kohl and President Mitterrand. We also anticipate a request by Trudeau to meet, but your schedule is not very flexible. With Nakasone you will want to stress the importance you personally attach to the U.S.-Japan relationship. You will also wish to thank Nakasone for his personal efforts to resolve some of the irritants in our trade and economic relations, while noting that problems remain. With Craxi you should focus on East-West relations and the need to maintain a united NATO position on arms control issues, if we are to bring the Soviets back to the negotiating table.

Talk of a U.S. tilt toward Asia and allegations that your Strategic Defense Initiative will leave a helpless Europe between an invulnerable U.S. and Soviet Union have made the insecure Germans even more nervous. With Kohl, therefore, you should reconfirm your deep commitment to Europe and to arms reductions. With Mitterrand you will wish to build on the success of his March State visit. Unlike earlier Summits, we anticipate fewer differences with the French on economic policy, though differences on Central America remain potentially contentious.

Attached are the comprehensive briefing materials from George Shultz on the individual events and meetings for the bilateral portion of the trip.

Prepared by: Peter R. Sommer





DRAFT NOTIONAL SCHEDULE

TRIP OF THE PRESIDENT TO EUROPE

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1984

8:40 a.m. Marine One departs The	White	House.
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Ireland.

8:20 p.m. (L) Air Force One arrives Shannon, Ireland.

3:20 p.m. EDT

Arrival Ceremony with brief remarks.

8:45 p.m. Marine One departs en route Ashford Castle.

Marine One arrives Ashford Castle. 9:15 p.m. (L)

4:15 p.m. EDT

RON - ASHFORD CASTLE

SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1984

WASHINGTON WORK.

2:00	p.m.	(L)	Marine	One	departs	en	route	Galway.
		\ /			~~_~~			

9:00 a.m. EDT

Marine One arrives Galway landing zone. 2:15 p.m.

2:20 p.m. Depart en route University College, Galway.

> Drive-by Eyre Square. NOTE:

2:35 p.m. Arrive University College, Galway.

2:50 p.m. (L) University College Ceremony.

9:50 a.m. EDT

THE PRESIDENT makes remarks.

3:45 p.m. Depart en route landing zone.

4:00 p.m. Marine One departs en route Ashford Castle.

4:15 p.m. (L) Marine One arrives Ashford Castle.

11:15 p.m. EDT

SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1984

5:06 p.m. (L)

Radio Address, Ashford Castle.

:06 p.m. EDT

RON - ASHFORD CASTLE

SUNDAY, JUNE 3, 1984

Morning

WASHINGTON WORK.

Private Lunch, Ashford Castle.

12:10 p.m. (L)

Marine One departs en route Ballyporeen.

7:10 a.m. EDT

Fly-by Templetenny Cemetery. NOTE:

1:10 p.m.

Marine One arrives Ballyporeen.

1:15 p.m. (L)

Courtesy Call on Father Murphy, Church of

8:15 a.m. EDT

the Assumption of Our Lady Rectory.

1:30 p.m. (L) 8:30 a.m. EDT Church Service, Church of the

Assumption of Our Lady.

1:55 p.m. (L)

Viewing of Church records outside Church.

8:55 a.m. EDT

2:00 p.m. (L)

Walk to Farrell's Pub.

Arrive Farrell's Pub.

9:00 a.m. EDT

NOTE: Crowd situation.

2:05 p.m. (L)

9:05 a.m. EDT

2:15 p.m. (L)

Cultural Performance and presentation from

9:15 a.m. EDT Town Committee, Village Square.

THE PRESIDENT makes remarks.

2:50 p.m.

Depart en route landing zone.

3:00 p.m. (L)

Marine One departs en route Dublin.

10:00 a.m. EDT

3:55 p.m. (L) 10:55 a.m. EDT Marine One arrives Deerfield landing zone.

"Freedom of the City of Dublin"

presentation, Deerfield.

SUNDAY, JUNE 3, 1984

4:30 p.m. Depart en route Aras an Uachtarain (President Hillery's residence).

4:35 p.m. Arrive Aras an Uachtarain.

4:40 p.m. (L) Private meeting with President Hillery.

11:40 a.m. EDT

5:00 p.m. (L) Photo opportunity with President and Mrs.

12:00 noon EDT Hillery.

Proceed to Drawing Room for tea.

5:15 p.m. (L) Depart en route tree planting site.

12:15 p.m. EDT

Tree Planting Ceremony with President

Hillery.

5:30 p.m. Depart en route Deerfield.

5:35 p.m. Arrive Deerfield.

WASHINGTON WORK: 2 hrs.

7:45 p.m. Depart en route Dublin Castle.

8:00 p.m. (L) Arrive Dublin Castle.

3:00 p.m. EDT
State dinner hosted by Prime Minister and

Mrs. FitzGerald.

Toasts.

10:30 p.m. Depart en route Deerfield.

10:45 p.m. (L) Arrive Deerfield.

5:45 p.m. EDT

RON - DEERFIELD

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1984

Morning Working breakfast.

NOTE: 9:45 a.m. Mrs. Reagan departs en route Royal College of

Surgeons.

10:55 a.m. Depart en route Leinster House.

• MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1984

11:10	a.m.		Arrive Leinster House.
	a.m.		Meeting with Prime Minister FitzGerald.
			NOTE: Mrs. Reagan arrives Leinster House.
	noon a.m.	• •	Address Joint Session of Parliament.
12:35	a.m.		Depart en route Deerfield.
12:50	p.m.		Arrive Deerfield.
			PRIVATE TIME: 20 mins.
1:15	p.m.		Proceed to Coral Sitting Room.
1:20	p.m.		Arrive Coral Sitting Room and form receiving line.
1:30	p.m.		Proceed to Ballroom.
	p.m. a.m.		Arrive Ballroom for Luncheon in honor of President and Mrs. Hillery.
Dec			Toasts (beginning of lunch).
2:45	p.m.		Luncheon concludes.
2:55	p.m.		Depart en route Dublin Airport.
3:10	p.m.		Arrive Dublin Airport.
			Departure ceremony with brief remarks.
	p.m.		Air Force One departs en route London, England.
	p.m.		Air Force One arrives London, England.
4:35	p.m.		Marine One departs en route Winfield House.
4:50	p.m.		Marine One arrives Winfield House.
			WASHINGTON WORK: 45 mins.
5:35	p.m.		Depart en route Kensington Palace.

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1984

5:45 p.m. (L) Arrive Kensington Palace.

:45 p.m. EDT

Official Welcoming Ceremony.

6:00 p.m. Proceed to Orangery for tea hosted by Prime

Minister Thatcher.

6:15 p.m. Depart en route Winfield House.

6:25 p.m. (L) Arrive Winfield House.

1:25 p.m. EDT

Evening Private dinner.

RON - WINFIELD HOUSE

TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1984

Morning Working breakfast.

WASHINGTON WORK

12:50 p.m. Depart en route Buckingham Palace.

L:00 p.m. (L) Arrive Buckingham Palace.

8:00 a.m. EDT

Prince Philip.

2:35 p.m. Depart en route Winfield House.

2:45 p.m. Arrive Winfield House.

WASHINGTON WORK: 3 hrs.

NOTE: Youth/TV event to be

scheduled in afternoon.

Private Luncheon with Queen Elizabeth and

5:45 p.m. Depart en route #10 Downing Street.

5:55 p.m. Arrive #10 Downing Street.

6:00 p.m. (L) Bilateral (one on one) with Prime Minister

1:00 p.m. EDT Thatcher.

7:00 p.m. Reception hosted by Prime Minister Thatcher.

7:30 p.m. Working dinner hosted by Prime Minister

Thatcher.

TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1984

NOTE: Approximately 12 guests, 6 from each side, will be in attendance.

9:00 p.m. Depart en route Winfield House.

9:10 p.m. (L) Arrive Winfield House.

4:10 p.m. EDT

RON - WINFIELD HOUSE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1984

Morning Working breakfast.

WASHINGTON WORK.

12:00 noon(L) Marine One departs en route Normandy, France.

7:00 a.m. EDT

NOTE: Time Change is + 1 hr.

2:20 p.m. (L) Marine One arrives Pointe du Hoc landing

8:20 a.m. EDT zone, Normandy, France.

2:30 p.m. (L) Tour of Ranger Memorial.

30 a.m. EDT

2:40 p.m. (L) Remarks to assembled Veterans and unveiling

8:40 a.m. EDT of plaque commemorating Point du Hoc.

2:55 p.m. Depart en route landing zone.

3:00 p.m. Marine One departs en route Omaha Beach

landing zone.

3:10 p.m. Marine One arrives Omaha Beach.

3:15 p.m. Depart en route Visitors' Center.

3:20 p.m. Arrive Visitors' Center.

PRIVATE TIME: 10 mins.

3:40 p.m. Depart en route Chapel.

3:45 p.m. (L) Arrive Chapel for silent prayer.

9:45 a.m. EDT

3:50 p.m. Proceed to Roosevelt Brothers' Gravesite.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1984

	p.m. a.m.	(L) EDT	Arrive Roosevelt Brothers' Gravesite for wreath/flower laying.
4:00	p.m.		Depart en route Visitors' Center.
4:05	p.m.		Arrive Visitors' Center.
	-		Greet President Mitterrand.
4:10 10:10		/	Proceed to Omaha Beach Memorial for Joint Ceremony with brief remarks.
			4:35 pm Ceremony concludes. President Mitterrand departs.
4:40	p.m.		Marine One departs en route Utah Beach.
4:55	p.m.		Marine One arrives Utah Beach.
5:00 11:00	p.m. a.m.		Utah Beach Ceremony with six Heads of State/Government (France, Belgium, Netherlands, Norway, Canada, Great Britain).
6:10	_		Marine One departs en route London, England.
			NOTE: Time change is - 1 hr.
	p.m. p.m.		Marine One arrives Winfield House.
	7		RON - WINFIELD HOUSE
22222			

THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1984

Morning	Private breakfast.
11:00 a.m. (L) 6:00 a.m. EDT	Briefing for Nakasone Bilateral, Winfield House.
11:30 a.m.	Nakasone Bilateral (30 mins.), Winfield House.
12:30 p.m.	Working Luncheon (briefing for afternoon bilaterals), Winfield House.
1:30 p.m.	WASHINGTON WORK: 2 hrs. 45 mins.
4:15 p.m. (L) 11:15 a.m. EDT	Craxi Bilateral (30 mins.), Winfield House.

. THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1984

4:45	p.m.		STAFF TIME: 30 mins
:15	p.m.	(L) EDT	Kohl Bilateral (30 mins.), Winfield House.
5:45	p.m.		WASHINGTON WORK: 1 hr. 35 mins.
7:20	p.m.		Proceed to motorcade for boarding.
7:25	p.m.		Depart en route St. James Palace.
	_	(L) EDT	Arrive St. James Palace for Reception. with Summit Leaders.
			Photo opportunity with Prime Minister Thatcher.
7:55	p.m.		Depart en route #10 Downing Street.
			Arrive #10 Downing Street.
3:00	p.m.	EDT	Working dinner with Summit Heads of Delegation.
10:15	p.m.		Depart en route Winfield House.
			Arrive Winfield House.
5:25	₽•m•	EUT	RON - WINFIELD HOUSE

FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1984

Morning	Working breakfast.
9:20 a.m. (L) 4:20 a.m. EDT	Depart en route Lancaster House.
9:30 a.m. (L) 4:30 a.m. EDT	Arrive Lancaster House. Group photo with Summit Leaders.
10:00 a.m. (L) 5:00 a.m. EDT	Meeting with Summit Heads of Delegation.
12:30 p.m.	Proceed to Committee Room (US Delegation Room).
	WASHINGTON WORK: 20 mins.

* FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1984

	p.m. (L) a.m. EDT	Working Luncheon with Heads of Delegation.
	p.m. (L) a.m. EDT	Plenary Session.
5:05	p.m.	Depart en route Winfield House.
5:15	p.m.	Arrive Winfield House.
		WASHINGTON WORK: 2 hrs. 30 mins.
7:50	p.m.	Depart en route National Portrait Gallery.

Arrive National Portrait Gallery for working dinner with Summit Leaders.

10:15 p.m. Depart en route Winfield House.

10:25 p.m. (L) 5:25 p.m. EDT Arrive Winfield House. RON - WINFIELD HOUSE

SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1984

8:00 p.m. (L) 3:00 p.m. EDT

prni	ng	Working breakfast.
	a.m.	 Depart en route Lancaster House.
9:30	a.m.	Arrive Lancaster House.
		Meeting with Summit Heads of Delegation.
12:30 7:30	p.m. a.m.	 Proceed to Committee Room (US Delegation Room).
		WASHINGTON WORK: 20 mins.
1:00	p.m.	Working Luncheon with Heads of Delegation.
2:35	p.m.	Depart en route Winfield House.
2:45	p.m.	Arrive Winfield House.
		WASHINGTON WORK: 35 mins.
3:25	p.m.	Depart en route Guild Hall.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1984

3:40	p.m.	(L)	Arrive	Guild	Hall	for	Reception	with	Summit
: 40	a.m.	EDT	Leaders						

4:0	5 p.m.	(L)	Joint	Press	Statement.
	_				

WASHINGTON WORK: 3 hrs. 30 mins.

5:06	p.m.	(L)	Radio	Address,	Winfield	House.
10 00		200				

12:06 p.m. EDT

8:30 p.m. (L)	Arrive	Buckingham	Palace	for	State	Dinner.
---------------	--------	------------	--------	-----	-------	---------

11 00					
11:00	p.m.	(L)	Arrive	Winfield	House.

6:00 p.m. EDT

RON - WINFIELD HOUSE

SUNDAY, JUNE 10, 1984

10:00	a.m.	(L)	Proceed	to	Winfield	Terrace.

5:00 a.m. EDT

Meet with Embassy personnel.

THE PRESIDENT makes brief remarks.

10:25 a.m. Proceed to Marine One for boarding.

10:30 a.m. Marine One departs en route Heathrow Airport.

10:45 a.m. Marine One arrives Heathrow Airport.

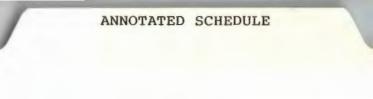
10:50 a.m. (L) Air Force One departs en route Andrews AFB.

5:50 a.m. EDT

Air Force One arrives Andrews AFB. 1:40 p.m. EDT

Marine One departs en route The White Houe. 1:45 p.m.

2:00 p.m. Marine One arrives The White House.



THE SETTING, OBJECTIVES AND ANNOTATED AGENDA FOR THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP TO EUROPE

THE SETTING

- The President's leadership in the Summit process has grown steadily since Ottawa in 1981. He has exhibited consistency and resolve in advancing a common Allied approach to key economic, trade, financial and security objectives, and transformed the uncertain atmosphere surrounding Versailles into a display of unity at Williamsburg.
- The President has made two trips to East Asia since last November visiting Japan, Korea and China. This represents a dramatic demonstration of our interest in strengthening our overall relations with the Pacific community of nations, opening new avenues of cooperation with a new center of global economic activity, and enhancing the prospects for peace and prosperity in the region.
- Thus the stage is set for a very successful trip by the President to Europe. It signifies a return to our roots and a reassertion of U.S. interest in a strong and viable Europe. In addition, the President can use this opportunity to further explain the importance he attaches to improving ties with the Soviet Union.
- The settings for the visits are colorful and dramatic. The return home to Ireland, the rememberance of Allied sacrifices forty years before in Normandy, and the historic splendor of London provide the President with a perfect backdrop for his themes of peace and prosperity, and the importance of Allied support and cooperation in the achievement of both.
- Despite optimism about continued world economic recovery and Allied relations in general, the President will again face questions and some criticism of U.S. policies. The deficit, interest and exchange rates, trade disputes and protectionism, the U.S. stance in the Middle East and Central America, relations with the Soviet Union and arms control, will be on the minds of his seven Summit counterparts. At the same time, there has been over the past year an important convergence of U.S. and European views on economic policies, on East-West issues, and on basic Summit issues to which we should point and on which we want to build.

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NLS <u>F00 - 14 7 3120</u>

BY <u>ABT</u> NARA, DATE 6/23/66

OBJECTIVES

- Advance American foreign policy objectives. Reconfirm our commitment to close Allied cooperation on political and economic issues throughout the world, including European economic recovery, a strong NATO, a democratic Central America and broader relations among Pacific Basin countries, and enhanced cooperation between the democracies of the Pacific, Europe and the Americas.
- Recommitment to the "spirit of Williamsburg". Build upon the momentum of past Summits to achieve sustained, non-inflationary growth, reduce trade barriers, move toward a new trade round, and strenghten a consensus on East-West economic relations.
- Reaffirmation of the Role of the United States in Leading World Recovery. Call attention to the strength of the American economy and its positive impact in spreading economic growth to the rest of the free world.
- Bolster allied cooperation in key areas. Pledge to work for the continued improvement of the Alliance, and be prepared, if there is an Allied consensus, to broaden cooperative efforts with initiatives such as counterterrorism, the manned-space program and the development of an approach to deal with a crisis in the Persian Gulf.
- Reaffirmation of close relations with Ireland. Stress American-Irish cultural and historic ties, mutual support of freedom and democracy, the importance of European integration (Ireland will assume the EC presidency less than a month after the visit), Atlantic solidarity and the necessity for a peaceful, democratic solution to the problem of Northern Ireland.
- o Focus on Normandy as the beginning of the transatlantic relationship. Pay tribute to the Americans and other allies who gave their lives in the fight for liberation, and link the events at Normandy forty years ago with the reconciliation of former adversaries and the establishment of the current period of unprecedented peace and prosperity to Europe, based on the continued and continuing U.S. commitment to the security of Europe.

AGENDA

Friday, June 1

8:20 p.m.

Remarks on Arrival. (Shannon Airport; met by Prime Minister FitzGerald and President Hillery -- five minutes highlighting close bonds between Ireland and the US)

Saturday, June 2

2:50 p.m.

Speech at University College in Galway. (Tenminute remarks. Audience will be representational
cross-section of community.) Focus should be on
Galway, an historic port village celebrating its
500th anniversary. The President will be made an
honorary citizen, receive the keys to the city and
be presented with an honorary doctorate from the
University. The speech will emphasize the important bonds between the US and Ireland.

Sunday, June 3

1:10 p.m.

Ballyporeen: (Reagan ancestoral home. The President will attend a short church service, meet with the local clergyman, visit the Ronald Reagan Pub, view a cultural performance, and make short remarks.) Remarks will focus on returning to roots and importance 42 million Americans attach to their ancestry, and shared values such as self-reliance, private initiative, and hard work.

3:55 p.m. Arrive Dublin

Presentation of the "Freedom of the City of Dublin" at Deerfield.

Courtesy Call on President Hillery: (30 minutes)
Once an active politician and former Prime
Minister, Hillery now serves as a constitutional
president with no governmental responsibilities.
He was instrumental in getting Ireland to join
the EC and has recently visited China.

SECRET

State Dinner in Dublin Castle: (3-minute toast to Hillary.)

Monday, June 4

11:20 p.m.

Meeting with FitzGerald: The major topic will likely be the implications of the New Ireland Forum Report (on future of Northern Ireland), which has recently been released. Fitzgerald may ask about US foreign policy positions and raise current European economic issues and concerns with an eye to the Summit. Ireland assumes the EC Presidency on July 1, and Fitzgerald may want to review US-EC trade problems as preparation for that responsibility.

12:00 p.m.

Speech to Joint Session of the Parliament: (20 minutes; about 200 people will attend.) The President's most important foreign policy speech in Europe. The speech will emphasize broader East-West relations, peace, arms control, and the robust nature and promise of the economic recovery. In addition, the President will present his views on present US-European relations and prospects, and look forward to the future with a sense of purpose and confidence.

1:35 p.m.

Reciprocal Lunch: (US Ambassador's residence; three-minute toast). The President will host this event as a "thank you" for the State Dinner the previous night.

Departure Statement: (brief remarks)

3:10 p.m. Leave for London

Tuesday, June 5

1:00 p.m.

Luncheon with Queen Elizabeth and Prince Philip: (90 minutes) Apart from personal discussion, the President could review East-West relations, outlook in the Middle East, and the situation in Central America. She will value, as well, a frank discussion of the American elections and plans for a second term.

SECRET

6:00 p.m.

Bilateral with Margaret Thatcher: Thatcher will likely raise the Summit, East-West relations, and the Middle East. The President will want to assure her that he shares her commitment to Allied consultations and greatly values their special relationship.

Wednesday, June 6

Visit to Normandy: (Three sites: Point du Hoc, the American cemetery memorial and Utah Beach.)
Normandy symbolizes US commitment to Europe, which led directly to the Atlantic Alliance. The President will make brief (10-15 minutes) remarks at the Point du Hoc ceremony to about 500 people, including veteran groups. Themes include reconciliation of former adversaries, how postwar cooperation has kept the peace for the longest period in modern European history, Alliance solidarity, and the strength of the American commitment to Europe.

Thursday, June 7

Bilaterals: As at past Summits, there will be opportunities for the President to meet privately with some of the leaders. The major topics would include:

11:30 a.m.

Japan: During the President's state visit to Japan, Nakasone and the President discussed issues involving trade, finance, energy, security assistance, and defense. Officials from both sides have been working since November, and the two leaders will review their progress in these areas. The meeting also provides an opportunity to encourage continued movement by Japan toward an enhanced contribution to Western defense.

4:15 p.m.

Italy: Craxi is an unusually strong Italian Prime Minister and one of our key security partners. Discussion will focus on East-West relations, INF and arms control.

5:15 p.m.

Germany: Chancellor Kohl may feel a bit bruised by the Normandy commemoration, despite its emphasis on reconciliation. He will likely continue his push for an American gesture to improve the East-West political climate, with a particular focus on a US-Soviet Summit, and progressive arms control. Continuation and support of German economic recovery produced by the more market-oriented policies adopted by Kohl may also be discussed.

6:00 p.m.

France: President Mitterrand may reiterate his support for the US role in the defense of Europe, including our firm position on arms negotiations. The leaders may also emphasize the importance of continued US-French cooperation and coordination on key regional issues, such as Lebanon, Chad, and the Gulf. While Mitterrand will highlight the health of our relations, he may also voice disagreement with US policy in Central America and continuing high interest rates and deficits.

Thursday (evening), Friday, and Saturday, June 7-9

The London Economic Summit. (Same format and length as Williamsburg. A more detailed annotated agenda is in the London Economic Summit briefing book.) Main focus of meetings will be economic issues; political issues will be discussed at meals. Thatcher will again stress informality. The objective of the President will be to highlight US economic recovery and to continue to be forceful on Williamsburg themes:

-- Achieve world non-inflationary growth. Ensure that non-inflationary growth is sustained through compatible macro-economic policies, a continued commitment to open markets, and a reduction of domestic economic rigidities.

- -- Urge further trade liberalization. Seek Allied agreement to begin planning for a multilateral round of trade-liberalizing negotiations.
- -- Stabilize world finance/debt situation.
 Obtain reiteration of the Williamsburg approach. Review the current status of the international debt crisis, including the delicate balance between economic adjustment and the political/social stability of debtor countries.
- -- Initiate international manned space station program. Provide the political framework for future detailed, technical negotiations.
- -- Political Issues. At meals and other informal occasions, exchange views on global political issues, such as East-West relations, arms control, Middle East situation, Persian Gulf activity (including energy preparedness, should Gulf oil be curtailed), counterterrorism, etc.

Sunday, June 10

10:00 a.m.

Embassy Greeting. This event will provide the President with the occasion to express his gratitude to the members of the American Foreign Service for their contribution to the life of the nation. Stress admiration for the dedication of Foreign Service officers, some of whom have tragically given their lives for their country in recent years in terrorist and other hostile acts, and the sacrifices made by the families of officers.

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