

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR SENIOR STAFF

FROM: Jim Cicconi *JWC*
SUBJECT: Senior Staff Meetings

There will be no senior staff meeting on Friday, June 24, due to the President's trip to Florida.

Thank you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 22, 1983

TO: JAB III

Please see the attached.

From what I can tell, it was sent to large numbers of Hispanic voters in the state (large enough that it was sent without regard to party affiliation).

JC

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

May 26, 1983

Dear Friend:

Yesterday, President Reagan announced his intention to dismiss three Commissioners of the six-member U.S. Civil Rights Commission, including the Commission's only Hispanic, Blandina Cardenas Ramirez, a San Antonio educator. I am deeply concerned that President Reagan's new appointments do not include an Hispanic Commissioner, and have asked the President to reconsider his proposal.

If the Senate confirms the President's nominations, the Commission will not include an Hispanic for the first time since 1968. I find that unacceptable. The Commission was created in 1957 to combat discrimination and denial of equal protection under the law because of race, religion, sex, age, or national origin. It is therefore important that all groups affected by discrimination in our society, particularly a group as large as the Hispanic population, be represented on the Commission.

The U.S. Civil Rights Commission, having no enforcement authority, relies exclusively upon the persuasiveness of its findings and recommendations. It is therefore important that the Commission maintain its political independence so that its future effectiveness is not reduced.

Sincerely,


Lloyd Bentsen



Senator Urges President to Reconsider Civil Rights

WASHINGTON, D. F. Senator Lloyd Bentsen indicated last week that the changes President Reagan proposes to make on the U. S. Civil Rights Commission would leave that body without an Hispanic member for the first time since 1968.

Bentsen, in a letter to the President, urged him to reconsider the proposal.

"I am concerned by recent reports that your new appointments to the U. S. Civil Rights Commission do not include an Hispanic," the Senator said.

"If the Senate confirms your nominations, for the

first time since 1968 the commission will not include an Hispanic commissioner. The commission was created to combat discrimination and denial of equal protection under the law because of race, religion, sex, age or national origin. It is therefore important that all groups affected by discrimination in our society, particularly a group as large as the Hispanic population, be represented on the commission."

"I understand that you plan to appoint an Hispanic woman to become the commission's new staff director. I do not believe, however, that the appointment will

compensate for not having and Hispanic voice on the commission itself."

"As you know, the U. S. Civil Rights Commission, having no enforcement authority, relies exclusively upon the persuasiveness of its findings and recommendations. It is therefore important that the commission preserve its historic legacy of being above politics so that its effectiveness in the future is not reduced," Bentsen said.

"I urge you to reconsider your plans," Senator Bentsen said.

Hispanic Radio-TV Test

HOUSTON, TEXAS.- A new Spanish language television-radio simulcast experiment by ABC is taking place in San Antonio, New York, Los Angeles, Chicago and Miami, according to Squire D. Rushnell, Vice President of Long-Range Planning and Children's Television.

The experiment is called ABC/UNO and is designed to provide programming for heavily Hispanic

populations, whose language preference in home is Spanish.

Noting that more than 25 percent of the nation's estimated population of 20-24 million Hispanic people is concentrated in the five experimental markets, Mr. Rushnell said the results of the experiment will be of great importance for the future of dual broadcasting.

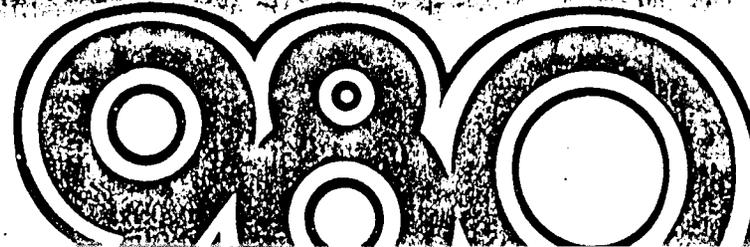
The two programs involved in the experiment are the "Fall Guy" presented Wednesdays at 7 p.m. and "The

Puppy's New Adventure" segment of the "Scooby and Scrappy Puppy Hour", presented Saturdays at 9:30 a.m.

In the San Antonio area, the radio station KCOR-AM and KSAT-TV will be partners in the effort.

The advertisers involved in the experimental program will be providing their commercial messages, in Spanish on the radio simulcast.

Super Estación



HOUSTON

• 5373 West Alabama,
Houston, Texas 77056

RICHMOND/
ROSENBERG

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD G. DARMAN

FROM: James Cicconi *JWC*
SUBJECT: Letter on Specialty Steel Issue

The attached letter on the specialty steel issue was delivered to Jim Baker by Senator John Heinz. It has been signed by 31 senators.

JAB asked that the letter be forwarded to you for appropriate circulation, and for assignment of action in preparing a response.

Thanks.

ROBERT J. DOLE, KANS., CHAIRMAN

BOB PACKWOOD, OREG.
WILLIAM V. ROTH, JR., DEL.
JOHN C. DANFORTH, MO.
JOHN H. CRAWFEE, R.I.
JOHN HEINZ, PA.
MALCOLM WALLOP, WYO.
DAVID DURENBERGER, MINN.
WILLIAM L. ARMSTRONG, COLO.
STEVEN D. BYMMS, IDAHO
CHARLES E. GRASSLEY, IOWA

RUSSELL B. LONG, LA.
HARRY F. BYRD, JR., VA.
LLOYD BENTSEN, TEX.
SPARK M. MATSUNAGA, HAWAII
DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN, N.Y.
MAX BAUCUS, MONT.
DAVID L. BOREN, OKLA.
BILL BRADLEY, N.J.
GEORGE J. MITCHELL, MAINE

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

ROBERT E. LIGHTHIZER, CHIEF COUNSEL
MICHAEL STERN, MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR

June 17, 1983

Dear Mr. President:

We are writing to you to express our support for a strong effective remedy in the specialty steel section 201 case.

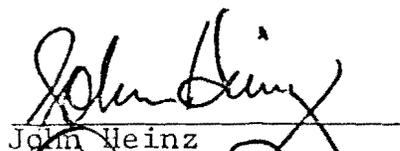
In your statement last November 16th, you noted that the domestic specialty steel industry "is an efficient, technologically up-to-date and export oriented branch of the steel industry." You also indicated that the industry is facing an unprecedented challenge to its continuing prosperity and a number of its firms are fighting for survival because of the injury caused by imports. You asked the United States International Trade Commission to investigate the industry under section 201 of the Trade Act of 1974. The ITC has done so, and found that the domestic industry has been seriously injured by imports.

We believe that an adequate remedy for the industry consists of three elements: a full five years of import restraints; restraints that maintain imports at normal levels, and minimum import levels that are based on normal industry performance data rather than the peak levels of production assumed by the ITC.

In your November 16th memorandum, you directed the United States Trade Representative to initiate multi-lateral and/or bilateral discussions aimed at the elimination of all trade distortive practices in the specialty steel sector. We are aware that this process has begun, and respectfully urge that such discussions be carried out aggressively during a five-year import relief program. In addition, five years are needed by the industry so that it can plan and carry out the investments needed to remain technologically advanced.

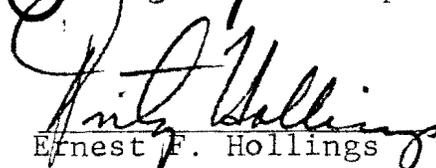
The domestic specialty steel industry is an efficient, high technology industry which is essential to our national defense and our industrial economy. This is an industry which is highly competitive and deserves to survive. It has fought battles against imports for years and has shown through successful cases that a high percentage of imports are dumped or subsidized. After the industry has struggled for so many years, you now have an opportunity to develop the kind of long-term, comprehensive solution you envisioned in your November 16th memorandum. We support your efforts to help this industry, and respectfully urge a strong, effective remedy.

Sincerely,

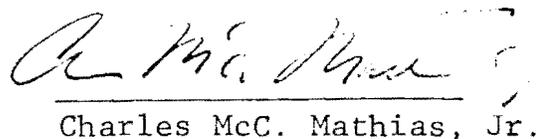

John Heinz

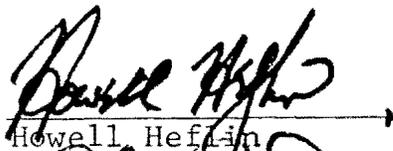

Jennings W. Randolph


Orrin G. Hatch

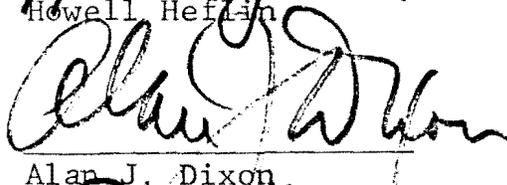

Ernest F. Hollings

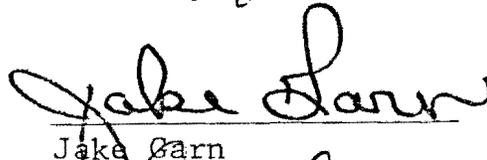

Carl Levin

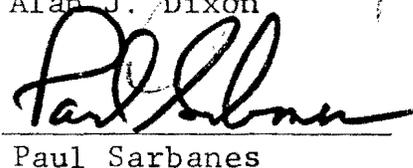

Charles McC. Mathias, Jr.

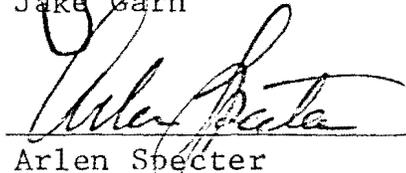

Howell Heflin


Dan Quayle


Alan J. Dixon

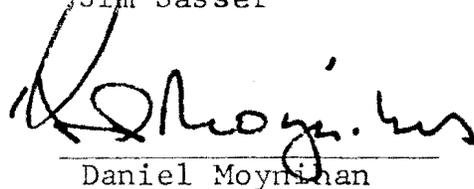

Jake Garn

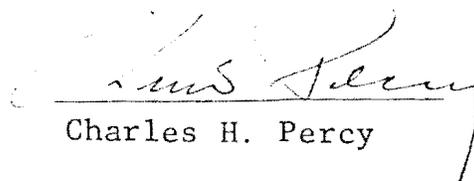

Paul Sarbanes


Arlen Specter


Jim Sasser


Sam Nunn


Daniel Moynihan


Charles H. Percy

Dennis DeConcini
Dennis DeConcini

Mack Mattingly
Mack Mattingly

Jesse Helms
Jesse Helms

Walter D. Huddleston
Walter D. Huddleston

John Melcher
John Melcher

Charles E. Grassley
Charles E. Grassley

James Abdnor
James Abdnor

Howard M. Metzenbaum
Howard M. Metzenbaum

Rudy Boschwitz
Rudy Boschwitz

Robert C. Byrd
Robert C. Byrd

Alfonse M. D'Amato
Alfonse M. D'Amato

Donald W. Riegle, Jr.
Donald W. Riegle, Jr.

Howard Baker
Howard Baker

Jeremiah Denton
Jeremiah Denton

Wendell H. Ford
Wendell H. Ford

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN HERRINGTON

FROM: Jim Cicconi 
SUBJECT: Resume of John J. Nolan

Attached is the resume of John Nolan, who is interested in a position with the Administration.

John is an extremely capable individual, a solid Republican, and a good friend of mine from our days in the Clements Administration in Texas. He is 50 years old, has a very good sense for issues and public relations, and is a superb organizer. John would be a real asset to the Administration in a variety of positions, but especially in public affairs or a high level executive assistant type job.

I hope that if such an opening occurs, you will be able to consider him.

Thanks for your help.

TO: John Herrington

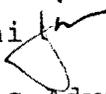
I'm sure John would also have the support of George Strake, the new Texas GOP Chairman, since he worked for him in the Sec. of State's office and ran his campaign for Lt. Gov.
Thanks
JC

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 24, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN HERRINGTON

FROM: Jim Cicconi 

SUBJECT: President's Advisory Committee on Women's
Business Ownership

I would strongly recommend you consider Barbara Lezar of Houston, Texas, for a position on the Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership.

Barbara currently heads the International Business Department of the Houston Chamber of Commerce, and served as Deputy Director of the Governor's Office of Regional Development during the Clements Administration in Texas. She has a background in private business, and served on the Governor's Blue Ribbon Commission on Foreign Investment.

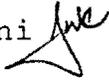
Barbara is a long-time Republican and has been involved in Texas party affairs and campaigns. She was very active, for example, in Jim Baker's 1978 campaign for Attorney General, and was a volunteer coordinator for the Reagan campaign in 1980. Her phone number is (713)658-2431 or (713)658-2441.

Thanks.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 23, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN HERRINGTON

FROM: Jim Cicconi 
SUBJECT: Resume of General Richard Cavazos

Attached is some information on General Dick Cavazos, whose name I had mentioned to you earlier.

General Cavazos is still on active duty and is not seeking an Administration position. However, I have been told that he is the type of highly capable individual we might want to consider should a top Administration opening occur. Cavazos is, of course, Hispanic and is well regarded in his home state of Texas.

Thanks.

RESUME OF SERVICE CAREER

of

RICHARD EDWARD CAVAZOS, General

DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH 31 January 1929, Kingsville, Texas

YEARS OF ACTIVE COMMISSIONED SERVICE Over 31

PRESENT ASSIGNMENT Commanding General, United States Army Forces Command,
Fort McPherson, Georgia 30330, since March 1982

MILITARY SCHOOLS ATTENDED

The Infantry School, Basic and Advanced Courses
United States Army Command and General Staff College
British Army Staff College
Armed Forces Staff College
United States Army War College

EDUCATIONAL DEGREES

Texas Technological University - BS Degree - Geology

RECENT MAJOR DUTY ASSIGNMENTS

<u>FROM</u>	<u>TO</u>	<u>ASSIGNMENT</u>
Mar 67	Dec 67	Commander, 1st Battalion, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division, Vietnam
Feb 68	Jul 68	Member, Directorate of Concept Studies, United States Army Combat Developments Command Institute of Advanced Studies, Carlisle, Pennsylvania
Aug 68	Jun 69	Student, United States Army War College, Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania
Jul 69	Nov 70	Chief, Offense Section, Department of Division Operations, United States Army Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas
Nov 70	May 72	Commander, 2d Brigade, 1st Infantry Division, Fort Riley, Kansas
May 72	Jun 73	Assistant Deputy Director, Directorate of Operations, Office, Deputy Chief of Staff for Military Operations, United States Army, Washington, DC
Sep 73	Aug 75	United States Defense and Army Attache, Mexico
Aug 75	May 76	Assistant Division Commander, 2d Armored Division, Fort Hood, Texas
May 76	Jul 77	Director, Inter-American Region, Office, Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs), Washington, DC
Jul 77	Feb 80	Commanding General, 9th Infantry Division and Fort Lewis, Washington
Feb 80	Mar 82	Commanding General, III Corps and Fort Hood, Texas

PROMOTIONS

DATES OF APPOINTMENT

	<u>Temporary</u>	<u>Permanent</u>
2LT		15 Jun 51
1LT	15 Dec 52	15 Jun 54
CPT	17 Dec 56	10 Jan 58
MAJ	7 Oct 60	15 Jun 65
LTC	20 May 64	15 Jun 72
COL	22 Nov 68	23 Mar 76
BG	1 Dec 73	31 Jul 77
MG	1 Apr 76	1 Jun 79
LTG	1 Feb 80	
GEN	19 Feb 82	

US DECORATIONS AND BADGES

Distinguished Service Cross (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
Silver Star (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
Defense Superior Service Medal
Legion of Merit (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
Distinguished Flying Cross
Bronze Star Medal with V Device (with 4 Oak Leaf Clusters)
Meritorious Service Medal
Air Medals with V Device
Joint Service Commendation Medal
Army Commendation Medal (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters)
Purple Heart
Combat Infantryman Badge (2 Awards)
Parachutist Badge
Ranger Tab

SOURCE OF COMMISSION ROTC

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 23, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CHARLES MORRIS

FROM: M. Aileen Anderson
SUBJECT: Printing Request

Jim Cicconi and I would like to have White House pads, ten each of the 5" x 8", printed with names (see attached sample).

For Jim, please print:

JAMES W. CICCONI
Office of James A. Baker, III
456-2174

For myself, please print:

M. AILEEN ANDERSON
Office of James A. Baker, III
456-2174

Thank you very much for your time.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

KATHERINE J. CAMALIER
Office of James A. Baker III
456-6797

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 27, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JAMES A. BAKER, III ✓
MICHAEL K. DEEVER
RICHARD G. DARMAN

FROM: Jim Cicconi 
SUBJECT: Black Strategy

Attached are suggestions for a possible black strategy which expand on ideas previously set forth. Though some of the points should be given more immediate attention, the majority are intended for consideration by the Outreach Strategy Group when this subject is discussed.

The suggestions are divided into three types: immediate actions (month of July) to begin altering perceptions; civil rights oriented actions (August-September) to better explain our policies and record; and general "sensitivity" actions (July-October) to demonstrate the President's personal commitment to civil rights and his sensitivity to black concerns.

cc: Ed Rollins
Lee Atwater
Dave Gergen

A. SUGGESTIONS FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION (July)

1. 4th of July: The President could deliver a radio talk tying equal rights in with the general theme of patriotism, and stressing his personal commitment to such values.
2. Fair Housing Bill: This is ready for transmission to Congress, and may be one of our few opportunities to introduce significant civil rights legislation. We could mention in the above talk that the bill will soon be forwarded. The bill could then be sent up when Congress returns, with the President reading a statement in the press room accompanied by Secretary Pierce and the Attorney General. Testimony on the Hill would be personally presented by Secretary Pierce and the Attorney General.
3. Executive Order on Minority Business: This will be ready for signature after quick circulation and clearance. A small event could be set up at which the President would sign both the order and a memorandum to appropriate federal agencies emphasizing the Administration's commitment. This could be done between July 14 and 19.
4. Apartheid: We should seek an opportunity sometime in July for the President to personally restate that South Africa's apartheid system is "morally wrong" and that Administration policy seeks to encourage "a basic shift away from apartheid." Such remarks were delivered recently in a speech by Undersecretary of State Eagleburger; reiteration by the President in an appropriate forum would underscore the message to black Americans and others.
5. Black Leadership Report: A report was recently prepared by a group of black leaders under the auspices of the Joint Center for Political Studies (a summary paper prepared by OPD is attached). A close reading of their report, "A Policy Framework for Racial Justice," indicates that, apart from the expected rhetorical jabs and certain disagreements on economic policy, there are areas of clear agreement. Among these are the need to strengthen the black family, job training, work incentives, an emphasis on education (especially an assault on illiteracy), and the importance of private sector and community involvement. If the report is viewed as an attempt to find common ground, it may give us a basis for dialogue with the more responsible black leadership. The report might even be used in a way similar to our use of the educational excellence report, ignoring points of disagreement and focusing on its general thrust.

The report itself should be analyzed for areas of policy agreement. A preliminary meeting should then be held between WH staff and certain of those persons who prepared the report in order to gauge the likely response to Administration statements. If signals are positive, the President could then meet and discuss the report with a more expanded group, and could eventually use it as a basis for public comments.

6. Reynolds' Mississippi Trip: The President could begin citing Brad Reynolds' trip to Mississippi, and subsequent actions, as solid evidence of the Administration's commitment to enforce civil rights laws. While the trip itself caused political problems within the state, on a national level it provides us with a good rebuttal to accusations of lax enforcement.

B. CIVIL RIGHTS ORIENTED ACTIONS (August-September)

1. Coordination with Justice Department: The White House Communications Office has begun an effort to more closely coordinate with DOJ a public affairs strategy on civil rights. This process should become more formal, with the White House serving as the focal point for an Administration-wide effort.
2. Civil Rights Policy Document: The White House should work with Justice to produce a document that sets forth in all major areas of civil rights the Administration's policy, record of accomplishment, comparisons with the records of previous administrations, and future plans (in general terms). It should also cite specific examples, especially in the enforcement area. The document would spell out those policies we support (such as affirmative action), along with those we oppose and why (quotas and busing). This document would serve as the basis for our public education efforts on the Administration's civil rights policies and record; it should be assembled in a way appropriate for general release.
3. Briefing for Administration Officials: A half-day briefing could be set up in the EOB for key Administration officials, including those in charge of public affairs, enforcement or implementation of civil rights laws, EEO, and legislative affairs. During the briefing, White House and appropriate agency officials will seek to clarify the Administration's policies and record on civil rights. The document mentioned above would serve as the basis for the briefing, and copies would be made available. The President could drop-by the briefing for some personal comments on the subject.
4. Briefing for Editorial Writers and Columnists: This would be similar to the briefing for Administration officials. It would, however, be the first effort to make our case in a detailed way to opinion leaders, and thus to the general public.
5. Radio Talk on Civil Rights Enforcement: The President would deliver a radio speech on the Administration's civil rights record following the above briefings. This should take place before August 30--a march on Washington is scheduled for that day in commemoration of Martin Luther King's march in 1963.
6. Speeches by the Attorney General: Concurrent with the beginning of White House briefings on civil rights, the Attorney General should initiate a major speaking tour on the subject.

B. Civil Rights Oriented Actions (August-September)
Page 2

7. Presidential Speech: At some point in September, the President should consider delivering a major speech on civil rights. This should not be televised.

C. "SENSITIVITY" ACTIONS (July-October)

1. Identify Black Leaders: We should undertake to identify those black leaders with whom we can work (probably employing a subjective standard of "reasonableness"). This group might, for example, include Ben Hooks, John Jacob, and William Raspberry; it might exclude Jesse Jackson and Mary Frances Berry. Once identified, we should seek to regularly include such leaders in White House events, meetings, etc. A high-level member of the Administration (such as the Vice President) should be asked to develop and maintain a communication channel with certain of these people. The aim is not only to enhance communications in both directions, but to encourage moderation.
2. Pendleton and Thomas: We should consider elevating Clarence Pendleton and Clarence Thomas as spokesmen for Administration policies on civil rights. Meetings with the President and inclusion in specific White House events (such as the signing of the executive order on Minority Business) would help in enhancing their stature.
3. Private Lunches or Dinners: The Attorney General and Ed Schmults may want to initiate a series of private lunches with more moderate civil rights leaders (individually, not in groups). Though there will clearly be disagreements, the appearance of willingness to listen and to seek common ground is the main objective. Any personal rapport that develops will be a bonus. The Vice President might do something similar. If such private contacts prove helpful (or at least not harmful), the President might consider hosting similar private lunches or dinners to discuss the state of civil rights in America.
4. Ongoing Publicity at DOJ: The Justice Department should focus more attention on individual civil rights enforcement actions as they occur.
5. Appointments: The appointment of more blacks by the Administration should be pursued on four separate fronts:
 - a. Sub-Cabinet: A small pool of blacks should be pinpointed for high level/high profile Administration jobs as they occur.
 - b. Judgeships: We must increase the number of blacks appointed to federal judgeships and, in particular, should concentrate on naming a black to a Circuit Court.

C. "Sensitivity" Actions (July-October)

Page 2

- c. Justice Department: There are, at present, no blacks in high level positions at DOJ. This must be changed. One suggestion is to appoint a black Special Assistant to the Attorney General, who could be asked to serve as a sort of ombudsman for black concerns.
- d. Advisory Boards and Commissions: Last year Political Affairs suggested that we pinpoint 25 congressional districts with significant black population, and then appoint two blacks from each of those districts to federal advisory boards or commissions (including the numerous departmental advisory committees). We should revive this suggestion.
6. Presidential Memo on Affirmative Action: The President could send a memo to all federal agencies emphasizing the importance of continuing to pursue equal opportunity objectives in hiring (goals, not quotas). This would serve to allay what Mel Bradley describes as the fear that we are out to dismantle even non-preferential affirmative action programs.
7. Black Media: The Office of Media Liaison should expand its efforts to establish and effectively utilize a relationship with the black media. Black publications should, for example, receive a steady stream of facts on our civil rights record, especially specific enforcement actions as they are filed; they should also be made aware of black appointments as they occur.
8. OFCCP Regulations: As Mel Bradley suggests, we should review the proposed revisions in OFCCP regulations to decide whether it might be preferable to put aside such changes. The proposals have been portrayed as weakening seriously affirmative action requirements for federal contractors.
9. Black Elected Officials: The President might host a reception for blacks elected to state and local office within the past two years.
10. Scheduling: The Scheduling Office could pinpoint events which allow the President to appear with blacks, and which allow him to be associated with equal rights/civil rights causes. We might productively concentrate initial efforts on education, stressing its particular importance to blacks, and citing the report of the Joint Center for Political Studies.
11. Policy Initiatives: OPD could undertake to identify possible policy initiatives on civil rights, or initiatives which focus particularly on black concerns like education.

Black Leaders Urge Shift in Civil Rights Effort

A group of black leaders and scholars have urged that the civil rights movement alter its strategy and tackle issues that are not necessarily associated with racial discrimination. Their recommendations were recently published in a document entitled "A Policy Framework for Racial Justice."

The report argues that the current problems facing black Americans are deeper and more complex than they appeared to be in the 1960s. Persistent unemployment and underemployment, the difficulties of single-parent black families, and the lack of adequate education are the focus of this report.

The thirty prominent black leaders reached consensus on several conclusions:

- o Full employment at a decent wage level is vital to provide an adequate standard of living and to strengthen work incentives.
- o There is a crisis for the black family, with a precipitous growth in poor female-headed households. The majority of black babies are born to single mothers.
- o Reinforcing the family constitutes the single most important action the nation can take toward eliminating black poverty and related social problems.
- o Public assistance programs need to be redesigned to assist rather than undermine the family structure.
- o Education of black Americans needs to be strengthened, as the key vehicle for upward mobility. This includes holding schools accountable for the achievement level of students, and giving special attention to the problem of functional illiteracy among adults.

Contrary to the pattern of previous comments from black leaders, this report does not have as its central focus a call for large increases in Federal assistance. Many black leaders are increasingly persuaded that Federal programs are not necessarily the answer to their problems.

Much in the report is consistent with several themes of the Administration. It looks to a revitalized economy to bring about full employment; it supports strengthening the family as the essential fundamental unit of society; and it emphasizes the importance of improving education by action to meeting the needs of many black Americans at the local level.

Office of Policy Development
June 24, 1983

JF Center for Polit
Studies

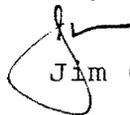
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 29, 1983

TO: KARNA SMALL

For what it's worth, I am forwarding a list of Hispanic publications that I received from people at the US Chamber of Commerce. It's not very extensive, but there may be one or two here that are not already on our lists.

Thanks.


Jim Cicconi

Hispanic Link
Attention: Charles Erickson
1420 N St., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005

Diario Las Americas
Attention: Horacio Aguirre, Publisher
P.O. Box 592698
Miami, FL 33142

La Opinion
1436 Surmane Street
Los Angeles, CA 90015

Hispanic Business Magazine
Attention: Jesus Chavarria
4672 Via Huerto
Santa Barbara, CA 93110

El Diario
143 Varick St.
New York, N.Y. 10013

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 29, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR SENIOR STAFF

FROM: Jim Cicconi *we*
SUBJECT: Senior Staff Meetings

There will be no senior staff meetings from Thursday, June 30, through Tuesday, July 5. Regular meetings will resume on Wednesday, July 6.

Thank you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 30, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CRAIG L. FULLER

FROM:

Jim Cicconi *JMC*

SUBJECT:

Exchange of Letters with Roy Innis

Earlier this week, the President gave Jim Baker copies of letters he exchanged with Roy Innis (attached). The President asked JAB to see that Innis was contacted by someone in the Administration, as promised in his letter of response.

JAB asked that I pass on to you his suggestion that, given Innis' position, it might be appropriate for Secretary Baldrige to handle the follow-up contact.

Thanks.

cc: Richard Darman

CORE

THE CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY
1916 - 38 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK, N. Y. 10037 (212) 690-3678

April 7, 1983

The Honorable Ronald Reagan
President
United States of America
The White House
Washington, DC.

Dear Mr. President:

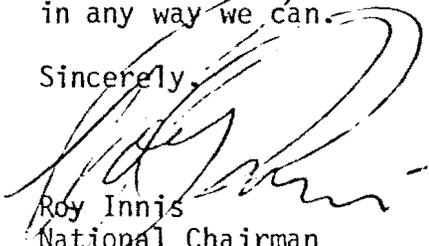
We listened with great enthusiasm to the portion of your March 23rd speech that dealt with high energy beam technology, the technology of the 21st century.

While no one can predict the ultimate uses of this technology, it seems to offer the first hope out of the MAD dilemma of nuclear armament.

This program is bigger than narrow partisan interest. As supporters of high energy beam technology, even before your speech, we wish you success in selling it to the nation.

The Congress of Racial Equality is resolved to help our people get a running start into the 21st century. We need your help to strengthen our educational institutions and to accelerate our technological development. We need help in developing supportive business and scientific institutions that can participate in the development of this new technology. We urge you to do everything in your power to help the Black community and other communities that do not normally directly involve themselves in these kinds of developments, to do so. Please call on us, we are ready to help in any way we can.

Sincerely,


Roy Innis
National Chairman
CORE

RI/sc

~~Send me copy of this~~
RR

To JC for follow
up. Who should
contact him?

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 20, 1983

Dear Mr. Innis:

I'm sorry to be so late in answering your letter but it has only just reached my desk. Sometimes the wheels of bureaucracy can turn very slowly.

Thank you very much for your generous words. With regard to the idea of a defense against nuclear missiles I share your views of the mutual assured destruction policy; it makes no sense whatsoever. Hopefully a defense could result in real negotiations leading to the total elimination of nuclear weapons.

Mr. Innis, I would like very much to cooperate with you in the educational and technological developments that will help all our people get, as you say, a "running start into the 21st century." If you don't mind I'd like to put a member of my Administration in touch with you and again my thanks to you. //

Sincerely,

Mr. Roy Innis
C.O.R.E.
1916 - 38 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10037

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 29, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JAMES A. BAKER, III

FROM: Jim Cicconi 
SUBJECT: Hispanic Strategy

Yesterday Lee Atwater, Cathi Villalpando and I met to discuss the state of our Hispanic efforts. One thing we agreed on is the important role the Vice President could play. In fact, there have even been some questions about why we are not making better use of the Vice President's popularity among Hispanics.

If he were willing, the Vice President could be a sort of point person for the Administration's Hispanic strategy. He could provide the sustained effort needed to build a political base among the group, while the President's personal involvement must, of necessity, be more occasional. This would, of course, require a significant commitment of time for trips to Hispanic areas (especially Texas, Florida, and California), meetings in Washington, and private contacts.

Would you be willing to explore this with the Vice President?

Thanks.

cc: Dick Darman