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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT
(WHORM): SUBJECT FILE

Withdrawer

DLB 6/1/2010

File Folder CO086 (LEBANON) (031094-035899)

FOIA

S10-306

Box Number 119

SYSTEMATIC

729

ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
92054	MEMO	RAYMOND TANTER TO RICHARD ALLEN, RE: MEETINGS WITH MICHELLE VAN CLEAVE OF JACK KEMP'S OFFICE R 10/11/2022 NSC/DEPT. OF STATE WAIVERS	1	6/16/1981	B1
92055	MEMO	RAYMOND TANTER TO RICHARD ALLEN, RE: WEEKLY REPORT R 10/11/2022 NSC/DEPT. OF STATE WAIVERS	1	6/12/1981	B1
92056	MEMO	RAYMOND TANTER TO RICHARD ALLEN, RE: WEEKLY REPORT	2	5/22/1981	B1

The above documents were not referred for declassification review at time of processing

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

EF

MEMORANDUM

92051 3575

AK

C.F.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

RVA HAS SEEN

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED

Authority: NSC/State Univiers

BY dh DATE 10/11/2022

031404

1270

PY 1 20086

C0072

FG006-12

RS

INFORMATION

June 16, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD V. ALLEN

FROM: RAYMOND TANTER RT

SUBJECT: Meetings with Michelle Van Cleave
of Jack Kemp's Office

At Tab I are copies of my Weekly Reports of May 22 and June 12. In both, I mention meeting with Michelle Van Cleave.

(c)

The two sessions held in my office provided her with background on the situation in Lebanon and Iraq. I have not discussed with her options under consideration. (c)

Yes, I am aware of what Kemp said in Israel; he is certainly out in front of the Administration in support of Israel's position. (c)

There will not be any further briefings for Michelle. If she requests, I will plead "time constraints" as the reason for not being able to meet with her. (c)

Attachments

Tab I - May 22 and June 12 Weekly Reports

Handwritten notes: "Hand", "RVA", "6/19", and initials "JK".

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Review June 16, 1987

NSC # 8103575

92055 2

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

June 12, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD V. ALLEN

FROM: RAYMOND TANTER RT

SUBJECT: Weekly Report (RT)

DECLASSIFIED
Authority: NSC/State Waivers
BY: JH
DATE: 10/11/2027

Attended a lunch with a group of Pakistani officials under the auspices of Bob Pfaltzgraff's Center for International Studies. The upshot of the conversation at lunch concerned the Pakistani wish list for American weapons systems, with special reference to F-16 aircraft. (RT)

Met with Dr. Avi Shlaim, a specialist on Israel's domestic politics as they impact on its national security decision making. Shlaim contends that the timing of Israel's strike into Iraq was motivated largely by electoral considerations of Prime Minister Begin. Shlaim agreed that there was consensus between the military and political leadership as to the need for the strike, but the issue of the timing was a consequence of the June 30th election date. (RT)

Attended a reception of the American Lebanese League for Mr. Dory Chamoun. He contends that Israel's strike against Iraq should have little effect on Amb. Habib's mission because the Syrian army's goal was to weaken the Lebanese armed forces as a political factor in any settlement. That is to say, by driving out Muslims from the Lebanese armed forces, the Syrians could then reject the Lebanese armed forces as being an arm of the Christian Phalange. Thus the Habib mission was unlikely to result in any progress irrespective of Israel's strike into Iraq. (RT)

Met with Michele Van Cleave of Congressman Jack Kemp's office. She wanted to be briefed informally on the situation in Lebanon and Israel's strike against Iraq. This is the second time I've met with her about Lebanon and I assume that such meetings have your approval. (RT)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Review Jun 12, 1987

→ They do not. I do not disapprove in principle, but what could you tell her that would not reveal our thinking? You're aware of what Kemp did for & met in Israel, I presume. Write memo for Monday, pls, and inform me in advance of any such special situation. Where did you meet w/ Van Cleave?

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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<i>ID</i>	<i>Document Type</i>	<i>No of</i>	<i>Doc Date</i>	<i>Restric-</i>
	<i>Document Description</i>	<i>pages</i>		<i>tions</i>
92056	MEMO	2	5/22/1981	B1
	RAYMOND TANTER TO RICHARD ALLEN, RE: WEEKLY REPORT			

The above documents were not referred for declassification review at time of processing

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

#2575

END

81 JUN 17 P 2:52

JANET COLSON

18/0801

BUD NANCE

18/0645

DICK ALLEN

18/2331

IRENE DERUS

19/0738

JANET COLSON

19/8750

BUD NANCE

KAY

CY TO VP

SHOW CC

CY TO MEESE

SHOW CC

CY TO BAKER

SHOW CC

CY TO DEEVER

SHOW CC

CY TO BRADY

SHOW CC

UNCLASSIFIED UPON REMOVAL
OF CLASSIFIED ENCLOSURE(S)

5/26/10

RECEIVED 17 JUN 81 11

TO ALLEN

FROM TANTER

DOCDATE 16 JUN 81

TANTER

12 JUN 81

TANTER

22 MAY 81

KEYWORDS: LEBANON

IRAQ

VAN CLEAVE, MICHELLE

CONGRESSIONAL

SUBJECT: ANSWER TO QUESTION ON WEEKLY RPT RE MTGS W/ VAN CLEAVE

ACTION: FOR INFORMATION

DUE:

STATUS IX FILES

FOR ACTION

FOR COMMENT

FOR INFO

ALLEN

COMMENTS

REF#

LOG

NSCIFID

(C /)

ACTION OFFICER (S)

ASSIGNED

ACTION REQUIRED

DUE

COPIES TO

C 6/19

noted by RVA

RT

DISPATCH

W/ATTCH FILE

WH

(C) *MB*

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

July 7, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR RONALD K. PETERSON

FROM: ALLEN J. LENZ *ajl*

SUBJECT: State Proposed Report on SJR-144 Offering Strong Support for Diplomatic Efforts to Resolve Current Crisis in Lebanon

The NSC staff has no objection to the State proposed Report on SJR-144 offering strong support for diplomatic efforts to resolve current crisis in Lebanon.

032333

1110

3935

CO086

ND016

LE

FG006-11

FG006-12

FG011

MG

NSC # 8103935

RT

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

July 7, 1981

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ALLEN J. LENZ

FROM: RAYMOND TANTER *RT*

SUBJECT: State Proposed Report on SJR-144 Offering
Strong Support for Diplomatic Efforts to
Resolve Current Crisis in Lebanon

The memorandum for your signature to Ronald Peterson relays NSC staff concurrence to the State proposed Report on SJR-144 offering strong support for diplomatic efforts to resolve current crisis in Lebanon.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum at Tab I to Ronald Peterson.

Approve _____ Disapprove _____

Attachment

- Tab I - Memo for signature to Ronald Peterson
- A - Incoming correspondence



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

3935
NSC/S

June 26, 1981

LEGISLATIVE REFERRAL MEMORANDUM

TO: Legislative Liaison Officer-
National Security Council ←

SUBJECT: State proposed report on S.J. Res. 144, offering strong support for diplomatic efforts to resolve the current crisis in Lebanon.

The Office of Management and Budget requests the views of your agency on the above subject before advising on its relationship to the program of the President, in accordance with OMB Circular A-19.

A response to this request for your views is needed no later than July 23, 1981.

Questions should be referred to Tracey Lawler (395-4610), the legislative analyst in this office, or to ().

Ronald K. Peterson

RONALD K. PETERSON FOR
Assistant Director for
Legislative Reference

Enclosures



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Mr. Chairman:

Thank you for your letter of June 1 inviting the Administration's comments on S. Res. 144, submitted by Senator Kennedy. We have reviewed the resolution, and the Executive Branch can accept it in modified form. Attached is a revised text of the resolution, which has been discussed and agreed upon with Senator Kennedy's staff.

Yours sincerely,

Richard Fairbanks
Assistant Secretary for
Congressional Relations

Enclosures:

- 1) Correspondence returned
- 2) Revised draft of S. Res. 144

The Honorable
Charles H. Percy,
Chairman,
Committee on Foreign Relations,
United States Senate.

RESOLUTION

To offer strong support for diplomatic efforts to resolve the current crisis in Lebanon, including the issue of the Syrian missiles, and to protect the right of all Lebanese communities to live in freedom and security.

Whereas the current situation in Lebanon has caused great human suffering and disruption of the economy of that country;

Whereas the present crisis, including violence and PLO terrorism, threatens to further undermine the sovereignty of Lebanon and stability in the Middle East;

Whereas the strengthening of the Lebanese Government's authority throughout the country would significantly enhance the prospects of Lebanon once again becoming a peaceful, viable democracy;

Whereas a strong, independent, democratic Lebanon--with its traditional ties to the West--would help promote stability in the region and serve the national interest of the United States;

Whereas the Senate commends and supports the will of the Lebanese people to live in freedom, security and peace and

Whereas the Senate hopes for the success of diplomatic efforts currently being carried out by special envoy Philip C. Habib;

Resolved that the Senate of the United States of America strongly supports diplomatic efforts to resolve the current crisis in Lebanon, and that the Government of the United States should continue to pursue a comprehensive and coordinated policy in Lebanon guided by the following principles:

1. Establishment of an immediate and effective cease-fire throughout Lebanon.

2. Resolution of the issue of the Syrian missiles deployed in Lebanon.

3. Freedom, security, and opportunity for the Christian and all other Lebanese communities, including the Muslim, Druze, and Jewish communities in Lebanon.

4. Reaffirmation of the historic U.S.-Lebanon relationship and strengthening the long-standing commitment of the United States to the independence, sovereignty, and territorial integrity of Lebanon without partition, free from terrorism and violence, and free to determine its future without Soviet or other outside interference.

5. Generous international support for relief, rehabilitation and humanitarian assistance for Lebanon, particularly for those Lebanese citizens who have suffered from the terrorism and violence of recent events.

6. Respect for and strengthening of the authority of a Lebanese government based on open national elections free from external interference, which will be able to preserve security through its national army and its security forces without an outside military presence.

97TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. RES. 144

To offer strong support for diplomatic efforts to resolve the current crisis in Lebanon, and to protect the right of Lebanese Christian and other communities to live in freedom and security.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 21 (legislative day, APRIL 27), 1981

Mr. KENNEDY (for himself, Mr. TSONGAS, Mr. JACKSON, Mr. CRANSTON, and Mr. BIDEN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

RESOLUTION

To offer strong support for diplomatic efforts to resolve the current crisis in Lebanon, and to protect the right of Lebanese Christian and other communities to live in freedom and security.

Whereas the current situation in Lebanon has caused great human suffering and disruption of the economy of that country;

Whereas the presence of Syrian missiles threatens to further undermine the sovereignty of Lebanon and stability in the Middle East;

Whereas the removal of Syrian forces in Lebanon would significantly enhance the prospects of Lebanon once again becoming a peaceful, viable democracy;

Whereas a strong, pro-Western, democratic Lebanon would help promote stability in the region and serve the national interest of the United States; and

Whereas the Senate hopes for the success of diplomatic efforts currently being carried out by special envoy Philip C. Habib.

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate of the United States of
2 America strongly supports diplomatic efforts to resolve the
3 current crisis in Lebanon, and that the Government of the
4 United States should continue to pursue a comprehensive and
5 coordinated policy in Lebanon, guided by the following
6 principles:

7 1. Establishment of an immediate and effective
8 cease-fire throughout Lebanon.

9 2. Removal of all Syrian missiles deployed in
10 Lebanon.

11 3. Preservation of a free and secure Christian
12 community as well as the Moslem, Druze, Armenian,
13 and Jewish communities in Lebanon.

14 4. Reaffirmation of the historic United States-
15 Lebanon relationship and strengthening the longstand-
16 ing commitment of the United States to the independ-
17 ence, sovereignty, and territorial integrity of Lebanon,
18 free from terrorism, from outside military occupation,

1 and from the influence of the Soviet Union or its surro-
2 gates.

3 5. Generous international support for relief, reha-
4 bilitation, and humanitarian assistance for Lebanon,
5 particularly for the residents of Zahle and East Beirut.

6 6. Restoration and respect for the authority of a
7 Lebanese Government based on free and open national
8 elections, now scheduled for mid-1982.



RECEIVED 30 JUN 81 15

TO ALLEN

FROM PETERSON, R

DOCDATE 26 JUN 81

~~232333~~

KEYWORDS: LEBANON

LEGISLATIVE REFERRAL

SUBJECT: STATE PROPOSED RPT ON SJR-144 OFFERING STRONG SUPPORT FOR DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS TO RESOLVE CURRENT CRISIS IN LEBANON

ACTION: PREPARE MEMO LENZ TO PETERSON DUE: 23 JUL 81 STATUS S FILES

FOR ACTION

FOR COMMENT

FOR INFO

TANTER

COMMENTS

REF# LOG NSCIFID (C /)

ACTION OFFICER (S)	ASSIGNED	ACTION REQUIRED	DUE	COPIES TO
	C 7/7	Lenz Sqd Memo		RT

DISPATCH

[Handwritten initials]

W/ATTCH

FILE

[Handwritten initials and circled mark]

(C)

CO086

**WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET**

- O - OUTGOING
 - H - INTERNAL
 - I - INCOMING
- Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD)

8124252

81

8/10/27

Name of Correspondent: Salim Wakim

MI Mail Report User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Request Views re foreign policy in Lebanon from possible candidate for presidency of Lebanon

ROUTE TO:	ACTION	DISPOSITION			
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>Co SORG (Send response CN STRI)</u>	<u>ORIGINATOR</u>	<u>8/10/06</u>			<u>8/10/27</u>
<u>✓ DOS</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>8/10/07</u>			<u>8/10/20</u>
<u>CN STRI</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>8/10/27</u>			<u>8/18/27</u>

- ACTION CODES:**
- A - Appropriate Action
 - C - Comment/Recommendation
 - D - Draft Response
 - F - Furnish Fact Sheet to be used as Enclosure
 - I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
 - R - Direct Reply w/Copy
 - S - For Signature
 - X - Interim Reply
- DISPOSITION CODES:**
- A - Answered
 - B - Non-Special Referral
 - C - Completed
 - S - Suspended
- FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:**
- Type of Response = Initials of Signer
 - Code = "A"
 - Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: Please send a direct reply from State, if appropriate.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

CLASSIFICATION SECTION

No. of Additional Correspondents: _____ Media: L Individual Codes: 3500 _____

Prime Subject Code: CO 086 Secondary Subject Codes: CO 152 _____

PRESIDENTIAL REPLY

Code	Date	Comment	Form
C	_____	Time: _____	P- _____
DSP	_____	Time: _____	Media: _____

SIGNATURE CODES:

CPn - Presidential Correspondence

- n - 0 - Unknown
- n - 1 - Ronald Wilson Reagan
- n - 2 - Ronald Reagan
- n - 3 - Ron
- n - 4 - Dutch
- n - 5 - Ron Reagan
- n - 6 - Ronald
- n - 7 - Ronnie

CLn - First Lady's Correspondence

- n - 1 - Nancy Reagan
- n - 2 - Nancy
- n - 3 - Mrs. Ronald Reagan

CBn - Presidential & First Lady's Correspondence

- n - 1 - Ronald Reagan - Nancy Reagan
- n - 2 - Ron - Nancy

MEDIA CODES:

- B - Box/package
- C - Copy
- D - Official document
- G - Message
- H - Handcarried
- L - Letter
- M - Mailgram
- O - Memo
- P - Photo
- R - Report
- S - Sealed
- T - Telegram
- V - Telephone
- X - Miscellaneous
- Y - Study

~~UNCLASSIFIED~~
(Classification)

CNSTRZ

S/S # 8124252

Date August 20, 1981

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT
TRANSMITTAL FORM

FOR: Mr. Richard V. Allen
National Security Council
The White House

REFERENCE:

TO: Edwin Meese FROM: Salim Wakim

DATE: June 30, 1981 SUBJECT: Views regarding foreign
policy in Lebanon from possible candidate for presidency of Lebanon.

WHITE HOUSE REFERRAL DATED: _____ NSC # _____
(if any)

THE ATTACHED ITEM WAS SENT DIRECTLY
TO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ACTION TAKEN:

- _____ A draft reply is attached.
- _____ A draft reply will be forwarded.
- _____ A translation is attached.
- xx An information copy of a direct reply is attached.
- _____ We believe no response is necessary for the reason cited below.
- _____ Other.

REMARKS:

Mary M. DeGuzman for.
L. Paul Bremer, III
Executive Secretary

UNCLASSIFIED



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

August 20, 1981

Mr. Salim Wakim
POB 699
1211 Geneva 3
Switzerland

Dear Mr. Wakim:

I have been asked to reply to your letter of June 30 to Mr. Meese regarding your concerns about the situation in Lebanon and informing him of your candidacy for the Presidency in Lebanon in 1982.

We, too, remain very troubled by the widespread violence in Lebanon which has already killed and injured many innocent people. Our concern is made sharper by America's long-standing and close historic ties to Lebanon and its people. We have always held Lebanon in special esteem as a free and independent democracy espousing the same principles and ideals that Americans prize.

The Administration, as you know, is strongly committed to assisting Lebanon achieve its basic national goals, which include political reconciliation, economic reconstruction, and social rehabilitation. We will continue firm support for the institutions of the Lebanese Government, for it is our belief that a strong central government is the only guarantee of security for both Lebanon's people and neighbors. We will continue to work to assure Lebanon's territorial integrity, sovereignty, and lasting independence.

We have made and will continue to make major and vigorous efforts to bring the fighting and the violence to an end as soon as possible. To this end, the ceasefire announced by Ambassador Habib is an important accomplishment, but it remains fragile. Our attempts to consolidate it and to further resolve the situation are directed at all governments and all quarters having influence over the situation. These are consistent with all our major efforts since 1975 to end the violence throughout Lebanon and to help create conditions so that all of Lebanon's communities can live in security and find social and economic opportunity.

Further, we strongly support the U.N. peace-keeping efforts in south Lebanon and the expansion of the Lebanese contingents serving with UNIFIL in its area of operations. We call upon all parties, in and out of Lebanon, to assist in expanding the authority of the Lebanese Government in every part of the country.

Sincerely,

W. Nathaniel Howell, Jr.

W. Nathaniel Howell
Director

Office for Lebanon, Iraq,
Syria and Jordan

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

AUGUST 11, 1981

8124250

TO: DEPARTMENT OF STATE

8124252

ACTION REQUESTED:
APPROPRIATE ACTION

REMARKS: PLEASE SEND A DIRECT REPLY FROM STATE, IF APPROPRIATE

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 035683

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED JUNE 30, 1981

TO: EDWIN MEESE

FROM: MR. SALIM WAKIN
CP 699
1211 GENEVA 3 SWITZERLAND

SUBJECT: VIEWS REGARDING FOREIGN POLICY IN LEBANON
FROM POSSIBLE CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENCY
OF LEBANON

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN BASIC CORRESPONDENCE, CONTROL SHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 33, THE WHITE HOUSE

BY DIRECTION OF THE PRESIDENT:
LESLIE SORG
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

8124252

Geneva , june 30, 1981

The White House
Washington

To the high attention of
Mr. EDWIN MEESE
Counsellor to the President

035683

Dear Mr. Meese :

May I have the honor to submit, thru your high attention, to His Excellency Mr. President Ronald Reagan, some briefings on my nomination file for the presidency of Lebanon, due july 1982 .

As a supposedly present and assuredly future small ally of the United States, the aim of this exceptional initiative is just for the sake of information, and not for what might be termed as a so-called required interference in the internal affairs of Lebanon .

Lebanon, however, as both a State and a People, needs the efficient aid of the United States in order to restore its independence, freedom and territorial integrity .

As for me, faithful to my principles in fighting communism since more than thirty years, I have re-established contacts with old friends over California, Texas and New York, to create American Consortiums for the restoration of my country as a whole. Therefore, to implement that gigantic task with full responsibility, we are in need of the blessing of God, Mr. President Reagan, the United States of America and all Free Countries fighting for a new civilization .

Should my project raise interests for any personal meeting, I really would be honored and delighted to act responsively.

Noting that the same data are being, by today's mail, communicated to the State Department

Please remember me, dear Mr. Meese, to Mr. President, and oblige

Yours respectfully,



Salim Wakim .

POB 699
1211 Geneva 3
Switzerland

enclosures .

INTERNAL NSC ROUTING

ALLEN	LENZ
BAILEY	LEVINE
BERTA	LILLEY
BLAIR	LORD
COLSON	NANCE
DEGRAFFENREID	NAU
DOBRIANSKY	PIPES
FARRAR	POATS
FEITH	POINDEXTER
FONTAINE	REGER
GOLD	RENTSCHLER
GREGG	RUSSELL
GUHIN	SCHWEITZER
HUBERMAN	SHOEMAKER
JENNINGS	STEARMAN
KAMINSKY	TANTER
KEMP	TYSON
KIMMITT	WETTERING
KRAEMER	_____
ADMIN	_____

Ray, I feel that
this should be
sent to Ann
Higgins, Dir of
WH Correspondence
If you agree, pls
return to me, if
not, fwd your
recms to me.

Handwritten signatures and initials:
- A large signature, possibly "H. K.", is written over the names RENTSCHLER and RUSSELL.
- A signature, possibly "Della", is written over the names SCHWEITZER and SHOEMAKER.
- The name TANTER is circled in ink.

1. STAFF DIRECTOR

2. NSC SECRETARIAT

COMMENT:

JEAN PALAGINO

C/O SITUATION ROOM

ED

81 JUL 29 P 4: 51

Jr 29/10 52

JANET COLSON

BUD NANCE

DICK ALLEN

IRENE DERUS

JANET COLSON

BUD NANCE

KAY

CY TO VP

CY TO MEESE

CY TO BAKER

CY TO DEEVER

CY TO BRADY

*To Ray Jantzer
for Staffing*

SHOW CC

SHOW CC

SHOW CC

SHOW CC

SHOW CC

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TO: NSC Staff *wtd*

Eut
FROM: EDWIN THOMAS
Assistant Counsellor
to the President

The attached was received by Edwin Meese III and requires special handling by your office and staff for response.

Please handle as appropriate and forward a copy of your response with the incoming to Ellen Strichartz, Room 35 OEOP, Ext 7489. 493

Thank you.

8124252

THE SEVEN GENERAL PRINCIPLES
OF THE FOREIGN POLICY OF LEBANON

as proclaimed and preconized in the presidential
program of Salim Wakim for the year 1982

- 1- The geographical site of Lebanon
determines its historical vocation
- 2- The social components
determine its national identity
- 3- The vital interests
determine its inter-arab and international relationship
- 4- The lebanese presence in the World
tends to modify , in certain cases, its external policy
- 5- Neutrality towards arab axis
keeps Lebanon off regional conflicts and their consequences
- 6- Neutrality towards conflicting blocs
keeps Lebanon away from alignment and disaster in wartime
- 7- Human contribution to Civilization and Mankind
makes it work for Peace in the World and particularly,
in the MidEast; a peace on the ground of freedom, justice,
democracy, non-interference and the right of peoples to
self determination , and the denuclearization of the area
as well . *

* The Lebanon is considered still bound with Israel by the Truce Treaty signed in Rhodes by both countries' representatives, on march 23,1949 . This Treaty was, however, recently re-confirmed by the Security Council Resolutions Nos. 459(1979) and 467(1980).

SOME PRACTICAL BASIC STEPS
ON THE PRACTICAL PLAN

NECESSARY FOR THE RESTORATION OF A SECOND REPUBLIC

- 1- The transitional period, considered a national approach, shall take one Year as from September 25, 1982 to September 25, 1983 .
- 2- Mean time, shall govern the country the President of the Republic with with a Cabinet-minister of " entente and détente" formed by 17 prime minister and ministers plus 17 uder-secretaries of State, and this, for a perfect equilibrium within the context of the executive power.
- 3- Under the present juncture, the number of Members of Parliament shall be raised to 110 instead of 99, and this, in order to promote a more perfect representative balance within the context of the legislative power pending the final result of the general census of the population .
- 4- Shall be put in force to be carried out within 15 days a special non violent programme dealing with gathering and legitimation of arms held by civilians .
- 5- Having secured exceptional powers for one year, the Government shall put in force some fifty executive orders (Orders-in-Council) among which the martial law, punitive sanctions and summary punishments, change of national flag, national anthem, money, indemnification to war victims and displaced persons, together with other reform acts in priority fields etc...
- 6- Shall all lebanese be subject to a general census in the Lebanon and abroad . Are still considered lebanese those who left Lebanon as from 1947 downwards. To this effect, it is sufficient to present their identity card, passport or any other justifying document .
- 7- Further to the census operation, shall take place a compulsory popular referendum containing options for 4 systems of government including the present one still into force. Only 65 to 75% of votes in favour of one system shall virtually occasion the process of change on all levels. Otherwise, the present system shall remain valid for another ten years at which time another similar referendum shall take place . But meanwhile, the present system shall be centred on a greater guarantee for lebanese christians and a greater justice for lebanese moslems, as it is already shown in the facts and figures of sharing positions and powers .

However, both the census and the referendum, shall constitute a kind of "safety valve" and a psychological easing of tension for the people of Lebanon insulted since 1840 by the fact of imposing on this people constitutions and systems of government depriving it of the right to express its own will.

- 8_- The problem of financing shall be envisaged as follows:
 - a- Financial assistance from Arab Oil Countries, Allied Countries and the Lebanese Community all over the World
 - b- Loan(s) refundable over a period of 10 years for each ONE BILLION Dollars, say 100 Millions plus reasonable rate of interest per annum. We face the possibility of having THREE BILLION over 30 or rather 32 years .
 - c- Self- financial operation from \$ 500 Million to One Billion over a period to be decided later on
 - d- Other means of financing already considered in the "Project for The Second Republic".
- 9- Rough estimates of expenditure and cost to start :
 - a- One Billion Dollars is needed for Armed Forces, Security and Civil Protection
 - b- One Billion Dollars preferably TWO as indemnities for war victims and displaced persons .
 - c- TWO to THREE BILLION Dollars for restoring the Countries' vital projects and main key-resources .
- 10- Is being considered separately the case of the Palestinians, their transition, their eventual participation to peace negotiations etc. whose tenor shall be disclosed in due time taking into account the development of the situation in the MidEast
- 11- In order to be able • to put this gigantic project into practice, we are some years ago in touch with top people on regional, international and local plans .

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 24, 1981

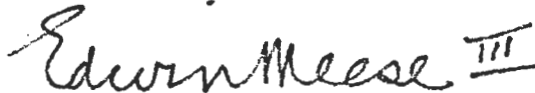
Dear Mr. Wakim:

Thank you for your message of goodwill. Your thoughtfulness is appreciated by both the President and myself.

As we begin our duties, your confidence means much to us, and, with your continued support, I am certain we will achieve our goals.

With best wishes,

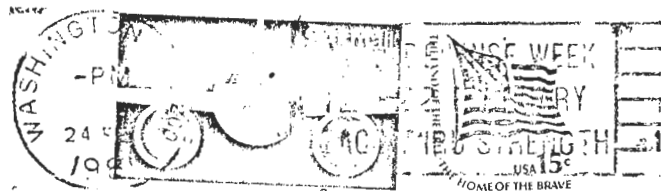
Sincerely,



EDWIN MEESE III
Counsellor to the President

Mr. Salim Wakim
Post Office Box 699
1211 Geneva 3
Switzerland

THE WHITE HOUSE



Mr. Salim Wakim
Post Office Box 699
1211 Geneva 3
Switzerland

Mr. President Ronald Reagan
President of the United States of America
The White House
Washington

1/81 - US

Geneva, January 21, 1981

Dear Mr. President

Permit me to congratulate your Excellency for this splendid taking Office, likewise for your birthday occasion on the 6th of february next . Indeed, they are two memorable days for you Mr.President, for the First Lady; and for all those who are very concerned about your long life, success and determination in restoring the grandeur of America .

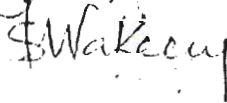
In fact, we reached a stage where we were in bad need of an efficient leadership we now fortunatly found.Here you are, Mr.President, riding with a noble feeling of enthusiasm and responsibility ahead of peoples and nations, lovers and defenders of freedom, democracy and peace .

Yesterday, through the TV media that American genius offered as a gift to human civilization; contemplating, Mr.President your stature still smart and handsome, rehabilitating from the first solemn step the greatness of America, I could but shout heartfully from far : Being American citizen is a bounty from Heaven .

Wishing you, Mr. President, full success in your presidential policy,

I am

Most respectfully yours,



Salim Wakim

SW/lS

candidate for the presidency of Lebanon(1976)

Salim Wakim
POB 699
1211 Geneva 3
Switzerland



EMBASSY OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

April 25, 1981

.. Mr. Salim Wakim
CP 699- Geneva 3

The White House has asked us to thank you for your recent letter to the President. He regrets very much that the pressures of his official schedule prevent him from answering personally but he would like you to know that he appreciates your kind words and is grateful to you for writing.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Peter Reuss".

Peter Reuss
Counselor for
Public Affairs

His EXCELLENCY Mr. Ronald REAGAN
President of the United States of America
George Washington Hospital
WASHINGTON D.C.

Geneva, March 31, 1981

Dear Mr. President,

Alas ! I do not have the words required to really express my inner feelings and these of my fellow citizens towards what happened to your Excellency. Thanks God now that you are safe recovering for the benefit of your wife, Mrs Nancy and your family; for the benefit of the United States and the free men as well.

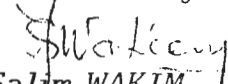
On this event and on the occasion of Easter which we are sure you will spend at the White House, my wife and my family here, in exile, join me wishing you Mr. President a quickest physical healing, riding and restoration of a particular good mood you moreover never lost even in the most critical hour.

This indiscutably proves once more, Mr. President, that one cannot become a Man, a Hero, a Chief of State, but one is born and dies that way.

The United States of America, the Free World are in bad need of you, dear Mr. President, not only for 69 days but at least for the 1461 days to come and beyond.
Indeed you deservedly won the great admiration and true affection of everybody.

God bless you.

Yours most sincerely


Salim WAKIM.

Candidate for the presidency of Lebanon

Salim WAKIM
P.O.B. 699
1211 - GENEVA 3
SWITZERLAND



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Mr. President Ronald REAGAN
President of the United States
The White House -Washington D.C.

Geneva, April 15, 1981

Dear Mr. President ,

The Lebanon is now suffering so much being victim of foreign interventions and aggressions. You are the President who really feels what innocent Lebanese killed and injured by bullets and bombings do feel . The important is that we all realize that such a situation may result in shattering the territory in pieces. Moreover, if this is the objective, I am afraid, Mr. President , it would be, I guess , a fatidic precedent able to contaminate in the forthcoming years, even your direct allies in the Near East, as being a land - ethnically, geographically and religiously - matured for such compartimentation . Therefore, may I humbly suggest, with a historical background, that it is in he vital interest of the area as a whole, rather it is beneficial for the United States foreign policy to maintain at any rate the regional statu quo in force particularly pending the solution of the Middle East crucial problem .

Mr. President ,

In this respect, the Lebanon is therefore in bad need of a strong Man capable of gathering different groups by all means in order to rehabilitate the State, to restore peace and territorial integrity facilitating thus your double task, that is to say, stopping communist expansion and at least try once sure of his power to imitate President Sadat ,in the mid run .

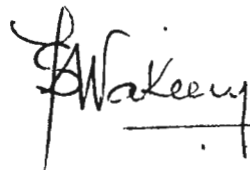
While for the time being, I feel, Mr. President, that you quite agree with me that bloodshed must be stopped by all means, around the Lebanese legitimate authority, through direct dialogue betaeen Lebanon Syria and the Palestinians, from one side, and indirect dialogue between Lebanon and Israel, from the other side, guarantees for the benefit of Lebanon thus concretized and imminently materialized by both the United States and the Soviet Union consensus .

In short, I make appeal to You, Excellency, as the Lebanon must be saved and the lives of innocents must consequently be spared .

Meanwhile, please oblige, dear Mr. President,

Most respectfully yours,

Salim Wakim



CP 699
1211 Geneva 3
Switzerland

(candidate for the presidency of Lebanon-76)



OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

March 23, 1981

Mr. Salim Wakim
POB 699
1211 Geneva 3
Switzerland

Dear Mr. Wakim:

On behalf of the Vice President, I want to thank you for your recent congratulatory letter concerning the inauguration.

It was thoughtful of you to write and the Vice President appreciates the many expressions of good will and confidence he has received. Please be assured that we will work to maintain your trust.

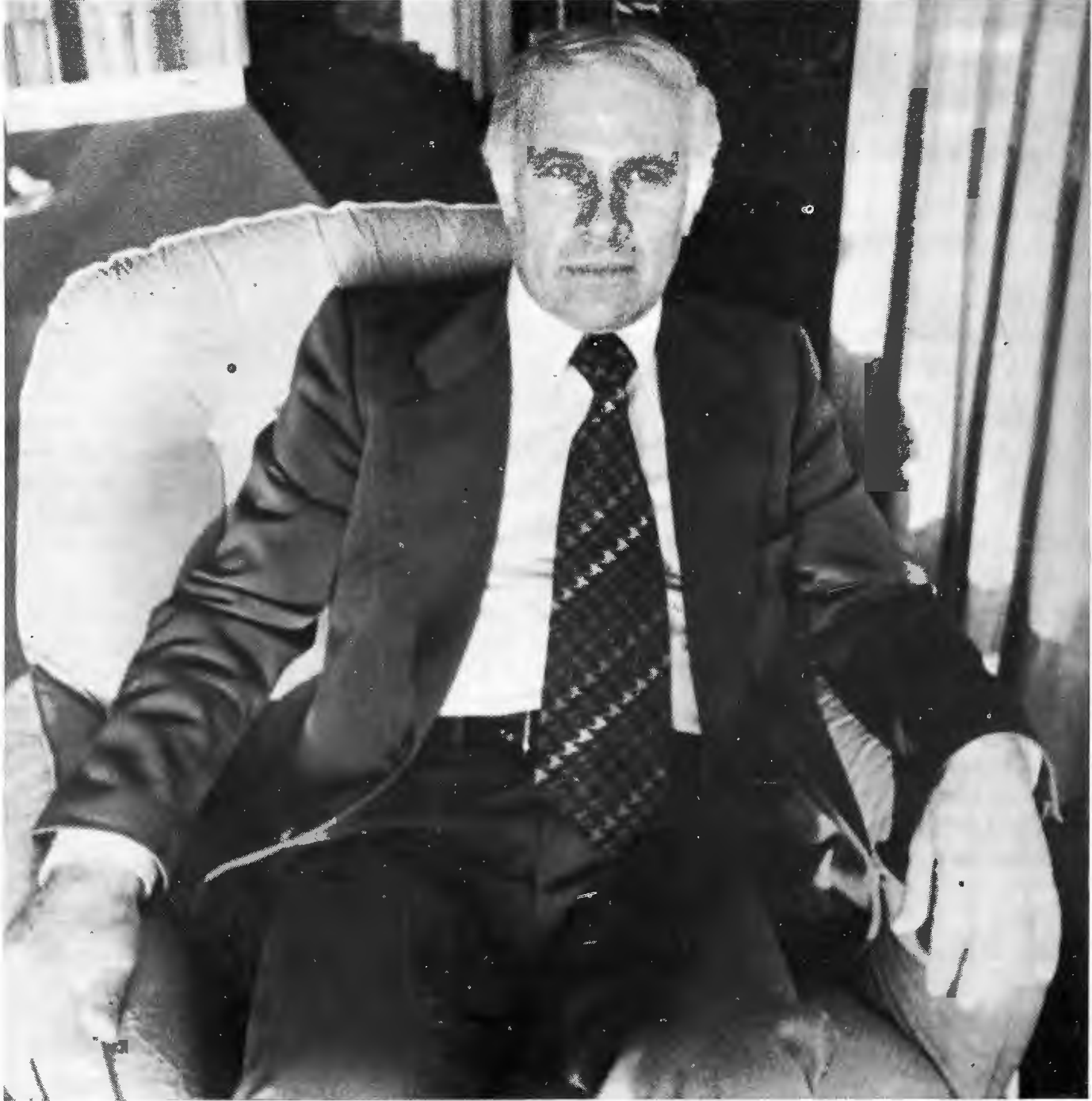
With the Vice President's best wishes,

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Nancy Bearg Dyke".

Nancy Bearg Dyke
Assistant to the Vice
President for National
Security Affairs

منعطف ١٩٧٦
رحب وفريوت وبرنامج



الاستاذ سليم واكيم
مرشح حركة تجمع الشعب اللبناني في الوطن والمهجر لرئاسة الجمهورية

أيها اللبنانيون

باسم الله والشعب ومصالحة لبنان العليا

عربية ودولية متينة تنبع من الاحترام الذي يفرضه على جليسه ، بعلمه وسعة اطلاعه وبعد نظره .

الفريق

اما الفريق الذي سيتعاون مع الرئيس ، فلن يكون افراده بالطبع الا من الاشخاص الذين ، سواء اضطلعوا بمهام الحكم والمسؤولية او لم يضطلعوا بعد ، فيكونون اندادا للرئيس وعلى صورته ومثاله اذا جاز التعبير ، من الرجالات المشهود بوطنيته ومواقفهم وابداعهم وثقافتهم وعلمهم وخبرتهم ونضالهم . وسوف نحصر على أن يكون فريقا يجسد آمال المواطنين على اساس تسليم المركز المناسب للرجل المناسب ، فلا يعنى في شؤون الصحة مهندس ، ولا في شؤون الاشغال العامة طبيب ، ولا في شؤون العدالة تاجر ، ذلك ان التقنوقراطية دخلت حقل الاقتصاد السياسي من بابه الواسع وغدت الدول تقوم على هذا الحقل .

وفي جمعيتنا قائمة بأكثر من خمسين شخصية لبنانية في الحكم حاليا وخارج الحكم ، في الوطن والمهجر ، قادرة ومستعدة لتحمل المسؤوليات للنهوض بلبنان في هذا الظرف العصيب .

البرنامج

ان البرنامج هو الذي ابلغته حركة « تجمع الشعب اللبناني » الى دولة رئيس مجلس النواب ودولة رئيس الحكومة والنواب وجميع المراجع الروحية والزمنية ومنظمة التحرير الفلسطينية ، وهو الذي تبنيناه لانه يشكل ارفع

الرجل

ان هذا الاسبوع هو اسبوع حاسم في تاريخ لبنان . انه منعطف تاريخي . يؤدي اما الى الحياة اما الى الموت . انه سيتمخض عن رجل ، عن رئيس ، وقد تضاربت الآراء حول مواصفاته ، ولكن الكل اجمع على ان يكون قويا . اذن نحن امام مفهوم القوة في الرئيس .

قوة الرئيس هي في ان يكون الرجل قويا في نفسه ، واثقا من ذاته ، شجاعا ، جريئا ، خلاقا مبدعا ، قليل الكلام كثير الاعمال ، عفيف اللسان ، نظيف الكف ، موسوعي الثقافة ، منتجا فكريا ، انطلق من قاعدة شعبية ، ولد والعلقم في فمه ، شق طريقته في الحياة عصاميا ، فمن يصنع نفسه من اللاشيء ، يصنع كذلك امة من اللاشيء ، بعد الخراب الذي حل في لبنان .

قوة الرئيس الذي يستطيع ان يحكم في هذا الظرف هو الرجل الذي ، كما قال وفعل ديفول ، كان بعيدا وقريبا من السياسيين ، هو الذي لم يتسلم الحكم المألوف في البلد ، ولم يكن موظفا عند احد ، وهو ليس مرتبنا ولا بحاجة لاحد ، ولا لديه مصالح عامة او خاصة ، وليس لديه اهل ولا اقارب ، ولا ازام ولا محاسيب ، ولا احزاب ولا صالونات ، هو الرجل الذي ان قرر سار حتى النهاية ، ومواقفه الماضية المشرفة في المعارك ومن القضايا الوطنية تدل على ذلك . هو الرجل الذي يتحسس بطبيعته مع الشعب ، وقد تألم معه طيلة الاربعين سنة الماضية . هو الذي لا يخشى المسؤولية في الاطار العائلي وفي الاطار الاجتماعي ، تزوج وانجب ، وكافح وافلح . يقول فيفعل ، يعد فيفي حتى في المسائل الخاصة ، لا يتكلم جزافا ولا يتسرع ، فينطق بالحكم والقول المأثور . وهو يؤمن بالله والقيم والمثل العليا ، وكانت حياته على الصعيدين الخاص والعام ، حافلة بالعبر والامثولات الرائدة . وله صداقات

حد للقواسم المشتركة التي توفيق بين مطالب سائر الحركات الوطنية في لبنان ، وهو ما يلي :

١ - حقن الدماء باي وسيلة .

٢ - ترسيخ وحدة الارض ووحدة الشعب ووحدة الجيش .

٣ - جمع السلاح من المدنيين .

٤ - تحقيق نظام جديد للبنان يقرر بالاستفتاء العام بين اللبنانيين الحائزين الهوية اللبنانية .

٥ - تأسيس دولة عصرية لاطائفية يسودها القانون والقيم الخلقية والكفافية والولاء للبنان والديمقراطية البرلمانية .

٦ - التجاوب مع الانتماء الجيوسياسي الطبيعي والانمائي الى العالم بمغزل عن المحاور وبحياد تام منها .

٧ - مساندة القضية الفلسطينية حضاريا وسياسيا وتطبيق اتفاق القاهرة .

عدده ، ونبدأ بتحقيق خدمة العلم لكل من بلغ الثامنة عشرة حتى الثلاثين في المرحلة الاولى ولمدة تتراوح بين ثلاثة وستة أشهر . ونرفع مستوى الضباط والجنود ، مع اعادة النظر بالتعاليم المدنية والعسكرية المفروضة من اجل توفير حس وطني توحيدي لاطائفي لجيش حديث .

اما البند الثالث ، وهو الذي يبدو الاصعب في نظر الناس ، فانه في نظرنا سيكون بعد التأكد السريع الذي لا يتجاوز الايام من نيات الرئيس وفريقه وعزمها الخالص على النهوض بالوطن ، اهون بكثير مما نظن ، على اعتبار ان الحركات والاحزاب تجمع السلاح وتسلمها في آن واحد الى مجلس قيادة الجيش الجديد - كما وان الفلسطينيين سيقومون بالعمل نفسه واننا واقفون من انهم باتضباطيتهم سيسبقون اللبنانيين في هذا الصدد بجمع السلاح وتسليمه الى جيش التحرير الفلسطيني - ويسبق ذلك قانون بتشديد العقوبة بعد انتهاء مهلة تسليم السلاح على ناقلي السلاح ومقتنيها ومستعملها . كما واننا سنستعمل الآلات الحديثة مثل « السكان - راي » للتقصي عن السلاح المخبئ بواسطة غارات عسكرية على الاحياء والمناطق والقرى والبيوتات مفاجئة ومتفاوتة في توقيتها ومواعيدها .

وفيما يتعلق بالبند الرابع ، أي السير نحو النظام الجديد للبنان ، فاننا نعلن بأننا لسنا من دعاة فرض آراء الافراد على المجموع ، انما انطلاقتنا من الاكثرية التي يقرها الشرع فالديمقراطية سنستعمل الاستفتاء الشعبي طريقة للتعبير عن رأي الاكثرية في مناخ آمن يسبقه التوجيه الحكيم والمنفتح ، كما وانه من غير المنطقي والشرعي تقرير مصير العائلة اللبنانية والوطن اللبناني في غياب نصف العائلة أو عدد كبير من اعضائها ، اننا ملزمون كيلا تكون منطلقات الاستفتاء الشعبي خاطئة أو معيبة ان ندعو الغائبين الى العودة الى الوطن الام او الى الادلاء برأيهم في تقرير مصير العائلة ، فقط الحائزون الهوية اللبنانية لهم الحق في تقرير هذا المصير . واذا لم يأت الاستفتاء بالنتائج المرجوة من الحركات الوطنية التي تلح على التقدم والتحديث في النظام ، فاننا ملزمون باعادة الكرة كل خمس او عشر سنوات . ولا بد ان تكون نتائج الاستفتاء اذ ذلك رهنا بحملات التوعية التي تقوم بها الدولة الجديدة بالتضامن مع الحركات الوطنية الاخرى ضمن العلم والمنطق والرصانة وبعيدا عن الدماغوجية والمزايدة .

اما البند الخامس ، فانه من المستحيل الانطلاق من قواعد الطائفية السياسية لبناء دولة عصرية أو هكذا ثبت لنا من الخمسين سنة الغابرة . الدولة هي القانون ، ويجب على الرئيس وجميع افراد الشعب ان يخضعوا للقانون ، والقانون لا يميز بين مواطن وآخر في نصوصه ،

يجدر بنا ان نتوسع في شرح بنود هذا البرنامج بندا بندا . نقصد بالبند الاول ان الرئيس والفريق الجديدين يجب ان يشكلا ارتياحا جماهيريا ومتنفسا شعبيا تبرز من خلالهما ثقة نفسانية عفوية بالعهد الجديد ، ان كان من المتناقضات اللبنانية - الفلسطينية ام من المتناقضات اللبنانية ذاتها ، لانه من المعروف بان العهد الجديد لن يكون لفئة دون الاخرى ولن يتحيز لجانب دون الآخر ، انما سيكون لجميع الفرقاء بدون استثناء . فانطلاقا من هذا العامل النفسي ، لان التاريخ والتحركات الجماهيرية والظواهر كلها « نفسية تتفاعل » وعندئذ بدلا من ان تتفاعل سلبيا أو كردة فعل لاوضاع غير مطمئنة ، فانها لا بد تتفاعل ايجابيا عند انتخاب الرئيس الجديد واطلالة العهد الجديد .

والبند الثاني يتحقق في اعقاب نتائج ما يتمخض عنه البند الاول من ثقة وطمأنينة وارادة وتصميم في اعادة بناء المواطن والدولة والشعب . فنبدأ عمليا باعادة النازحين الى بيوتهم ، ومساعدتهم على توفير ما يحتاجون اليه من وسائل ، ويجري الاشراف على هذه العودة الذاتية الى البيئة التي انتزع منها كل مواطن مع عائلته ، وبذلك تعود وحدة الارض ووحدة الشعب الى الظهور من جديد باشراف جيش موحد يرئسه مجلس قيادة لاطائفي تؤخذ قراراته بالاكثرية المطلقة ، ويزود الجيش باجهزة حديثة ويزاد

معنى ذلك ان في حال تطبيقه تسود حكما القيم الخلقية والكناية والولاء للبنان والديمقراطية البرلمانية ، لانه اذا حذفنا البرلمانية ، تبقى الديمقراطية عائبة او تصبح مسمى آخر . وسيكون هنا للتربية ضمن اطار توحيد المناهج التعليمية الدور الفاعل الاول في النشر .

وفيما يتعلق بالبند السادس ، لقد حان للجميع ان يفهموا وان كان لبنان بلدا قائما بحد ذاته وشعبا له تطلعاته وماضيه ومستقبله ، ودولة لها الصفة الكيانية والاقليمية والدولية ، حان الوقت لان نفهم ونعي واقع لبنان جزءا رائدا من المشرق العربي ، ولكن ذلك لا يعني ان يكون لبنان طرفا في اي نزاع عربي او اي محور عربي ، لا بل ان لبنان يسير مع العالم العربي ككل في جميع تحركاته واتجاهاته السلمية ، ويقف الى جانب هذا العالم الذي هو جزء منه لا يتجزأ في جميع نزاعاته مع سائر الدول مهما علا شأنها ، كل ذلك ضمن اطار مصلحة لبنان العليا ، هذه المصلحة التي لا يمكن تجزئتها عن المصلحة العربية . ونشدد أيضا على التعامل والتكامل الانمائي العربي في هذا الصدد .

اما البند السابع ، فهو البند الذي كان في اساس تفجير المشكلة ، اننا نعني فيه مساندة القضية الفلسطينية حضاريا ، ان مدلول عبارة « حضاريا » تشمل كافة انواع المساندة والتلاحم التي تمليهما الحضارتان اللبنانية والفلسطينية ، واضفنا عبارة « سياسيا » للتأكيد على السير جنبا الى جنب في المحافل الدولية مع ما يحقق امانى الشعب الفلسطيني . وقد انطلقنا من عبارة « مساندة » يقينا منا بأن حق تقرير مصر القضية الفلسطينية هو حق مقدس للفلسطينيين ورهن بارادتهم وحدهم دون سواهم ، اما نحن فمطلوب منا المساندة فقط بكل ما تعني هذه الكلمة من معنى . ونتقيد باتفاقية القاهرة لانها تراعي المصلحتين اللبنانية والفلسطينية ، وفي الوقت نفسه تكرس التعاون المشترك ، وتقدس الفصل بين الهويتين فصلا واقعيا هو في صالح كلا لبنان والقضية الفلسطينية لئلا تضيع في النتيجة القضيتان والهويتان .

هوذا باختصار الرجل والفريق والبرنامج من أجل اعادة بناء لبنان جديد أمثل .

حركة تجمع الشعب اللبناني في الوطن والمهجر

في ١١ نيسان ١٩٧٦

Lebanese author historian and businessman. Self-made-man, born on Saturday, at 10.00 am, on the 28th of February, 1931, in Amchit, Caza of Jbeil-Byblos, Lebanon. Issued from a family victim as most of autochthonous's of exodus sharing thus the adventures of emigration in the Americas, Canada and Australia.

He attends elementary and secondary school in Abey, Caza of Chouf, under the auspices of French catholic orders (1936-1946) period that witnessed the World War II. As from 1946 to 1950, he spends that time in Beirut City, studying laws, letters and politics. He is distinguished as a mob-orator while he is twenty.

From 1950 to 1960, he works in the field of legal researches and as adviser as far as estates, commercial and maritime affairs are concerned.

From 1960 to 1970, he works, in most period as a free-lance, in local arab and foreign press, translation, writings, and academic findings, particularly in history of both the Near and Middle East.

From 1970 to 1980, he is in big business on basis of representation, further, in a free-lance advisory capacity regarding arab and international foreign policies.

As a result of 30 years of militantism, during which period, he takes, on various occasions, many independent stands, he achieves some 50 works, mostly published, relating to history, politics and biographies in general.

He visits some 50 countries where he meets sometimes respective officials, and delivers lectures on living topics and events. Speaking many languages, he is particularly versed in the History of Islam and Arabs.

He ties over his long career good relationship with several Kings, Chiefs of State, Dignitaries, Scientists, Politic and Businessmen, arabs and foreigners.

He belongs to no political party. He is member of academic and human associations. As a feminist, he defends the rights of women in an active way. He is holder of some foreign medals, and a world record in the domain of (intelligence) intellectual faculty.

In 1976, he runs for Top Office under the label of "candidate for compromise", an etiquette already imposed by the warstate raging then in the Lebanon.

From a social point of view, he is married to a Lebanese. They both have four children. His wife's name is Laure. Their children's are Nad Nadien Nadiana and Nida'. They follow up - next to the Lebanon- their respective studies in France, Switzerland and the United States.

As from 1975, Wakim's family is living in the Lebanon and abroad at the same time.

N.B. He was for five years Collaborator to a former Prime Minister. In the 60's, he refused the posts of M.P. and Ambassador. In the 70's, he is proposed to be member of a Cabinet - Minister.

اولى دوافعي ، اعادة بناء لبنان واعادة اعتباره ، امة بين الامم ،
من اجل ابنائنا واحفادنا وامتداداتنا البشرية .

سليم

Ma motivation primordiale, c'est la restauration
du Liban, sa réhabilitation une Nation parmi les
Nations, et ce, pour nos fils, nos petits- fils
et nos descendants .

Salim

My motive that comes first, is to rebuild Lebanon ,
to rehabilitate it a Nation amongst Nations, for
the sake of our sons, grandsons and the posterity .

Saleem

Photostat of the Act of Nomination
dated June 1, 1981, addressed to the
Mr. Speaker of the House of Parliament
on June 4, 1981, together with a biography
of the Nominee

for President in 1982

under the label of candidate for the
SECOND REPUBLIC

followed up by a detailed project
covering all fields of life to
restore Lebanon as a State and a People .
This project will be published shortly



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an
 pour
 per

Son Excellence Mr. Le Président
~~KAMEL BEY EL ASSA'AD~~
 CHAMBRE DES DEPUTES - BEYROUTH
 REPUBLIQUE LIBANAISE

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مضمون مع اشعار بالاستلام

دولة الرئيس الاستاذ كامل الاسعد المحترم

رئيس مجلس النواب -

بيروت - الجمهورية اللبنانية

سيدي دولة الرئيس :

بعد التحية والاحترام ،

اتشرف بما يلي :

لما كنت مواطناً لبنانياً ، حائزاً جميع الشروط القانونية التي ينص عليها الدستور والصفات المواطنة التي تؤهلني لخدمة وطني المقدس لبنان وجميع اللبنانيين دون تمييز ولا استثناء عن طريق ترشيح نفسي لرئاسة الجمهورية وما يلي هذا الترشيح من ايجابيات لا تخدم سوى مصلحة لبنان العليا في بيئته الطبيعية .

ولما كان الاستحقاق لانتخاب رئيس جديد خلفاً للرئيس الحالي يقع في صيف عام ١٩٨٢ ، وفي موعد تحدده رئاسة المجلس الكرم بموجب صلاحيات يخولكم ايها الدستور .

ولما كنت مصمماً وغازياً على التفاني في سبيل لبنان الواحد واضعاً مشاريع وبرامج مدروسة في ظل شعار " الجمهورية الثانية " تعيد ، في نظري ، اليه الأمن والحق والعدل وهيبة الدولة وكرامة المواطن ومركزه الاقليمي والدولي ، لافتاً رئاستكم العلية والنواب الكرام الى ان الاوضاع التي عاناها الشعب اللبناني البري طيلة السنوات الثمان الماضية هي التي فرضت ترشيحي رسمياً للمرة الثانية وبالتالي التأكيد المطلق على عدم الرجوع عن هذا الترشيح الذي آمل ان يلقى تجاوباً ، اياً كانت الظروف ومهما كانت العقبات العفوية او المفتعلة ، لا سيما وان الدستور ، في وضعه الراهن ، لا يجيز التمديد او التجديد لرئيس الجمهورية .

لذلك ، ارجو من الرئاسة الكريمة اخذ العلم والخبر بترشيحي ، وادراجه في محاضر مجلس النواب ، وتعميمه اذا تفضلتم على حضرات النواب الكرام ، وفق ما تراءونه وما تقتضيه الاصول البرلمانية المتبعة .

مع جزيل الشكر والتقدير للدور البناء الذي قمتم لكم ان تلعبوه للحفاظ على استمرارية الشرعية في لبنان ، تفضلوا ، سيدي دولة الرئيس ، بتقول اسمي عواطفياً واعتبارياً

المواطن المرشح : سليم واكيم

في ١ حزيران ١٩٨١

THE FIRST ELECTION PROGRAM

of Mr. SALIM WAKIM

for the Membership of Parliament
in the first constituency of Beirut

1 9 6 0

suggested repeatedly in 1968 and 1972

SIGNIFICANT NOTES :

"To govern means to foresee". Should this program, or at least some of its principal points, have been enforced while the nominee was only 28 years old when he first disclosed it, nothing of the following events - on local, regional or international plans - would have eventually occurred, to wit:

- 1 - 1967 war - which occasioned many lives and total loss of Palestine to the Arabs, that is to say : West Bank and Gaza Strip plus other territories today put in question and subject to painful and costly negotiations etc...
- 2- 1970 black september war - between Palestinians and the Jordanian Army, causing thus :
- 3- The illegal infiltration of armed cohorts into Lebanon across the Syro- Lebanese borders, main reason of the further disequilibrium traditionally maintained inside the country .
- 4- 1973 october war - and its aftermath : first oil crisis, economic depression in the West, rendering the Third World poorer unable to pay its debt, dissensions among the Arabs terrorism and regional destabilization etc...
- 5- 1975 war - carving up Lebanon and whose direct consequences were, regardless of 100.000 victims and more than One Million displaced persons, particularly, the attempt to destroy a splendid bicivilization, the creation for the World the lebanese problem in addition to the palestinian one .
- 6- The continuous prevailing of social injustice in the Lebanon .
- 7- The pitiless massacre on sight of thousands of innocents from either side, whose the only crime was the mention of their religion on their respective identity card etc...

And now, I cannot think that some day shall come and people regretfully exclaim after one or two decades : Ah! if we had carried out his plan ...

Complete text

translated from the press

at that time MARCH 1960

THE FIRST ELECTION MANIFESTO

OF M. SALIM WAKIM

Nominee for M.P. (maronite seat) in the
first constituency of Beirut City

followed by his program .

"Further to a preamble in which he criticizes and attacks the political class as well as governments since 1943, the year of Independence, Mr. Wakim proposes the program hereunder without which, he declares, there would be no salvation .

- 1- Military protection and control of Lebanese borders, as first instruments of the completion of the State sovereignty, noting that this legitimate right of defense inherent to all nations does not necessarily affect the right of having cordial and sincere relationship tied with the other Arab States .
- 2- Nationalization of all real estates owned (as from 7/19/59) by non lebanese - Foreign Institutions excepted - and prohibition to own real property by any alien from nationals; and this with the aim : a - to exclusively safeguard the motherland for its sons and their descendants, b- to prevent any eventual conflict in the future that might lead to a second Palestine .
- 3- Review of laws, various regulations and other conditions prevailing in Lebanon, particularly in the scopes of education economy and wages, all in paving the proper way leading to that stage .
Proclaim the real neutrality of Lebanon vis-a-vis to arab axis for the benefit and welfare of human beings and civilization, putting thus an end to isolationistic and internationalistic fancies .
- 4- To cross out the confession mention in the identity card, as advanced countries do- even if confessionalism remains a practice as agreed upon in 1943 National Pact - this in order to put an end to religious fanaticism, and to further promote democratic freedoms and reinforce their establishment .
- 5- Establish social security in all branches, such as primary secondary and professional education, health, employment and old age .

6- A- Strengthening of the Controlling System of immigrants and non lebanese, within the Ministry of Social Affairs, and bestow upon this System executive powers in order to restrain unemployment and raise, on the other hand, the living standard of government staff, employees and the lebanese working class as a whole .

B- Support and deploy efforts leading to the creation of a Palestinian Independent State in the Arab Zone, as a quite natural step the people over there enjoy of their legitimate rights . The formation of this State should therefore be financed with a treasury commonly provided for by all Arab Countries . *

* In 1960, the Arab Zone in Palestine consisted of both West Bank and Gaza Strip, respectively under the control of Jordan and Egypt .

P.S. More than 300.000 copies of this program ; regardless
— of press publication, were then vainly distributed.
remember 21 years ago .

النسيابة: الحفاظ على أرض لبنان عن طريق التشريع

البيان الانتخابي الاول لسليم واكيم

والبرنامج الذي يترتب على اسمه

١٩٦٠

تلقينا البيان الانتخابي الاول للاستاذ سليم واكيم المرشح للمقعد الماروني عن الدائرة الاولى في بيروت . والبيان كله قوة وحماسة وهجوم على الطائفية وتجارها ومرفقك بالبرنامج التالي :

١ - حماية الحدود اللبنانية ومراقبتها عسكريا كاداة اولى لانتماء مقومات الامة اللبنانية حسب عرف الامم ، مع العلم ان هذا الحق الدفاعي المتناصل بالوطن اللبناني لا يتنازل مطلقا مع حق ممارسة العلاقات الودية الصادقة مع البلاد العربية الشقيقة .

٢ - تأميم كافة الممتلكات العقارية والاراضي التي يمتلكها غير لبنانيين في لبنان - ما عدا المؤسسات الاجنبية - وعدم السماح لاي دخيل التملك في لبنان وغبة منا في ابقاء ارض الوطن ملكا لابناء الوطن وسكانه الاصليين مع امتداداتهم البشرية وحسب ، وبالتالي لقطع الطريق على كل نزاع من شأنه في المستقبل ان يأخذ طابع فلسطين ثانية .

٣ - اعادة النظر في القوانين والنظم والافواض اللبنانية كافة - لا سيما التعليم والاقتصاد والاجور - وتهيئة الجو الملائم لذلك ، وتثبيت حياض لبنان الصحيح والاستفادة من هذا الحياض كعلاج المآسي البشرية ورفع مستوى

٤ - الحضارة الانسانية ، والقضاء على فكري الانزلال والتبذير .

٥ - الماء الطائفي من الهوية اسوة بالنول المراتبية - ولو بقت بروتوكول سياسة عليا بموجب الميثاق الوطني - تمهيدا للقضاء على العنصرية الدينية . والحفاظ على ممارسة الحريات الديمقراطية وترسيخها .

٦ - تطبيق الضمان الجماعي فسي فروعه كافة : التعليم الابتدائي - الثانوي - المهني - التطبيب - العمل والشيوخة - ا - تقوية جهاز مراقبة العمال الاجانب والمدخلاء في وزارة الشؤون الاجتماعية وتزويدهم بالصلاحيات التنفيذية للتحرك على البطالة ورفع مستوى حياة الموظفين والمستخدمين والطبقة العاملة اللبنانية .

ب - تأييد - والعمل على - انشاء الدولة الفلسطينية في فلسطين العربية كخطوة طبيعية وتهدية لاسترجاع حقوق العرب في فلسطين ومساعدة قيام هذه الدولة ماديا من صنوق تسهم بتمويله البلاد العربية كافة .

يقدر الفن - مع الفنان الأستاذ سمير أبي راشد في أحد معارضه ١٩٦٥



ويشجع الرياضة ، يقدم كأساً الى أحد الأبطال الرياضيين ١٩٦٤



احداث انتخابات سنة ١٩٦٠ و ١٩٦٨

اطلاق الرصاص على يوسف واكيم بسبب منتور انتخا

كتب غسان تويني الأحد الذي سبق الانتخابات ١٧ آذار ١٩٦٨ بوحى من جرأة سليم واكيم على خوض المعركة مقالاً انتحاشياً بعنوان: من ينتخب حكم الحياة ؟ المطلوب من ينتحر ، الانتحار

ذهب بعد ظهر امس السيد يوسف واكيم شقيق المرشح الماروني عن الاشرافية الاستاذ سليم واكيم ، الى محلة بر حمود لكي يوزع بياناً انتخابية مطبوعة لشقيقه ولكن بعض الارمن لم يرقوا هذا العمل ، فشهروا احده مسدسا واطلق منه النار السيد واكيم فاخطاه وا ارمينيا اخر بجرح خطر . ان هذا الحادث وامثاله ، البلد .

الدنيا الجديدة

Pour tout incident, à Beyrouth, des collisions de voitures ...

Le principal incident proprement électoral a eu lieu à Achrafîé, où Alfred Antoine Hanna a été pris à partie par Boutros Beyrouthi et Tarios Esber Nehmé parce que tout en prétendant travailler pour le compte de la liste des Kataëb, il exhortait un groupe d'électeurs à voter pour M. Salim Youakim, adversaire de M. Pierre Gémayel. Aucune plainte n'ayant été déposée, les trois antagonistes ont été remis en liberté sur ordre du procureur général de Beyrouth.

L'ORIENT 24 Mars 1968



ص
شمع
خاص في برج
يقع سليم
اليرة بيروت
اليرة واصاب
من الشمام
وكان مارا

ار ١٩٦٠

قأاولي لافخم

والشفقة .
نضحى بكل
تأكدوا ان
اي وقت
شاهد كل
اليرة

الوطن سليم واكيم
سين على ان لا تكون حقوقنا منقوطة
النهار (١٩٦٠)

BRIEF PROGRAM FOR PRESIDENTIAL
ELECTION 1976

suggested by Nominee Salim Wakim

under the label of
CANDIDATE OF COMPROMISE

For the
SECOND R E P U B L I C

reconducted, modified and developed for 1982

- 1- Stop fighting and bloodshed by all means .
- 2- Restoration of the territorial unity, the people unity and the armed forces unity .
- 3- Gathering the arms from civilians .
- 4- Promote a new system of government to be determined and defined further to a popular referendum
- 5- Establish a modern State, non religious , built up on the ground of law, moral values, capacity, allegiance to the Lebanon, and parliamentary democracy .
- 6- Positive re-consideration of our geopolitical belonging and our economic growth within the arab world, thus keeping Lebanon away from axis that are being unchanging historical factors in the area .
- 7- Provide political and legal backing to the Palestinian cause, and acceptance of the Cairo Accord of november 3, 1969*

* This Accord has become from a " de facto " point of view, null and void because of the situation developments on the spot . Further, it has been cancelled " de jure " by the Security Council 's repeated Resolutions, under Nos. 425 and 426 on march 19, 1978, and 483 in 1980 . Moreover, it has been also clearly revoked by the PLO's formal commitment " not to pursue commandos' operations across the Lebano-Israeli borders", and this during the Summit Arab Conference of Tunisia on november 21, 1979 .

